

DOC026.53.00795

si792 C si792x C si792x C-FF si792x C-PA

Contacting Conductivity 2-Wire Transmitters

USER MANUAL 07/2013, Edition 7

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Section 1 Specifications

Specifications are subject to change without notice.

Transmitter	
Composition	PBT (polybutylene terephthalate)
Display	LCD
	3 knockouts for M20 x 1.5 strain reliefs
Fittings	2 knockouts for ½ inch NPT or rigid metallic conduit
Power requirements—HART	14-30 VDC (30 VDC maximum)
Power requirements—FF and Profibus PA	FISCO bus supply: 9 to 17.5 VDC Linear barrier: 9 to 24 VDC
Loop current—HART	4–20 mA floating; 3.80–22.00 mA specifiable
Current consumption—FF and Profibus PA	< 13.2 mA
Maximum current in case of fault (FDE)—FF and Profibus PA	< 17.6 mA
Measurement error ^{3,4}	< 0.3% of current value + 0.05 mA

Certification (may not apply to all sensors. Refer to the control drawing or listing for certification information for the sensor that is used).	US: si792 C FM Listed for: Class I, Division 2 si792x C; si792x C-FF; si792x C-PA FM Listed for: Class I, Division 1, Groups A, B, C, D Class II, Division 1, Groups E, F Class III, Division 1 Class I, Zone 0, AEx ia, Group IIC T4 Enclosure: Type 2 Canada: si792 C CSA Certified to: Class I, Division 2 si792x C CSA Certified and si792x C-FF; si792x C-PA cFMus Certified to: Class I, Division 2, Groups A, B, C, D Class I, Division 2, Groups A, B, C, D Class I, Division 2, Groups A, B, C, D Sensor: Class I, Zone 0, Group IIC Transmitter: Class I, Zone 1, Group IIC Enclosure: Type 2 EU: si792x C; ATEX Certification: II 2 (1) G Ex ib [ia Ga] IIC T6 Gb si792x C-FF; si792x C-PA: II 2 (1) G Ex ia IIC T4 Ga CE Marked to: EMC Directive 2004/108/EC ATEX Directive 24/9/EC
	Enclosure: IP65
Output averaging time constant (HART)	0-120 seconds
Storage temperature	–20 to 70 °C (–4 to 158 °F)
Operating temperature	–20 to 55 °C (–4 to 131 °F)
Weight	Approximately 1 kg

Data retention	Parameters and calibration data > 10 years (EEPROM)
Passcodes	Modifiable according to FDA 21 CFR Part 11 "Electronic Signatures" (HART only)
Sensocheck	Polarization detection and monitoring of cable capacitance
Sensor monitor	Direct display of measured values from sensor for validation (resistance/ temperature)
Communication	
HART communication	Digital communication by FSK modulation of loop current, reading of device identification, measured values, status and messages, reading and writing of parameters, start of product calibration, signaling of configuration changes according to FDA 21 CFR Part 11.
Foundation Fieldbus (FF_H1)	Bus-powered device with constant current consumption. Cyclic and acyclic data exchange. 1 resource block, 1 transducer block, 3 analog input function blocks (selectable: conductivity, resistivity, concentration, salinity, temperature, cell constant) Execution time: 50 ms Certified to ITK 4.6 Physical interface: to IEC 1158-2 Address range: 017 to 246

	Due newered device with senst-int	
	Bus-powered device with constant current consumption. Cyclic and acyclic data exchange. Physical block, 2 analog input function blocks, 2 discrete input blocks, logbook block, alarm block.	
Profibus-PA (DPV1)	PNO directive: PROFIBUS-PA, Profile for Process Control Devices, Version 3.0	
	Physical interface: Physical interface: MBP-IS (Manchester Bus Powered- Intrinsically Safe) to IEC 1158-2 (DIN- EN 61158-2)	
	Connection: via segment coupler to DCS, PLC, PC	
	Address range: 1 to 126	
Conductivity input		
Range, sensor	2-electrode (0.2 µS-200 mS)	
range, concer	4-electrode (0.2 μS–1000 mS)	
	0.000–9.999 μS/cm	
	00.00–99.99 μS/cm	
	000.0–999.9 μS/cm	
	0000-9999 µS/cm	
Range, conductivity	0.000-9.999 mS/cm	
	00.00–99.99 mS/cm	
	000.0–999.9 mS/cm	
	0.000-9.999 S/m ¹	
	00.00–99.99 S/m ¹	
Range, resistivity	00.00-99.99 Mohms/cm	
Range, concentration ¹	0.00-9.99% by weight	
Range, salinity	0.0-45 % (0-35 °C)	
Range, USP ¹	00.00–99.99 μS/cm	
Measurement error ^{3,4}	< 1% measured value + 0.4 µS* c	

Temperature input		
Temperature sensor	Pt100/PT1000/NTC 100 kΩ/ NTC 30 kΩ/NTC 8.55 kΩ (Betatherm) 2-wire connection	
Range, Pt100/Pt1000 ¹	-20.0 to 200.0 °C (-4 to 392 °F)	
Range, Pt100/Pt1000 ²	-20.0 to 150.0 °C (-4 to 302 °F)	
Range, NTC 100 k Ω^2	-20.0 to 150.0 °C (-4 to 302°F)	
Range, NTC 30 kΩ	-20.0 to 130.0 °C (-4 to 266°F)	
Range, NTC 8.55 kΩ ¹	-10.0 to 130.0 °C (14 to 266°F)	
Adjustment range	10 K	
Resolution	0.1 °C; 0.1 °F	
Measurement error ^{2,3}	< 0.5 K (< 1 K for Pt100;<1 K for NTC >100 °C)	
Temperature compensation	25 °C reference temperature	

¹ Applies to si792(x) C and si792x C-FF transmitter only

² (± 1 count plus sensor error)

³ IEC 746 Part 1, at nominal operating conditions

Section 2 General information

2.1 Safety information

Please read this entire manual before unpacking, setting up, or operating this equipment. Pay attention to all danger and caution statements. Failure to do so could result in serious injury to the operator or damage to the equipment.

To ensure that the protection provided by this equipment is not impaired, do not use or install this equipment in any manner other than that specified in this manual.

2.1.1 Use of hazard information

DANGER

Indicates a potentially or imminently hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.

CAUTION

Indicates a potentially hazardous situation that may result in minor or moderate injury.

Important Note: Information that requires special emphasis.

Note: Information that supplements points in the main text.

2.1.2 Precautionary labels

Read all labels and tags attached to the instrument. Personal injury or damage to the instrument could occur if not observed. A symbol, if noted on the instrument, will be included with a danger or caution statement in the manual.



This symbol, if noted on the instrument, references the instruction manual for operation and/or safety information.

General information



Electrical equipment marked with this symbol may not be disposed of in European public disposal systems after 12 August of 2005. In conformity with European local and national regulations (EU Directive 2002/96/EC), European electrical equipment users must now return old or end-of life equipment to the Producer for disposal at no charge to the user.

Note: For return for recycling, please contact the equipment producer or supplier for instructions on how to return end-of-life equipment, producer-supplied electrical accessories, and all auxiliary items for proper disposal.



This symbol, when noted on a product enclosure or barrier, indicates that a risk of electrical shock and/or electrocution exists.



This symbol, when noted on the product, identifies the location of the connection for Protective Earth (ground).



This symbol, when noted on the product, identifies the location of a fuse or current limiting device.



This symbol, when noted on the product, identifies a risk of chemical harm and indicates that only individuals qualified and trained to work with chemicals should handle chemicals or perform maintenance on chemical delivery systems associated with the equipment.



This symbol, when noted on the product, identifies the presence of a strong corrosive or other hazardous substance and a risk of chemical harm. Only individuals qualified and trained to work with chemicals should handle chemicals or perform maintenance on chemical delivery systems associated with the equipment.



This symbol, when noted on the product, indicated the presence of devices sensitive to Electro-static Discharge (ESD) and indicated that care must be taken to prevent damage with the equipment.



This symbol, when noted on the product, identifies the presence of noxious substances and a risk of chemical harm. Only individuals qualified and trained to work with chemicals should handle chemicals or perform maintenance on chemical delivery systems associated with the equipment.

2.2 General product information

2.2.1 Product overview

The si792 C and si792x C transmitters are used for measurement of electrical conductivity and temperature in liquids. Fields of application are: biotechnology, chemical industry, environment, food processing and water/waste-water treatment.

The molded transmitter enclosure can be attached to a panel, wall, post or pipe railing. The optional hood (see **Accessories on page 79**) provides protection against direct weather exposure and mechanical damage.

Three communication options are available for the si792 transmitter:

- 4–20 mA/HART—si792 C and si792x C (noted as si792(x) C)
- Foundation Fieldbus—si792x C-FF
- Profibus PA—si792x C-PA

This user manual includes instructions for all three protocols.

Important Note: An 'x' in the model number is an indication of an intrinsically safe (IS) instrument.

The instruments are programmed at the factory with different default settings for the standard and the EU versions. The default settings accommodate regional safety standards and can be changed by the user. This user manual includes instructions for both versions. See si792 transmitter versions on page 79 for a list of instrument versions.

2.2.2 FDA 21 CFR part 11 compliance (HART only)

In the directive "Title 21 Code of Federal Regulations, 21 CFR Part 11, Electronic Records; Electronic Signatures" the US American health agency FDA (Food and Drug Administration) regulates the production and processing of electronic documents for pharmaceutical development and production. The features described in section 2.2.2.1

General information

and section 2.2.2.2 make the transmitter compliant with the requirements of FDA 21 CFR Part 11.

2.2.2.1 Electronic signatures for si792(x) C transmitters

Device functions are protected by passcode access, which prevents unauthorized modification of device settings or manipulation of measurement results. Passcodes may be used as electronic signatures. Passcodes can be edited with the passcode editor (Appendix C on page 91).

2.2.2.2 Audit trail for si792(x) C transmitters

The si792(x) can automatically track all changes to the device settings. Each change is tagged with a Configuration Change flag, which is documented using HART communication. Altered device settings or parameters can be retrieved from the transmitter using HART communication.

Section 3 Installation

DANGER

Explosion hazard. Trained personnel only must install or commission the equipment.

DANGER

Explosion hazard. Never connect items to the transmitter that are not specified on the control drawing. Do not connect or disconnect any equipment unless power has been switched off or the area is known to be non-hazardous.

DANGER

Explosion hazard. The safety of the transmitter may be impaired if any of the following conditions have occurred:

- visible damage
- storage above 70 °C for prolonged periods
- · exposure to severe transport stresses
- previous installation
- · failure to operate properly

If any of these conditions have occurred, return the device to the manufacturer for recertification.

The si792 and si792x transmitters differ in hazard classification. The si792 transmitter is designed for non-hazardous or Class I, Division 2, Groups A, B, C, D hazardous locations. The si792x transmitter is designed for Class I, Division 1, Groups A, B, C, D hazardous locations. Refer to the control drawing on the Complete Documentation CD or to the listing appropriate to the site location.

For outdoor installation, install a protective hood or sunshield (see Accessories on page 79).

Installation of the si792x in an outdoor hazardous location per FM or CSA control drawings requires a suitable enclosure and must follow NEC guidelines. Refer to NEMA 250 to determine enclosure needs.

3.1 Hazardous location installation

Before installation, review the applicable Hazardous Location Control Drawing or ATEX EC-Type Examination certificate that is included with the instrument and the provided documentation CD. Follow all regulations specified for the installation location.

Refer to the documentation CD for manuals provided in other languages.

3.2 Unpacking the transmitter

Check the shipment for transport damage and make sure all components have been shipped complete. The package includes:

- Display module
 Bag of hardware and fasteners
- Back enclosure
 Test report and user manual

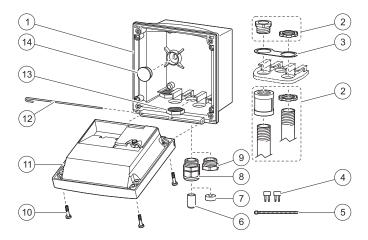


Figure 1 Instrument Components

1 Back enclosure	8 Strain relief (3x)
2 Optional conduit hardware	9 Filler plug (3x)
3 Conduit washer	10 Enclosure screw (4x)
4 Jumper (2x)	11 Display module
5 Cable tie (3x)	12 Hinge pin
6 Sealing insert	13 Hex nuts (5x)
7 Rubber reducer	14 Sealing plug (2x)

3.3 Mechanical installation

3.3.1 Transmitter assembly

Refer to Figure 1 and the following instructions to assemble the transmitter.

- 1. Insert the strain relief fittings in the holes of the back enclosure and secure with the hex nuts (Figure 2).
- Insert the conduit hardware or plugs in the back enclosure and secure with the hex nuts.
- 3. Attach the display module to the back enclosure using the hinge pin.

3.3.2 Mounting

Refer to the following sections to mount the transmitter on a wall, panel or pipe.

3.3.2.1 Wall mount

- Use a punch to open the two wall-mount holes in the back enclosure (Figure 2).
- 2. Drill holes in the wall suitable for the user-supplied mounting bolts.
- Attach the back enclosure to the wall using two customer-supplied bolts.
- 4. Insert the clear plastic plugs into the mounting holes.

3.3.2.2 Panel or pipe mount (optional)

Refer to Figure 2 and the instructions supplied with the panel and pipe mounting kits (see Accessories on page 79).

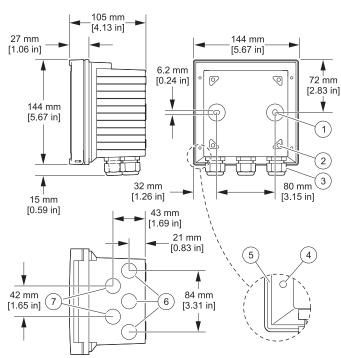


Figure 2 Wall attachment dimensions

1 Breakout for wall mounting (2x)	5 Groove for panel mount gasket
2 Hole for pipe mounting (4x)	6 Strain relief opening (3x)
3 Strain relief (3x)	7 Strain relief or ½ inch conduit opening
4 Breakout for panel mounting	(2x) Ø 21.5 mm [0.85 in]

3.4 Wiring Safety Information

When making any wiring connections to the instrument, the following warnings and notes must be adhered to, as well as any warnings and notes found throughout the individual installation sections. For more safety information refer to section 2.1 on page 11.

DANGER

Always disconnect power to the instrument when making any electrical connections.

Electrostatic Discharge (ESD) Considerations

To minimize hazards and ESD risks, maintenance procedures not requiring power to the analyzer should be performed with power removed.

Delicate internal electronic components can be damaged by static electricity, resulting in degraded instrument performance or eventual failure.

The manufacturer recommends taking the following steps to prevent ESD damage to the instrument:

- Before touching any electronic components (such as printed circuit cards and the components on them) discharge static electricity from the body by touching an earth-grounded metal surface such as the chassis of an instrument or a metal conduit or pipe.
- To reduce static build-up, avoid excessive movement. Transport static-sensitive components in anti-static containers or packaging.
 - To discharge static electricity from the body and keep it discharged, wear a wrist strap connected by a wire to earth ground.
 - Handle all static-sensitive components in a static-safe area. If possible, use anti-static floor pads and work bench pads. Δ





Electrical installation

DANGER

Explosion hazard. Do not connect any components that are not specified for the device. Always defer to the Hazardous Location Control Drawing.

Prerequisites:

- Review the applicable control drawing or ATEX EC-Type Examination certificate
- · Review the electrical code regulations
- Review the regulations for electrical installations in hazardous locations, if appropriate (e.g. EN 60079-10/EN60079-14; 94/9/EC directive; NEC; CEC; Profibus Technical Guidelines 2.091)
- Remove power or confirm non-hazardous status before making any connections
- Confirm that the intrinsic safety of the device is maintained when connected to other equipment such as a power supply unit.

3.5.1 Wire preparation

To remove the terminal blocks from the transmitter for sensor wiring:

- Insert a flat screwdriver between the terminal block and the transmitter body.
- Use the screwdriver as a lever to lift the terminal block off the connectors (see Figure 3).

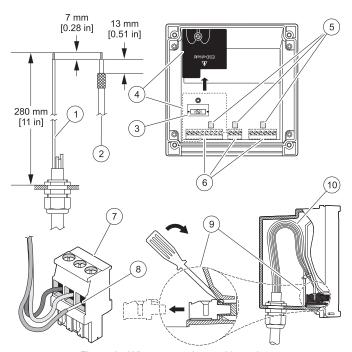


Figure 3 Wire preparation and insertion

1 Stripping lengths for cables	6 Terminals (vary by model number)
2 Stripping lengths for coaxial cables	7 Typical terminal
3 Cable shield connector (not used)	8 Seat insulation against connector
4 ESD shield removed	9 Removing terminal with screwdriver
5 Areas for screwdriver to pry terminal	10 Cable loop position in housing

3.5.2 Power and communication connections

DANGER

Explosion hazard. The AC power source for the power supply unit cannot exceed 250 VAC. Do not connect the transmitter directly to an AC power source.

DANGER

Explosion hazard. The output voltage of the power supply unit cannot exceed 30 VDC. The si792x transmitter must be connected to an appropriately certified explosion-proof power supply unit. Refer to "associated apparatus" in the control drawing or to the EC-Type Examination Certificate for input ratings.

Prerequisites

- Trained personnel only must install or commission the equipment.
- Follow the instructions in this user manual and the applicable local and national codes.
- Observe the technical specifications and input ratings during installation.
- Disconnect all power sources during wiring and installation.
- Use single wires/flexible leads up to 2.5 mm (AWG 14) for connection to terminals.
- Do not damage the wire when stripping the insulation.
- All parameters must be set by a system administrator (Authority Having Jurisdiction) before commissioning.

3.5.2.1 si792(x) C (4-20 mA/HART) wiring

DANGER

Explosion hazard. Never connect items to the transmitter that are not specified on the control drawing.

Refer to Figure 4 and Table 1 to connect the power supply to the si792(x) C transmitter.

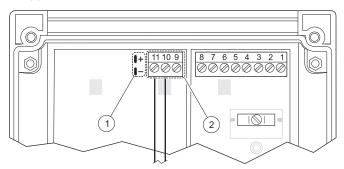


Figure 4 si792(x) C (4-20 mA/HART) wiring

1 HART connection (see warnings in section 3.6 on page 28)	2 Wiring terminals—see Table 1
--	--------------------------------

Table 1 Terminal assignments—si792(x) C (4–20 mA/HART)

Terminal No.	Assignment
9	Equipotential bonding—ATEX only (Do not use for FM or CSA)
10	4–20 mA output (–)
11	4–20 mA output (+)

3.5.2.2 si792x C-FF and si792x C-PA wiring

Refer to Figure 5 and Table 2 to connect power and communications to the si792x C-FF or si792x C-PA transmitters.

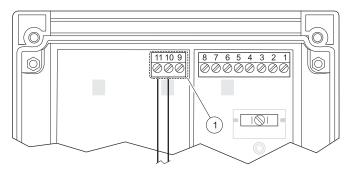


Figure 5 si792x C-FF and si792x C-PA wiring

1 Wiring terminals—see Table 2

Table 2 Terminal assignments—si792x C-FF and si792 C-PA

Terminal No.	Assignment
9	Equipotential bonding—ATEX only (Do not use for FM or CSA)
10	Connection from Foundation Fieldbus or Profibus PA (–)
11	Connection from Foundation Fieldbus or Profibus PA (+)

3.5.3 Sensor wire connections

Important Note: Do not connect earth ground to the shield connector in the transmitter. Connect the cable shields to the shield connector.

Refer to the following sections to connect the transmitter to a sensor:

- 2-electrode sensor—section 3.5.3.1 on page 26
- 4-electrode sensor—section 3.5.3.2 on page 27

3.5.3.1 2-electrode (3400 and 83xx series) sensor wiring

- 1. Install jumpers between terminals 1-2, 3-4 and 4-5 (see Figure 6).
- 2. Use Table 3 to wire the sensor to the transmitter.

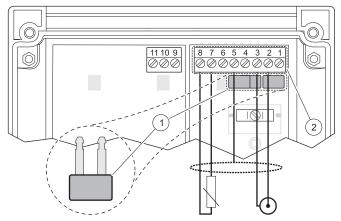


Figure 6 si792 transmitter wiring for 2-electrode sensor

1 Jumpers between 1–2, 3–4, 4–5	2 Wiring terminals—see Table 3
--	--------------------------------

Table 3 Terminal assignments—2-electrode sensor

Terminal	Assignment	Hach 3400 series color	831x series color
2	2 Inner electrode, Sense black white/ye		white/yellow
3 Outer electrode, Drive red re		red	
5	5 Cable shield connections Note: Do not connect to earth ground. Clear white/ore		white/orange
7	7 RTD (resistive temperature device) blue blue		blue
8	RTD (resistive temperature device)	white	black

3.5.3.2 4-electrode sensor wiring

- 1. Install a jumper between terminals 4 and 5 as shown in Figure 7.
- 2. Use Table 4 to wire the sensor to the transmitter.

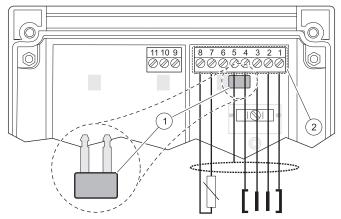


Figure 7 si792 transmitter wiring for 4-electrode sensor

1 Jumper between terminal 4 and 5	2 Wiring terminals—see Table 4

Table 4 Terminal assignments—4-electrode sensor

Terminal No.	Assignment	Wire color	
1	Drive hi	brown	
2 Sense hi yellow		yellow	
3	Sense lo	green	
4 Drive lo		white	
5 Cable shield connections Note: Do not connect to earth ground.		black	
7	RTD (resistive temperature device)	pink	
8	RTD (resistive temperature device)	grey	

3.6 HART communication connection

DANGER

Explosion hazard. Never connect items to the transmitter that are not specified on the control drawing. Do not connect or disconnect any equipment unless power has been switched off or the area is known to be non-hazardous.

DANGER

The si792x transmitter must be used with an explosion-proof HART communication device. Refer to the appropriate control drawing for the location of the HART (Rosemount) device.

Refer to Figure 4 on page 24 for the connector location.

Section 4 Interface and navigation

The si792 transmitter user interface contains a display, indicators and keys for navigation and menu selection.

4.1 si792(x) C (4-20 mA/HART) interface

Use the arrow and enter keys to scroll through the menu and change settings. Use the indicators to identify which mode the transmitter is in. Refer to **Figure 8** to identify the keys and indicators of the si792(x) C transmitter.



Figure 8 User interface—si792(x) C transmitter

•		
1 Calibration key	7 Wash mode indicator (not available)	
2 Configure key	8 Configuration mode indicator	
3 Measure mode indicator	9 Up arrow key	
4 Calibration mode indicator	10 Right arrow key	
5 Alarm indicator	— 11 Enter key	
6 Display		

Interface and navigation

4.2 si792x C-FF and si792x C-PA interface

Refer to Figure 9 to identify the keys and indicators of the si792x C-FF or si792x C-PA transmitter.



Figure 9 User interface—si792x C-FF and si792x C-PA transmitters

1 Measure key	7 Communication indicator
2 Calibration key	8 Configuration mode indicator
3 Measure mode indicator	9 Up arrow key
4 Calibration mode indicator	10 Right arrow key
5 Alarm indicator	11 Enter key
6 Display	12 Configuration mode

Interface and navigation

4.3 Display

Figure 10 identifies all of the possible icons and symbols that may be seen in the si792 transmitter display.

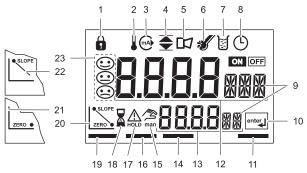


Figure 10 si792 display

1 Passcode	13 Secondary display
2 Temperature	14 Alarm mode
3 4-20 mA output (HART)	15 Manual temperature on
4 Limit values (Foundation Fieldbus and Profibus PA)	16 Calibration mode
5 Alarm	17 Hold mode on
6 Sensocheck	18 Hourglass
7 Calibration	19 Measure mode
8 Calibration interval	20 Calibration indicator
9 Parameter	21 Zero indicator/error
10 Enter prompt	22 Slope indicator/error
11 Configuration mode	23 Sensoface
12 Main display	23 Gensolace

Interface and navigation

Section 5 Operation—4–20 mA/HART

The following section describes how to operate the si792(x) C transmitter.

5.1 Measure mode

The display shows the configured process variable (conductivity, concentration, resistivity or salinity) and the temperature value in the measuring mode.

- To return to the measurement mode during calibration press CAL and ENTER.
- To return to the measurement mode during configuration press CONF and ENTER.

Note: The waiting time for the stabilization of the measured-value is approximately 20 seconds.

5.2 Configuration

Use the configuration mode to specify the sensor, range and other parameters for the system as shown in **Table 5**.

- 1. Press CONF and enter 1200 to enter the configuration mode.
- Use the arrow and enter keys to change the settings. All settings and options are shown in section 5.2.1, section 5.2.2 and section 5.2.3

Table 5 Configuration menu

Code	Parameter	Passcode
01	4-20 mA current output	
tc	Temperature compensation 1200	
AL.	Alarm settings	

To exit the configuration mode at any time, press **CONF** and **ENTER**. The output current will be held for 20 seconds and the measured value will be shown

Operation—4–20 mA/HART

Note: During configuration the transmitter remains in the Hold mode for safety reasons. The loop current is frozen at the value specified in the o1.HoLD menu option. The Sensoface icon is inactive. The configuration mode indicator is shown (**Figure 10 on page 31**).

5.2.1 Output configuration

Select the sensor			
CELL	2-electrode sensor (default)		
OLLL	4-electrode sensor		
Select the	Select the range and units		
	0.000 μS/cm		
	00.00 μS/cm		
	000.0 μS/cm		
o1. UnIT	0000 μS/cm		
	0.000 mS/cm	Conductivity	
	00.00 mS/cm		
	000.0 mS/cm (default)		
	0.000 S/m		
	00.00 S/m		
	00.00 MΩ·cm	Resistivity	
	000.0 SAL	Salinity (SAL)	
	00.00%	Concentration (Conc)	
	USP	Water monitoring in the pharmaceutical industry (USP)	
If range is set to 00.00%, select solution (Conc)			
	-01- NaCl (default)		
	-02- HCI	Solution (Conc)	
o1.CoNC	-03- NaOH	(refer to section 5.2.1.1 on page 36 for	
	-04- H ₂ SO ₄	more information)	
	-05- HNO ₃		

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5.2.1 Output configuration (continued)

Select characteristic (Linear / Logarithmic curve)				
o1.CHAR ¹	LIN (default)	Linear/Logarithmic curve		
Specify the	Specify the value for the 4 and 20 mA signals			
o1 4mA	000.0 mS	LIN: Enter current start		
o1.20mA	000.0 mS	LIN: Enter current end		
o1. 4mA	1 mS (default)	LOG: Enter current start		
o1.20mA	100 mS (default)	LOG: Enter current end		
Set time av	Set time averaging filter for reducing noise			
o1.FtME	0 SEC (default)	Time constant of output filter (refer to section 5.2.1.2 for more information)		
Select a 22 mA signal during errors				
o1 FAII	ON			
OFF (default)				
Signal behavior during HOLD				
	LAST (default)	During HOLD the last measured value is maintained at the output		
o1.HOLD	FIX	During HOLD a value (to be entered) is maintained at the output		
Specify the value to output during HOLD periods				
o1.FIX	021.0 mA (default)	During HOLD the entered value is maintained at the output (refer to section 5.2.1.4 for more information)		

 $^{^1\}mbox{lf}$ the process variables SAL, % (Conc) or USP are selected the following steps (Lin/Log) are omitted

Note: During configuration the instrument/transmitter remains on **Hold**. Depending on the configuration the loop current is frozen at its last value or at a preset fixed value.

Press ENTER to access a menu item. Use the ARROW KEYS to edit values. Press ENTER to save the settings. If a value is outside of the

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acceptable range, "Err" will be shown and the value will not be accepted. To exit the menu and return to the measurement mode, press **CONF** and **ENTER**.

Example: Set the output start point for the 4 mA signal to be 10.0 mS and the output end point to be 100 mS for the 20 mA signal.

- Press CONF, enter passcode: 1200. The display will show Conf and then out.1MNU
- Press ENTER to access the output setup menu. The display will show CELL
- Press ENTER, ENTER, ENTER to reach the 4 mA submenu. The display will show o1.4mA.
- Use the UP ARROW and RIGHT ARROW to edit the value to read 10.0 mS value. Press ENTER to save the value. The display will show o1.20mA.
- Use the UP ARROW and RIGHT ARROW to edit the value to read 100.0 mS value. Press ENTER to save the value. The display will show o1.FtME.
- **6.** Press **CONF** and **ENTER** to exit the configuration menu.

The transmitter remains in HoLD mode for approximately 20 seconds after calibration and returns to the measurement mode.

5.2.1.1 Concentration measurement

For the solutions listed in **Table 6**, the transmitter determines the concentration from the measured conductivity and temperature values in percent by weight.

The measurement error is made up of the sum of measurement and the stored accuracy of the concentration curves (see **section B.1 on page 85**).

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For accurate results use conductivity standards with the same conductivity range as the sample to calibrate the system.

Table 6 Range of concentration

Code	Action Range	
	-01- NaCl (default)	0.00-9.99% by weight
		0-100 °C (32-212 °F)
	-02- HCI	0.00-9.99% by weight
o1.CoNC		0-50 °C (32-122 °F)
	-03- NaOH	0.00-9.99% by weight
		0-100 °C (32-212 °F)
	-04- H ₂ SO ₄	0.00-9.99% by weight
		0-110 °C (32-230 °F)
	-05- HNO ₃	0.00-9.99% by weight
	00 111103	0-50 °C (32-122 °F)

5.2.1.2 Time averaging filter

An averaging filter is available to reduce noise in the output signal. The filter averages readings over a specified time interval. The time interval can be set from 0 to 120 seconds (default: 0 seconds).

When set to 0 seconds, there is no signal averaging for noise reduction. When set to 120 seconds, the current output value will correspond to the process signal averaged over the last 120 seconds. Increase the time interval to reduce the noise in the output signal.

Note: The filter acts on the output signal but not on the displayed value.

5.2.1.3 Output signal during errors

When an error condition occurs, a 22 mA output signal can be sent as a notification (default: off).

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5.2.1.4 Output signal during HOLD

The output signal during hold periods can be maintained at the last measured value (Figure 11) or fixed at a specified value (Figure 12). The allowable range for the fixed value is 3.4 to 22 mA.

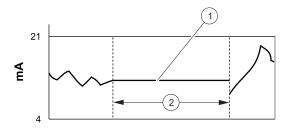


Figure 11 Output signal during HOLD—last value

1 Output signal during HOLD 2 HOLD mode

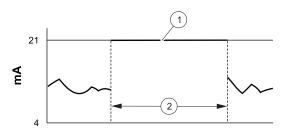


Figure 12 Output signal during HOLD—fixed value

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5.2.2 Temperature compensation configuration

Select temperature unit						
tc.UnIT	°C (default)					
to.Omi	°F	°F				
Select ter	Select temperature sensor					
	PT100 (default for EU version)					
tc.rTd	PT1000 (default for star	ndard version)				
10.114	30 NTC					
	8.55 NTC					
Select ter	elect temperature compensation ¹					
	LIN (default)	Linear temperature compensation with entry of temperature coefficient (00.00–19.99%/K). Reference temperature = 25 °C.				
		Enter temperature coefficient 02.00%/K (default) (xx.xx%/K)				
	nLF	Temperature compensation for naturals waters to EN 27888				
tc. LIN	nACL	NaCl: temperature compensation for ultrapure water with NaCl traces (0–120 °C)				
	HCL	HCI: temperature compensation for ultrapure water with HCI traces (0–120 °C)				
	nH3	NH ₃ : temperature compensation for ultrapure water with NH ₃ traces (0–120 °C)				
	OFF	Temperature compensation turned off				

¹If SAL or USP is selected, the following steps are omitted.

Note: Calibrate a temperature sensor adjustment for a correct temperature measurement. Use a separate temperature sensor with fast response for measuring processes with rapid temperature changes.

Press **ENTER** to access a menu item. Use the **ARROW KEYS** to edit values. Press **ENTER** to save the settings. If a value is outside of the acceptable range, "Err" will be shown and the value will not be

Operation—4-20 mA/HART

accepted. To exit the menu and return to the measurement mode, press **CONF** and **ENTER**.

5.2.3 Alarm settings

Select Sensocheck			
AL.SnSO	CHECK ON	Continuous Sensocheck evaluation of	
AL.SIISO	CHECK OFF (default)	sensor function	
Enter alarm delay			
AL.dLY	0010 sec (default) Range: 0–600 sec		
LED in Hold mode			
AL.LED	HOLD ON	LED blinks during hold	
AL.LLD	HOLD OFF	LED off during hold	

Section 6 Operation—Foundation Fieldbus

The following section describes how to navigate and operate the si792x C-FF transmitter. The transmitter can be operated as follows:

- Direct interface with the transmitter (section 6.1)
- Foundation Fieldbus communication (section 6.2 on page 44)

6.1 Configuration

Use the configuration mode to specify the sensor, range and other parameters of the system.

6.1.1 Configuration steps

Complete the following steps to configure the si792 transmitter.

- Press MEAS + CAL and enter 1200 to enter the configuration mode.
- Use the arrow and enter keys to change the settings. All settings and options are shown in section 6.1.2.

To exit the configuration mode at any time, press **MEAS + CAL** and then **ENTER**. The Hold mode will be active for 20 seconds and then the measured value will be displayed.

Note: During configuration the transmitter remains in the Hold mode for safety reasons. The Sensoface icon is inactive. The configuration mode indicator is displayed (**Figure 10 on page 31**).

6.1.2 Configuration menu

Select the	e sensor				
I- OFII	2-electrode sensor (def	ault)			
In.CELL	4-electrode sensor				
Select the range and units					
	0.000 μS/cm	Conductivity			
	00.00 μS/cm				
	000.0 μS/cm				
	0000 μS/cm				
	0.000 mS/cm				
	00.00 mS/cm				
	000.0 mS/cm (default)				
	0.000 S/m				
	00.00 S/m				
In.UnIT	00.00 MΩ·cm	Resistivity			
	000.0 SAL	Salinity (SAL)			
	00.00%	Concentration In.CoNC	-03- NaOH -04- H ₂ SO ₄ -05- HNO ₃		
	USP	Water monitoring in the pharmaceutical industry (USP)			
Select ter	mperature unit				
tc.UnIT	°C (default)				
tc.Omi	°F				
Select ter	mperature sensor				
	PT100 (default for EU version)				
tc rTd	PT1000 (default for standard version)				
(C.110	8.55 NTC	,			
	30 NTC				

6.1.2 Configuration menu (continued)

Select temperature compensation ¹			
	OFF	Temperature compensation turned off	
		Linear temperature compensation	
	LIN (default)	Enter temperature coefficient:	
	LIN (delauit)	Range: 0-19.99%/K (default: 2.00%/K)	
tc.		Reference temperature = 25 °C	
	nLF	Natural waters (to EN 27888)	
	nACL	Ultrapure water with NaCl traces (0-120 °C	
	HCL	Ultrapure water with HCl traces (0–120 °C)	
	nH3	Ultrapure water with NH ₃ traces (0–120 °C)	
Select Ser	socheck		
AL.SnSO	CHECK ON	Continuous Sensocheck evaluation of	
AL.SIISO	CHECK OFF (default)	sensor function	
LED in Ho	ld mode		
AL.LED	HOLD ON	LED blinks during hold	
AL.LED	HOLD OFF (default)	LED off during hold	
Enter Field	dbus address (optional)2	
FF.ADR	0026 BUS (default)	Range: 0017–0031	

¹Temperature compensation is not available for salinity, concentration or USP. ²Use only when there is no bus connection. The transmitter will restart and set all

²Use only when there is no bus connection. The transmitter will restart and set al parameters to default values. Individual settings must be entered once more.

6.2 Foundation Fieldbus communication

Use the Foundation Fieldbus specification to set up and configure the si792 transmitter. The communication parameters are listed in the following sections. The sensor can be calibrated as described in section 6.2.4 on page 60.

6.2.1 Standard resource block (RB)

The standard resource block describes the transmitter characteristics (manufacturer, device name, operating status, global status). The resource block must be in automatic mode for any of the other blocks to operate. The bus parameters for the standard resource block (RB) are shown in Table 7

Table 7 Bus parameters—resource block (RB)

Parameter Description		Default	R/W	
ST_REV	Static revision	0	R	
TAG_DESC	TAG description		R/W	
STRATEGY	Strategy	0	R/W	
ALERT_KEY	Alert key	0	R/W	
	Target	OOS (out of service)		
MODE BLK	Actual		R/W	
MODL_BLK	Permitted	OOS, Auto	IX/VV	
	Normal	Auto	1	
BLOCK_ERR	Block error		R	
RS_STATE	Resource state (operating status)	1	R	
TEST_RW	Test		R/W	
DD_RESOURCE DD resource			R	
MANUFAC_ID Manufacturer ID		0x001D6D for Hach	R	
DEV_TYPE Device type		0x0064	R	
DEV_REV	DEV_REV Device revision		R	
DD_REV	DD revision	1	R	

Table 7 Bus parameters—resource block (RB) (continued)

Parameter	Description	Default	R/W
GRANT DENY	Grant	0	R/W
GRANT_DENT	Deny	0	R/W
HARD_TYPES	Hardware type	1	R
RESTART	Restart		R/W
FEATURES	Feature supported	Reports/ Soft W Lock	R
FEATURES	Feature selected	Reports/ Soft W Lock	R/W
CYCLE_TYPE	Cycle type	Scheduled/ Block Execution	R
CYCLES_SEL	Cycle selected	Scheduled/ Block Execution	R/W
MIN_CYCLE_T	Min cycle time	1600 ¹ /32 ms (50ms)	R
MEMORY_SIZE	Memory size		R
NV_CYCLE_T	Non-volatile cycle time		R
FREE_SPACE Free space			R
FREE_TIME Free time			R
SHED_RCAS			R/W
SHED_ROUT			R/W
FAULT_STATE	ULT_STATE Fault state		R
SET_FSTATE	Set fault state	1	R/W
CLR_FSTATE	Clear fault state	1	R/W
MAX_NOTIFY	Max notifications	20	R
LIM_NOTIFY	Limit of notification	8	R/W
CONFIRM_TIME	CONFIRM_TIME Confirmation time		R/W
WRITE_LOCK Write locking (write protection)		1 (Unlocked)	R/W
	Unacknowledged	0	R/W
	Update state	0	R
UPDATE_EVT	Time stamp	0	R
	Static revision	0	R
	Relative index	0	R/W

Table 7 Bus parameters—resource block (RB) (continued)

Parameter Description		Default	R/W
	Unacknowledged		R/W
	Alarm state		R
BLOCK_ALM	Time stamp		R
	Sub-code		R
	Value		R
	Current		R
ALARM SUM	Unacknowledged		R
ALARIVI_SUIVI	Unreported		R
	Disabled		R/W
ACK_OPTION	Automatic acknowledge option	0 (Disabled)	R/W
WRITE_PRI Write priority		0	R/W
	Unacknowledged		R/W
	Alarm state		R
WRITE_ALM	Time stamp		R
	Sub-code		R
	Value		R
ITK_VER	ITK_version	4	R
	Locks the device for local access.		
	1 byte		
DEVICE_LOCK	Data type = uns8	0 (Unlocked)	R/W
	Range: 0 (Unlocked) 1 (Locked)		

6.2.2 Standard analog input block (AI)

Three Analog Input Function Blocks provide for cyclic transmission of measured values (currently measured value with status, alarm limits, freely selectable process parameter).

6.2.2.1 Operating modes

Use the MODE BLK parameter to set the following operating modes:

- OOS—out of service. If not write-protected, access to all parameters is allowed.
- MAN—manual
- · Auto-online, normal state

6.2.2.2 Set the parameter and units

Use CHANNEL to set the measured parameter and units (**Table 8**). The corresponding measurement unit is selected in the UNITS subparameter of XD SCALE (**Table 9 on page 49**).

Table 8 Measurement parameters and units

Channel	Parameter	Unit	Unit value
	Conductivity	μS/cm	1586
1		mS/cm	1302
		S/cm	1299
2	Concentration	% (percent)	1342
3	Temperature	°C	1001
		°F	1002
4	Salinity	per mill	2003
5	Resistance	MΩ/cm	1587
6	Cell constant	cm ⁻¹	2004

6.2.2.3 Data processing

Use the L_TYPE parameter to apply a linearization function to the data.

- Direct—data is sent directly from the TB to the AI without processing. The units for the XD_SCALE and OUT_SCALE parameters must be identical.
- Indirect—data from the TB is linearly scaled from the input scale (XD_SCALE) to the output scale (OUT_SCALE).
- Indirect square root—data is rescaled from the input scale (XD_SCALE) and recalculated using a root function. Then the value is linearly scaled to the output scale (OUT_SCALE).

6.2.2.4 Alarms

The Al block can generate block alarms and limit alarms. Use the ACK_OPTION parameter to specify if an alarm must be acknowledged. When the measured value status is "bad", the Al block BLOCK_ERR parameter indicates an Input Failure.

- Block alarms—a block error will be reported via the BLOCK_ERR parameter (simulate active, input failure, block configuration error, out of service (OOS)). The BLOCK_ALM parameter sends the alarm status to the control system.
- Limit alarms—the measured value OUT falls outside of the limit values (HI_HI_LIM, HI_LIM, LO_LIM, LO_LO_LIM).

If an alarm occurs, evaluate the following bus parameters:

- OUT parameter (currently measured value) in the Al block
- LAST_ERROR parameter in the transducer block
- SENSOFACE_STATUS parameter in the transducer block

6.2.2.5 Bus parameters for the analog input block

The bus parameters for the analog input function block (AI) are shown in **Table 9**.

Table 9 Bus parameters/analog input blocks (AI)

Parameter	Description	Default	R/W
ST_REV	Static Revision	0	R
TAG_DESC	TAG Description		R/W
STRATEGY	Strategy	0	R/W
ALERT_KEY	Alert Key	0	R/W
	Target		
MODE_BLK	Actual		R/W
MODE_BLK	Permitted	OOS, Auto	F/VV
	Normal	Auto	
BLOCK_ERR	Block Error		R
PV	Process Value		R
r v	Status		R
OUT	Measured Value		R
001	Status		R
	Simulate Status		R/W
	Simulate Value		R/W
SIMULATE	Transducer Status		R
	Transducer Value		R
	Simulate Enable / Disable		R/W
	High Range	100	R/W
XD_SCALE	Low Range	0	R/W
XD_SCALE	Units Index	0	R/W
	Decimal Point	0	R/W
	High Range	100	R/W
OUT SCALE	Low Range	0	R/W
OUI_SCALE	Units Index	0	R/W
	Decimal Point	0	R/W

Table 9 Bus parameters/analog input blocks (AI) (continued)

Parameter	Description	Default	R/W
GRANT_DENY	Grant	0	R/W
GRANT_DENT	Deny		
IO_OPTS	IO Block Options	0	R/W
STATUS_OPTS	Status Options		
CHANNEL	Channel	1	R/W
L_TYPE	Linearization Type	0	R/W
LOW_CUT	Low Cut Off	0	R/W
PV_TIME	Filter Time	0	R/W
FIELD VAL	Percent Value		R
FIELD_VAL	Status		R
	Unacknowledged	0	R/W
	Update State	0	R
UPDATE_EVT	Time Stamp	0	R
	Static Revision	0	R
	Relative Index	0	R
	Unacknowledged	0	R/W
DLOCK ALM	Alarm State	0	R
BLOCK_ALM	Time Stamp	0	R
	Sub-code	0	R
	Current	0	R
ALADM CUM	Unacknowledged	0	R
ALARM_SUM	Unreported	0	R
	Disabled	0	R/W
ACK_OPTION	Automatic Acknowledge Option	0	R/W
AIARM_HYS	Alarm Hysteresis	0.50%	R/W
HI_HI_PRI	High High Priority	0	R/W
HI_HI_LIM	High High Limit	INF	R/W
HI_PRI	High Priority	0	R/W
HI_LIM	High Limit	INF	R/W
LO_PRI	Low Priority	0	R/W

Table 9 Bus parameters/analog input blocks (AI) (continued)

Parameter	Description	Default	R/W
LO_LIM	Low Limit	-INF	R/W
LO_LO_PRI	Low Low Priority	0	R/W
LO_LO_LIM	Low Low Limit	-INF	R/W
	Unacknowledged	0	R/W
	Alarm State	0	R
HI_HI_ALM	Time Stamp	0	R
	Sub-code	0	R
	Value	0	R
	Unacknowledged	0	R/W
	Alarm State	0	R
HI_ALM	Time Stamp	0	R
	Sub-code	0	R
	Value	0	R
	Unacknowledged	0	R/W
	Alarm State	0	R
LO_ALM	Time Stamp	0	R
	Sub-code	0	R
	Value	0	R
	Unacknowledged	0	R/W
	Alarm State	0	R
LO_LO_ALM	Time Stamp	0	R
	Sub-code	0	R
	Value	0	R

6.2.2.6 Cyclic measured value status

The cyclic measured value status is shown in Table 10.

Table 10 Cyclic measured value status

Priority	Quality	Sub-status	Bin-coding (no limit bits)	Hex- coding
Low		Good Non-Specific	10 00 00 00	0 x 80
	Good	Good Active Advisory Alarm	10 00 10 xx	0 x 88
		Good Active Critical Alarm	10 00 11 xx	0 x 8C
		Uncertain Non-Specific	01 00 00 xx	0 x 40
		Last Usable Value (LUV)	01 00 01 xx	0 x 44
		Substitute-Set	01 00 10 xx	0 x 48
	Uncertain	Initial Value	01 00 11 xx	0 x 4C
		Sensor Conversion Not Accurate	01 01 00 xx	0 x 50
		Engineering Unit Violation	01 01 01 xx	0 x 54
		Sub-Normal	01 01 10 xx	0 x 58
		Non-Specific	00 00 00 xx	0 x 00
	Bad	Sensor Failure	00 01 00 xx	0 x 10
	Dau	Device Value	00 00 11 xx	0 x 0C
High		Out of Service	00 01 11 xx	0 x 1C

6.2.2.7 Measured value limits—limit bits

The respective status bit is set when a condition occurs (**Table 11**). The status bit is reset when the condition no longer exists.

Table 11 Limit bit description

Bin coding of limit bits	Description
00	OK
01	Low-limited
10	High-limited
11	Constant

6.2.3 Transducer block

The transducer block provides for acyclic data transmission. Calibration, configuration, and maintenance commands coming from the control station are processed in the Transducer Block. The bus parameters for the transducer block (TB) are shown in **Table 12** (default values are in bold type).

Table 12 Transducer block bus parameters

Parameter	Description	R/W	Bytes	Data type	Range
ST_REV	The revision of the static data associated with the function block. Used by the host to determine when to re-read the static data.	R	2		The revision value is incremented every time a static parameter in the block is changed.
TAG-DESC	The user description of the intended application of the block.	R/W	32		Default: Text
STRATEGY	The strategy field can be used to identify a grouping of blocks. Can be used for any purpose by the user.	R/W	2		Default: 0
ALERT_KEY	Identification number that may be used by the host system to sort alarms and other device information.	R/W	1		Default: 0

Table 12 Transducer block bus parameters (continued)

Parameter	Description	R/W	Bytes	Data type	Range
MODE_BLK	Allows the user to set the Target, Permitted, and Normal device mode. Displays the Actual mode. Target Actual Permitted	R/W R R/W R/W	1 1 1		Available modes: Automatic, Out Of Service (OOS), Manual
	Normal				
BLOCK_ERR	Reflects the error status associated with the hardware or software of the block. It is a bit string so multiple errors may be shown.	R	2		
UPDATE_EVENT	Unacknowledged Update State Time Stamp Static Rev Relative Index	R	1 1 8 2 2		Default: 0
BLOCK_ALM	Unacknowledged Alarm State Time Stamp Subcode Value	R	1 1 8 2 1		Default: 0

Table 12 Transducer block bus parameters (continued)

Parameter	Description	R/W	Bytes	Data type	Range
TRANSDUCER_ DIRECTORY	Directory that specifies the number and the starting indices of the transducers in the transducer block.	R	4		
TRANSDUCER_TYPE	Identifies the transducer type.	R	2		Default: 65535 = other
XD_ERROR	A transducer block sub-code. XD_ERROR contains the highest priority alarm that has been activated in the TB_DETAILED_STATUS parameter.	R	1		Default: 0
COLLECTION_ DIRECTORY	A directory that specifies the number, starting indices, and DD item of IDs of the data collection in each transducer within a transducer block. Used by the host for efficient transfer of information.	R	36		
Output	•	•	•	•	
SENSOR_CONNECTION	Selects the connection of the sensor	R/W	1	uns8	0 = 2 wire

Table 12 Transducer block bus parameters (continued)

Parameter	Description	R/W	Bytes	Data type	Range
PRIMARY_VALUE	Shows the primary value and status Value Status	R	4	DS_65	
PRIMARY_VALUE_TYPE	Selects the displayed primary value	R/W	1	uns8	$0 = 0.000 \ \mu S/cm$ $1 = 00.00 \ \mu S/cm$ $2 = 000.0 \ \mu S/cm$ $3 = 0000 \ \mu S/cm$ $4 = 0.000 \ m S/cm$ $5 = 00.00 \ m S/cm$ $6 = 000.0 \ m S/cm$ $7 = 0.000 \ S/m$ $8 = 00.00 \ S/m$ $9 = 00.00 \ MΩ \ cm$ 10 = SAL 11 = 00.00% 12 = USP

Table 12 Transducer block bus parameters (continued)

Parameter	Description	R/W	Bytes	Data type	Range
CONCENTRATION	Selects the solution used for concentration measurement.	R/W	2	uns8	1 = -01- NaCl 2 = -02- HCl 3 = -03- NaOH 4 = -04- H ₂ SO ₄ 5 = -05- HNO ₃
Temperature					
SECONDARY_VALUE_2	Process temperature value and status Value Status	R R	4	DS_65	
SECONDARY_VALUE_ UNIT_2	Degree C or degree F. Changes the unit of temperature being displayed and transmitted.	R/W	2	uns16	1001 = °C 1002 = °F
TEMP_SENSOR_TYPE	Type of temperature sensor. The value entered must correspond to the temp. sensor being used.	R/W	2	uns16	128 = Pt100 200 = Pt1000 1000 = NTC30 1001 = NTC8.55

Table 12 Transducer block bus parameters (continued)

Parameter	Description	R/W	Bytes	Data type	Range	
TEMP_COMPENSATION	Selects the temperature compensation	R/W	1	uns8	0 = TC OFF 1 = TC LIN 2 = TC nLF 3 = pure water (NaCl) 4 = pure water (HCl) 5 = pure water (NH3)	
TEMP_COEFFICIENT	Sets the temperature coefficient if the TEMP_COMPENSATION is set to Lin	R/W	4	float	00.00 to 19.99%/ K Default: 2.00%/ K	
TEMP_WIRE_IMPEDANCE	Sets the wire impedance of the temp. sensor. Typically 0 unless the wire of the sensor gets too long	R/W	4	float	Default: 0 Ω	
TEMP_SENSOR_CAL	Desired temperature reading, used for temperature measurement calibration.	R/W	4	float	-10 to +10K Default: 0	
Calibration	Calibration					
CELL_CONSTANT	Sets the cell constant.	R/W	4	float	0 to 20.00 Default: 1.0	
CAL_SAMPLE_PRD	Starts the 1st part of conductivity product calibration.	R/W	1	uns8	0 = Nop 1 = Sample	

Table 12 Transducer block bus parameters (continued)

Parameter	Description	R/W	Bytes	Data type	Range
CAL_SAMPLE_PRD_ STORED_VAL	Shows the stored value of the first step of conductivity product calibration	R		float	Default: 0 if step 1 of product calibration was not started
CAL_PRODUCT	Sets the value for the 2nd part of conductivity product calibration.	R/W	4	float	Default: 0.0
Alert	•				
HOLD	Sets the device to HOLD mode.	D/M/	1	uns8	0 = Off
HOLD	Sets the device to HOLD mode.	17/11	'		1 = On
SENSOCHECK	Enables or disables Senso-	R/W	1	uns8	0 = Off
SENSOCILER	check.	1 (/ V V	'	unso	1 = On
ALARM LED MODE	Sets the LED to HOLD mode.	R/W	1	uns8	0 = Off
ALARM_LLD_MODE	Sets the LLD to HOLD mode.	17/11	'	uliso	1 = On
LAST ERROR	Shows the last error.	R	2	uns16	0100
LAST_LIKKOK	Shows the last enoi.	IX.	2	ulisio	Default: 0 = None
SENSOFACE STATUS	Shows the current status of the	R	1	uns8	0 = Good
SLINSOI ACL_STATOS	Sensoface.	IX.	'	uliso	2 = Bad
Identification and local parameter setting					
SW_REV_LEVEL	Software revision number	R	2	uns16	
HW_REV_LEVEL	Hardware revision number	R	1	uns8	

6.2.4 Calibration via Foundation Fieldbus

The transmitter can be calibrated via Foundation Fieldbus using the comparison or grab sample method.

- Make sure the system is configured for conductivity or resistivity (PRIMARY_VALUE_TYPE = μS/cm, mS/cm, S/m or MΩ/cm).
- Collect a grab sample and set CAL_SAMPLE_PRD to sample. The conductivity value of the sample is stored. After writing, the parameter is automatically reset to NOP (no operation).
- Read the parameter CAL_SAMPLE_PRD_STORED_VAL. It contains the stored value.
- Measure the grab sample and write the lab value in CAL_PRODUCT. The device is now calibrated. The CAL_SAMPLE_PRD_STORED_VAL parameter is reset to zero.

Section 7 Operation—Profibus PA

The following section describes how to navigate and operate the si792x C-PA Profibus-PA transmitter. The transmitter can be operated as follows:

- direct interface with the transmitter (section 7.1)
- remote operation from the control station (section 7.2 on page 63)

Note: Calibration must be completed by direct interface with the transmitter.

7.1 Configuration

Use the configuration mode to specify the sensor, range and other parameters for the system.

7.1.1 Configuration steps

- Press MEAS + CAL and enter 1200 to enter the configuration mode.
- Use the arrow and enter keys to change the settings. All settings and options are shown in section 7.1.2.

To exit the configuration mode at any time, press **MEAS + CAL** and then **ENTER**. The Hold mode will be active for 20 seconds and then the measured value will be displayed.

Note: During configuration the transmitter remains in the Hold mode for safety reasons. The Sensoface icon is inactive. The configuration mode indicator is displayed (**Figure 10 on page 31**).

Operation—Profibus PA

7.1.2 Configuration menu

Select t	Select the sensor					
OFIL	2-electrode sensor (default)					
CELL	4-electrode sensor					
Select t	he range and units					
	0.000 μS/cm					
	00.00 μS/cm					
	000.0 μS/cm					
	0000 μS/cm	Conductivity				
	0.000 mS/cm					
	00.00 mS/cm					
	000.0 mS/cm (default)					
	0.000 MΩ/cm					
	00.00 MΩ/cm	Resistivity				
	000.0 MΩ/cm					
	000.0 SAL	Salinity (SAL)				
Select t	emperature unit					
	°C (default)					
	°F					
Select t	emperature sensor					
	PT100 (default for EU v	PT100 (default for EU version)				
	PT1000 (default for standard version)					
	30 NTC	30 NTC				
	100 NTC	100 NTC				
	busEXT (external temp during measurement; manual temp during calibration, °C)					

Operation—Profibus PA

7.1.2 Configuration menu (continued)

Select temperature compensation ¹					
	OFF	Temperature compensation turned off			
		Linear temperature compensation			
		Enter temperature coefficient:			
	LIN (default)	Range: 0-19.99%/K (default: 2.00%/K)			
		Reference temperature = 25 °C			
tc		Enter temperature coefficient 02.00%/K (default) (xx.xx%/K)			
	nLF	Natural waters (to EN 27888)			
	-01- FCT	Ultrapure water with NaCl traces			
	-02- FCT	Ultrapure water with HCl traces			
	-03- FCT	Ultrapure water with NH ₃ traces			
Select Sensocheck					
	CHECK ON	Continuous Sensocheck evaluation of sensor function			
	CHECK OFF (default)				
Enter Prof	Enter Profibus address ²				
Edit	0126 BUS (default)	Range: 0001–0126			

¹Temperature compensation is not available for salinity.

7.2 Profibus PA communication

Profibus uses a master/slave data exchange technique. The master (typically a PLC) generates queries to individual slaves. The slaves, in turn, reply back with a response to the master. A Profibus message contains the information required to send a query or request, including the slave address, function code, data, and a checksum. See **Table 13** on page 64 for Profibus communication parameters in case of errors.

²Use only when there is no bus connection. The transmitter will restart and set all parameters to default values. Individual settings must be entered once more.

Table 13 PROFIBUS communication

Cause	No. of binary message	Analog input status	Physical Block (PB) Global status	Text of binary message (default)	Logbook (default)
Factory settings defective	1	0000 11xx	Failure	ERR SYSTEM	Yes
Configuration data defective, Gaincheck	2	0000 11xx	Failure	ERR PARAMETERS	Yes
Memory error (RAM, ROM, EPROM)	3	0000 11xx	Failure	ERR MEMORY	Yes
Cond, sal range violation	4	0101 01xx	Failure	ERR MEAS VALUE	Yes
Conductance range violation	5	0100 0111 0100 1111	Failure	ERR COND VALUE	Yes
Temp range violation Temperature probe	6	0100 0111 0100 1111	Failure	ERR TEMP VALUE	Yes
Sensocheck	7	0100 0111 0100 1111	Failure	CHK SENSOR	Yes
Cell constant	8	1010 01xx	Maintenance req.	CHK SLOPE	Yes
Calibration	9	0100 0111 0100 1111	Function check	CAL RUNNING	Yes
Configuration	10	1010 00xx	Function check	CONF RUNNING	Yes

Table 13 PROFIBUS communication (continued)

Table 13 PROFIBOS confinitation (continued)					
Cause	No. of binary message	Analog input status	Physical Block (PB) Global status	Text of binary message (default)	Logbook (default)
HOLD (Device state = Maintenance)	11	0100 0111 0100 1111	Function check	HOLD	х
HI_HI_LIM FB analysis Cond/MO/SAL	12	1000 1110	Limit 1 Bit 1	HI_HI_LIMIT COND HI_HI_LIMIT MOcm HI_HI_LIMIT SAL	
HI_LIM FB analysis Cond/MO/SAL	13	1000 1010	Limit 1 Bit 2	HI_LIMIT COND HI_LIMIT MΩ cm HI_LIMIT SAL	
LO_LIM FB analysis Cond/MO/SAL	14	1000 1001	Limit 1 Bit 3	LO_LIMIT COND LO_LIMIT MΩ cm LO_LIMIT SAL	
LO_LO_LIM FB analysis Cond/MO/SAL	15	1000 1101	Limit 1 Bit 4	LO_LO_LIMIT COND LO_LO_LIMIT MOcm LO_LO_LIMIT SAL	
HI_HI_LIM FB temperature	16	1000 1110	Limit 2 Bit 1	HI_HI_LIMIT TEMP	
HI_LIM FB temperature	17	1000 1010	Limit 2 Bit 2	HI_LIMIT TEMP	
LO_LIM FB temperature	18	1000 1001	Limit 2 Bit 3	LO_LIMIT TEMP	

Table 13 PROFIBUS communication (continued)

Table 101 Not iboo communication (continued)					
Cause	No. of binary message	Analog input status	Physical Block (PB) Global status	Text of binary message (default)	Logbook (default)
LO_LO_LIM FB temperature	19	1000 1101	Limit 2 Bit 4	LO_LO_LIMIT TEMP	
Logbook empty	20	Function check		EMPTY LOGBOOK	

Section 8 Calibration

8.1 Calibration

Important Note: Stabilize the temperature during calibration.

Note: Only qualified personnel should conduct the tasks described in this section of the manual.

The transmitter is adjusted to the sensor through the calibration. Use the following methods and passcodes for calibration as described in **Table 14**.

Table 14 Methods and passcodes for calibration

Method	Passcode
Display zero/slope	0000
Enter cell constant	1100 ¹
Calibration with a known calibration solution	01102
Calibration by product comparison/grab sample	1105 ²
Temperature sensor calibration	1015

¹ For si792(x) C only.

During calibration the transmitter remains in the Hold mode for safety reasons. The loop current is frozen at the value specified in the o1.HoLD menu option. The Sensoface icon is inactive. The calibration mode indicator is displayed (Figure 10 on page 31).

To exit the calibration mode at any time, press **CAL** and then **ENTER**. The output current will be held for 20 seconds and the measured value will be displayed.

² Not available with si792x C-PA.

Calibration

8.1.1 Enter cell constant

- Press CAL and enter passcode: 1100, ENTER. CAL CELL will be displayed for 3 seconds.
- Use the UP ARROW and RIGHT ARROW to enter the value of the cell constant of the connected sensor. The conductivity value will be displayed also.

Note: For Hach or GLI contacting conductivity sensors, the cell constant is usually printed on a tag with the sensor wiring.

Note: A cell constant change will change the conductivity value.

Note: If the entry of the cell constant takes longer than 6 seconds, the display will alternate between showing the conductivity and the temperature value.

- Press ENTER to save the value.
- The transmitter displays the cell constant value and CELL. Press ENTER.
- The transmitter remains in HoLD mode. Press ENTER again.
 The transmitter remains in HoLD mode for approximately 20 seconds after calibration and returns to the measure mode.

Note: Repeat entry of the cell constant when "Err" is displayed.

8.1.2 Calibration with a calibration solution

Note: Stabilize the temperature during calibration.

- Press CAL, enter passcode: 0110, ENTER. CAL SOL will be displayed for 3 seconds. The transmitter is ready for calibration.
- 2. Remove and clean the sensor.
- Immerse the sensor in the calibration solution. Use the UP ARROW and RIGHT ARROW to enter the value of the calibration solution. If temperature compensation is OFF, refer to Appendix A on page 81

to determine the temperature-corrected conductivity value of the calibration solution.

Note: If the entry of the calibration solution value takes longer than 6 seconds, the display will alternate between showing the cell constant and the temperature value.

- 4. Press ENTER to save the value.
- The display will show the new cell constant value and CELL. Press ENTER.
- 6. The transmitter remains in HoLD mode. Press ENTER again.

The transmitter remains in HoLD mode for approximately 20 seconds after calibration and returns to the measure mode.

Note: Repeat the calibration when "Err" is displayed.

Note: The si792x C-PA transmitter cannot be calibrated by this method.

8.1.3 Calibration by comparison or grab sample

The sensor can be calibrated by measuring the process water with a portable instrument or taking a grab sample and measuring its value in the lab (one-point calibration). The sensor does not need to be removed from the process during this calibration. The sample temperature should correspond to the measured process temperature for accurate results.

- Press CAL, enter passcode: 1105, ENTER. The display will briefly show CAL PRD and then StorE.
- Measure the process water and press ENTER to proceed. The current value will be stored, which will be compared to the value obtained with the lab or portable meter.

The cal mode indicator will flash to indicate that calibration has not been completed. The transmitter will continue to measure and display the current sample values.

Calibration

- 3. Measure the grab sample with a laboratory or portable meter.
- Press CAL, enter passcode: 1105, ENTER to access the product calibration once more. The display will briefly show CAL PRD and then CALC.
- Edit the displayed value to match the value measured by the laboratory or portable meter and press ENTER. The newly calculated cell constant will be displayed.
- Press ENTER to end the calibration. The display will show the measured value alternating with Hold.

Press **ENTER** to return to the measuring mode. The outputs will remain in the hold mode for approximately 20 seconds.

Note: For comparison calibration via Foundation Fieldbus, see section 6.2.4 on page 60.

Note: The si792x C-PA transmitter cannot be calibrated by this method.

8.2 Temperature sensor adjustment

- Press CAL, enter passcode: 1015, ENTER. CAL TMP will be displayed for 3 seconds. The transmitter is ready for calibration.
- 2. Measure the process temperature with a thermometer.
- Use the UP ARROW and RIGHT ARROW to enter the value of the measured temperature from the external thermometer.
- 4. Press ENTER to save the value.
- 5. The transmitter remains in HoLD mode. Press ENTER again.

The transmitter remains in HoLD mode for approximately 20 seconds after calibration and returns to the measure mode.

Note: Repeat the calibration when "Err" is displayed.

Section 9 Maintenance



DANGER

Explosion hazard. Only qualified personnel should conduct the tasks described in this section of the manual.

DANGER

Electrostatic hazard. Follow the instructions in Electrostatic Discharge (ESD) Considerations on page 20 before conducting any maintenance tasks.

9.1 Cleaning the instrument

Use only a moistened antistatic, lint-free cloth to remove dust, dirt and spots from the external surfaces of the transmitter. Use a mild household cleaner if necessary.

9.2 Sensor maintenance

Refer to the user manual supplied with each sensor for specific cleaning requirements.

Maintenance

Section 10 Troubleshooting

10.1 Sensoface

The Sensoface feature is active whenever Sensocheck is active. This feature monitors the sensor for defects in the sensor or cable, and indicates the maintenance status of the sensor (see **Table 15**).

Table 15 Sensoface description

Sensoface	Description		
••	The sensor is operating properly.		
••	The operation of the sensor is acceptable.		
•••	The sensor is no longer usable. Replace the sensor.		

10.2 Sensocheck

Sensocheck monitors the sensor and its wiring, detects polarization and monitors the cable capacitance. When problems are detected, the error message "Err 33" is displayed, along with an icon corresponding to the type of problem (see **Table 16**).

Sensocheck can be switched off during configuration and Sensoface is also disabled.

Note: For confirmation a Sensoface is displayed after a calibration setting.

Note: Sensocheck should be switched off when a fast response time (t_{90}) is required.

Table 16 Error descriptions

Display	Problem	Description
4 ::	Sensor is defective	Make sure that the correct sensor is installed and that it is operating correctly. Check sensor connection or replace cables. Make sure that there are no Polarization effects at the sensor. Refer also to Err 33, Table 17.
	Temperature error	Make sure that the measured temperature is within the range of the temperature compensation table (temperature compensation, concentration, salinity).

10.3 Error codes

Table 17 describes transmitter errors and parameter-specific errors.

Table 17 Error codes

Code	Description	Corrective action	
ERR 01		Make sure that the entered cell constant is correct.	
		Make sure that the range setting is correct.	
	measured value flashes; the sensor is not operating properly	Make sure that the SAL value is < 45 % (parts per thousand).	
		Test the sensor connection or replace cables.	
		Make sure that the correct USP limit was entered	
ERR 02	measured value flashes; the measured conductance is > 3500 mS	Make sure that the conductance range is < 3500 mS	

Table 17 Error codes (continued)

Code	Description	Corrective action		
ERR 03		Test the temperature sensor wiring.		
	Temperature sensor icon	Make sure that the correct temperature sensor was selected in the configuration menu. For Hach GLI 3400 series sensors use Pt1000.		
	flashes; open or short circuit; temperature range exceeded	Measure the resistance of the temperature sensor in the sensor to make sure of a correct reading. For Hach GLI 3400 series sensors, the resistance between blue and white wires should be 1089 to 1106 ohms at 23–27 °C.		
ERR 11	Current output icon flashes; current is below 3.8 mA	Measure the loop power supply voltage to the transmitter.		
ERR 12	Current output icon flashes; current is above 20.5 mA	Measure the loop power supply voltage to the transmitter.		
ERR 13	Current output icon flashes; reading range value set too large or too small	Make sure that the 4–20 mA output range settings cover a wide enough range and are correct (see section 5.2.2 on page 39).		

Table 17 Error codes (continued)

Code	Description	Corrective action	
	Consorbook ison floobook	Make sure that the correct sensor is installed and that it is operating correctly.	
	Sensocheck icon flashes; Sensoface icon active (see section 10.2)	Check sensor connection or replace cables.	
ERR 33	000000111012)	Make sure that there are no Polarization effects at the sensor.	
	Temperature icon flashes; Sensoface icon active (see section 10.2)	Make sure that the temperature is within the range of the temperature compensation table (temperature compensation, concentration, salinity).	
ERR 98	CONF flashes; configuration or calibration data is defective. Memory error in the program.	Reconfigure and calibrate the device.	
ERR 99	FAIL flashes; EEPROM or RAM defective	Return to the factory for repair and calibration.	

10.4 Diagnostic tests

Function	Description		
View the output current From the measuring mode, press ENTER . The output current will show in the main display for five seconds, return to measuring mode.			
View calibration data	From the measuring mode, press CAL and enter passcode '0000'. The cell constant will show in the main display. After 20 seconds, the transmitter will return to the measuring mode, or press ENTER to return immediately to the measuring mode.		

10.4 Diagnostic tests (continued)

Function	Description		
View sensor monitor	From the measuring mode press CONF and enter passcode '2222' for the validation of the sensor and a complete measured-value processing. The measured resistance is shown in the main display and the measuring temperature is shown in the lower display. Press ENTER to return immediately to the measuring mode.		
View the last error message	From the measuring mode, press CONF and enter passcode '0000'. The last error message will show for 20 seconds, or press ENTER to return immediately to the measuring mode. After viewing the error, the message will be deleted.		
	From the measuring mode, press CONF and enter passcode '5555'. The measured current will show in the secondary display. The output current in the main display can be modified.		
	To change the output current:		
Specify output	Select the current value with the RIGHT ARROW key.		
current	2. Edit the number using the UP ARROW key.		
	Press ENTER to confirm. The entered value will show in the secondary display. The transmitter will remain in Hold mode.		
	To exit Hold mode, press CONF, then ENTER to return to measuring mode.		

Section 11 Replacement parts

11.1 si792 transmitter versions

Description	Catalog number
Standard versions—default set for Hach 3400 sensors (not available in EU)	
si792 C, contacting conductivity, CID2	LXV501.99.70012
si792x C, contacting conductivity, CID1; ATEX Zone 1	LXV501.99.70112
si792x C-PA, contacting conductivity, CID1; ATEX Zone 1	LXV501.99.76112
si792x C-FF, contacting conductivity, CID1; ATEX Zone 1	LXV501.99.77112
EU versions—default set for sensors with PT100 (available in EU only)	
si792 C, contacting conductivity, CID2	LXV501.99.70002
si792x C, contacting conductivity, CID1; ATEX Zone 1	LXV501.99.70102
si792x C-PA, contacting conductivity, CID1; ATEX Zone 1	LXV501.99.76102
si792x C-FF, contacting conductivity, CID1; ATEX Zone 1	LXV501.99.77102

11.2 Accessories

Description	Catalog number
Panel-Mount Installation Kit, si792	LZY484
Pipe-Mount Installation Kit, si792	LZY483
Protective Hood, si792	LZY485
User Manual, si792 C contacting conductivity, English	DOC026.53.00795
Complete Documentation CD, si792 series	DOC086.98.00794

Replacement parts

Appendix A Calibration solutions

Table 18 Potassium chloride solutions (conductivity in mS/cm)

Temperature		Concentration ¹		
°C	°F	0.01 mol/L	0.1 mol/L	1 mol/L
0	32	0.776	7.15	65.41
5	41	0.896	8.22	74.14
10	50	1.02	9.33	83.19
15	59	1.147	10.48	92.52
16	60.8	1.173	10.72	94.41
17	62.6	1.199	10.95	96.31
18	64.4	1.225	11.19	98.22
19	66.2	1.251	11.43	100.14
20	68	1.278	11.67	102.07
21	69.8	1.305	11.91	104
22	71.6	1.332	12.15	105.94
23	73.4	1.359	12.39	107.89
24	75.2	1.386	12.64	109.84
25	77	1.413	12.88	111.8
26	78.8	1.441	13.13	113.77
27	80.6	1.468	13.37	115.74
28	82.4	1.496	13.62	
29	84.2	1.524	13.87	
30	86	1.552	14.12	
31	87.8	1.581	14.37	
32	89.6	1.609	14.62	
33	91.4	1.638	14.88	
34	93.2	1.667	15.13	
35	95	1.696	15.39	
36	96.8		15.64	

¹Data source: K. H. Hellwege (Editor), H. Landolt, R. Börnstein: Zahlenwerte und Funktionen ..., volume 2, part. volume 6

Calibration solutions

Table 19 Sodium chloride solutions (mS/cm)

Temperature		Concentration		
°C	°F	0.01 mol/L ¹	0.1 mol/L ¹	Saturated ²
0	32	0.631	5.786	134.5
1	33.8	0.651	5.965	138.6
2	35.6	0.671	6.145	142.7
3	37.4	0.692	6.327	146.9
4	39.2	0.712	6.51	151.2
5	41	0.733	6.695	155.5
6	42.8	0.754	6.881	159.9
7	44.6	0.775	7.068	164.3
8	46.4	0.796	7.257	168.8
9	48.2	0.818	7.447	173.4
10	50	0.839	7.638	177.9
11	51.8	0.861	7.831	182.6
12	53.6	0.883	8.025	187.2
13	55.4	0.905	8.221	191.9
14	57.2	0.927	8.418	196.7
15	59	0.95	8.617	201.5
16	60.8	0.972	8.816	206.3
17	62.6	0.995	9.018	211.2
18	64.4	1.018	9.221	216.1
19	66.2	1.041	9.425	221
20	68	1.064	9.631	226
21	69.8	1.087	9.838	231
22	71.6	1.111	10.047	236.1
23	73.4	1.135	10.258	241.1
24	75.2	1.159	10.469	246.2
25	77	1.183	10.683	251.3
26	78.8	1.207	10.898	256.5
27	80.6	1.232	11.114	261.6
28	82.4	1.256	11.332	266.9

Calibration solutions

Table 19 Sodium chloride solutions (mS/cm) (continued)

Temperature		Concentration		
°C	°F	0.01 mol/L ¹	0.1 mol/L ¹	Saturated ²
29	84.2	1.281	11.552	272.1
30	86	1.306	11.773	277.4
31	87.8	1.331	11.995	282.7
32	89.6	1.357	12.22	288
33	91.4	1.382	12.445	293.3
34	93.2	1.408	12.673	298.7
35	95	1.434	12.902	304.1
36	96.8	1.46	13.132	309.5

¹Data source: Test solutions calculated according to DIN IEC 746-3

²Data source: K. H. Hellwege (Editor), H. Landolt, R. Börnstein: Zahlenwerte und Funktionen ..., volume 2, part. volume 6

Calibration solutions

Appendix B Concentration curves

B.1 Sodium chloride solution -01- NaCl

Refer to Figure 13 for the conductivity of sodium chloride solution at various concentrations and temperatures.

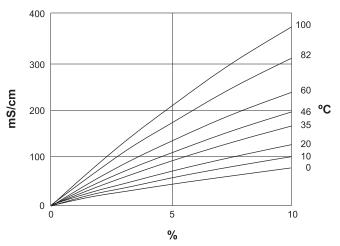


Figure 13 The concentration of sodium chloride solution -01- NaCl (weight %)

B.2 Hydrochloric acid -02- HCl

Refer to Figure 14 for the conductivity of hydrochloric acid (HCl) at various concentrations and temperatures.*

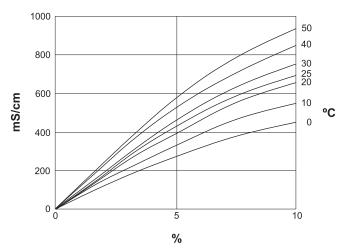


Figure 14 The concentration of hydrochloric acid -02- HCl (weight %)

Source: Haase/Sauermann/Dücker; Z. phys. Chem. New Edition, Vol. 47 (1965)

B.3 Sodium hydroxide solution -03- NaOH

Refer to Figure 15 for the conductivity of sodium hydroxide solution (NaOH) at various concentrations and temperatures.

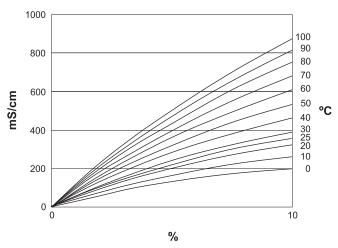


Figure 15 The concentration of sodium hydroxide solution -03- NaOH (weight %)

B.4 Sulfuric acid -04- H₂SO₄

Refer to Figure 16 for the conductivity of sulfuric acid at various concentrations and temperatures.*

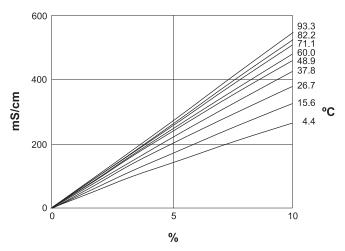


Figure 16 The concentration of sulfuric acid -04- H₂SO₄ (weight %)

Source: Darling; Journal of Chemical and Engineering Data; Vol.9 No.3, July 1964

B.5 Nitric acid -05- HNO₃

Refer to Figure 17 for the conductivity of nitric acid at various concentrations and temperatures.*

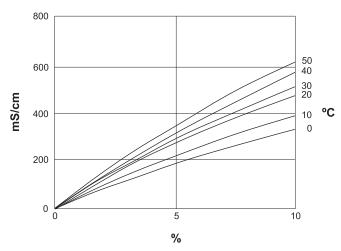


Figure 17 The concentration of nitric acid -05- HNO₃ (weight %)

Source: Haase/Sauermann/Dücker; Z. phys. Chem. New Edition, Vol. 47 (1965)

Appendix C Passcode editor

For applications requiring compliance to FDA 21 CFR Part 11, certain device functions must be protected with passcodes. Passcodes can be changed in the passcode editor. If passcode protection is not required, use the preset passcodes (Table 20).

To activate the passcode editor:

- Press CONF.
- Enter 1989, the administrator passcode. The initial screen will show for approximately 3 seconds, then proceed to the next function.
- 3. Use the ARROW keys to change the passcode.
- Press ENTER to proceed to the next function. Press CONF to exit the passcode editor. Refer to Table 20 for default passcodes.

Table 20 Default passcode settings

Display	Function		Default setting	
Cal INFO	Calibration information		0000	
CAL CELL	Calibration mode for si792x C-PA		1100	
CAL SOL	Calibration with standard solution		0110 ¹	
CAL PROD	Product calibration		1105 ¹	
CAL RTD	Temperature sensor adjustment		1015	
CFG ERR	Error information		0000	
CFG CONF	Configuration mode		1200	
CFG SNSR MO	Sensor monitor		2222	
CFG OUT	Current source		5555	
CFG SPCL ST	Administrator passcode. Use ARROW keys to select NO or YES		1989	
NO SPCL ST	Do not change administrator passcode	Press ENTER to return to the default passcode		
	auministrator passcode	Press CONF to exit the editor		
YES SPCL ST	Change administrator passcode	Press ENTER to accept the new passcode		
		Press CONF to exit the editor		

Passcode editor

1 Not available with si792x C-PA

Important Note: The passcode editor cannot be accessed without the administrator passcode. Record changes in a secure location. It is not possible to override this system if the passwords are lost. The unit must be exchanged. Contact technical support for assistance.

22 mA signal	37
4–20 mA output	
error notification	37
A	
assembly	
transmitter	18
audit trail	14
С	
calibration	67
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HACH COMPANY World Headquarters

P.O. Box 389, Loveland, CO 80539-0389 U.S.A. Tel. (970) 669-3050 (800) 227-4224 (U.S.A. only) Fax (970) 669-2932 orders@hach.com www.hach.com

HACH LANGE Sàrl

6, route de Compois 1222 Vésenaz SWITZERLAND Tel. +41 22 594 6400 Fax +41 22 594 6499

HACH LANGE GMBH

Willstätterstraße 11 D-40549 Düsseldorf Tel. +49 (0) 2 11 52 88-320 Fax +49 (0) 2 11 52 88-210 info@hach-lange.de www.hach-lange.de

