## **Technical Data Sheet**





### Aerosol can storage cage: 850 to 960 can capacity\*

#### **APPLICATION**

For the safe and secure storage of aerosol cans.

#### **FEATURES**

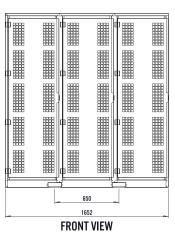
- Heavy duty zinc anneal steel construction
- Durable UV stabilised powder-coated yellow finish
- High open-area perforated side panels for natural ventilation in accordance with Australian Standards
- Solid steel roof and base
- Five fixed shelves (including base)
- Pre-drilled mounting feet (bolt down plates)
- Three lockable doors each fitted with magnetic latch and a padlock lug (padlock not included)
- Manufactured in Australia to comply with Australian Standards
- Safety and warning signage in accordance with Australian Standards

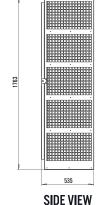
<sup>\*</sup>Lower capacity based on loose storage of 65mm Ø x 245mm high aerosol cans. Maximum shelf capacity: up to 192 cans per shelf.

SPECIFICATIONS	
Product name	Aerosol can storage cabinet
Code	SCAR850
Maximum storage capacity	960 aerosol cans (65mm ø x 245mm high)
Construction material	Zinc anneal steel
Surface finish	UV-stabilised polyester powder
Paint colour	Yellow
Doors	3
Shelves (including base)	5
Bolt down plates	4x pre-drilled holes - 13mm Ø
Shipping weight	160kg
External dimensions (W x D x H)	1652mm x 535mm x 1763mm
Internal dimensions (W x D x H)	1572mm x 461mm x 1700mm

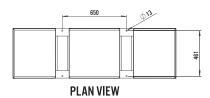
MANUFACTURED TO MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF	
AS/NZS3833-2007	The storage and handling of mixed classes of dangerous goods, in packages and intermediate bulk containers
AS1319-1994	Safety signs for the occupational environment
ADG CODE 7.5	Australian Dangerous Goods Code 2017 Edition 7.5
AS4506-2005	Metal finishing - Thermoset powder coatings







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All dimensions noted in millimetres

# FLAMMABLE GAS 2

#### Class 2: Flammable Gas

Flammable gases are gases which at 20°C and a standard pressure of 101.3 kPa: (i) are ignitable when in a mixture of 13 per cent or less by volume with air; or (ii) have a flammable range with air of at least 12 percentage points regardless of the lower flammable limit. Flammability should be determined by tests or by calculation in accordance with methods adopted by ISO (see ISO 10156:2010).

Referenced from the Australian Dangerous Goods Code, 2017, Edition 7.5  $\,$