

SAFETY DATA SHEET

According to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II, as amended by Regulation (EU) 453/2010 SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking 1.1. Product identifier **Product Name** HardMaster W668 Fibre Reinforced Bedding Mortar 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance of mixture and uses advised against **Identified Uses** General Purpose Bedding Mortar. No specific uses advised against are identified. Uses advised against 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet Supplier Meon Ltd. Railside Northarbour Spur Portsmouth PO6 3TU +44 (0) 23 9220 0606 mail@meonuk.com 1.4. Emergency Telephone Number **Emergency telephone** +44 (0) 808 118 1922 **SECTION 2: Hazards identification** 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture Classification (EC) No: 1272/2008 **Physical hazards** Not Classified **Health hazards** Eye Dam. 1 - H318 Skin Sens. 1 - H317 **Environmental hazards** Not Classified 2.2. Label Elements Hazard symbol Signal word Danger Hazard statement(s) H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction. H318 - Causes serious eye damage. Precautionary statement(s) P102 - Keep out of reach of children. P280 - Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection. P302+P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. P333+P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention. P305+P351+P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. 1 1 3

	P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTER/ doctor.
	P501 - Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with national regulations.
Contains	Cement, portland, chemicals
Supplementary precautionary	P261 - Avoid breathing dust.
statement(s)	P272 - Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
	P362+P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
2.3. Other hazards	
Other hazards	This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

3.2. Mixtures

	CAS No.	EC No.	REACH	Classification	Quantity
Calcium carbonate (Substance with National workplace exposure limits.)	471-34-1	207-439-9	-	Not Classified	25 - <50 %
Cement, alumina, chemicals	65997-16-2	266-045-5	-	Eye Irrit. 2 - H319	10 - <25 %
Cement, portland, chemicals	65997-15-1	266-043-4	-	Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Dam. 1 - H318 Skin Sens. 1 - H317 STOT SE 3 - H335	5 - <10 %
Calcium dihydroxide	1305-62-0	215-137-3	01-2119475151-45- XXXX	Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Dam. 1 - H318 STOT SE 3 - H335	0.5 - <1%
Crystalline Silica	1317-95-9	-	-	STOT RE 1 - H372	0.25 - <0.5%
Calcium dihydroxide	1305-62-0	215-137-3	-	Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Dam. 1 - H318 STOT SE 3 - H335	0.025 - <0.25%

The full text for all hazard statements is displayed in Section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

As a general rule, in case of doubt or if symptoms persist, always call a doctor.

NEVER induce swallowing by an unconscious person.

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General information	Get medical attention if any discomfort continues. Show this Safety Data Sheet to the medical personnel.
Inhalation	Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt. When breathing is difficult, properly trained personnel may assist affected person by administering oxygen. Get medical attention. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place.
Ingestion	Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Give a few small glasses of water or milk to drink. Stop if the affected person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place. Keep affected person under observation. Get medical attention.
Skin contact	Brush off loose particles from skin. It is important to remove the substance from the skin immediately. In the event of any sensitisation symptoms developing, ensure further

	exposure is avoided. Remove contamination with soap and water or recognised skin cleansing agent.	
Evo contact	Get medical attention if symptoms are severe or persist after washing	
Eye contact	Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Do not rub eye. Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes and get medical	
	attention.	
Protection of first aiders	First aid personnel should wear appropriate protective equipment during any rescue	
4.2. Most important symptoms an	d effects, both acute and delayed	
General information	The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and	
	the length of exposure.	
Inhalation	A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Irritation of nose, throat and airway. Difficulty in breathing. Coughing.	
Ingestion	May cause sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals. May cause irritation.	
Skin contact	May cause skin sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals. Redness. Irritating to skin.	
Eye contact	Causes serious eye damage. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Pain. Profuse watering of the eyes. Redness.	
4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed		
Notes for the doctor	Treat symptomatically. May cause sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive	
	individuals.	

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

(Flammable)

Chemical powders, carbon dioxide and other extinguishing gas are suitable for small fires.

5.1. Extinguishing media

STEL EXCHIGATION B INCUTU	
Suitable extinguishing media	The product is not flammable. Extinguish with alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog. Use fire-extinguishing media suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
5.2. Special hazards arising from the	e substance or mixture
Specific hazards	None known.
Hazardous combustion products	Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Harmful gases or vapours.
5.3. Advice for firefighters	
Protective actions during firefighting	Avoid breathing fire gases or vapours. Evacuate area. Keep upwind to avoid inhalation of gases, vapours, fumes and smoke. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Cool containers exposed to heat with water spray and remove them from the fire area if it can be done without risk. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out. Control run-off water by containing and keeping it out of sewers and watercourses. If risk of water pollution occurs, notify appropriate authorities.
Special protective equipment for firefighters	Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing. Firefighter's clothing conforming to European standard EN469 (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions	Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. No action shall be taken without appropriate training or involving any personal risk. Avoid inhalation of dust and vapours. Use suitable respiratory protection if ventilation is inadequate. Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
6.2. Environmental precautions Environmental precautions	Avoid discharge into drains or watercourses or onto the ground.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up	Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Clear up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Collect spillage with a shovel and broom, or
	similar and reuse, if possible. Collect and place in suitable waste disposal containers and seal securely. Flush contaminated area with plenty of water. Wash thoroughly after
	dealing with a spillage. Neutralise with acid. Caution. May generate heat. Following dilution and neutralisation, discharge to the sewer with plenty of water may be
	permitted. The requirements of the local water authority must be complied with if contaminated water is flushed directly to the sewer. For waste disposal, see Section 13.
6.4. Reference to other sections	
Reference to other sections	For personal protection, see Section 8. See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. See Section 12 for additional information on ecological hazards. For waste disposal, see Section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage	
Requirements relating to storage pr	emises apply to all facilities where the mixture is handled.
7.1. Precautions on safe handling	
Usage precautions	Keep out of the reach of children. Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Avoid handling which leads to dust formation. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle broken packages without protective equipment. Do not reuse empty containers.
Advice on general	Wash promptly if skin becomes contaminated. Take off contaminated clothing. Wash
occupational hygiene	contaminated clothing before reuse.
7.2. Conditions for safe storage, inc	luding any incompatibilities
Storage precautions	Store locked up. Store away from the following materials: Acids. Keep only in the original container. Keep container tightly closed, in a cool, well ventilated place. Keep containers upright. Protect containers from damage.
Storage class <u>7.3. Specific end use(s)</u>	Acid-reactive storage.
Specific end use(s)	The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters	
Occupational exposure limits	
Long-term exposure limit (8-hour	WEL 10 mg/m ³ inhalable dust
TWA)	
Long-term exposure limit (8-hour	WEL 4 mg/m ³ respirable dust
TWA)	
Calcium carbonate	
Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA)	WEL 10 mg/m ³ inhalable dust
Long-term exposure limit (8-hour	WEL 4 mg/m ³ respirable dust
TWA)	
Cement, portland, chemicals	
Long-term exposure limit (8-hour	WEL 10 mg/m ³ inhalable dust
TWA)	
Long-term exposure limit (8-hour	WEL 4 mg/m ³ respirable dust
TWA)	
<u>Calcium dihydroxide</u>	
Long-term exposure limit (8-hour	WEL 5 mg/m ³ respirable dust
TWA)	
Crystalline Silica	

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour $\,$ WEL 0.1 mg/m³ respirable dust TWA)

Calcium dihydroxide

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour WEL 5 mg/m³ TWA) WEL = Workplace Exposure Limit

Calcium dihydroxide (CAS: 1305-62-0)

Calcium dihydroxide (CAS: 1305-62-0)		
DNEL	Workers - Inhalation; Long term local effects: 1 mg/m ³ Workers - Inhalation; Short term local effects: 4 mg/m ³ General population - Inhalation; Long term local effects: 1 mg/m ³ General population - Inhalation; Short term local effects: 4 mg/m ³ - Fresh water; 0.49 mg/l - Marine water; 0.32 mg/l - STP; 3 mg/l - Soil; 1080 mg/kg	
	Lithium carbonate (CAS: 554-13-2)	
DNEL	Workers - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 10 mg/m ³ Workers - Inhalation; Short term systemic effects: 30 mg/m ³ Workers - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 64.3 mg/kg/day Workers - Dermal; Short term systemic effects: 100 mg/kg/day General population - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 9.64 mg/m ³ General population - Inhalation; Short term systemic effects: 28.92 mg/m ³ General population - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 64.3 mg/kg/day General population - Dermal; Short term systemic effects: 50 mg/kg/day General population - Oral; Short term systemic effects: 6.43 mg/kg/day General population - Oral; Short term systemic effects: 19.23 mg/kg/day - Fresh water; 9 mg/l - Marine water; 0.9 mg/l	
	 - Marine water, 0.9 mg/f - Intermittent release; 0.3 mg/l - STP; 122.2 mg/l - Sediment (Freshwater); 35.2 mg/kg - Sediment (Marinewater); 3.52 mg/kg - Soil; 1.76 mg/kg 	
DNEL	Workers - Inhalation; Long term local effects: 1 mg/m ³ Workers - Inhalation; Short term local effects: 4 mg/m ³ General population - Inhalation; Long term local effects: 1 mg/m ³ General population - Inhalation; Short term local effects: 4 mg/m ³	
PNEC	 Fresh water; 0.49 mg/l Marine water; 0.32 mg/l STP; 3 mg/l Soil; 1080 mg/kg <u>Trisodium citrate (CAS: 68-04-2)</u>	
PNEC	 Fresh water; 0.44 mg/l Marine water; 0.044 mg/l STP; 1000 mg/l Sediment (Freshwater); 34.6 mg/kg Sediment (Marinewater); 3.46 mg/kg Soil; 33.1 mg/kg 	

- Soil; 33.1 mg/kg

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Citric acid (CAS: 77-92-9)

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PINE	L

8.2. Exposure controls Protective equipment

- Fresh water; 0.44 mg/l
- Marine water; 0.044 mg/l
- STP; 1000 mg/l
- Sediment (Freshwater); 34.6 mg/kg
- Sediment (Marinewater); 3.46 mg/kg
- Soil; 33.1 mg/kg



Appropriate engineering controls	Provide adequate ventilation.
Eye/face protection	Avoid contact with eyes. Large Spillages: Eyewear complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates eye contact is possible.
Hand protection	Wear protective gloves. The most suitable glove should be chosen in consultation with the glove supplier/manufacturer, who can provide information about the breakthrough time of the glove material. To protect hands from chemicals, gloves should comply with European Standard EN374. Considering the data specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are retaining their protective properties and change them as soon as any deterioration is detected. Frequent changes are recommended.
Other skin and body	May cause skin sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals. Wear
protection	appropriate clothing to prevent repeated or prolonged skin contact.
Hygiene measures	Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
Respiratory protection	No specific recommendations. Provide adequate ventilation. Large Spillages: If ventilation is inadequate, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.
Environmental exposure controls	Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Avoid release to the environment.

5ECTION 9: Physical and Chemical Properties 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties	
Appearance	Sand. Cement. Powder.
Colour	Various colours.
Odour	Slight.
Odour threshold	Not determined.
pH	≥ 11.5
Melting point	Not determined.
Initial boiling point and range	Not determined.
Flash point	Not determined.
Evaporation rate	Not determined.
Evaporation factor	Not determined.
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not determined.
Upper/lower flammability or	Not determined.
explosive limits	
Vapour pressure	Not determined.
Vapour density	Not determined.
Relative density	Not determined.
Bulk density	Not determined.
Partition coefficient	Not determined.
Auto-ignition temperature	Not determined.
Decomposition temperature	Not determined.

SECTION 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

Viscosity	Not determined.
Explosive properties	Not considered to be explosive.
Oxidising properties	The mixture itself has not been tested but none of the ingredient substances meet the criteria for classification as oxidizing.
9.2. Other information	
Other information	No information required.
SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity	
10.1. Reactivity	
Reactivity	There are no known reactivity hazards associated with this product.
10.2. Chemical stability	
Stability	Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended. Stable under the prescribed storage conditions.
10.3. Possibility of hazardous reaction	ons
Hazardous reactions	No potentially hazardous reactions known.
10.4. Conditions to avoid	
Conditions to avoid	There are no known conditions that are likely to result in a hazardous situation.
10.5. Incompatible materials	
Materials to avoid	Acid anhydrides. Acids. Phenols, cresols.
10.6. Hazardous decomposition proc	ducts
Hazardous decomposition	Does not decompose when used and stored as recommended. Thermal decomposition
products	or combustion products may include the following substances: Harmful gases or vapours.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity - oral	
Notes (oral LD₅o)	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
<u>Acute toxicity - dermal</u>	
Notes (dermal LD₅o)	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Acute toxicity - inhalation	
Notes (inhalation LC₅₀)	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Skin corrosion/irritation	
Animal data	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Serious eye damage/irritation	
Serious eye damage/irritation	Eye Dam. 1 - H318 Causes serious eye damage.
Respiratory sensitisation	
Respiratory sensitisation	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Skin sensitisation	
Skin sensitisation	May cause skin sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals.
Germ cell mutagenicity	
Genotoxicity - in vitro	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
<u>Carcinogenicity</u>	
Carcinogenicity	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
IARC carcinogenicity	Contains a substance which may be potentially carcinogenic. IARC Group 3 Not
	classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans.
Reproductive toxicity	
Reproductive toxicity - fertility	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Reproductive toxicity -	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
development	
Specific target organ toxicity -	
<u>single exposure</u>	
STOT - single exposure	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Specific target organ toxicity -	
repeated exposure	
STOT - repeated exposure	Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after repeated exposure.
Aspiration hazard	

Acuivation beneved	
Aspiration hazard	Not relevant. Solid.
General information	Dust may irritate the eyes and the respiratory system. The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure.
Inhalation	A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Irritation of nose, throat and airway. Difficulty in breathing. Coughing.
Ingestion	May cause sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals. May cause irritation.
Skin contact	May cause skin sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals. Redness. Irritating to skin.
Eye contact	Causes serious eye damage. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Pain. Profuse watering of the eyes. Redness.
Route of entry	Ingestion Inhalation Skin and/or eye contact
Target organs	Respiratory system, lungs
Medical considerations	Skin disorders and allergies.
Calcium carbonate	
Acute toxicity - oral	
Notes (oral LD₅₀)	> 2000 mg/kg, Rat REACH dossier information.
Acute toxicity - dermal	
Notes (dermal LD₅₀)	> 2000 mg/kg, Rat REACH dossier information.
Skin corrosion/irritation	
Animal data	Dose: 0.5 g, 4 hours, Rabbit Erythema/eschar score: No erythema (0). Oedema score: No
	oedema (0). REACH dossier information. Not irritating.
Serious eye damage/irritation	
Serious eye damage/irritation	Dose: 0.1 ml (61 mg), 72 hours, Rabbit REACH dossier information. Not irritating.
Skin sensitisation	
Skin sensitisation	Local Lymph Node Assay (LLNA) - Mouse: Not sensitising. REACH dossier information.
Germ cell mutagenicity	
Genotoxicity - in vitro	Chromosome aberration: Negative. REACH dossier information.
Reproductive toxicity	
Reproductive toxicity - fertility	Screening - NOEL 1000 mg/kg/day, Oral, Rat P REACH dossier information. No evidence of reproductive toxicity in animal studies.
Reproductive toxicity - development	Developmental toxicity: - NOAEC: > 1.25 %, Oral, Rat REACH dossier information.
	Cement, alumina, chemicals
Acuto tovicity and	
<u>Acute toxicity - oral</u> Notes (oral LD₅₀)	LD_{50} >2000 mg/kg, Oral, Rat REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
<u>Acute toxicity - dermal</u>	
Notes (dermal LD₅₀)	LD_{50} >2000 mg/kg, Dermal, Rat REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Acute toxicity - inhalation	
Notes (inhalation LC₅₀)	LC_{50} 7.6 mg/l, Inhalation, Rat REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Skin corrosion/irritation	
Animal data	Dose: 0.5 g, 4 hours, Rabbit Primary dermal irritation index: 0 REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Serious eye damage/irritation	
Serious eye damage/irritation	Dose: 62 mg, 24 hours, Rabbit REACH dossier information. Causes serious eye irritation.
Skin sensitisation	
Skin sensitisation	Guinea pig maximization test (GPMT) - Guinea pig: Not sensitising. REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
<u>Germ cell mutagenicity</u> Genotoxicity - in vitro	Chromosome aberration: Negative. REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Cement, portland, chemicals

Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Causes skin irritation.

the classification criteria are not met

Not relevant. Solid.

Chromosome aberration: Negative. REACH dossier information. Based on available data

Embryotoxicity: Teratogenicity: - NOAEL: 266 mg/kg/day, Oral, Rat REACH dossier

information. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Serious eye damage/irritation	
Serious eye damage/irritation	Eye Dam. 1 - H318 Causes serious eye damage.
Skin sensitisation	
Skin sensitisation	Skin Sens. 1 - H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Specific target organ toxicity -	
single exposure	
STOT - single exposure	STOT SE 3 - H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
	Calcium dihydroxide
Acute toxicity - oral	
Notes (oral LD₅₀)	LD ₅₀ : >2000 mg/kg, Oral, Rat REACH dossier information.
Acute toxicity - dermal	
Acute toxicity dermal (LD₅₀	2,500.0
mg/kg)	
Species	Rabbit
Notes (dermal LD₅₀)	REACH dossier information.
ATE dermal (mg/kg)	2,500.0
Skin corrosion/irritation	
Animal data	Dose: 0.5 g, 4 hours, Rabbit Erythema/eschar score: Well defined erythema (2). Oedema score: Very slight oedema - barely perceptible (1). REACH dossier information. Irritating.
Sorious and domage lirritation	score. Very slight bedenia - barely perceptible (1). REACH dossier information. Initiating.
Serious eye damage/irritation Serious eye damage/irritation	Causes serious eye irritation.
Germ cell mutagenicity	Causes serious eye initiation.
Genotoxicity - in vitro	Chromosome aberration: Negative. REACH dossier information.
Carcinogenicity	-
Carcinogenicity	NOAEL 21500 mg/kg/day, Oral, Rat REACH dossier information. Read across data. No evidence of carcinogenicity in animal studies.
Reproductive toxicity	
Reproductive toxicity -	Developmental toxicity: - NOAEL: ≥ 440 mg/kg/day, Oral, Mouse REACH dossier
development	information. Read across data. No evidence of reproductive toxicity in animal studies.
Specific target organ toxicity -	
<u>single exposure</u>	
STOT - single exposure	STOT SE 3 - H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
Target organs	Respiratory system, lungs

Crystalline Silica

Specific target organ toxicity -	
repeated exposure	
STOT - repeated exposure	S

Genotoxicity - in vivo

Reproductive toxicity -

Skin corrosion/irritation

Reproductive toxicity

development

Animal data

Aspiration hazard Aspiration hazard

STOT RE 1 - H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.

SECTION 12: Ecological information	
Ecotoxicity	The product may affect the acidity (pH) of water which may have hazardous effects on aquatic organisms.
<u>12.1. Toxicity</u> Toxicity	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
	Calcium carbonate
Toxicity	Aquatic toxicity is unlikely to occur. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Acute toxicity - fish	LC₅₀, 96 hours: > 100 %, Onchorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout) NOEC, 96 hours: > 100 %, Onchorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout) REACH dossier information.
Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates	EC₅₀, 48 hours: > 100 %, Daphnia magna NOEC, 48 hours: 100 %, Daphnia magna REACH dossier information.
Acute toxicity - aquatic plants	EC ₁₀ , 72 hours: > 14 mg/l, Desmodesmus subspicatus EC ₂₀ , 72 hours: > 14 mg/l, Desmodesmus subspicatus EC ₅₀ , 72 hours: > 14 mg/l, Desmodesmus subspicatus NOEC, 72 hours: 14 mg/l, Desmodesmus subspicatus REACH dossier information.
Acute toxicity - microorganisms	EC₅₀, 3 hours: > 1000 mg/l, Activated sludge NOEC, 3 hours: 1000 mg/l, Activated sludge REACH dossier information.
	Cement, alumina, chemicals
Toxicity Acute toxicity - fish Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates Acute toxicity - aquatic plants	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met. LC₅o, 96 hours: >100 mg/l, Brachydanio rerio (Zebra Fish) EC₅o, 48 hours: 5.4 mg/l, Daphnia magna EC₅o, 72 hours: 3.6 mg/l, Selenastrum capricornutum
Acute toxicity - microorganisms	EC₅₀, 3 hours: >1000 mg/l, Activated sludge
	Cement, portland, chemicals
Toxicity	Not regarded as dangerous for the environment. However, large or frequent spills may have hazardous effects on the environment.
Calcium dihydroxide	
Acute toxicity - fish	LC₅₀, 96 hours: 457 mg/l, Gasterosteus aculeatus (Three-spined stickleback) REACH dossier information.
Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates Acute toxicity - aquatic plants	LC ₅₀ , 96 hours: 158 mg/l, Crangon septemspinosa REACH dossier information. EC ₁₀ , 72 hours: 79.22 mg/l, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata EC ₂₀ , 72 hours: 106.02 mg/l, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata EC ₅₀ , 72 hours: 184.57 mg/l, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata LOEC, 72 hours: 80 mg/l, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata NOEC, 72 hours: 48 mg/l, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata
Acute toxicity -	REACH dossier information. EC ₂₀ , 3 hours: 229.2 mg/l, Activated sludge

microorganisms Acute toxicity - terrestrial Chronic toxicity - aquatic invertebrates Toxicity to soil Toxicity to terrestrial plants	EC ₅₀ , 3 hours: 300.4 mg/l, Activated sludge REACH dossier information. NOEC, 4 weeks: 2000 mg/kg, Eisenia Fetida (Earthworm) REACH dossier information. LC ₅₀ , 14 days: 53.1 mg/l, Crangon septemspinosa NOEC, 14 days: 32 mg/l, Crangon septemspinosa REACH dossier information. NOEC, 96 days: 4000 mg/kg, Soil EC ₅₀ , 28 days: > 12000 mg/kg, Soil REACH dossier information. EC ₅₀ , 21 days: 5640 mg/kg, Allium porrum REACH dossier information.
	Crystalline Silica
Toxicity	No negative effects on the aquatic environment are known.
12.2. Persistence and degradability Persistence and degradability	The degradability of the product is not known.
Persistence and degradability	<u>Calcium carbonate</u> The product contains only inorganic substances which are not biodegradable.
Persistence and degradability	Cement, alumina, chemicals The product contains only inorganic substances which are not biodegradable.
Persistence and degradability	<u>Crystalline Silica</u> The product contains only inorganic substances which are not biodegradable.
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential Bioaccumulative potential Partition coefficient	No data available on bioaccumulation. Not determined.
Bioaccumulative potential	<u>Calcium carbonate</u> No data available on bioaccumulation.
Bioaccumulative potential Partition coefficient	<u>Cement, alumina, chemicals</u> No data available on bioaccumulation. Technically not feasible.
Bioaccumulative potential	Calcium dihydroxide The product is not bioaccumulating.
Bioaccumulative potential	<u>Crystalline Silica</u> No data available on bioaccumulation.
<u>12.4. Mobility in soil</u> Mobility	No data available.
Mobility	<u>Calcium carbonate</u> The product is soluble in water.
Mobility	<u>Cement, alumina, chemicals</u> The product is soluble in water.
	Cement, portland, chemicals

Mobility	No information available.
Mobility	<u>Calcium dihydroxide</u> The product is soluble in water.
Surface tension	72 mN/m @ 20°C REACH dossier information.
Mobility	<u>Crystalline Silica</u> No data available.
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB asse	ssment
Results of PBT and vPvB assessment	<u>Calcium carbonate</u> Substance is inorganic. Not relevant.
	Cement, alumina, chemicals
Results of PBT and vPvB	Not relevant. Substance is inorganic.
assessment	
	Calcium dihydroxide
Results of PBT and vPvB assessment	This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria.
assessment	
Desults of DDT and JD-D	Crystalline Silica
Results of PBT and vPvB assessment	Substance is inorganic. Not relevant.
12.6. Other adverse effects Other adverse effects	None known.
other daverse encets	
SECTION 13: Disposal consideratio	
Proper waste managem	ent of the mixture and/or its container must be determined in accordance with Directive 2008/98/EC.
13.1. Waste treatment methods	
General information	The generation of waste should be minimised or avoided wherever possible. Reuse or
	recycle products wherever possible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. When handling waste, the safety precautions applying to handling of the
	product should be considered. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers
	that have not been thoroughly cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues and hence be potentially hazardous
Disposal methods	Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of
	the local Waste Disposal Authority.
SECTION 14: Transport information	
	iance with provisions of the ADR for road, RID for rail, IMDG for sea and ICAO/IATA
for	Air Transport (ADR 2013 - IMDG 2012 - ICAO/IATA 2014).
General	The product is not covered by international regulations on the transport of dangerous
	goods (IMDG, IATA, ADR/RID).
<u>14.1. UN number</u>	
UN Number	Not applicable.
14.2. UN proper shipping name	
UN proper shipping name 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)	Not applicable.
Hazard class	No transport warning sign required.
14.4. Packing group	

Packing group	Not applicable.
14.5. Environmental hazards	
Environmentally hazardous	No.
substance/marine pollutant	
14.6. Special precautions for user	
Special precaution	Not applicable.
14.7. Transport in bulk according to	o Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code
Transport in bulk according to	Not applicable.
Annex II of MARPOL 73/78	
and the IBC Code	
SECTION 15: Regulatory informatio	
	ental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture
National regulations	EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits.
EU legislation	Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18
	December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction
	of Chemicals (REACH) (as amended).
	Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16
	December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures (as
	amended).
Restrictions (Title VIII	Entry number: 47
Regulation 1907/2006)	
15.2. Chemical safety assessment	
Chemical safety assessment	No chemical safety assessment has been carried out.
chemical safety assessment	No chemical safety assessment has been carried out.
SECTION 16: Other information	
Classification procedures	Skin Sens. 1 - H317, Eye Dam. 1 - H318: Calculation method.
according to Regulation (EC)	
1272/2008	
Training advice	Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations.
Hazard statements in full	H315 - Causes skin irritation.
	H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.
	H318 - Causes serious eye damage.
	H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.
	H335 - May cause respiratory irritation.
	H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.

Disclaimer

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty, guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.