BEBBINGTON INDUSTRIES SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product Name

Formic acid, OPTIMA LC/MS Grade (99.5%)

Cat No.:

A117-50; A117-10X1AMP; A117-1AMP; A117-05AMP; A117-2AMP;

NC1450425

CAS-No

64-18-6

Synonyms

Methanoic acid; FA (OPTIMA LC/MS)

Recommended Use

Uses advised against

Laboratory chemicals.

Not for food, drug, pesticide or biocidal product use

SUPPLIER:

BEBBINGTON INDUSTRIES

44 WRIGHT AVENUE

DARTMOUTH, NOVA SCOTIA, CANADA B3B 1G6

Email:

customerservice@bebbingtonindustries.ca

EMERGENCY NUMBER:

CANUTEC 1 613 996 6666

2. Hazard(s) identification

Classification

This chemical is considered hazardous by the 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Flammable liquids

Category 3

Acute oral toxicity

Category 4

Acute Inhalation Toxicity - Vapors

Category 3

Skin Corrosion/irritation

Category 1 A

Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation

Category 1

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Category 2

Target Organs - Respiratory system.

Label Elements

Signal Word

Danger

Hazard Statements

Flammable liquid and vapor Harmful if swallowed Causes severe skin burns and eye damage Toxic if inhaled May cause respiratory irritation



Precautionary Statements

Prevention

Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area

Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking

Keep container tightly closed

Ground/bond container and receiving equipment

Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment

Use only non-sparking tools

Take precautionary measures against static discharge

Keep cool

Wear respiratory protection

Response

Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician

Inhalation

IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing

Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician

Skin

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower

Wash contaminated clothing before reuse

Eyes

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

Ingestion

Rinse mouth

Do NOT induce vomiting

Fire

In case of fire: Use CO2, dry chemical, or foam for extinction

Storage

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

Store locked up

Disposal

Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant

Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Corrosive to the respiratory tract

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Component	CAS-No	Weight %	
Formic acid		>95	

4. Fileterit moreures

General Advice

Immediate medical attention is required. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

Revision Date 18-Jan-2018

Eye Contact In the case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical

advice.

Skin Contact Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Immediate medical

attention is required.

Inhalation Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested or inhaled the substance; give

artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Move to fresh air. Immediate medical attention is

required. If not breathing, give artificial respiration.

Ingestion Do not induce vomiting. Call a physician or Poison Control Center immediately.

Most important symptoms and

effects

Breathing difficulties. Causes burns by all exposure routes. Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting: Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated: Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe

damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation

Notes to Physician Treat symptomatically

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable Extinguishing Media Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide. Cool closed

containers exposed to fire with water spray.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media No information available

Flash Point

50 °C / 122 °F

Method -

No information available

Autoignition Temperature

520 °C / 968 °F

Explosion Limits

 Upper
 45 vol %

 Lower
 10 vol %

Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact No information available Sensitivity to Static Discharge No information available

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical

Flammable. Risk of ignition. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back. Containers may explode when heated.

Hazardous Combustion Products

Carbon monoxide (CO) Carbon dioxide (CO₂) Hydrogen Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors **Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters**

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

NFPA

HealthFlammabilityInstabilityPhysical hazards321N/A

6. Accidental release measures

from and upwind of spill/leak. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition.

Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Environmental Precautions Should not be released into the environment. Do not flush into surface water or sanitary

sewer system. See Section 12 for additional ecological information.

Methods for Containment and Clean Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

Up

Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

7. Handling and storage

Handling

Use only under a chemical fume hood. Wear personal protective equipment. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not breathe vapors or spray mist. Do not ingest. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Storage

Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Containers should be vented periodically in order to overcome pressure buildup. Store in explosion-proof refrigerator. Flammables area.

8. Exposure controls / personal protection

Exposure Guidelines

Component	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH IDLH	Mexico OEL (TWA)
Formic acid	TWA: 5 ppm	(Vacated) TWA: 5 ppm	IDLH: 30 ppm	TWA: 5 ppm
	STEL: 10 ppm	(Vacated) TWA: 9 mg/m ³	TWA: 5 ppm	TWA: 9 mg/m ³
		TWA: 5 ppm	TWA: 9 mg/m ³	_
		TWA: 9 mg/m³	_	

Legend

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration

NIOSH IDLH: The National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health

Engineering Measures

Use only under a chemical fume hood. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers

are close to the workstation location. Use explosion-proof

electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined

areas.

Personal Protective Equipment

Eye/face Protection

Wear appropriate protective eyeglasses or chemical safety goggles as described by OSHA's eye and face protection regulations in 29 CFR 1910.133 or European Standard

EN166. Tightly fitting safety goggles. Face-shield.

Skin and body protection

Chemical resistant apron. Boots. Chemical protection suit (EN 14605).

Respiratory Protection

Follow the OSHA respirator regulations found in 29 CFR 1910.134 or European Standard EN 149. Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced.

Hygiene Measures

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical State Appearance

Odor **Odor Threshold**

На Melting Point/Range Boiling Point/Range

Flash Point **Evaporation Rate** Flammability (solid,gas)

Flammability or explosive limits

Liquid Coloriess pungent

No information available 2.1 10 g/L aq.sol 8 °C / 46.4 °F

101 °C / 213.8 °F @ 760 mmHg

50 °C / 122 °F

No information available

Not applicable

Revision Date 18-Jan-2018

Upper Lower

Vapor Pressure Vapor Density Specific Gravity

Solubility
Partition coefficient; n-octanol/water

Autoignition Temperature Decomposition Temperature

Viscosity

Molecular Formula Molecular Weight 45 vol % 10 vol %

44 mbar @ 20 °C No information available

1.220 miscible

No data available 520 °C / 968 °F No information available 1.47 mPa.s @ 20 °C

C H2 O2 46.02

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactive Hazard

None known, based on information available

Stability

Strong reducing agent. Fire and explosion risk in contact with oxidizing agents.

Hygroscopic. heat sensitive. Decomposes to water and carbon dioxide.

Conditions to Avoid

incompatible products. Excess heat. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and

sources of ignition. Exposure to moist air or water.

Incompatible Materials

Strong oxidizing agents, Metals, Powdered metals, Strong bases

Hazardous Decomposition Products Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO2), Hydrogen, Thermal decomposition can lead

to release of irritating gases and vapors

Hazardous Polymerization

Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Hazardous Reactions

None under normal processing.

11. Toxicological information

Acute Toxicity

Product Information

Oral LD50

Category 4.

Dermal LD50 Vapor LC50 Based on ATE data, the classification criteria are not met.

Category 3.

Component Information

	Component	LD50 Orai	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
İ	Formic acid	730 mg/kg (Rat)	Not listed	15 g/m³ (Rat) 15 min

Toxicologically Synergistic

No information available

Products

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Irritation

Causes severe burns by all exposure routes Irritating to respiratory system

Sensitization

No information available

Carcinogenicity

The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen.

Component	CAS-No	IARC	NTP	ACGIH	OSHA	Mexico
Formic acid	64-18-6	Not listed				

Mutagenic Effects

No information available

Reproductive Effects

No information available.

Developmental Effects

No information available.

Formic acid, OPTIMA LC/MS Grade (99.5%)

Revision Date 18-Jan-2018

Teratogenicity

No information available.

STOT - single exposure STOT - repeated exposure Respiratory system None known

Aspiration hazard

No information available

delayed

Symptoms / effects, both acute and Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting: Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated. Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation

Endocrine Disruptor Information

No information available

Other Adverse Effects

The toxicological properties have not been fully investigated.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

Contains a substance which is:. Harmful to aquatic organisms. The product contains following substances which are hazardous for the environment.

Component	Freshwater Algae	Freshwater Fish	Microtox	Water Flea
Formic acid	EC50 = 25 mg/L/96h	Leuciscus idus: LC50 =	EC50 = 46.7 mg/L/17h	EC50 = 34 mg/L/48h
		46-100 mg/L/96h	J	Ţ.

Persistence and Degradability

Miscible with water Persistence is unlikely based on information available.

Bioaccumulation/ Accumulation

No information available.

Mobility

. Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its water solubility.

Component	log Pow
Formic acid	-0.54

13. Disposal considerations

Waste Disposal Methods

Chemical waste generators must determine whether a discarded chemical is classified as a hazardous waste. Chemical waste generators must also consult local, regional, and national hazardous waste regulations to ensure complete and accurate classification.

Component	RCRA - U Series Wastes	RCRA - P Series Wastes	
Formic acid - 64-18-6	U123	•	

14. Transport Information

DOT

UN-No Proper Shipping Name UN1779

FORMIC ACID

Hazard Class Subsidiary Hazard Class 8 3

Packing Group

li

TDG

UN-No **Proper Shipping Name**

UN1779 FORMIC ACID

Hazard Class

Subsidiary Hazard Class

Packing Group

3 11

IATA

UN-No

UN1779

Proper Shipping Name

FORMIC ACID

Hazard Class

Subsidiary Hazard Class

3

Revision Date 18-Jan-2018

Packing Group

- 1.

IMDG/IMO

UN-No Proper Shipping Name UN1779

Hazard Class

FORMIC ACID

Subsidiary Hazard Class

8 3 II

Packing Group

15. Regulatory Information

All of the components in the product are on the following inventory lists: X = listed

International Inventories

Component	TSCA	DSL	NDSL	EINECS	ELINCS	NLP	PICCS	ENCS	AICS	IECSC	KECL
Formic acid	X	Χ		200-579-1	-		Х	Х	Х	Х	X

Legend:

- X Listed
- E Indicates a substance that is the subject of a Section 5(e) Consent order under TSCA.
- F Indicates a substance that is the subject of a Section 5(f) Rule under TSCA.
- N Indicates a polymeric substance containing no free-radical initiator in its inventory name but is considered to cover the designated polymer made with any free-radical initiator regardless of the amount used.
- P Indicates a commenced PMN substance
- R Indicates a substance that is the subject of a Section 6 risk management rule under TSCA.
- S Indicates a substance that is identified in a proposed or final Significant New Use Rule
- T Indicates a substance that is the subject of a Section 4 test rule under TSCA.
- XU Indicates a substance exempt from reporting under the Inventory Update Rule, i.e. Partial Updating of the TSCA Inventory Data Base Production and Site Reports (40 CFR 710(B).
- Y1 Indicates an exempt polymer that has a number-average molecular weight of 1,000 or greater.
- Y2 Indicates an exempt polymer that is a polyester and is made only from reactants included in a specified list of low concern reactants that comprises one of the eligibility criteria for the exemption rule.

U.S. Federal Regulations

TSCA 12(b)

Not applicable

SARA 313

Component	CAS-No	Weight %	SARA 313 - Threshold Values %
Formic acid	64-18-6	>95	1.0

SARA 311/312 Hazard Categories

See section 2 for more information

CWA (Clean Water Act)

Component	CWA - Hazardous Substances	CWA - Reportable Quantities	CWA - Toxic Pollutants	CWA - Priority Pollutants
Formic acid	X	5000 lb	~	

Clean Air Act

Not applicable

OSHA Occupational Safety and Health Administration

Not applicable

CERCLA

This material, as supplied, contains one or more substances regulated as a hazardous substance under the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA) (40 CFR 302)

Ì	Component	Hazardous Substances RQs	CERCLA EHS RQs		
	Formic acid	5000 lb	•		
-					

California Proposition 65

This product does not contain any Proposition 65 chemicals

U.S. State Right-to-Know

Regulations

Component	Massachusetts	New Jersey	Pennsylvania	Illinois	Rhode Island
Formic acid	X	X	X	-	X

U.S. Department of Transportation

Reportable Quantity (RQ): Y
DOT Marine Pollutant N
DOT Severe Marine Pollutant N

U.S. Department of Homeland Security

This product does not contain any DHS chemicals.

Other International Regulations

Mexico - Grade

Moderate risk, Grade 2

16. Other information

Creation Date Revision Date

02-Nov-2009 18-Jan-2018 18-Jan-2018

Print Date Revision Summary

This document has been updated to comply with the US OSHA HazCom 2012 Standard replacing the current legislation under 29 CFR 1910.1200 to align with the Globally

Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals (GHS).

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

End of SDS