

Trends in Cardiovascular Medicine

Available online 20 October 2021

In Press, Corrected Proof 🥐

Electromagnetic field therapy in cardiovascular diseases: A review of patents, clinically effective devices, and mechanism of therapeutic effects

Danesh Soltani ^{a, 2} 쯔, Sahar Samimi ^{b, 2}, Ali Vasheghani-Farahani ^{a, c} 은¹ 쯔, Seyed Peyman Shariatpanahi ^d, Parviz Abdolmaleki ^e, Alireza Madjid Ansari ^f

Show more \checkmark

😪 Share 🌖 Cite

https://doi.org/10.1016/j.tcm.2021.10.006

Get rights and content

Abstract

In recent years, <u>electromagnetic field</u> (EMF) therapy has gathered much attention for its protective effects on <u>cardiovascular functions</u>. From reviewing the literature, it is evident that exposure to specific EMF spectrums, such as static- and extremely low frequency (ELF)- EMFs, by EMF-generating devices can be considered as a safe method for therapeutic means in various cardiovascular diseases, including heart failure, cardiac arrhythmias, and hypertension. This review article will describe registered patents and noninvasive clinically effective devices that generate EMF to target various cardiovascular diseases based on their mechanism of therapeutic effects.

Introduction

The electromagnetic field (EMF) is a wireless physical phenomenon created by movable electric charges produced by natural sources, such as the earth's atmosphere or certain man-made appliances such as magnetic resonance imaging (MRI). The literature on the health effects of non-ionizing EMF shows various protective and pathologic effects, depending on multiple spectrums and characteristics of these fields [1]. Non-ionizing EMF spectrum is defined according to different ranges of frequencies, including static magnetic field (SMF) at a frequency of 0 Hz, extremely low frequency (ELF) field at ranges of 0–300 Hz,

intermediate frequency (IF) field at ranges of 300 Hz–100 kHz and radiofrequency (RF) field at ranges of 100 kHz–300 GHz [2]. The therapeutic efficacy of EMFs depends on their technical parameters, including, but not limited to, frequency, intensity and method of application, and also the biological targets.

In recent years, much attention has been paid to ELF-EMF use to the extent that several experimental studies have found their safety and protective effects on cardiovascular functions [3,4]. These types of EMF can provide a non-invasive method to affect multiple cardiovascular therapeutic targets directly and seem to be potentially used as an alternative or adjunctive therapy in different cardiovascular diseases such as heart failure, hypertension, and rhythm disturbances. Although the exact mechanism of these protective effects has not yet been entirely determined, modulating autonomic nervous system (ANS), angiogenesis, and nitric oxide (NO) synthesis, and also anti-oxidant and anti-inflammatory properties are thought to be the primary mechanism of actions. Such studies have provided the basis for several inventions in this field. In this review article, we searched the patent databases of USPTO, Google Patent, and Espacenet to find the filed patents relevant to EMF-generating devices having beneficial effects. We also found non-invasive EMF-generating devices used in cardiovascular clinical studies and reviewed their characteristics and therapeutic effects.

Section snippets

Patents and non-invasive devices: description and mechanism of therapeutic effects

Here we describe the clinical application of filed patents and non-invasive clinically effective devices by which EMF is generated, based on their mechanism of cardioprotective effects. We also illustrate their general appearance and specific characteristics to gain a better understanding of how they work....

Expert opinion on present achievements and future perspective

There has been considerable interest in developing non-invasive therapies to manage cardiovascular diseases [4,40]. EMF-based interventions have attracted much attention among researchers due to their potential therapeutic advantages in some medical conditions. The same is true for cardiovascular diseases, where EMF therapy can provide new insights and strategies for prevention and treatment. Over the past decades, some inventions have been patented in this field of research, only a few of...

References (40)

P. Diniz et al.

Nitric oxide mediates the effects of pulsed electromagnetic field stimulation on the osteoblast

proliferation and differentiation

Nitric Oxide (2002)

S. Ylä-Herttuala *et al*.

Vascular endothelial growth factors: biology and current status of clinical applications in cardiovascular medicine

J Am Coll Cardiol (2007)

D. Sohinki et al.

Impact of low-level electromagnetic fields on the inducibility of atrial fibrillation in the electrophysiology laboratory Heart Rhythm O2 (2021)

T. Kishi

Heart failure as an autonomic nervous system dysfunction J Cardiol (2012)

R.N. Kostoff *et al*.

Combined biological and health effects of electromagnetic fields and other agents in the published literature

Technol Forecast Soc Chang (2013)

A. Ahlbom et al.

Possible effects of electromagnetic fields (EMF) on human health–opinion of the scientific committee on emerging and newly identified health risks (SCENIHR) Toxicology (2008)

D.A. McNamee et al.

A literature review: the cardiovascular effects of exposure to extremely low frequency electromagnetic fields Int Arch Occup Environ Health (2009)

M. Chen *et al*.

Non-invasive autonomic neuromodulation is opening new landscapes for cardiovascular diseases Front Physiol (2020)

R.D. Brook et al.

Autonomic imbalance, hypertension, and cardiovascular risk Am J Hypertens (2000)

M.J. Shen *et al*.

Role of the autonomic nervous system in modulating cardiac arrhythmias Circ Res (2014)

L. Liu et al.

Pharmacological modulation of vagal nerve activity in cardiovascular diseases Neurosci Bull (2019)

M. Cracchiolo et al.

Bioelectronic medicine for the autonomic nervous system: clinical applications and perspectives J Neural Eng (2021)

Loos HG. Method and apparatus for manipulating nervous systems. Google Patents;...

Loos HG. Nervous system manipulation by electromagnetic fields from monitors. Google Patents;...

Simon BJ, Errico JP, Raffle JT. Magnetic stimulation devices and methods of therapy. Google Patents;...

Simon BJ, Errico JP, Raffle JT. Non-invasive vagus nerve stimulation devices and methods to treat or avert atrial...

L. Landsberg et al.

Obesity-related hypertension: pathogenesis, cardiovascular risk, and treatment—A position paper of the The Obesity Society and the American Society of Hypertension Obesity (2013)

Partsch MJ, Schneider MB, Mishelevich DJ. Device and method for treating hypertension via non-invasive neuromodulation....

Weinstock R. Method of diagnosing and treatment of hypertension. Google Patents;...

S. Wang et al.

Noninvasive low-frequency electromagnetic stimulation of the left stellate ganglion reduces myocardial infarction-induced ventricular arrhythmia Sci Rep (2016)

There are more references available in the full text version of this article.

Cited by (2)

Electromagnetic field therapy for cardiovascular diseases: how to find the light at the end of the tunnel

2021, Trends in Cardiovascular Medicine

Exploration on Signal Processing Performance of Wireless Sensor in Electromagnetic Interference Environment

2022, Wireless Communications and Mobile Computing

Recommended articles (6)

Research article

Meta-Analysis of the Usefulness of Beta-Blockers to Reduce the Risk of Major Adverse Cardiovascular Events in Patients With Stable Coronary Artery Disease Without Prior Myocardial Infarction or Left Ventricular Dysfunction

The American Journal of Cardiology, Volume 158, 2021, pp. 23-29

Show abstract \checkmark

Research article

Adverse reactions in a large cohort of patients with inborn errors of immunity receiving intravenous immunoglobulin

Clinical Immunology, Volume 230, 2021, Article 108826

Show abstract \checkmark

Research article

Air pollution: The most important environmental threat to the cardiovascular system Trends in Cardiovascular Medicine, 2021

Research article

Editorial commentary: Long COVID-19: A tangled web of lungs, heart, mind, and gender

Trends in Cardiovascular Medicine, Volume 32, Issue 1, 2022, pp. 18-19

Research article

The use of low-level electromagnetic fields to suppress atrial fibrillation

Heart Rhythm, Volume 12, Issue 4, 2015, pp. 809-817

Show abstract \checkmark

Research article

Reduction of atrial fibrillation by Tanshinone IIA in chronic heart failure

Biomedicine & Pharmacotherapy, Volume 84, 2016, pp. 1760-1767

Show abstract \checkmark

² These authors contributed equally to this work.

¹ Present address: Tehran Heart Center, Karegar Shomali St, Jalal al-Ahmad Intersection, Tehran, Iran

View full text

© 2021 Elsevier Inc. All rights reserved.



Copyright © 2022 Elsevier B.V. or its licensors or contributors. ScienceDirect® is a registered trademark of Elsevier B.V.

