



# Power Green qPCR Mix

Component	P2101-01	<b>P210</b> 1-02	<b>P210</b> 1-03
2X Power Green qPCR Mix-No ROX	1 ml	1 ml × 5	1 ml × 50
Component	P2101-01a	<b>P210</b> 1-02a	<b>P210</b> 1-03a
2X Power Green qPCR Mix-No ROX	1 ml	1 ml × 5	1 ml × 50
Component	P2101-01b	<b>P210</b> 1-02b	<b>P210</b> 1-03b
2X Power Green qPCR Mix-No ROX	1 ml	1 ml × 5	1 ml × 50

#### Storage

This reagent can be stored for 2 months at 4°C and protected from light. For longer storage, it should be kept at -20°C and protected from light.

## Description

Power Green qPCR Mix is a ready-to-use, 2X concentrated mix that contains all the reagents (except template and primers) needed for the real-time qPCR in the SYBR Green I detection format. This product is compatible with most manufacturers' real-time fluorescent quantitative PCR instruments such as Applied Biosystems, Roche, Bio-Rad, Eppendorf, Corbett and so on.

The Hotstart Taq DNA Polymerase in the mix is modified by antibody. When the temperature below 45°C, the activity of the modified polymerase will be strongly suppressed, only when the temperature reached 72°C, it can be activated. This technology helps to reduce non-specific amplification and primer dimer effectively.

## Applications

- Gene expression analysis
- · Low-copy gene detection
- · Microarray validation
- Gene knockdown validation

## Features

- · Compatible with many Real-time systems which not require ROX reference dye
- · Exceptional specificity with hot-start mechanism
- Tight reproducibility in Ct values over a broad dynamic range
- Universal instrument compatibility

## **Table of Instrument Guide**

Instruments	Final Conc. of ROX			
ABI PRISM 7000/ PRISM 7700/ 7300/ 7900HT/ StepOne/	500 nM,high ROX			
StepOnePlus/ GeneAmp 5700				

ABI 7500/ 7500 Fast/ ViiA 7/ QuantStudio 6/7/12K Flex; Agilent	50 nM,low ROX
Stratagene Mx3000P/ Mx3005P/ Mx4000	
Bio-Rad CFX96/ CFX384/ iQ/ iQ5; MJ Research Opticon 2/	No ROX
Chromo 4; Roche LightCycler 480/ 96; Corbett Rotor Gene G/ Q/	
3000/ 6000; Thermo PikoReal 96; Eppendorf MasterCycler ep	
realplex; Cepheid Smart Cycler	

## Protocol

Note: Please follow the procedures outlined in the manual of each respective instrument.

## 1. Preparation of reaction solution (Take the Biorad CFX96 as an example)

Add the following reagents to the proper thermal cycler reaction tube or plate on ice:

Component	Volume	Final concentration
2X Power Green qPCR Mix	10 µl	1X
Forward Primer (10µM)	0.4 µl	0.2µM
Reverse Primer (10µM)	0.4 µl	0.2µM
Template DNA	variable	0.05-5ng/µl
Water, nuclease-free	to 20 µl	-

Note:

• The primer concentration can be further optimized. The optimal range for primers is 0.1~1µM.

- Prepare according to the recommended volume of each instrument.
- Use 1-10ng cDNA or 10-100ng gDNA for each reaction.
- Users can increase the amount of the the qPCR Mix when using low-copy gene as template.
- Users can reduce the amount of the qPCR Mix, if the melting curve comes with impure peaks.

## 2. Setup the plate

Transfer the reaction mixture to PCR tubes/plates. Reaction volumes can be reduced to 10  $\mu$ l if the instrument supports a low volume system.

Cap or seal the reaction tubes/plates then centrifuge briefly to spin down the contents and eliminate any air bubbles.

## 3. Preform qPCR using the following thermal cycling condition

Set the thermal cycling conditions using default PCR thermal cysling conditions specified in the following tables according to the instrument cycling parameters and melting temperatures of the specific primers.

## Standard 3-step PCR mode:

Initial Denaturation	95°C	20 sec-3 min*	Holding Stage
Denaturation	95°C	10 sec	
Annealing	60°C	10 sec	Cycling Stage

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Version: 1.2

Extension 72°C 20 sec 40 Cycles

Melting curve analysis

\*20 sec at 95°C is sufficient time for enzyme activation, however optimal denaturation of complex targets may require up to 3 min denaturation.

## Fast 3-step PCR mode (Amplicons 100-150 bp):

Initial Denaturation	95°C	3 min	Holding Stage	
Denaturation	95°C	5 sec		
Annealing	60°C	5 sec	Cycling Stage	
Extension	72°C	5 sec	40 Cycles	
Melting curve analysis				

## Fast 3-step PCR mode (Amplicons 150-300bp):

Initial Denaturation	95°C	3 min	Holding Stage
Denaturation	95°C	5 sec	
Annealing	60°C	5 sec	Cycling Stage
Extension	72°C	10 sec	40 Cycles
Melting curve analysis			

### Note:

Power Green qPCR Mix could be used for fast 3-step PCR. And the reaction time could be less than 2-step PCR that using the Mix of other brands.

Power Green qPCR Mix contains inhibitors that inhibit the Taq polymerase's activity when under 60°C, and standard 3-step PCR has better stability and repeatability. So 3-step procedure is recommended rather than 2-step. Customers should confirm that the annealing temperature is above 60°C when running 2-step PCR.

## 4. Analyze the results

Data analysis varies depending on the instrument used. Please refer to your instrument user guide for information.

## **Important Notes**

## Template

Genomic DNA, plasmid DNA, or cDNA can be used as template. For optimal quantitative results use up to 20ng of genomic DNA or plasmid DNA per 20 µl reaction (for smaller volumes, the amount of template should be decreased equivalently). Using greater amounts of template may reduce the maximum fluorescence signal and linearity of standard curves due to binding of the SYBR<sup>®</sup> Green I dye to the template. For two-step RT-PCR, use either undiluted or diluted cDNA generated from up to 1µg of total RNA. The volume of the cDNA added (from the RT reaction) should not exceed 10% of the final PCR volume (e.g., for a 20 µl qPCR reaction, use up to 2.0 µl of undiluted cDNA).

#### Primers

Careful primer design and purification (HPLC-purified primers are recommended) is particularly important in order to minimize loss in sensitivity due to the production of nonspecific amplification products in SYBR<sup>®</sup> Green I-based qPCR. This effect becomes more prominent at low target concentrations. To maximize the sensitivity of the assay, use the lowest concentration of primers that can be used without compromising the efficiency of the PCR reaction (50-400nM of each primer). For optimal results, design primers that amplify PCR products 60-400 bp in length. The primers should exhibit a melting temperature (Tm) of approximately 60°C. We recommend designing primers specifically for amplification of cDNA derived from mRNA. This prevents amplification of contaminating genomic DNA and inaccurate quantification of mRNA.

# **Melting Curve Analysis**

Following real-time qPCR, melting curve analysis should always be performed to identify the presence of primer-dimers and analyze the specificity of the reaction. Program your thermocycler according to the instructions provided.

# **Quality Control**

The absence of endodeoxyribonucleases, exodeoxyribonucl- eases and ribonucleases is confirmed by appropriate quality tests. Functionally tested in amplification of a single-copy gene from human genomic DNA.

# Product Use Limitations

Power Green qPCR Mix is sold exclusively for research purposes and in vitro use. Neither the product, nor any individual components, was tested for use in diagnostic applications or for drug development, nor is it suitable for administration to humans or animals. Please refer to the MSDS, available upon request.