

# Safety Data Sheet

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This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared in accordance with the New Zealand, Hazardous Substances (Safety Data Sheets) Notice 2017.

# **SECTION 1: Identification**

#### 1.1. Product identifier

3M<sup>TM</sup> Polystyrene Foam Insulation Spray Adhesive 78

# **Product Identification Numbers** 62-4951-4950-2

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## 1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

#### Recommended use

Aerosol based contact adhesive, aerosol insulation adhesive

For Industrial or Professional use only

#### 1.3. Supplier's details

Address:	3M New Zealand Ltd, 94 Apollo Drive, Rosedale 0632, Auckland
Telephone:	(09) 477 4040
E Mail:	innovation@nz.mmm.com
Website:	3m.co.nz

#### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

24 hr Medical Emergency, National Poisons Centre, 0800 764 766 (0800 POISON)

# **SECTION 2: Hazard identification**

Classified as hazardous in accordance with the relevant criteria of the HSNO Act 1996 and the Hazardous Substances (Hazard Classification) Notice 2020.

Refer to Section 14 of this Safety Data Sheet for product Dangerous Goods Classification.

## 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Flammable Aerosol: Category 1 Gas Under Pressure: Liquefied gas Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Category 2 Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Category 2 Reproductive Toxicity: Category 1B Specific Target Organ Toxicity (single exposure): Category 2 Specific Target Organ Toxicity (single exposure): Category 3 Chronic Aquatic Toxicity: Category 4

# 2.2. Label elements

SIGNAL WORD Danger

# Symbols:

Flame |Gas cylinder |Exclamation mark |Health Hazard |

Pictograms



# HAZARD STATEMENTS:

H222	Extremely flammable aerosol.
H229	Pressurized container: may burst if heated.
H280	Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H360	May damage fertility or the unborn child.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H371	May cause damage to organs: cardiovascular system.
H413	May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life.

## PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

# Prevention

1 i cvention	
P201	Obtain special instructions before use.
P202	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No
	smoking.
P211	Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.
P251	Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
P260	Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
P264	Wash thoroughly after handling.
P270	Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P271	Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P273	Avoid release to the environment.
P280K	Wear protective gloves and respiratory protection.
D	
Response	
P302 + P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.
P304 + P340	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
P305 + P351 + P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact
	lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P308 + P313	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
P312	Call a POISON CENTRE or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
P332 + P313	If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
P337 + P313	IF eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
P362 + P364	Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
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<b>Storage</b> P403 + P233 P405	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up.
P410 + P412	Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50oC.
<b>Disposal</b> P501	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

## 2.3. Other hazards

Aspiration classification does not apply as this product is sold in sealed, self-pressurized containers with nozzles designed to prevent formation of a stream during usage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling contents can be harmful or fatal. May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation.

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

Ingredient	CAS Nbr	% by Weight
Dimethyl ether	115-10-6	15 - 25
Nonvolatile components	Trade Secret	5 - 25
Bicyclo[3.1.1]Hept-2-ene,2,6,6-Trimethyl-,Polymer with 6,6-Dimethyl-2- Methylenebicyclo[3.1.1]Heptane	31393-98-3	15 - 24
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	10 - 21
2-Methylpentane	107-83-5	5 - 15
Hydrotreated light naphtha (petroleum)	64742-49-0	5 - 15
1,1-Difluoroethane	75-37-6	< 10
Acetone	67-64-1	1 - 5
Pentane	109-66-0	< 5
Petroleum naphtha	64742-48-9	< 5
Toluene	108-88-3	< 1
Hexane	110-54-3	< 0.5

# **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

## 4.1. Description of first aid measures

#### Inhalation

Remove person to fresh air. Get medical attention.

#### Skin contact

Immediately wash with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. If signs/symptoms develop, get medical attention.

#### Eye contact

Immediately flush with large amounts of water. Remove contact lenses if easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention.

A product risk assessment is recommended to determine if eye wash facilities may be required when using this product in the workplace.

#### If swallowed

Rinse mouth. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

## 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

The most important symptoms and effects based on the CLP classification include:

## 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment required

Exposure may increase myocardial irritability. Do not administer sympathomimetic drugs unless absolutely necessary.

# **SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures**

## 5.1. Suitable extinguishing media

Use a fire fighting agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

## 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Closed containers exposed to heat from fire may build pressure and explode.

## Hazardous Decomposition or By-Products

<u>Substance</u>	<b>Condition</b>
Aldehydes.	During combustion.
Hydrocarbons.	During combustion.
Formaldehyde	During combustion.
Methane,	During combustion.
Carbon monoxide.	During combustion.
Carbon dioxide.	During combustion.
Hydrogen Fluoride	During combustion.
Ketones.	During combustion.
Toxic vapour, gas, particulate.	During combustion.

## 5.3. Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Water may not effectively extinguish fire; however, it should be used to keep fire-exposed containers and surfaces cool and prevent explosive rupture.

## 5.4. Hazchem code: 2YE

# **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

## 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Evacuate area. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Use only non-sparking tools. Ventilate the area with fresh air. Warning! A motor could be an ignition source and could cause flammable gases or vapors in the spill area to burn or explode. Refer to other sections of this SDS for information regarding physical and health hazards, respiratory protection, ventilation, and personal protective equipment.

#### **6.2.** Environmental precautions

For larger spills, cover drains and build dykes to prevent entry into sewer systems or bodies of water.

## 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

If possible, seal leaking container. Place leaking containers in a well-ventilated area, preferably an operating exhaust hood, or if necessary outdoors on an impermeable surface until appropriate packaging for the leaking container or its contents is available. Contain spill. Collect as much of the spilled material as possible using non-sparking tools. Place in a metal container approved for transportation by appropriate authorities. Clean up residue with an appropriate solvent selected by a qualified and authorised person. Ventilate the area with fresh air. Read and follow safety precautions on the solvent label and Safety Data Sheet. Seal the container. Dispose of collected material as soon as possible in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

Refer to Section 15 - Controls for more information

## 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid contact with oxidising agents (eg. chlorine, chromic acid etc.) Use personal protective equipment (eg. gloves, respirators...) as required.

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50C/122F. Store away from heat. Store away from acids. Store away from oxidising agents.

## 7.3. Certified handler

Not required

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

## **8.1 Control parameters**

## **Occupational exposure limits**

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in the table below, an occupational exposure limit is not available for the component.

<b>Ingredient</b> 2-Methylpentane	CAS Nbr 107-83-5	<b>Agency</b> ACGIH	<b>Limit type</b> TWA:500 ppm;STEL:1000 ppm	Additional comments
Hexane (isomers other than n- hexane)	107-83-5	New Zealand WES	TWA(8 hours): 1760 mg/m3 (500 ppm); STEL(15 minutes): 3500 mg/m3 (1000 ppm)	
Toluene	108-88-3	ACGIH	TWA:20 ppm	A4: Not class. as human carcinogen, Ototoxicant
Toluene	108-88-3	New Zealand WES	TWA(8 hours): 188 mg/m3 (50 ppm)	Skin
Pentane	109-66-0	ACGIH	TWA:1000 ppm	
Pentane	109-66-0	New Zealand WES	TWA(8 hours): 1770 mg/m3 (600 ppm); STEL(15 minutes): 2120 mg/m3 (750 ppm)	
Hexane	110-54-3	ACGIH	TWA:50 ppm	Danger of cutaneous absorption
Hexane	110-54-3	New Zealand WES	TWA(8 hours): 72 mg/m3 (20 ppm)	
Hexane (isomers other than n- hexane)	110-54-3	ACGIH	TWA:500 ppm;STEL:1000 ppm	
Hexane (isomers other than n- hexane)	110-54-3	New Zealand WES	TWA(8 hours): 1760 mg/m3 (500 ppm); STEL(15 minutes): 3500 mg/m3 (1000 ppm)	
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	ACGIH	TWA:100 ppm	
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	New Zealand WES	TWA(8 hours):350 mg/m3(100 ppm);STEL(15 minutes):1050 mg/m3(300 ppm)	
Dimethyl ether	115-10-6	AIHA	TWA:1880 mg/m3(1000 ppm)	
Dimethyl ether	115-10-6	New Zealand WES	TWA(8 hours): 766 mg/m3 (400 ppm); STEL(15 minutes): 958 mg/m3 (500 ppm)	

Naphtha	64742-49-0	New Zealand WES	TWA(8 hours):1600 mg/m3(400 ppm)	
Acetone	67-64-1	ACGIH	TWA:250 ppm;STEL:500 ppm	A4: Not class. as human carcinogin
Acetone	67-64-1	New Zealand WES	TWA(8 hours):1185 mg/m3(500 ppm);STEL(15 minutes):2375 mg/m3(1000 ppm)	
1,1-Difluoroethane	75-37-6	AIHA	TWA:2700 mg/m3(1000 ppm)	
ACGIH : American Conference of Gover AIHA : American Industrial Hygiene Ass		Hygienists		

AIHA : American Industrial Hygiene Association CMRG : Chemical Manufacturer's Recommended Guidelines New Zealand WES : New Zealand Workplace Exposure Standards. TWA: Time-Weighted-Average STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

ppm: parts per million mg/m<sup>3</sup>: milligrams per cubic metre CEIL: Ceiling

#### **8.2. Exposure controls**

## 8.2.1. Engineering controls

Do not remain in area where available oxygen may be reduced. Use general dilution ventilation and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne exposures to below relevant Exposure Limits and/or control dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. If ventilation is not adequate, use respiratory protection equipment.

## 8.2.2. Personal protective equipment (PPE)

## Eye/face protection

Select and use eye/face protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following eye/face protection(s) are recommended: Indirect vented goggles.

Refer AS/NZS 1336 - Recommended practices for occupational eye protection and for performance specifications AS/NZS 1337, Parts 1 - 6 - Personal eye-protection.

#### Skin/hand protection

Select and use gloves and/or protective clothing approved to relevant local standards to prevent skin contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. Selection should be based on use factors such as exposure levels, concentration of the substance or mixture, frequency and duration, physical challenges such as temperature extremes, and other use conditions. Consult with your glove and/or protective clothing manufacturer for selection of appropriate compatible gloves/protective clothing. Note: Nitrile gloves may be worn over polymer laminate gloves to improve dexterity. Gloves made from the following material(s) are recommended: Polymer laminate

## **Respiratory protection**

An exposure assessment may be needed to decide if a respirator is required. If a respirator is needed, use respirators as part of a full respiratory protection program. Based on the results of the exposure assessment, select from the following respirator type(s) to reduce inhalation exposure:

Half facepiece or full facepiece air-purifying respirator suitable for organic vapors and particulates

Half facepiece or full facepiece supplied-air respirator.

Organic vapor respirators may have short service life.

For questions about suitability for a specific application, consult with your respirator manufacturer.

Refer AS/NZS 1715 - Selection, use and maintenance of respiratory protective equipment and AS/NZS 1716 - Respiratory protective devices.

# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

## 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	Liquid.	
Specific Physical Form:	Aerosol	
Colour	Colourless	
Odour	Sweet Odour, Fruity Odour	
Odour threshold	No data available.	
рН	No data available.	
Melting point/Freezing point	No data available.	
Boiling point/Initial boiling point/Boiling range	[Details:Compressed gas]Not applicable.	
Flash point	-45.6 °C [Test Method: Tagliabue closed cup]	
Evaporation rate	1.9 [ <i>Ref Std</i> :ETHER=1]	
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not applicable.	
Flammable Limits(LEL)	No data available.	
Flammable Limits(UEL)	No data available.	
Vapour pressure	[Details:Compressed gas]Not applicable.	
Vapor Density and/or Relative Vapor Density	>=2.57 [ <i>Ref Std</i> :AIR=1]	
Density	0.761 g/ml	
Relative density	0.761 [ <i>Ref Std</i> :WATER=1]	
Water solubility	Nil	
Solubility- non-water	No data available.	
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	No data available.	
Autoignition temperature	No data available.	
Decomposition temperature	No data available.	
Viscosity/Kinematic Viscosity	Not applicable.	
Volatile organic compounds (VOC)	<=493 g/l [ <i>Test Method</i> :calculated SCAQMD rule 443.1]	
	[Details:Material VOC]	
Volatile organic compounds (VOC)	<=64.8 % [ <i>Test Method</i> :calculated per CARB title 2]	
Percent volatile		
VOC less H2O & exempt solvents		

## Nanoparticles

This material does not contain nanoparticles.

# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

# **10.1 Reactivity**

This material may be reactive with certain agents under certain conditions - see the remaining headings in this section

**10.2** Chemical stability

Stable.

# **10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions**

Hazardous polymerisation will not occur.

# **10.4 Conditions to avoid** Heat.

## **10.5 Incompatible materials**

Strong oxidising agents.

## **10.6 Hazardous decomposition products**

**Substance** 

**Condition** 

None known.

Refer to Section 5.2 for hazardous decomposition products during combustion.

Extreme heat arising from situations such as misuse or equipment failure can generate hydrogen fluoride as a decomposition product.

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, toxicological data on ingredients may not be reflected in the material classification and/or the signs and symptoms of exposure, because an ingredient may be present below the threshold for labelling, an ingredient may not be available for exposure, or the data may not be relevant to the material as a whole.

**11.1 Information on Toxicological effects** 

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

Based on test data and/or information on the components, this material may produce the following health effects:

#### Inhalation

Simple asphyxiation: Signs/symptoms may include increased heart rate, rapid respirations, drowsiness, headache, incoordination, altered judgement, nausea, vomiting, lethargy, seizures, coma, and may be fatal. Respiratory tract irritation: Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain. May cause additional health effects (see below).

#### Skin contact

Skin Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include localized redness, swelling, itching, dryness, cracking, blistering, and pain.

#### Eye contact

Severe eye irritation: Signs/symptoms may include significant redness, swelling, pain, tearing, cloudy appearance of the cornea, and impaired vision.

#### Ingestion

Gastrointestinal irritation: Signs/symptoms may include abdominal pain, stomach upset, nausea, vomiting and diarrhoea. May cause additional health effects (see below).

#### Additional Health Effects:

# Single exposure may cause target organ effects:

Central nervous system (CNS) depression: Signs/symptoms may include headache, dizziness, drowsiness, incoordination, nausea, slowed reaction time, slurred speech, giddiness, and unconsciousness. Single exposure, above recommended guidelines, may cause: Cardiac Sensitization: Signs/symptoms may include irregular heartbeat (arrhythmia), faintness, chest pain, and may be fatal.

# **Reproductive/Developmental Toxicity:**

Contains a chemical or chemicals which can cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

# **Toxicological Data**

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in a table below, either no data are available for that endpoint or the data are not sufficient for classification.

# **Acute Toxicity**

Name	Route	Species	Value
Overall product	Dermal		No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg
Overall product	Inhalation- Vapor(4 hr)		No data available; calculated ATE >50 mg/l
Overall product	Ingestion		No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg
Cyclohexane	Dermal	Rat	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
Cyclohexane	Inhalation- Vapor (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 > 32.9 mg/l
Cyclohexane	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 6,200 mg/kg
Bicyclo[3.1.1]Hept-2-ene,2,6,6-Trimethyl-,Polymer with 6,6- Dimethyl-2-Methylenebicyclo[3.1.1]Heptane	Dermal		LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
Bicyclo[3.1.1]Hept-2-ene,2,6,6-Trimethyl-,Polymer with 6,6- Dimethyl-2-Methylenebicyclo[3.1.1]Heptane	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 34,000 mg/kg
2-Methylpentane	Dermal		LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
2-Methylpentane	Inhalation- Vapor		LC50 estimated to be > 50 mg/l
2-Methylpentane	Ingestion		LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
Dimethyl ether	Inhalation- Gas (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 164,000 ppm
Hydrotreated light naphtha (petroleum)	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 3,160 mg/kg
Hydrotreated light naphtha (petroleum)	Inhalation- Vapor (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 > 14.7 mg/l
Hydrotreated light naphtha (petroleum)	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Nonvolatile components	Dermal	Not available	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
Nonvolatile components	Ingestion	Not available	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
Petroleum naphtha	Inhalation- Vapor		LC50 estimated to be 20 - 50 mg/l
Petroleum naphtha	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Petroleum naphtha	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
1,1-Difluoroethane	Inhalation- Gas (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 > 437,000 ppm
1,1-Difluoroethane	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 1,500 mg/kg
Acetone	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 15,688 mg/kg
Acetone	Inhalation- Vapor (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 76 mg/l
Acetone	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 5,800 mg/kg
Pentane	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 3,000 mg/kg
Pentane	Inhalation- Vapor (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 > 18 mg/l
Pentane	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
Toluene	Dermal	Rat	LD50 12,000 mg/kg
Toluene	Inhalation- Vapor (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 30 mg/l
Toluene	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 5,550 mg/kg
Hexane	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
Hexane	Inhalation- Vapor (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 170 mg/l
	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 28,700 mg/kg

ATE = acute toxicity estimate

## **Skin Corrosion/Irritation**

Name	Species	Value

Cyclohexane	Rabbit	Mild irritant
2-Methylpentane	Professio	Mild irritant
	nal	
	judgemen	
	t	
Hydrotreated light naphtha (petroleum)	Rabbit	Irritant
Nonvolatile components	Professio	No significant irritation
	nal	
	judgemen	
	t	
Petroleum naphtha	Rabbit	Minimal irritation
Acetone	Mouse	Minimal irritation
Pentane	Rabbit	Minimal irritation
Toluene	Rabbit	Irritant
Hexane	Human	Mild irritant
	and	
	animal	

## Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
Cyclohexane	Rabbit	Mild irritant
2-Methylpentane	Professio	Moderate irritant
	nal	
	judgemen	
	t	
Hydrotreated light naphtha (petroleum)	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Nonvolatile components	Professio	No significant irritation
	nal	
	judgemen	
	t	
Petroleum naphtha	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Acetone	Rabbit	Severe irritant
Pentane	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Toluene	Rabbit	Moderate irritant
Hexane	Rabbit	Mild irritant

## Sensitisation:

#### **Skin Sensitisation**

Name	Species	Value
Hydrotreated light naphtha (petroleum)	Guinea	Not classified
	pig	
Nonvolatile components		Not classified
Petroleum naphtha	Guinea	Not classified
	pig	
Pentane	Guinea	Not classified
	pig	
Toluene	Guinea	Not classified
	pig	
Hexane	Human	Not classified

## **Respiratory Sensitisation**

For the component/components, either no data are currently available or the data are not sufficient for classification.

# Germ Cell Mutagenicity

Name	Route	Value
Cyclohexane	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Cyclohexane	In vivo	Some positive data exist, but the data are not

		sufficient for classification
Dimethyl ether	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Dimethyl ether	In vivo	Not mutagenic
Hydrotreated light naphtha (petroleum)	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Petroleum naphtha	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Petroleum naphtha	In vivo	Not mutagenic
1,1-Difluoroethane	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
1,1-Difluoroethane	In vivo	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Acetone	In vivo	Not mutagenic
Acetone	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Pentane	In vivo	Not mutagenic
Pentane	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Toluene	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Toluene	In vivo	Not mutagenic
Hexane	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Hexane	In vivo	Not mutagenic

# Carcinogenicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
Dimethyl ether	Inhalation	Rat	Not carcinogenic
Hydrotreated light naphtha (petroleum)	Inhalation	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Petroleum naphtha	Not specified.	Not available	Not carcinogenic
1,1-Difluoroethane	Inhalation	Rat	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Acetone	Not specified.	Multiple animal species	Not carcinogenic
Toluene	Dermal	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Toluene	Ingestion	Rat	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Toluene	Inhalation	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Hexane	Dermal	Mouse	Not carcinogenic
Hexane	Inhalation	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification

# **Reproductive Toxicity**

# **Reproductive and/or Developmental Effects**

Name	Route	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure Duration
Cyclohexane	Inhalation	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 24 mg/l	2 generation
Cyclohexane	Inhalation	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 24 mg/l	2 generation
Cyclohexane	Inhalation	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 6.9 mg/l	2 generation
Dimethyl ether	Inhalation	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 40,000 ppm	during organogenesis
Petroleum naphtha	Not specified.	Not classified for female reproduction	Not available	NOAEL NA	1 generation
Petroleum naphtha	Not specified.	Not classified for male reproduction	Not available	NOAEL NA	28 days
Petroleum naphtha	Not specified.	Not classified for development	Not applicable	NOAEL NA	during gestation
1,1-Difluoroethane	Inhalation	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 50,000 ppm	during organogenesis
Acetone	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL	13 weeks

				1,700 mg/kg/day	
Acetone	Inhalation	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 5.2 mg/l	during organogenesis
Pentane	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	during organogenesis
Pentane	Inhalation	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 30 mg/l	during organogenesis
Toluene	Inhalation	Not classified for female reproduction	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
Toluene	Inhalation	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 2.3 mg/l	1 generation
Toluene	Ingestion	Toxic to development	Rat	LOAEL 520 mg/kg/day	during gestation
Toluene	Inhalation	Toxic to development	Human	NOAEL Not available	poisoning and/or abuse
Hexane	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Mouse	NOAEL 2,200 mg/kg/day	during organogenesis
Hexane	Inhalation	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 0.7 mg/l	during gestation
Hexane	Ingestion	Toxic to male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 1,140 mg/kg/day	90 days
Hexane	Inhalation	Toxic to male reproduction	Rat	LOAEL 3.52 mg/l	28 days

# Target Organ(s)

# Specific Target Organ Toxicity - single exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure Duration
Cyclohexane	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human and animal	NOAEL Not available	
Cyclohexane	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human and animal	NOAEL Not available	
Cyclohexane	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Professio nal judgeme nt	NOAEL Not available	
2-Methylpentane	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Professio nal judgeme nt	NOAEL Not available	
2-Methylpentane	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification		NOAEL Not available	
2-Methylpentane	Inhalation	cardiac sensitization	Not classified	Dog	NOAEL Not available	
2-Methylpentane	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Professio nal judgeme nt	NOAEL Not available	
Dimethyl ether	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Rat	LOAEL 10,000 ppm	30 minutes
Dimethyl ether	Inhalation	cardiac sensitization	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Dog	NOAEL 100,000 ppm	5 minutes
Hydrotreated light naphtha (petroleum)	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human and animal	NOAEL Not available	
Hydrotreated light naphtha (petroleum)	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification		NOAEL Not available	

Hydrotreated light naphtha	Ingestion	central nervous	May cause drowsiness or	Professio	NOAEL Not	
(petroleum)		system depression	dizziness	nal judgeme nt	available	
1,1-Difluoroethane	Inhalation	cardiac sensitization	Causes damage to organs	Human and animal	NOAEL Not available	poisoning and/or abuse
1,1-Difluoroethane	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human and animal	NOAEL 100,000 ppm	
1,1-Difluoroethane	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Not available	NOAEL Not available	not available
Acetone	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human	NOAEL Not available	
Acetone	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human	NOAEL Not available	
Acetone	Inhalation	immune system	Not classified	Human	NOAEL 1.19 mg/l	6 hours
Acetone	Inhalation	liver	Not classified	Guinea pig	NOAEL Not available	
Acetone	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human	NOAEL Not available	poisoning and/or abuse
Pentane	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Multiple animal species	NOAEL Not available	not available
Pentane	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Not available	NOAEL Not available	not available
Pentane	Inhalation	cardiac sensitization	Not classified	Dog	NOAEL Not available	not available
Pentane	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Professio nal judgeme nt	NOAEL Not available	not available
Toluene	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human	NOAEL Not available	
Toluene	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human	NOAEL Not available	
Toluene	Inhalation	immune system	Not classified	Mouse	NOAEL 0.004 mg/l	3 hours
Toluene	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human	NOAEL Not available	poisoning and/or abuse
Hexane	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human	NOAEL Not available	not available
Hexane	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rabbit	NOAEL Not available	8 hours
Hexane	Inhalation	respiratory system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 24.6 mg/l	8 hours

# Specific Target Organ Toxicity - repeated exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure Duration
Cyclohexane	Inhalation	liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 24 mg/l	90 days
Cyclohexane	Inhalation	auditory system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1.7 mg/l	90 days
Cyclohexane	Inhalation	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rabbit	NOAEL 2.7 mg/l	10 weeks
Cyclohexane	Inhalation	hematopoietic system	Not classified	Mouse	NOAEL 24 mg/l	14 weeks
Cyclohexane	Inhalation	peripheral nervous system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 8.6 mg/l	30 weeks
2-Methylpentane	Inhalation	peripheral nervous	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 5.3	14 weeks

		system			mg/l	
2-Methylpentane	Ingestion	peripheral nervous system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL Not available	8 weeks
2-Methylpentane	Ingestion	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	LOAEL 2,000 mg/kg	28 days
Dimethyl ether	Inhalation	hematopoietic system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 25,000 ppm	2 years
Dimethyl ether	Inhalation	liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 20,000 ppm	30 weeks
1,1-Difluoroethane	Inhalation	hematopoietic system   kidney and/or bladder   respiratory system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 25,000 ppm	2 years
Acetone	Dermal	eyes	Not classified	Guinea pig	NOAEL Not available	3 weeks
Acetone	Inhalation	hematopoietic system	Not classified	Human	NOAEL 3 mg/l	6 weeks
Acetone	Inhalation	immune system	Not classified	Human	NOAEL 1.19 mg/l	6 days
Acetone	Inhalation	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Guinea pig	NOAEL 119 mg/l	not available
Acetone	Inhalation	heart   liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 45 mg/l	8 weeks
Acetone	Ingestion	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 900 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
Acetone	Ingestion	heart	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 2,500 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
Acetone	Ingestion	hematopoietic system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 200 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
Acetone	Ingestion	liver	Not classified	Mouse	NOAEL 3,896 mg/kg/day	14 days
Acetone	Ingestion	eyes	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 3,400 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
Acetone	Ingestion	respiratory system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 2,500 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
Acetone	Ingestion	muscles	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 2,500 mg/kg	13 weeks
Acetone	Ingestion	skin   bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair	Not classified	Mouse	NOAEL 11,298 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
Pentane	Inhalation	peripheral nervous system	Not classified	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
Pentane	Inhalation	heart   skin   endocrine system   gastrointestinal tract   bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair   hematopoietic system   liver   immune system   muscles   nervous system   eyes   kidney and/or bladder   respiratory system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 20 mg/l	13 weeks
Pentane	Ingestion	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 2,000 mg/kg/day	28 days
Toluene	Inhalation	auditory system   eyes   olfactory system	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure	Human	NOAEL Not available	poisoning and/or abuse
Toluene	Inhalation	nervous system	May cause damage to organs though prolonged or repeated exposure	Human	NOAEL Not available	poisoning and/or abuse

Toluene	Inhalation	respiratory system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	LOAEL 2.3 mg/l	15 months
Toluene	Inhalation	heart   liver   kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 11.3 mg/l	15 weeks
Toluene	Inhalation	endocrine system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1.1 mg/l	4 weeks
Toluene	Inhalation	immune system	Not classified	Mouse	NOAEL Not available	20 days
Toluene	Inhalation	bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair	Not classified	Mouse	NOAEL 1.1 mg/l	8 weeks
Toluene	Inhalation	hematopoietic system   vascular system	Not classified	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
Toluene	Inhalation	gastrointestinal tract	Not classified	Multiple animal species	NOAEL 11.3 mg/l	15 weeks
Toluene	Ingestion	nervous system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 625 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
Toluene	Ingestion	heart	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 2,500 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
Toluene	Ingestion	liver   kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Multiple animal species	NOAEL 2,500 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
Toluene	Ingestion	hematopoietic system	Not classified	Mouse	NOAEL 600 mg/kg/day	14 days
Toluene	Ingestion	endocrine system	Not classified	Mouse	NOAEL 105 mg/kg/day	28 days
Toluene	Ingestion	immune system	Not classified	Mouse	NOAEL 105 mg/kg/day	4 weeks
Hexane	Inhalation	peripheral nervous system	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
Hexane	Inhalation	respiratory system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Mouse	LOAEL 1.76 mg/l	13 weeks
Hexane	Inhalation	liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL Not available	6 months
Hexane	Inhalation	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	LOAEL 1.76 mg/l	6 months
Hexane	Inhalation	hematopoietic system	Not classified	Mouse	NOAEL 35.2 mg/l	13 weeks
Hexane	Inhalation	auditory system   immune system   eyes	Not classified	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
Hexane	Inhalation	heart   skin   endocrine system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1.76 mg/l	6 months
Hexane	Ingestion	peripheral nervous system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 1,140 mg/kg/day	90 days
Hexane	Ingestion	endocrine system   hematopoietic system   liver   immune system   kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL Not available	13 weeks

# **Aspiration Hazard**

Name	Value
Cyclohexane	Aspiration hazard
2-Methylpentane	Aspiration hazard
Hydrotreated light naphtha (petroleum)	Aspiration hazard
Petroleum naphtha	Aspiration hazard
Pentane	Aspiration hazard
Toluene	Aspiration hazard
Hexane	Aspiration hazard

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional toxicological information on this material and/or its components.

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. Additional information leading to material classification in Section 2 is available upon request. In addition, environmental fate and effects data on ingredients may not be reflected in this section because an ingredient is present below the threshold for labelling, an ingredient is not expected to be available for exposure, or the data is considered not relevant to the material as a whole.

# 12.1. Toxicity

## Ecotoxic to the aquatic environment.

Acute Aquatic Toxicity: Category 2 (HSNO 9.1D Aquatic toxicity) Chronic Aquatic Toxicity: Category 4 (HSNO 9.1D Aquatic toxicity)

No product test data available.

Material	CAS Number	Organism	Туре	Exposure	Test endpoint	Test result
Dimethyl ether	115-10-6	Bacteria	Experimental		EC10	>1,600 mg/l
Dimethyl ether	115-10-6	Guppy	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	>4,100 mg/l
Dimethyl ether	115-10-6	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	EC50	>4,400 mg/l
Nonvolatile components	Trade Secret		Data not available or insufficient for classification			N/A
Bicyclo[3.1.1] Hept-2- ene,2,6,6- Trimethyl-,Pol ymer with 6,6- Dimethyl-2- Methylenebicy clo[3.1.1]Hepta ne	31393-98-3	Activated sludge	Experimental	3 hours	NOEC	1,000 mg/l
Bicyclo[3.1.1] Hept-2- ene,2,6,6- Trimethyl-,Pol ymer with 6,6- Dimethyl-2- Methylenebicy clo[3.1.1]Hepta ne	31393-98-3	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	No tox obs at lmt of water sol	>100 mg/l
Bicyclo[3.1.1] Hept-2- ene,2,6,6- Trimethyl-,Pol ymer with 6,6- Dimethyl-2- Methylenebicy clo[3.1.1]Hepta ne	31393-98-3	Water flea	Endpoint not reached	21 days	EL10	>100 mg/l
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	Bacteria	Experimental	24 hours	IC50	97 mg/l

Cyclohexane	110-82-7	Fathead minnow	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	4.53 mg/l
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	EC50	0.9 mg/l
2- Methylpentane	107-83-5		Data not available or insufficient for classification			N/A
Hydrotreated light naphtha (petroleum)	64742-49-0	Fathead minnow	Estimated	96 hours	LL50	8.2 mg/l
Hydrotreated light naphtha (petroleum)	64742-49-0	Green Algae	Estimated	72 hours	EL50	3.1 mg/l
Hydrotreated light naphtha (petroleum)	64742-49-0	Water flea	Estimated	48 hours	EL50	4.5 mg/l
Hydrotreated light naphtha (petroleum)	64742-49-0	Green Algae	Estimated	72 hours	NOEL	0.5 mg/l
Hydrotreated light naphtha (petroleum)	64742-49-0	Water flea	Estimated	21 days	NOEL	2.6 mg/l
1,1- Difluoroethane	75-37-6	Bacteria	Estimated	6 hours	EC50	>472.57 mg/l
1,1- Difluoroethane	75-37-6	Rainbow trout	Estimated	96 hours	LC50	291.31 mg/l
1,1- Difluoroethane	75-37-6	Water flea	Estimated	48 hours	EC50	634.41 mg/l
Acetone	67-64-1	Algae other	Experimental	96 hours	EC50	11,493 mg/l
Acetone	67-64-1	Crustecea other	Experimental	24 hours	LC50	2,100 mg/l
Acetone	67-64-1	Rainbow trout	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	5,540 mg/l
Acetone	67-64-1	Water flea	Experimental	21 days	NOEC	1,000 mg/l
Acetone	67-64-1	Bacteria	Experimental	16 hours	NOEC	1,700 mg/l
Acetone	67-64-1	Redworm	Experimental	48 hours	LC50	>100
Pentane	109-66-0	Green Algae	Experimental	72 hours	EC50	10.7 mg/l
Pentane	109-66-0	Rainbow trout	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	4.26 mg/l
Pentane	109-66-0	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	EC50	2.7 mg/l
Pentane	109-66-0	Green Algae	Experimental	72 hours	NOEC	2.04 mg/l
Petroleum naphtha	64742-48-9	Green algae	Estimated	72 hours	EL50	>1,000 mg/l
Petroleum naphtha	64742-48-9	Rainbow trout	Estimated	96 hours	LL50	>1,000 mg/l
Petroleum naphtha	64742-48-9	Water flea	Estimated	48 hours	EL50	>1,000 mg/l
Petroleum naphtha	64742-48-9	Bacteria	Experimental	5 hours	EL10	>2 ug/l
Petroleum naphtha	64742-48-9	Green Algae	Estimated	72 hours	NOEL	1,000 mg/l
Toluene	108-88-3	Coho Salmon	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	5.5 mg/l
Toluene	108-88-3	Grass Shrimp	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	9.5 mg/l
Toluene	108-88-3	Green Algae	Experimental	72 hours	EC50	12.5 mg/l
Toluene	108-88-3	Leopard frog	Experimental	9 days	LC50	0.39 mg/l
Toluene	108-88-3	Pink Salmon	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	6.41 mg/l
Toluene	108-88-3	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	EC50	3.78 mg/l

Toluene	108-88-3	Coho Salmon	Experimental	40 days	NOEC	1.39 mg/l
Toluene	108-88-3	Diatom	Experimental	72 hours	NOEC	10 mg/l
Toluene	108-88-3	Water flea	Experimental	7 days	NOEC	0.74 mg/l
Toluene	108-88-3	Activated sludge	Experimental	12 hours	IC50	292 mg/l
Toluene	108-88-3	Bacteria	Experimental	16 hours	NOEC	29 mg/l
Toluene	108-88-3	Bacteria	Experimental	24 hours	EC50	84 mg/l
Toluene	108-88-3	Redworm	Experimental	28 days	LC50	>150 mg per kg of bodyweight
Toluene	108-88-3	Soil microbes	Experimental	28 days	NOEC	<26 mg/kg (Dry Weight)
Hexane	110-54-3	Fathead minnow	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	2.5 mg/l
Hexane	110-54-3	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	LC50	3.9 mg/l

# 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Material	CAS Number	Test type	Duration	Study Type	Test result	Protocol
Dimethyl ether	115-10-6	Experimental		Photolytic half-	12.4 days (t	Non-standard method
		Photolysis		life (in air)	1/2)	
Dimethyl ether	115-10-6	Experimental	28 days	BOD	5 % weight	OECD 301D - Closed
		Biodegradation				bottle test
Nonvolatile	Trade Secret	Data not			N/A	
components		availbl-				
		insufficient				
Bicyclo[3.1.1]	31393-98-3	Experimental	28 days	BOD	4 %	OECD 301D - Closed
Hept-2-		Biodegradation			BOD/ThBOD	bottle test
ene,2,6,6-						
Trimethyl-,Pol						
ymer with 6,6-						
Dimethyl-2-						
Methylenebicy						
clo[3.1.1]Hepta						
ne						
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	Experimental		Photolytic half-		Non-standard method
		Photolysis		life (in air)	1/2)	
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	Experimental	28 days	BOD	77 %	OECD 301F -
		Biodegradation			BOD/ThBOD	Manometric
						respirometry
2-	107-83-5	Data not			N/A	
Methylpentane		availbl-				
		insufficient				
Hydrotreated	64742-49-0	Estimated	28 days	BOD	77 %	OECD 301F -
light naphtha		Biodegradation			BOD/ThBOD	Manometric
(petroleum)						respirometry
1,1-	75-37-6	Estimated			916 days (t 1/2)	Non-standard method
Difluoroethane		Photolysis		life (in air)		
1,1-	75-37-6	Estimated	28 days	BOD	3 % weight	OECD 301D - Closed
Difluoroethane		Biodegradation				bottle test
Acetone	67-64-1	Experimental		Photolytic half-	147 days (t 1/2)	
		Photolysis		life (in air)		
Acetone	67-64-1	Experimental	28 days	BOD	78 %	OECD 301D - Closed
		Biodegradation			BOD/ThBOD	bottle test
Pentane	109-66-0	Experimental		Photolytic half-	0 07 dava (t	Non-standard method

		Photolysis		life (in air)	1/2)	
Pentane	109-66-0	Experimental Biodegradation	28 days	BOD	87 % BOD/ThBOD	OECD 301F - Manometric respirometry
Petroleum naphtha	64742-48-9	Estimated Biodegradation	28 days	BOD	31 % BOD/ThBOD	OECD 301F - Manometric respirometry
Toluene	108-88-3	Experimental Photolysis		Photolytic half- life (in air)	5.2 days (t 1/2)	
Toluene	108-88-3	Experimental Biodegradation	20 days	BOD	80 % BOD/ThBOD	APHA Std Meth Water/Wastewater
Hexane	110-54-3	Experimental Photolysis		Photolytic half- life (in air)	5.4 days (t 1/2)	Non-standard method
Hexane	110-54-3	Experimental Bioconcentrati on	28 days	BOD	100 % weight	OECD 301C - MITI test (I)

# 12.3 : Bioaccumulative potential

Material	CAS Number	Test type	Duration	Study Type	Test result	Protocol
Dimethyl ether	115-10-6	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Nonvolatile components	Trade Secret	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Bicyclo[3.1.1] Hept-2- ene,2,6,6- Trimethyl-,Pol ymer with 6,6- Dimethyl-2- Methylenebicy clo[3.1.1]Hepta ne	31393-98-3	Experimental Bioconcentrati on		Log Kow	7.41	Non-standard method
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	Experimental BCF-Carp	56 days	Bioaccumulatio n factor	129	OECD 305E - Bioaccumulation flow- through fish test
2- Methylpentane	107-83-5	Estimated Bioconcentrati on		Bioaccumulatio n factor	150	Estimated: Bioconcentration factor
Hydrotreated light naphtha (petroleum)	64742-49-0	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
1,1- Difluoroethane	75-37-6	Estimated Bioconcentrati on		Log Kow	1.13	Estimated: Octanol- water partition coefficient
Acetone	67-64-1	Experimental BCF - Other		Bioaccumulatio n factor	0.65	
Acetone	67-64-1	Experimental Bioconcentrati on		Log Kow	-0.24	

Pentane	109-66-0	Estimated Bioconcentrati on		Bioaccumulatio n factor	26	Estimated: Bioconcentration factor
Petroleum naphtha	64742-48-9	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Toluene	108-88-3	Experimental BCF - Other	72 hours	Bioaccumulatio n factor	90	
Toluene	108-88-3	Experimental Bioconcentrati on		Log Kow	2.73	
Hexane	110-54-3	Estimated Bioconcentrati on		Bioaccumulatio n factor	50	Estimated: Bioconcentration factor

## 12.4. Mobility in soil

Please contact manufacturer for more details

## 12.5 Other adverse effects

No information available.

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

## 13.1. Disposal methods

In accordance with the Hazardous Substances (Disposal) Notice 2017 and the relevant criteria of the HSNO Act 1996.

Incinerate in a permitted waste incineration facility. Facility must be capable of handling aerosol cans. Combustion products will include HF. Facility must be capable of handling halogenated materials. As a disposal alternative, utilize an acceptable permitted waste disposal facility. Empty drums/barrels/containers used for transporting and handling hazardous chemicals (chemical substances/mixtures/preparations classified as Hazardous as per applicable regulations) shall be considered, stored, treated & disposed of as hazardous wastes unless otherwise defined by applicable waste regulations. Consult with the respective regulating authorities to determine the available treatment and disposal facilities.

Disposal of the aerosol dispenser (that may or may not contain any residual substance), may be lawfully disposed of by householders or other consumers through public or commercial waste collection services.

# **SECTION 14: Transport Information**

New Zealand Land Transport Rule: Dangerous Goods - Road/Rail Transport UN No.: UN1950 Proper Shipping Name: AEROSOLS Class/Division: 2.1 Sub Risk: Not applicable. Packing Group: Not applicable. Special Instructions:Limited quantity may apply Hazchem Code: 2YE IERG: 49

International Air Transport Association (IATA) - Air Transport UN No.: UN1950 Proper Shipping Name: AEROSOLS, FLAMMABLE Class/Division: 2.1 Sub Risk: Not applicable. Packing Group: Not applicable.

## International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG) - Marine Transport UN No.: UN1950 Proper Shipping Name: AEROSOLS Class/Division: 2.1 Sub Risk: Not applicable. Packing Group: Not applicable. Marine Pollutant: Not applicable. Special Instructions:Limited quantity may apply

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

HSNO Approval numberHSR002515Group standard nameAerosols (Flammable) Group Standard 2020HSNO Hazard classificationRefer to Section 2: Hazard identification

## NZ Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC) Status

All applicable chemical ingredients in this material are in compliance with NZIoC listing requirements.

Controls in accordance with The Health and Safety at Work Act 2015, Health and Safety at Work (Hazardous Substances) Regulations 2017 and the HSNO Act 1996, Hazardous Substances (Hazardous Property Controls) Notice 2017

Certified handler	Not required
Location Compliance Certificate	3,000 L (aggregate water capacity)
Hazardous atmosphere zone	3,000 L (aggregate water capacity)
Fire extinguishers	One required for 3,000 L (aggregate water capacity)
Emergency response plan	3,000 L (aggregate water capacity)
Secondary containment	Not required
Tracking	Not required
Warning signage	3,000 L (aggregate water capacity)

# **SECTION 16: Other information**

#### **Revision information:**

Complete document review.

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#### Key to abbreviations and acronyms

**GHS** refers to the Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals, 7th revised edition of 2017 **HSNO** means Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act 1996

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