## Description:

Benzonase Nuclease is a non-specific endonuclease, genetically engineered from Serratia marcescens. Benzonase Nuclease degrades all kinds of DNA and RNA (double stranded,single stranded, linear and circular and supercoiled) but without proteolytic activity. It is effective over a wide range of conditions and possesses an exceptionally high specific activity.Benzonase Nuclease completely digests nucleic acids to 5'-monophosphate terminated oligonucleotides 2 to 5 bases in length, which is ideal for removal of nucleic acids from recombinant proteins, enabling compliance with regulatory guidelines for nucleic acid contamination. The ability of Benzonase to rapidly hydrolyze nucleic acids makes the enzyme an excellent choice for viscosity reduction to shorten processing time and increase yields of protein. For example, the enzyme is compatible with BugBuster $®$ and PopCulture $®$ Protein Extraction Reagents and can therefore be added along with these reagents to eliminate viscosity and remove nucleic acids from $E$. coli extracts. The enzyme consists of two subunits of 30 kDa each. It is functional between pH 6 and 10 and from 0 to $42^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and requires $1-2 \mathrm{mM} \mathrm{Mg} 2+$ for activation. The enzyme is also active in the presence of ionic and non-ionic detergents, reducing agents, PMSF ( 1 mM ), EDTA ( 1 mM ) and urea (relative activity depends on specific conditions). Activity is inhibited by $>150 \mathrm{mM}$ monovalent cations, $>100 \mathrm{mM}$ phosphate, $>100 \mathrm{mM}$ ammonium sulfate, or $>100 \mathrm{mM}$ guanidine HCl .
Source: Serratia marcescens; Molecular weight: 27.9 KD (SDS)
Purity: $\geq 90 \%$, (Ultra $\geq 99 \%$,) (SDS-PAGE)
PI:6.85; Optimum pH: 8.0; Optimum temperature: $37^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
Cofactor: $1 \sim 10 \mathrm{mM}$ Mg2+
Form: Clear Solution(Contain Glycerin)
Concentration: $250 \mathrm{U} / \mu \mathrm{I}$; Activity:>= $250 \mathrm{U} / \mu \mathrm{l}$
Specific activity $>=1.0 \times 10^{6} \mathrm{U} / \mathrm{mg}$ protien
Protease: Not detectable
Microbial limit: aerobe <10CFU/100 KU Yeast and mold:<10CFU/ 100 KU Endotoxin Test:(
Gel Clot LAL Assay) <0.25EU/1000U
Storage Buffer: 20 mM Tris- $\mathrm{Cl}(\mathrm{pH} 8.0), 2 \mathrm{mM} \mathrm{MgCl} 2,2 \mathrm{mM} \mathrm{NaCl}, 50 \% G l y c e r i n$
Dilution Buffer:20 mM Tris-Cl(pH 8.0), $2 \mathrm{mM} \mathrm{MgCl} 2,2 \mathrm{mM} \mathrm{NaCl}$.
Unit definition: One unit is defined as the amount of enzyme that causes a $\Delta \mathrm{A} 260$ of 1.0 in 30 minutes, which corresponds to complete digestion of $37 \mu \mathrm{~g}$ DNA.

## Application:

Its high intrinsic activity and broad substrate tolerance make the endonuclease an ideal tool in a variety of biotechnological and pharmaceutical applications:
-Removal of nucleic acid from protein samples
-Elimination of nucleic acids from recombinant proteins
-Purification of protein fragments from inclusion bodies;
-Sample preparation in western blotting or two-dimensional gel electrophoresis -Viscosity reduction in protein extracts.

Shipping and Handling: Liquid enzyme:Ship with Blue Ice or Room Temperature, with recommended storage at $-20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$

Stability:2 years stored at $-20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$

