



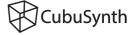
Dual Complex VCO with wave shaping and modulation features



Manual

PCB V1.1 May 2022

Written and Illustrated by Ruben Sponar



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Limited Warranty:

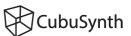
CubuSynth guarantees this product to be without defects in materials and workmanship for a period of one year from the date of purchase (proof of purchase/invoice needed).

Malfunctions due to improper supply voltages, incorrect or reversed Eurorack power cable connection, misuse of the product, removal of knobs, changing faceplates, or other causes determined by CubuSynth are the user's responsability and are not covered by this warranty.

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1. Introduction

The CubuSynth Engine is a dual analog VCO with wave shaping functions, internal modulations and a chaos generator. It is based around the 3340 chip and features 4 Waveforms + Wavefolder per VCO and 4 Modulated Outputs, all simultaneously. The CubuSynth Engine can work as 2 independent VCOs, or as one complex FM oscillator. With its inernal "Chaos Engine" it creates semi-random voltages, generated by the 2 oscillator cores. This signal is then normalized to the CV inputs for Pulse width modulation and exponential FM.

Each of the 2 VCOs offers a switch to select one of the 4 waveshapes to be used by the wavefolders, and the linear FM input normalisations.

2. Specifications

• Size: 24HP / 121mm

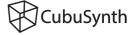
• Depth: 35mm (measured from the front panel)

• Current Draw:

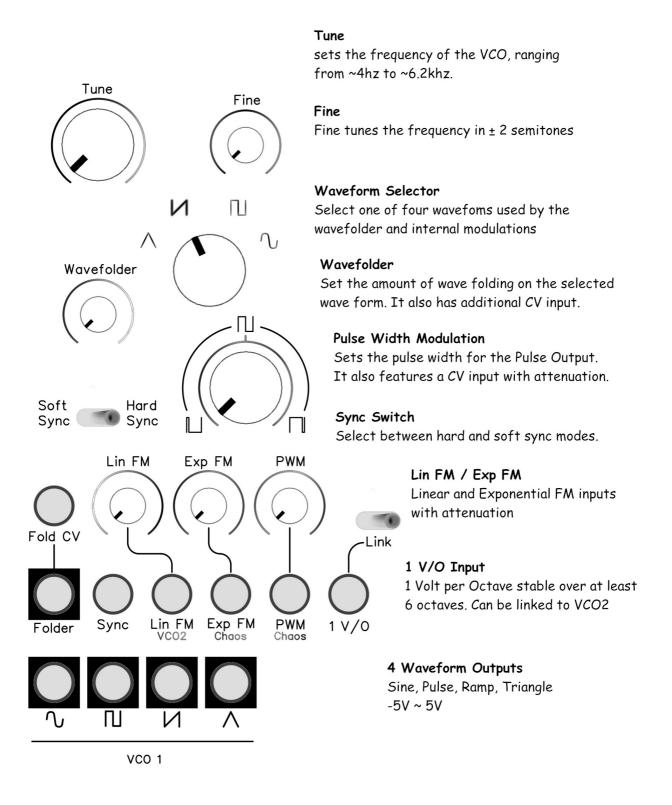
+12V: +65mA -12V: -50mA +5V: +11mA

3. Key features

- 2 VCO cores (voices)
- 4 simultaneous wave forms per voice + 4 Modulation Outputs
- Wavefolder per voice
- Pulse Width modulation
- Linear and exponential FM inputs
- 1 V/oct tracking stable over up to 10 octaves
- Chaos generator with external clock input
- Complex internal normalised modulations



3.1 VCO Features



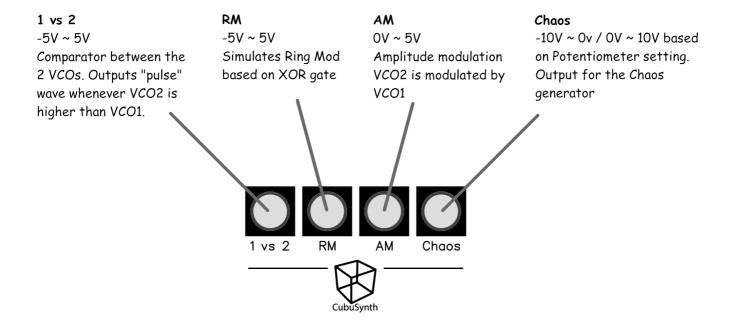


3.2 Modulation Outputs

The CubuSynth Engine features 4 simultaneous modulation outputs.

In the 1vs2, RM and AM outputs the selected waveform of each VCO is used to form the modulation.

"Chaos" is the output of the internal chaos generator. It is designed as a CV signal, but might be audible, when the VCOs work in higher frequencies. Keep in mind, that the level of this output depends on the setting of the chaos knob (attenuverter).





3.3 Chaos generator

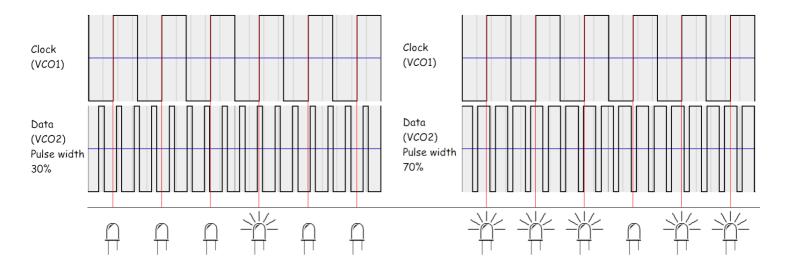
The "Chaos engine" is based on a shift register, well known from Rob Hordijk's Benjolin or Music Thing Modular's Turing Machine.

In this module, it is clocked from VCO1 square wave (through normalized Clock Input) and reads data from VCO2 square output.

That means, that for each cycle of VCO1, the Shift register checks the voltage on VCO2. If the Voltage is "high" it lights up a LED. When the next cycle starts, it will "shift" down the light to the next LED and reads VCO2 again. If the voltage is "low" the LED stays off. On the next cycle it will shift down the LEDs status to the next, read VCO2 and so on. This creates the rotation of the light on the front of the module.

So the Pulse width on VCO2 sets the Probability for the voltage to be "high" in the moment, the Shift register is clocked.

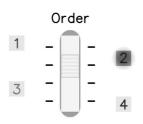
Below you can see 2 examples with same frequencies but different Pulse width settings on VCO2. The six LED symbols represent the light around the Chaos knob.



The voltages from the 8 LEDs are then mixed together with different strengths, to create semi-random stepped Voltages. With the Order switch, you can select which part of the LEDs has the strongest influence. This gives different patterns of the voltages generated.



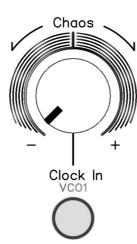
3.4 Chaos generator features overview



Order

Select which part/color of the LED-circle has the most influence on the chaos signal.

1 means red has most influence, as 2 for purple, 3 for green and 4 for yellow



Chaos attenuverter

Sets the overall voltage range of the chaos signal ranging from -10V < 0V to 0V < 10V

Clock In

External clock input for the chaos generator.

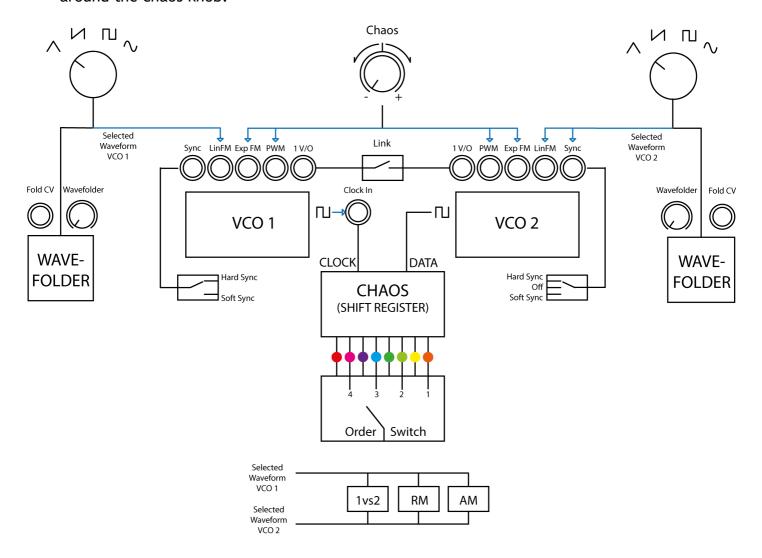
Normalized from VCO1 square wave, this iunput sets the speed of the LEDs rotation.

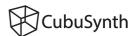


4. Routing Map

Here is an overview for the internal routing path of the signals. With the waveform selector switch, you can choose, which one of the waveforms will be used in the Wavefolder, the modulation outputs and and the normalisations. On the Engine Frontpanel you can see the normalized signals on inputs written in silver.

The arrows in blue represent the normalisations, the colored dots represent the LEDs around the chaos knob.





5. Tips & Tricks

There is many ways to create very interesting and complex sounds, only with the Engine Module.

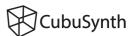
You can plug any of the outputs to any of the inputs of the module itself. For example the VCO1 waveform outputs to the input of the second Fold CV. Or the Wavefolder output of one, to the FM inputs of the other VCO.

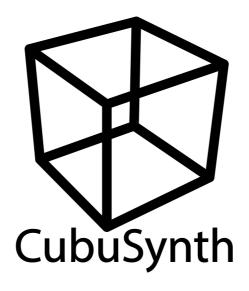
When turning down VCO1 to very low frequencies, the chaos generator will create "Sample&Hold style" stepped random voltages.

By sending the chaos signal to a quantizer and back to the 1V/oct input, you can create very musical randomness. Sometimes it will lock itself on a loop/sequence.

The chaos CV signal can also be used to create random triggers (for example for a gate of an envelope generator), depending on the Chaos knob setting and the voltage, the gate input needs to trigger the module. With the Pulse width control of VCO2 you can control the probability of enough voltage to trigger. This also works great with an AND logic gate, combined with your clock signal.

For the Wavefold CV input it is recommended to use an external Attenuator to have control of the CV modulation amount. When the Fold CV (in combination with the wavefolder knob) reaches negative voltages, it will also control the volume of the VCO, so it can also act like a VCA with wavefolding.







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Written and Illustrated by Ruben Sponar

The CubuSynth Engine was designed by Ruben Sponar, from first prototype in September 2021 to the finished module in May 2022.

A few honorable mentions:

The Chaos generator was inspired by Rob Hordijk's Benjolin and Music Thing Modular's Turing Machine.

The Wavefolder is based on schematics by Eddy Bergmann and has CV input, based on Tom Wiltshire's Vintage VCA.

The Sine wave shaper is based on schematics by Ole Stavnshoej.

The RM is based on the classic "MS-20" XOR ring mod.

