KONAN[®]

Download CAD drawings and PDF catalog data from the following website

URL=https://www.konan-em.com/

Pneumatic Bore size $\phi 40 \sim \phi 250$

Rotary actuator



Valve mounting interface : ISO5211 compliant.

Solenoid valve mounting interface : NAMUR compliant.

Option Information

We provide extensive options that flexibly meet various devices and environment surrounding the rotary actuator for total system design. These options work effectively not only as single components but also in combinations.



eatures



Extensive options

Many models with various options are now available as standard.

They meet versatile requirements for total system establishment.



Light weight and compact design

Employment of die-cast aluminum into main

components and unique body shapes achieves the lightweight and compact design.



Complying with NAMUR standards

Solenoid valve mounting interface and optional actuator top mounting interface comply with NAMUR standards

(VDI/VDE3845).



NAMUR-compliant solenoid valve mounting interface



Oilless operation

High-quality lubrication-free materials are used as piston sliding packing and sliding materials for bearing to maintain the high reliability in the non-lubrication operation.

Spring cartridge

This system makes it possible to change the operation from single-acting type to double-acting type and vice versa.

The single-acting type is structured to obtain the same output torque as that of the double-acting type in the air operation mode. (Patented)



For operation of large-diameter valve (TA-200·TW-250)

Reliable actuator technologies backed with experiences for a long time enables firm and safe automatic operations of any large-diameter valves.



Scotch voke driving system

The scotch yoke mechanism which is compact yet allows high-efficient driving is employed. Both TA-200 and TW-250 exhibit the optimal torque characteristics for valve control requiring the maximum torque at the rotation beginning and final ends.

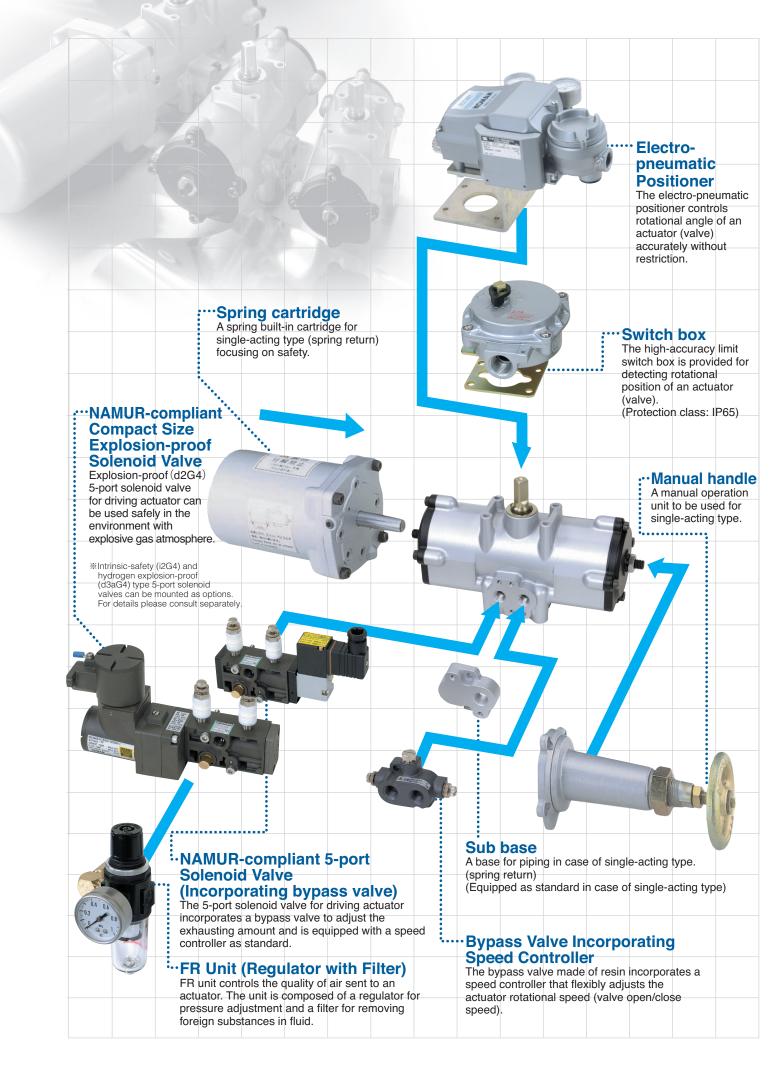
Abundant optional devices

Abundant optional devices have been standardized. The total system helps valve automatic operations.

Connection method

The yoke or coupling-free direct mount system is employed for connection to valves.

- TA-200 employs a female angle conforming to ISO standards.
- TW-250 employs a female key socket system conforming to ISO standards.





		TA2 シリーズ						TA	TW
Bore size	0402	050	063	080	100	125	160	200	250
Drive system	Rack and pinion		Scotch yoke						
Operation									
type	Sir	ngle-acting	type (R/L))	Single-acting type (R2/L2)			Single-acting type (R)	-
[Option]	-	Single-acting type with manual handle (RM/LM) Single-acting type with manual handle (RM2/LM2)					ndle (RM2/LM2)	_	-
			Р.	10~P106	3			P108 ~	-P111
Page							-		

1 Option: Double-acting type ϕ 040 \sim 160

Option code	General solenoid valve	FR unit	Switch box	Speed controller /bypass valve	Explosion-proof solenoid valve	Electro -pneumatic positioner	Pneumatic -pneumatic positioner	Intrinsic-safety solenoid valve	Р	age on catalogue
09				•					P26	
30	•								P30	
31	•	•							P36	
32	•		•						P42	
33	•	•	•						P48	
34			•						P54	
35			•	•					P60	
36					•				P64	
37		•			•				P70	
38						063 or higher			P76	
42							063 or higher		P80	
Other				0		0			_	_
combinations		0						0	_	_

2 Option: Single-acting type ϕ 040 \sim 160

Option code	General solenoid valve	FR unit	Switch box	Explosion-proof solenoid valve	Electro -pneumatic positioner	Pneumatic -pneumatic positioner	Intrinsic-safety solenoid valve	Р	age on catalogue
30	•							P30	
31	•	•						P36	
32	•		•					P42	
33	•	•	•					P48	
34			•					P54	
36				•				P64	
37		•		•				P70	
39					063 or higher			P76	
42						063 or higher		P80	
Other							0	_	
combinations		0					0	_	

3 Option: Single-acting type with manual handle ϕ 050 \sim 160

Option code	General solenoid valve	FR unit	Switch box	Explosion-proof solenoid valve	Electro -pneumatic positioner	Pneumatic -pneumatic positioner	Intrinsic-safety solenoid valve	Р	age on catalogue
30	•							P30	
31	•	•						P36	
32	•		•					P42	
33	•	•	•					P48	
34			•					P54	
36				•				P64	P84
37		•		•				P70	
39					063 or higher			P76	
42						• 063 or higher		P84	
Other							0	_	
combinations		0					0	_	

Pneumatic Rotary Actuators and Systems General Handling Instructions and Precautions

Please read the following general handling instructions and precautions carefully before ordering rotary actuators.

Safety Precautions

References:

JIS B9702: Safety of machinery_ principles of risk assessment JIS B8370: Pneumatic fluid power_general rules relating to systems



Following information is based on a risk assessment for Konan pneumatic rotary actuators (hereafter referred to as actuator). Each section provides information essential for safe operation of the actuators and prevention of risk and damage that may affect operators. Please read carefully.

1) Selection of actuator

1.1 Shock and mechanical safety

Rotary actuator is an actuator to rotate loads by means of pneumatic pressure. It is often used for high-speed operation systems and equipment with heavy loads. In order to enable safe operation of a system incorporating the actuator, it is essential to select appropriate type and size of actuator for the load and motion energy as well as take into consideration the load connection method.

In particular, if motion energy of the load is high (large mass and high-speed operation), appropriate type and size of actuator must be selected.

For example, rotating loads with large inertial force such as dampers may cause damage to internal components of the actuator and connection components that may affect operators and surrounding mechanical systems.

1.2 Output torque characteristics of actuator

Output torque of an actuator is provided by multiplying the internal piston output (supply pressure & piston area) and length of piping. The characteristics of output torque differ depending on the mechanism that converts the linear action of internal piston into rotating action.

In concrete, in the pneumatic double-acting type and rack-andpinion mechanism type actuators the output torque increases constantly within the whole rotation range, while in the scotchyoke type the torque is minimum at the center of rotation angle and increases as the rotation angle comes closer to both ends. Selection of an actuator should be made with a torque suitable

for operating the load.

1.3 Load factor and redundant safety

Output torque of an actuator is provided by multiplying the internal piston output (supply pressure & piston area) and length of piping. In order to get sufficient speed (dynamic output), select the actuator size so that the load factor to the output torque indicated in the catalogue becomes no more than 70%.

In case the actuator plays a significant part of the system functionality or that it is used with conditions in which routine maintenance is difficult, the system should be designed to lower the actuator load factor.

For example, selecting a larger size actuator will reinforce impact resistance.

1.4 Mechanical back-up

For securing safe operation of an actuator even in case of entire error of functions involving pneumatic pressure, select a spring offset actuator (hereafter single-acting type actuator) or take other measures to maintain the operation by means of different energy sources.

1.5 Entire safety consideration

Select the actuator model and size in a comprehensive planning and design process of a pneumatic control system, taking into consideration the direct performance requirement as well as the safety in various conditions, including installation, adjustment, full-scale operation, failure, and disposal.

2 Design of load interface to actuator

2.1 Connection with loads

Install the actuator so that thrust load and transverse load are not applied to the spindle.

Apply an independent stopper to the rotational axis on the load side in order to prevent axial movement. (Do not use the spindle of the actuator as a stopper.)

Ensure that the load has sufficient insertion length into the spindle, or the mating surface pressure increases to enlarge clearance, which may cause failure in the load positioning.

(3) Actuator installation

Actuators have precise operational functions and are used for applications with versatile conditions and environment. It is therefore sometimes difficult to assume all concerned risks or risk factors when designing an actuator. In such cases the actuator function and performance may be deteriorated in a period shorter than the maintenance period set by the manufacturer.

In order to avoid the risks, install the actuator as instructed below.

3.1 Maximum rotation speed

Do not use the actuator with the speed over the maximum rotation speed indicated in the catalogue. Depending on the shape of loads the actuator may be collapsed by inertial force.

3.2 Installation site

Install an actuator in a place where setting and maintenance is easy.

3.3 Operating procedure

Conduct actuator operations test for any abnormality before connection with loads. Then connect loads and check for thrust load and transverse load to the spindle, air leakage from the connection ports, and other abnormalities before installation into the system. If no abnormalities are found, then check the entire system operation.

3.4 Prevention of abrupt rotation of actuator

If an actuator is not in the position under control of a directional control valve at air supply after installation or during maintenance, it may rapidly shift to the control position. In order to avoid this risk, install a slow-start valve at the IN port of the directional control valve.

3.5 Indication

If an actuator nameplate cannot be seen due to installation environment, place an alternative indication near the actuator.

3.6 Residual pressure

An actuator should be installed taking into consideration the risks for sudden blowout of compressed air and unintended operation due to air pressure remaining in the actuator even after exhaustion of air.

3.7 Training

A sufficiently trained person should be responsible for installation and maintenance of an actuator. (Konan provides training for operation and maintenance of pneumatic components. Feel free to contact our sales personnel for details.)

4 Maintenance of actuator

Maintenance should be performed in accordance with the following steps. Feel free to contact our sales personnel for separate maintenance manual.

4.1 Daily inspection

- 1) Exhaust drain from the air filter.
- During operation of the system, observe the actuator visually and acoustically from a safe place for loosening of screws and other external abnormalities as well as abnormal noise.

Inspection should also be performed while the system is not in operation without exhausting pressure for: loosening of screws; external air leakage; and air leakage from exhaust port of the directional control valve and piping joint.

4.2 Periodical inspection

Following periodical inspection should be conducted byannually or annually.

- 1) Precise inspection should be performed after electric/ pneumatic shut-down and the status recorded. Repair should be performed if necessary.
- 2) Overhaul should be performed in the 2nd annual inspection and components exchanged as specified or if necessary. The overhaul should also be performed when the actuator operational cycle reaches 100,000 cycles even before two years from the date of last inspection.

4.3 Residual energy

Maintenance requiring actual operation of a system should be performed after pneumatic/electric shut-down and exhaustion of all residual electrical charge and compressed air from the system. Make sure the movable components do not move during the maintenance, and mechanically fix them if necessary for safety. Care should also be taken for components that may drop out during the maintenance operation and components with sharp edges to ensure safety.

4.4 Removing actuator

Before removing or disassembling the actuator, make sure to disconnect the power supply (electricity and compressed air) and release residual pressure in the equipment and piping thoroughly.

For single-acting type actuator make sure that the spindle is

positioned with the spring elongated.

For the actuator with manual operating mechanism also make sure that the spindle is positioned with the spring elongated. When removing a spring unit of single-acting type, loosen the adjustment screw completely before removal, avoiding stopper or piston force to be applied to the screw.

4.5 Communication

If multiple persons are involved in the maintenance operation, keep all the personnel informed about the conditions including power-off, completion of residual pressure exhaustion, poweron, and resumption of air supply.

(5) Actuator installation

1.Actuator installation site

Use of an actuator at the following sites requires compliances with special functional specifications and regulations. Consult our sales personnel in the planning process for anything unclear.

- 1) Operating conditions not within the specified range
- 2) Significant risk for users, properties, or environment is anticipated

Eg: Use for nuclear power plants, vehicles, medical components, components related to the Occupational Health and Safety Law and/or the High Pressure Gas Safety Law, etc.

Users Instructions



(1) Caution 1 Transport of actuator

1.1 Weight

Heavy-weight actuators should be transported with the aid of conveyer equipment. Actuator weight can be confirmed by referring to Konan Rotary Actuator Catalogue and product drawings. Qualified personnel should be responsible for the operation of forklift truck, crane, or slinging according to the regulations and company safety code.

Care should also be taken for transport of light-weight actuators not to cause actuator component deformation and other damage.

1.2 Dropping

During lifting or horizontal transportation of an actuator, handle the actuator carefully not to drop or damage.

1.3 Dust prevention

Plastic plug is attached to the actuator connection ports to prevent dusts and rusts from entering the actuator. Do not remove the plug until immediately before piping. If the plug is lost, take a protection measure with alternative cover.

1.4 Dust prevention for single-acting type

When a single-acting type actuator is used outdoors or at such a place where it is exposed to water splash or much powder dust, prevent the breathing port of spring cover from entry of water or dust.

Care must be taken not to close up the breathing port at installation.



2 Storage

2.1 Storage during transport

If an actuator is to be installed where it is exposed to wind and rain or other adverse environment, transport the actuator to the specified site just before installation. If the actuator is to be stored at the installation site by necessity, keep it packed and protect with a sheet cover. In such case make sure to shorten the storage period as much as possible.

2.2 Storage

An actuator should be stored as follows to prevent contamination and material deterioration.

- 1) Avoid high temperature and humidity as well as places with dusts and moisture.
- 2) If an actuator is to be stored for more than 1 year, keep it packed or provide equivalent protection.
- 3) Long-term storage may result in sticking of packings due to shortage of lubrication. In such cases, conduct preconditioning operation of the actuator before regular use.
- 4) After a long period of storage, permanent deformation, change of size, or deterioration of packings would be a concern. After such storage period, conduct an actuator operation test. If any abnormalities are found, perform an overhaul or exchange deformed/deteriorated components as appropriate and connection portions fastened tightly. After start of operation, inspect the connections in a periodical manner to check any loose parts or deformation and re-fasten screws.



3 Surrounding environment

3.1 Vibration/shock

- 1) If an actuator is to be used in a place where it is exposed to excessive shock or vibration, confirm acceleration rate and other conditions before consulting our sales personnel.
- 2) If the actuator is used in a place where vibration is a concern, ensure the actuator is firmly fixed at the setting and connection portions fastened tightly. Particularly, if the actuator is to be used frequently, take into consideration the fatigue resistance.
- 3) After start of operation, inspect the connection portions in a periodical manner to check any loose parts or deformation and re-fasten screws. Loose parts may cause unintended motion of the actuator, significantly affecting operators and surrounding systems.

Pneumatic Rotary Actuators and Systems General Handling Instructions and Precautions

3.2 Handling during installation

Rough handling of an actuator may diminish regular performance of the actuator. For example, riding on, hammering or dropping the actuator may cause damage and deformation of the actuator components. Slight deformation of the actuator body diameter will result in malfunction. Also, bending or deformation of spindle will damage packings, causing air leakage.

3.3 Surrounding environment

Environment surrounding an actuator should be considered carefully. Avoid places where the actuator is exposed to rain and wind, direct sunlight, salt, corrosive gas, chemical fluids, organic solvents, steam, etc. Corrosion resistance measure can be taken depending on the environment. Feel free to contact our sales personnel for details.

3.4 Working temperature

Use an actuator with specified range of ambient/working temperature and supply pressure.

- 1) Temperature of compressed air around an air compressor may become high, which may cause deterioration of packings or malfunction of the actuator.
- 2) In a place where temperature is close to 0°C, remove moisture in the compressed air with an air dryer. If the dehumidification is not performed, significant amount of moisture may freeze inside the actuator to cause malfunction.



Warning 4 Safety measures

4.1 Operation space

Secure sufficient operation space for safe installation and maintenance of an actuator. This should be considered sufficiently, since in many cases a pneumatic control system is installed after completion of a main system. Ensuring safety is the first and foremost priority.

4.2 Mechanical safety

1) Intrinsic safety

Make sure to avoid significant damage to operators by contact with movable, heated or energized components (squashing, dragging, blow, cutting, burn, electric shock, etc.).

2) Safety measures

Put protection cover to the spindle and other movable components during the system operation to prevent operators from approaching. Take utmost care not to insert arms, hands, or fingers into the system.

3) Safety system

If setting of a protection cover or other safety measures cannot be taken due to the functional problem of the system, add equipment that prevents or stops operation of the actuator when people come closer.

4.3 Constraint during operation

Before connecting an actuator and a load, firmly fix the both in order to avoid unintended movement due to gravity or operational work.

4.4 Weight

See Section 1.1 of the Users Instructions.

4.5 Residual energy

See Section 4.3 of the Safety Precautions.

4.6 Other

- 1) Care should be taken for risks related to actuator system operation such as: sudden blowout of compressed air; unintended operation of the actuator due to residual pressure after exhaustion of air inside the system; and abrupt rotation of actuator just after restarting air supply.
- 2) Pressurize the exhaust side cylinder chamber before activation of the actuator. If the operation is started with the chamber filled in atmospheric pressure, the load will be abruptly rotated.



Warning 5 Use of actuator

5.1 Modification

Do not modify an actuator. Unexpected risk may arise.

5.2 Load connection

Install the actuator so that thrust load and transverse load are not applied to the spindle.

Apply an independent stopper to the rotational axis on the load side in order to prevent axial movement. (Do not use the spindle of the actuator as a stopper.)

Ensure that the load has sufficient insertion length into the spindle, or the mating surface pressure increases to enlarge clearance, which may cause failure in the load positioning.

5.3 Working pressure

Do not use the actuator with the pressure over the maximum working pressure, which may cause damage to the components or malfunction.

In order to ensure smooth operation and stable output torque, do not use the actuator with the pressure less than the minimum working pressure.

5.4 Dust prevention of single-acting type

When a single-acting type actuator is used outdoors or at such a place where it is exposed to water splash or much powder dust, prevent the breathing port of spring cover from entry of water or dust.

Care must be taken not to close up the breathing port at installation.

5.5 Disassembly of single-acting type spring ass'y

Never attempt to disassemble a spring ass'y of single-acting type actuator. If disassembled forcibly, internal parts may jump out. If any disassembly is necessary, contact our sales personnel.

5.6 Shock absorption using external shock absorber

Generally, shock-absorbing mechanism is not incorporated in the actuator. With the load with high motion energy (large mass and high operation speed), internal components of actuator may be damaged. In such case, it is necessary to slow down the operation speed or mount external rubber cushions or other shock absorbers.

External shock absorbers should have appropriate absorption characteristics as well as suitable connection surface and connection stand with sufficient strength and rigidness.

5.7 External operation

In the event it is necessary to rotate the actuator with spanners and other tools for system adjustment, do not apply static load over the maximum output torque to the spindle.



Caution 6 Actuator adjustment

6.1 Adjustment of rotation angle

Adjustment of rotation angle is made by an adjustment screw after loosening the locknut. Make sure to tighten the locknut after adjustment to secure the adjustment screw. Avoid stopper or piston force to be applied to the screw during adjustment.

6.2 Adjustment of rotation speed

As an actuator needs adjustment of rotation speed, install a speed control valve to restrict the exhausting air from the actuator port (meter-out control).

- 1) Do not reverse flow direction of a speed controller.
- 2) Konan standard SC6 series speed controller has an adjustment screw. When it is turned clockwise, the speed decreases to become zero (valve closed). When the screw is then turned counterclockwise, the actuator speed increases corresponding to the number of screw revolution.
- 3) For safety, fully close the speed controller before air supply, then pressurize and gradually increase the actuator speed using a directional control valve.
- 4) After adjustment, firmly fasten the locknut of adjustment screw.



Caution Intermediate stop of actuator

Because of the small volume of movable parts, an actuator cannot be stopped intermediately by controlling with a 3-position closed-center type directional control valve. If necessary, an actuator with optional positioner should be selected. Consult our sales personnel for detailed specifications of the actuator with positioner.

General Handling Precautions



An actuator can be used without lubrication.6.3 Selection of oilless solenoid valve

8.1 Overhaul of oilless actuator

- 1) Before overhaul of an actuator contact our sales personnel for grease used after the overhaul. Use specified grease after overhaul of an oilless actuator.
- 2) A greased oilless actuator can be lubricated but the grease will be exhausted. Although durability is enhanced after the lubrication, continual lubrication will be required.

8.2 Lubrication

- 1) Use JIS K 2213 (ISO VG32 or VG46) type turbine oil for lubrication using a lubricator.
- 2) Spray volume of a lubricator is determined by the number of oil drops (typically 0.03 cm³ per drop or 1.5 to 2.5 drops per 1 m³ of air).

8.3 Centralized lubrication

In principle 1 lubricator should be used for 1 actuator. Lubricating multiple actuators may result in uneven oil supply to each actuator, particularly if there are differences in the operation frequency, pipe length, size, and installation height of the actuators. By grouping the actuators with similar conditions, centralized lubrication can be achieved.



Reference 9 Actuator system control

9.1 Sequence control

Follow the below steps for sequence control of an actuator.

- 1) Detect the position.
- 2) Interlock the control of other actuators in the system.
- 3) If operation is stopped in the middle of sequence, make sure to restart the operation from the stopped position safely. If impossible, manually control the actuator to return to the starting position.
- 4) Set a sequence starting position at which movable components do not move after air exhaustion.

9.2 Power failure and pneumatic pressure failure

- 1) In case of power failure or emergency stop of an actuator operation, ensure the actuator at operation stops or shifts to a safe position. Care should be taken not to damage personnel or equipment after recovery of the power failure or the system operation. Indicate procedure to recover power failure.
- 2) In order to complete a cycle operation even in case of pneumatic pressure failure, reserve sufficient amount of pneumatic pressure in an air tank.
- 3) In case of the system shut-down due to emergency stop or power failure, avoid damage to personnel or equipment when restarting the actuator operation after power recovery or system reset.



If dropout of a workpiece due to pneumatic pressure drop in an actuator-driven clamp system is anticipated, use a singleacting type actuator.



Warning 11 Lifting system

Do not use an actuator for elevators transporting people.

Warning

Residual pressure exhaustion

Follow the below for exhaustion of residual pressure inside a pneumatic control system at installation or maintenance.

- 1) Use a manual control valve for exhaustion of residual pressure.
- 2) Place manometers, pressure switches, and other residual pressure indicators at each section with residual pressure.
- 3) In a sequence control system, make sure to centrally control all related residual pressure exhaustion. If this is impossible, indicate the place and switching condition of the

air exhaustion equipment with a tag.

- 4) If allowing separate maintenance of each cylinder chamber, install a 3-port manual valve or other residual pressure exhaustion valve at the inlet or outlet of the directional control valve.
- 5) In a system circuit using a check valve, pilot type check valve and closed-center directional control valve, exhaust residual pressure separately or indicate warnings for residual pressure, as air may be contained even the system is not in operation.
- 6) Indicate the residual pressure exhaustion valve in the system circuit drawing.



Reference (13 Circuit and piping

13.1 Pressure drop

In a pneumatic control system with long pipes at the and or entrance of the system, sufficient pressure may not be supplied due to pressure drop. Piping thus should be designed properly, or supplementary air tank should be installed to secure supply pressure if the actuator is operated intermittently.

13.2 Air filtration

Air supplied to an actuator should be filtrated by a filter with nominal filtration rating of no more than 40 □m to remove solid contaminants. Exhaust liquid drain or oil through the filter or drain separator after sufficient cooling of the air. Exposure to contaminated, high temperature compressed air may deteriorate packings or other components, making the product life significantly shorter.

13.3 Piping

- 1) Do not remove the plastic plug and keep the actuator packed until just before piping in order to prevent dusts and rusts from entering the actuator during storage or installation. Use galvanized pipe for steel tube piping and remove dusts after screwing.
- 2) Before connection, clean the pipes by air flushing or washing to remove internal dusts, moisture, and oil.
- 3) If a seal tape is used for screwing, wrap the tape around twice or three times in a direction opposite to the screwing direction, leaving 1.5 to 2 threads from the screw edge.
- 4) For piping works using tapered male thread joints or steel tubes, use sealing materials such as seal tape and fasten to adhere tightly to the threads. Do not use wrenches and spanners that are excessively large for the joint or those with long extended handle. Do not step on the wrench/ spanner to fasten the pipe. Excessive fastening may result in collapse of screws. In case of 6A to 25A (Rc1/8 to 1) size tapered male screws, 4 to 5 threads should be screwed. For operators with little experiences, an exercise before actual piping is recommended.



For actuators with special specifications like below, consult our sales personnel and inform the conditions for use.

- 1) Use with carbon dioxide gas or nitrogen gas
- 2) Use under conditions with high/low temperature or high radiant heat
- 3) Use at a place with ozone or salt and underwater
- 4) Externally washed as part of a sanitary system



15 Disposal Warning

- 1) Do not incinerate an actuator for disposal. It may explode or emit poisonous gas.
- 2) Check the material of each component of an actuator with catalogue or operation manual for segregation disposal. Konan actuators do not include materials indisposable as general industrial waste.
- 3) Do not dispose single-acting type spring ass'y. Return the ass'y to Konan or contact our sales personnel. Forcible disassembly may cause dangerous dropping out of parts.



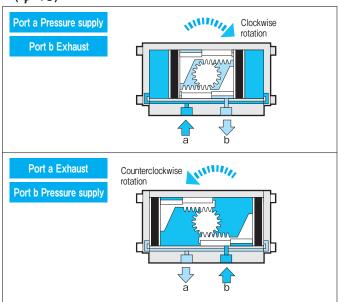
Specifications

Bore size [mm]	φ 40	φ 50	φ 63	φ 80	φ 100	φ 125	φ 160	
Operating fluid		Compressed air						
Operating pressure		0.3 ~ 0.7MPa						
Proof pressure		1.05MPa						
Operating temperature	− 5 ~ 6	$-5\sim60^\circ$ C (In case of 5 $^\circ$ C or less, ensure to be removed any water contained for prevention of freezing.)						
Output torque		Please re	efer to the "Ta	ble of Output	Torque" (P2	2 ~ P24)		
Rotating angle		90°						
Operating speed		Max.90° /1s				Max.90° /3s		
Angle adjustment range	_	± 5° both end						

Operation

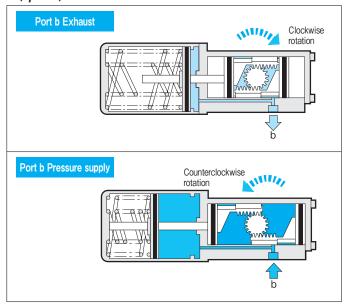
Double-Acting Type [Type D]

 $\langle \phi 40 \rangle$

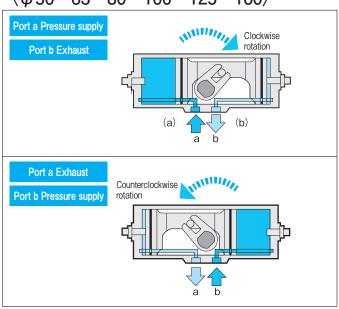


Single-Acting Type [Type R] (Spring Return)

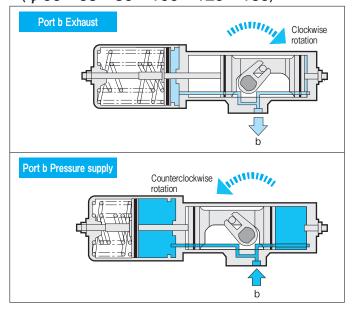
 $\langle \phi 40 \rangle$



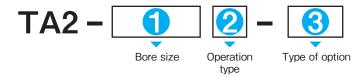
 $\langle \phi 50 \cdot 63 \cdot 80 \cdot 100 \cdot 125 \cdot 160 \rangle$



 $\langle \phi 50 \cdot 63 \cdot 80 \cdot 100 \cdot 125 \cdot 160 \rangle$



Model Code

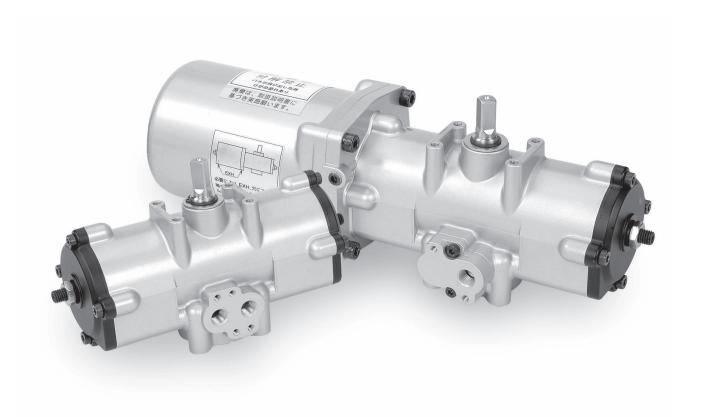


1 Bore size [mm]			
φ 40	0402		
φ 50	050		
φ 63	063		
φ 80	080		
φ 100	100		
φ 125	125		
φ 160	160		

2 Operation type						
Double-Acting Type	φ 40 ~ φ 160	D				
Single-Acting Type / Clockwise	φ 40 ~ φ 80	R				
rotation by a spring	φ 100 ~ φ 160	R2				
Single-Acting Type / Counterclockwise \	φ 40 ~ φ 80	L				
rotation by a spring	φ 100 ~ φ 160	L2				

3 Type of option	
Basic Type	00
Remarks: For the details of procedure, refer to the corresponding pages to the corresponding pages to the corresponding pages.	options respectively.

Please refer to the list on P4 and P5.

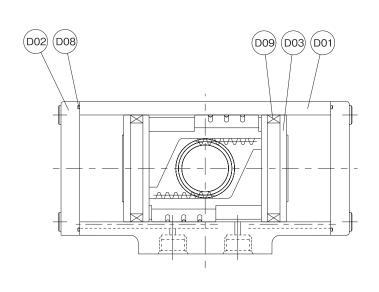


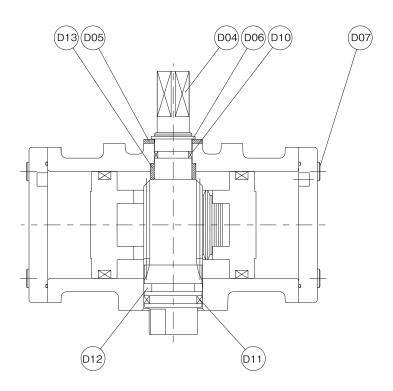


Internal Structure

 $\langle \phi | 40 \rangle$

Double-Acting Type [Type D]

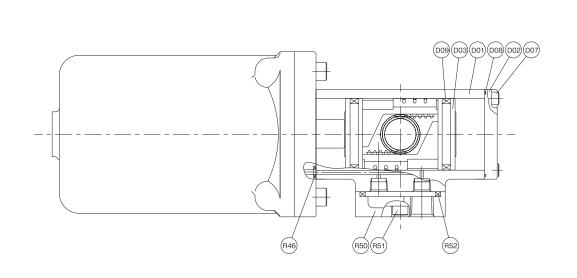


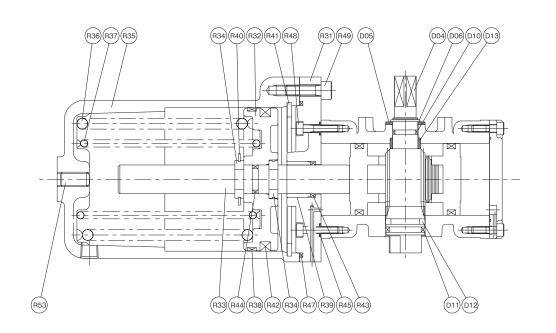


Part No.	Name	Mterial	Qty.
D01	Body	ADC12	1
D02	Flange	ADC12	2
D03	Piston	Zn	2
D04	Spindle	S45C	1
D05	Plain Washer	Resin	1
D06	Retaining Ring	SUP	1
D07	Hex. Socket Head Cap Screw	SCM435	8
D08	Flange Gasket	NBR	2
D09	Piston Packing	NBR	2
D10	Gasket	NBR	1
D11	Gasket	NBR	1
D12	Ring	Resin	1
D13	Bush	C3604	1

Internal Structure (φ 40)

Single-Acting Type [Type R] (Spring Return)





Part No.	Name	Mterial	Qty.
D01	Body	ADC12	1
D02	Flange (A)	ADC12	1
D03	Piston (A)	Zn	2
D04	Spindle	S45C	1
D05	Plain Washer	Resin	1
D06	Retaining Ring	SUP	1
D07	Hex. Socket Head Cap Screw	SCM435	4
D08	Gasket	NBR	1
D09	Piston Packing	NBR	2
D10	Gasket	NBR	1
D11	Gasket	NBR	1
D12	Ring	Resin	1
D13	Bush	C3604	1

Part No.	Name	Mterial	Qty.
R31	Flange (B)	ADC12	1
R32	Piston (B)	ADC12	1
R33	Piston Rod	S45C	1
R34	Key	SS400	2
R35	Spring Cover	ADC12	1
R36	Spring (A)	SWP	1
R37	Spring (B)	SWP	1
R38	Wear Ring	Resin	1
R39	Bush (C)	SBK1218	1
R40	Retaining Ring	SUP	1
R41	Retaining Ring	SUP	1
R42	Piston Packing (B)	NBR	1
R43	Rod Packing	NBR	1

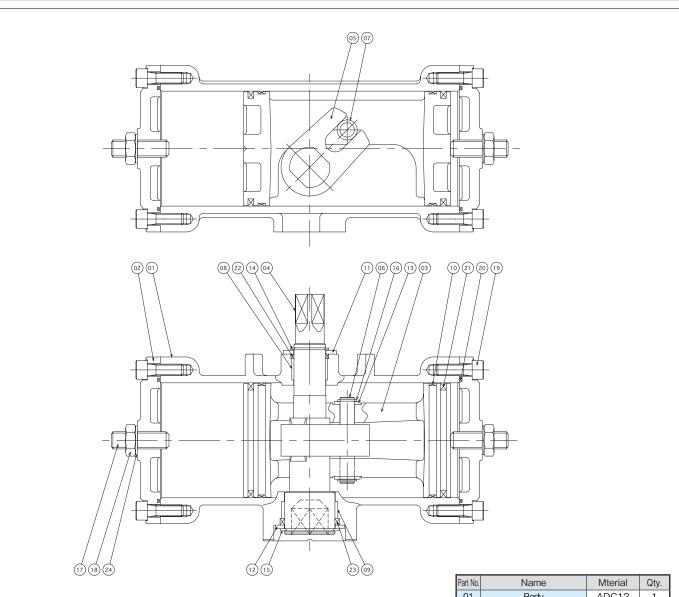
Part No.	Name	Mterial	Qty.
R44	Rod Gasket	NBR	1
R45	Gasket	NBR	4
R46	Gasket	NBR	2
R47	Flange Gasket (B)	NBR	1
R48	Hex. Socket Head Cap Screw	SCM435	4
R49	Hex. Socket Head Cap Screw	SCM435	4
R50	Plate	ADC12	1
R51	Hex. Socket Head Cap Screw	SCM435	2
R52	Gasket	NBR	1
R53	Hexagon Socket Set Screw	SCM435	1

These drawings show the "R type".For structural drawings of "L type", contact us.

Internal Structure

 $\langle \phi 50 \cdot 63 \cdot 80 \cdot 100 \rangle$

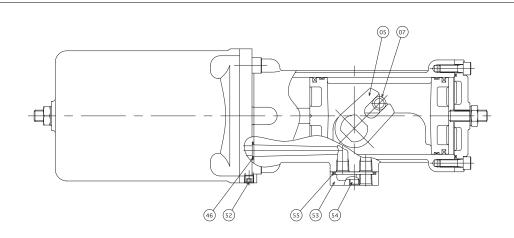
Double-Acting Type [Type D]

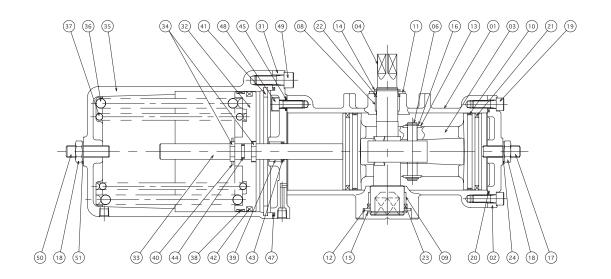


Part No.	Name	Mterial	Qty.
01	Body	ADC12	1
02	Flange	ADC12	2
03	Piston	ADC12	1
04	Spindle	S45C	1
05	Arm	Sintered Metal	1
06	Pin	SUM24L	1
07	Ring	S45C	1
80	Bush (A)	Resin	1
09	Bush (B)	Resin	1
10	Wear Ring	Resin	2
11	Plain Washer (A)	SPCC	1
12	Plain Washer (B)	SS400	1
13	Plain Washer (C)	SS400	2
14	Retaining Ring (A)	SUP	1
15	Retaining Ring (B)	SUP	1
16	Retaining Ring (C)	SUP	2
17	Hexagon Socket Set Screw	SCM435	2
18	Hexagon Nut	SUS	2
19	Hex. Socket Head Cap Screw	SCM435	8
20	Flange Gasket	NBR	2
21	Piston Packing	NBR	2
22	Spindle Packing (A)	NBR	1
23	Spindle Packing (B)	NBR	1
24	Seal Washer	NBR,SS	2

Internal Structure 〈φ 50 · 63 · 80〉

Single-Acting Type [Type R] (Spring Return)





Part No.	Name	Mterial	Qty.
01	Body	ADC12	1
02	Flange	ADC12	1
03	Piston	ADC12	1
04	Spindle	S45C	1
05	Arm	Sintered Metal	1
06	Pin	SUM24L	1
07	Ring	S45C	1
80	Bush (A)	Resin	1
09	Bush (B)	Resin	1
10	Wear Ring	Resin	2
11	Plain Washer (A)	SPCC	1
12	Plain Washer (B)	SS400	1
13	Plain Washer (C)	SS400	2
14	Retaining Ring (A)	SUP	1
15	Retaining Ring (B)	SUP	1
16	Retaining Ring (C)	SUP	2
17	Hexagon Socket Set Screw	SCM435	1
18	Hexagon Nut	SUS	2
19	Hex. Socket Head Cap Screw	SCM435	4
20	Flange Gasket	NBR	1
21	Piston Packing	NBR	2
22	Spindle Packing (A)	NBR	1
23	Spindle Packing (B)	NBR	1
24	Seal Washer	NBR,SS	1

33 Piston Rod S45C 1 SS400 2 34 Key 35 ADC12 Spring Cover 1 36 Spring (A) SWC 1 Spring (B) 37 SWC 1 38 Wear Ring Resin 1 39 Bush (C) SBK1218 1 40 Retaining Ring SUP Retaining Ring SUP 41 1 42 Piston Packing (B) NBR Rod Packing 43 NBR 1 44 Rod Gasket NBR 1 NBR 4 45 Gasket 46 Gasket NBR 1 Flange Gasket (B) 47 NBR 1 SCM435 48 Hex. Socket Head Cap Screw 4 49 Hex. Socket Head Cap Screw SCM435 4 50 Hexagon Socket Set Screw SCM435 1 51 Conical Spring Washer S50CM 1 52 Socket Plug S45C 1 53 Plate ADC12 1 SCM435 2 54 Hex. Socket Head Cap Screw 55 Gasket NBR 1

Name

Flange (B)

Piston (B)

Mterial

ADC12

ADC12

Qty.

1

1

Part No.

31

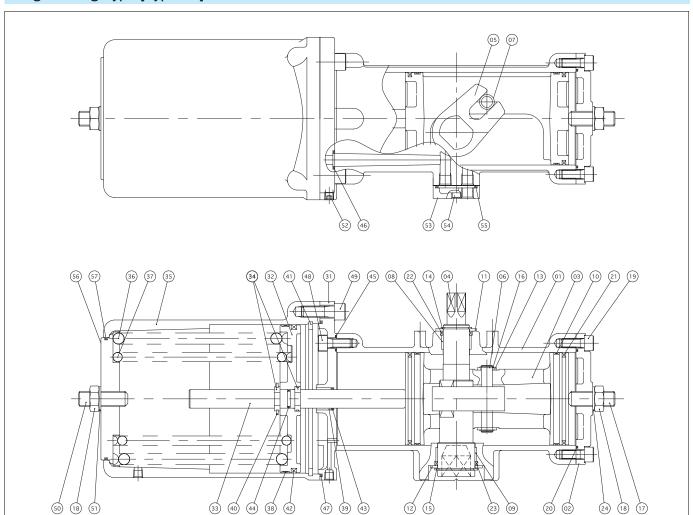
32

These drawings show the "R type".
 For structural drawings of "L type", contact us.

Internal Structure

 $\langle \phi 100 \rangle$

Single-Acting Type [Type R2] (Spring Return)



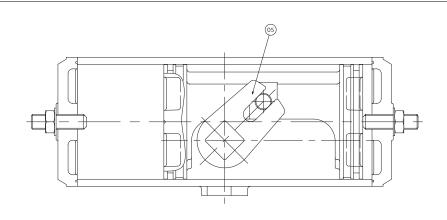
Part No.	Name	Mterial	Qty.
01	Body	ADC12	1
02	Flange	ADC12	1
03	Piston	ADC12	1
04	Spindle	S45C	1
05	Arm	Sintered Metal	1
06	Pin	SUM24L	1
07	Ring	S45C	1
80	Bush (A)	Resin	1
09	Bush (B)	Resin	1
10	Wear Ring	Resin	2
11	Plain Washer (A)	SPCC	1
12	Plain Washer (B)	SS400	1
13	Plain Washer (C)	SS400	2
14	Retaining Ring (A)	SUP	1
15	Retaining Ring (B)	SUP	1
16	Retaining Ring (C)	SUP	2
17	Hexagon Socket Set Screw	SCM435	1
18	Hexagon Nut	SUS	2
19	Hex. Socket Head Cap Screw	SCM435	4
20	Flange Gasket	NBR	1
21	Piston Packing	NBR	2
22	Spindle Packing (A)	NBR	1
23	Spindle Packing (B)	NBR	1
24	Seal Washer	NBR,SS	1

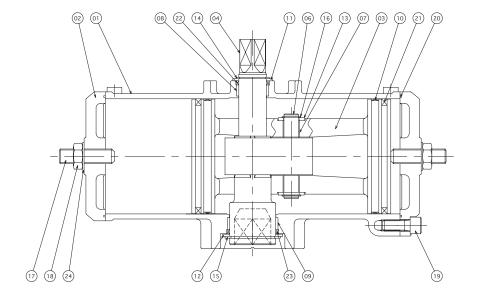
■ These drawings show the "R2 type" . For structural drawings of "L2 type" , contact us.

Part No.	Name	Mterial	Qty.
31	Flange (B)	ADC12	1
32	Piston (B)	ADC12	1
33	Piston Rod	S45C	1
34	Key	SS400	2
35	Spring Cover	ADC12	1
36	Spring (A)	SWC	1
37	Spring (B)	SWC	1
38	Wear Ring	Resin	1
39	Bush (C)	SBK1218	1
40	Retaining Ring	SUP	1
41	Retaining Ring	SUP	1
42	Piston Packing (B)	NBR	1
43	Rod Packing	NBR	1
44	Rod Gasket	NBR	1
45	Gasket	NBR	4
46	Gasket	NBR	1
47	Flange Gasket (B)	NBR	1
48	Hex. Socket Head Cap Screw	SCM435	4
49	Hex. Socket Head Cap Screw	SCM435	4
50	Hexagon Socket Set Screw	SCM435	1
51	Conical Spring Washer	S50CM	1
52	Socket Plug	S45C	1
53	Plate	ADC12	1
54	Hex. Socket Head Cap Screw	SCM435	2
55	Gasket	NBR	1
56	Spring seat	S25C	1
57	O-ring	NBR	1

Internal Structure (φ 125 · 160)

Double-Acting Type [Type D]



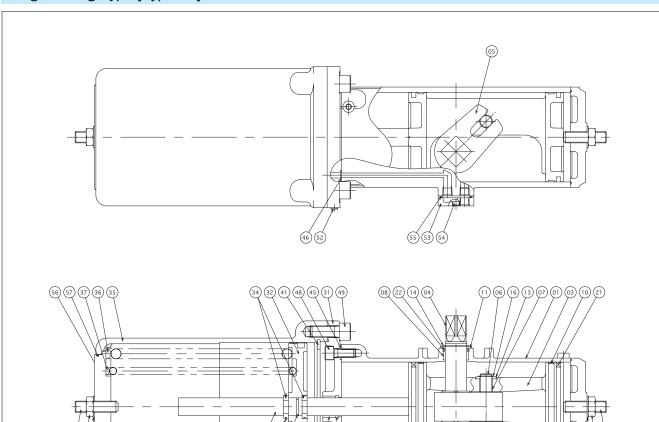


Part No.	Name	Mterial	Qty.
01	Body	ADC12	1
02	Flange	ADC12	2
03	Piston	ADC12	1
04	Spindle	S45C	1
05	Arm	Sintered Metal	1
06	Pin	SUM24L	1
07	Bush (A)	Resin	2
08	Bush (B)	Resin	1
09	Bush (C)	Resin	1
10	Wear Ring	Resin	2
11	Plain Washer (A)	SPCC	1
12	Plain Washer (B)	SPCC	1
13	Plain Washer (C)	SS400	2
14	Retaining Ring (A)	SUP	1
15	Retaining Ring (B)	SUP	1
16	Retaining Ring (C)	SUP	2
17	Hexagon Socket Set Screw	SCM435	2
18	Hexagon Nut	SUS	2
19	Hex. Socket Head Cap Screw	SCM435	8
20	Flange Gasket	NBR	2
21	Piston Packing	NBR	2
22	Spindle Packing (A)	NBR	1
23	Spindle Packing (B)	NBR	1
24	Seal Washer	NBR,SS	2

Internal Structure

⟨φ 125 · 160⟩

Single-Acting Type [Type R2] (Spring Return)



			-
Part No.	Name	Mterial	Qty.
01	Body	ADC12	1
02	Flange	ADC12	1
03	Piston	ADC12	1
04	Spindle	S45C	1
05	Arm	Sintered Metal	1
06	Pin	SUM24L	1
07	Bush (A)	Resin	1
08	Bush (B)	Resin	1
09	Bush (C)	Resin	1
10	Wear Ring	Resin	2
11	Plain Washer (A)	SPCC	1
12	Plain Washer (B)	SPCC	1
13	Plain Washer (C)	SS400	2
14	Retaining Ring (A)	SUP	1
15	Retaining Ring (B)	SUP	1
16	Retaining Ring (C)	SUP	2
17	Hexagon Socket Set Screw	SCM435	1
18	Hexagon Nut	SUS	2
19	Hex. Socket Head Cap Screw	SCM435	4
20	Flange Gasket	NBR	1
21	Piston Packing	NBR	2
22	Spindle Packing (A)	NBR	1
23	Spindle Packing (B)	NBR	1
24	Seal Washer	NBR,SS	1

33 40 44 38 42 39 43 47

		33	rision nou	3430
	П	34	Key	SS400
	П	35	Spring Cover	AC4CH-T6
	П	36	Spring (A)	SUP9A
	П	37	Spring (B)	SWOSM
	П	38	Wear Ring	樹脂
	П	39	Bush (C)	SBK1218
	П	40	Retaining Ring	SUP
	П	41	Retaining Ring	SUP
	П	42	Piston Packing (B)	NBR
	П	43	Rod Packing	NBR
	П	44	Rod Gasket	NBR
	П	45	Gasket	NBR
	П	46	Gasket	NBR
1	П	47	Flange Gasket (B)	NBR
	П	48	Hex. Socket Head Cap Screw	SCM435
	П	49	Hex. Socket Head Cap Screw	SCM435
	П	50	Hexagon Socket Set Screw	SCM435
1	П	51	Conical Spring Washer	S50CM
	П	52	Socket Plug	S45C
	П	53	Plate	ADC12
	П	54	Hex. Socket Head Cap Screw	SCM435
		55	Gasket	NBR
		56	Spring seat	S25C
		57	O-ring	NBR
_				

23 (09)

Part No.

31

32

 \mathbb{T}

Name

Flange (B)

Piston (B)

Piston Rod

20 02 19 24 18 17

Mterial

AC4CH-T6

A5052-H112

S45C

Qty.

1

1

2

1

1

1

1

1

1

4 2

1

4

4

1

1

1

2

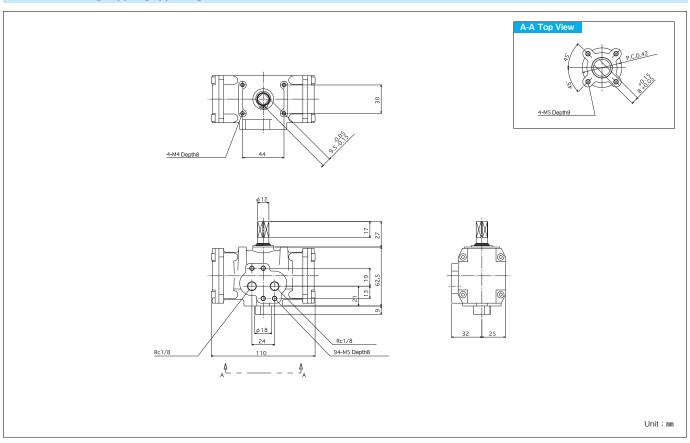
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50 (18 (51)

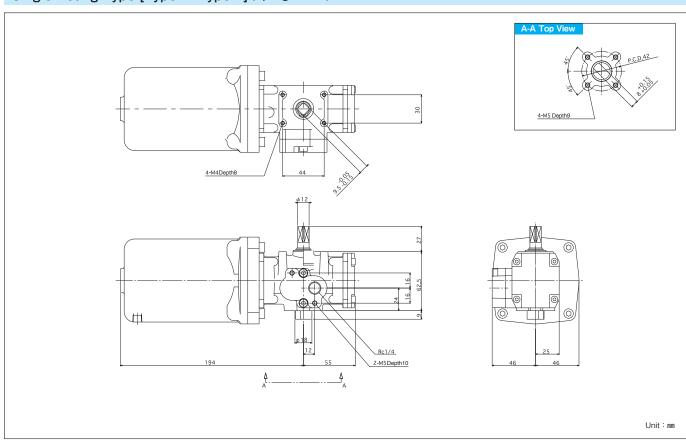
[■] These drawings show the "R2 type" . For structural drawings of "L2 type" , contact us.

External Dimensions ⟨φ 40⟩

Double-Acting Type [Type D]

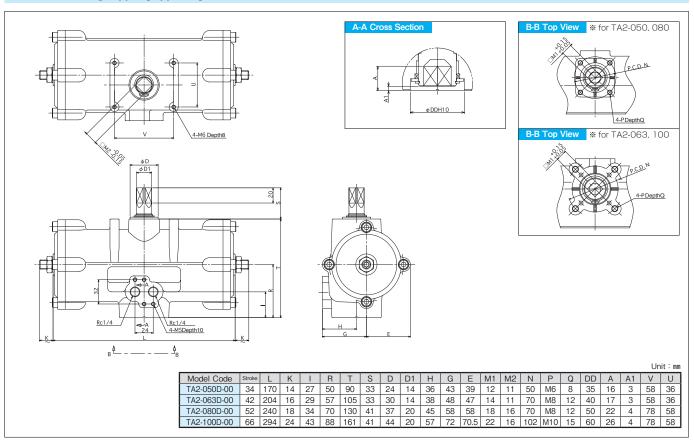


Single-Acting Type [Type R/Type L] (Spring Return)

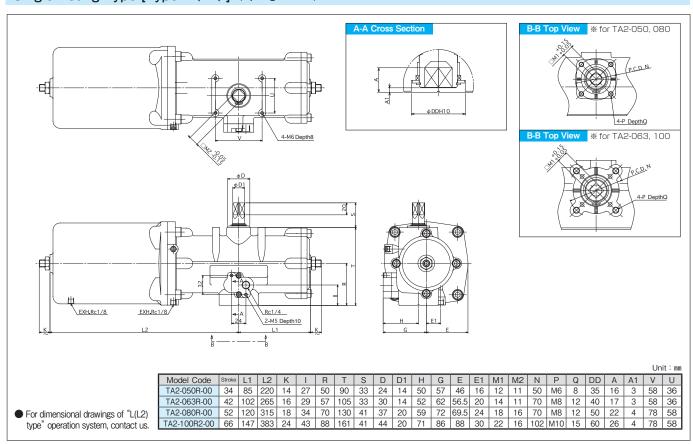


External Dimensions $\langle \phi 50 \cdot 63 \cdot 80 \cdot 100 \rangle$

Double-Acting Type [Type D]

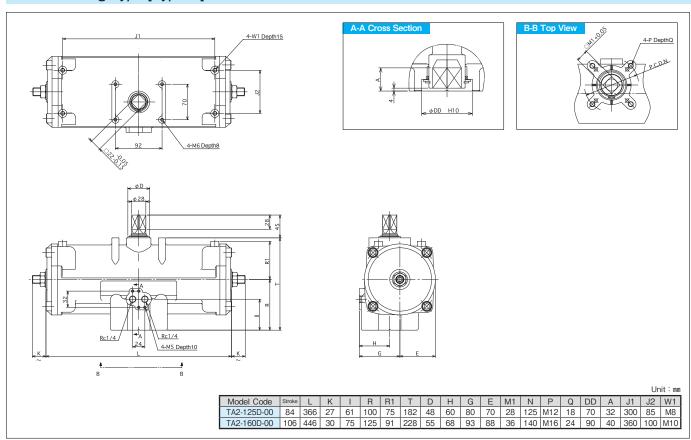


Single-Acting Type [Type R (R2)] (Spring Return)

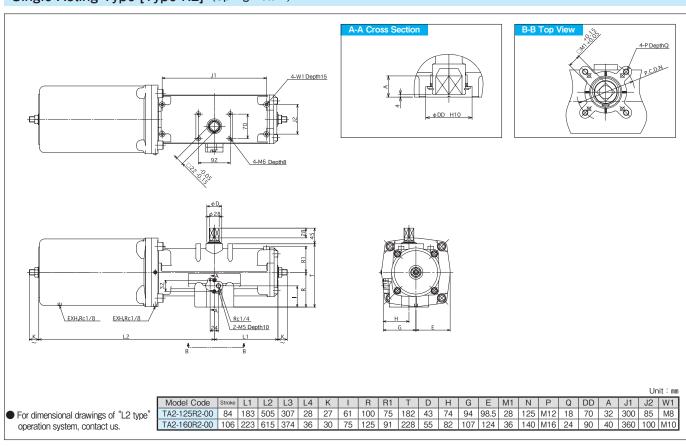


External Dimensions (φ 125 · 160)

Double-Acting Type [Type D]

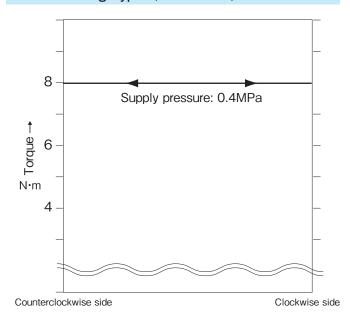


Single-Acting Type [Type R2] (Spring Return)

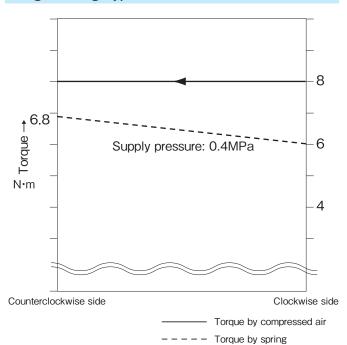


Output Torque

Double-Acting Type (TA2-0402D)



Single-Acting Type (TA2-0402R)



■ Output Torque (Double-Acting Type)

Operating pressure	Torque
0.3MPa	5.5 N·m
0.4MPa	8 N∙m
0.5MPa	10 N∙m
0.6MPa	12 N·m
0.7MPa	14 N·m

Air consumption

Model Code	Air consumption
TA2-0402D	$0.11 \times \left(\frac{P+0.1013}{0.1013}\right) \times n$
TA2-0402R	$0.225 \times \left(\frac{P+0.1013}{0.1013}\right) \times n$

P = Operating preassure [MPa] n = Number of cycle (one cycle = one reciprocation)

Output Torque N • m • The values of torque shown below are obtained by calculation taking the frictional resistance into consideration.

Double-Acting Type [Type D]

Unit: N·m

_	Operating preassure MPa										
Model code of Rotary actuator	0.3		0.4		0.5		0.6		0.7		
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Break	Run	Break	Run	Break	Run	Break	Run	Break	Run	
TA2-050D-00	14.7	8.8	20.6	11.8	25.5	14.7	30.4	17.6	35.3	20.6	
TA2-063D-00	29.4	16.7	40.2	22.5	50.0	27.4	59.8	33.3	70.6	39.2	
TA2-080D-00	59.8	33.3	80.4	45.1	100.0	55.9	120.5	67.6	140.1	78.4	
TA2-100D-00	116.7	65.7	156.8	88.2	196.0	109.8	235.2	132.3	274.4	153.9	
TA2-125D-00	231.4	130.4	296.0	176.4	369.5	220.5	443.9	264.6	539.4	308.7	
TA2-160D-00	477.6	269.7	646.8	367.5	808.5	458.6	970.2	550.8	1127.0	642.9	

Output Torque N • m • The values of torque shown below are obtained by calculation taking the frictional resistance into consideration.

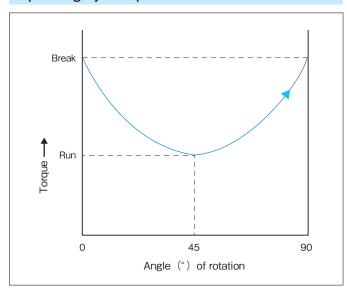
Single-Acting Type [Type R / Type L] (Spring Return)

Unit: N·m

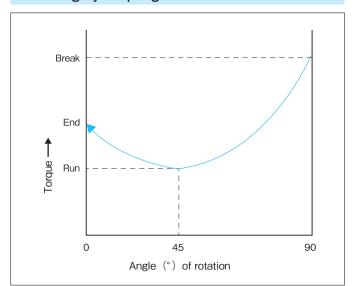
		Torque (Air)												
Model code of		Operating preassure MPa										Torque (Spring)		
Rotary actuator	0	.3	0	.4	0	.5	0	.6	0.	.7				
	Break	Run	Break	Run	Break	Run	Break	Run	Break	Run	Break	Run	End	
TA2-050R (L)	14.7	8.8	20.6	11.8	25.5	14.7	30.4	17.6	35.3	20.6	26.8	12.4	17.1	
TA2-063R (L)	29.4	16.7	40.2	22.5	50.0	27.4	59.8	33.3	70.6	39.2	56.6	25.2	32.6	
TA2-080R (L)	59.8	33.3	80.4	45.1	100.0	55.9	120.5	67.6	140.1	78.4	109.3	49.3	65.4	
TA2-100R2 (L2)	116.7	65.7	156.8	88.2	196.0	109.8	235.2	132.3	274.4	153.9	226.8	100.5	129.3	
TA2-125R2 (L2)	231.4	130.4	296.0	176.4	369.5	220.5	443.9	264.6	539.4	308.7	366.5	175.9	257.0	
TA2-160R2 (L2)	477.6	269.7	646.8	367.5	808.5	458.6	970.2	550.8	1127.0	642.9	795.9	375.1	533.3	

Torque Characteristic

Operating by Compressed Air

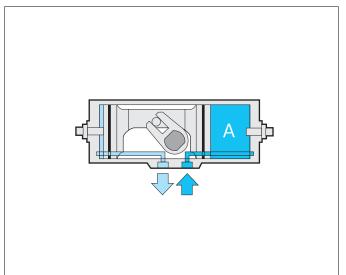


Returning by a Spring



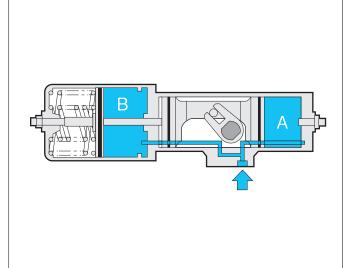
Air consumption

Double-Acting Type [Type D]



Model Code	A[L]	consumption [L]
TA2-050D	0.09	
TA2-063D	0.17	
TA2-080D	0.33	$2 \times A \times \left(\frac{P+0.1013}{0.1013}\right) \times n$
TA2-100D	0.68	0.1013
TA2-125D	1.36	
TA2-160D	2.78	

Single-Acting Type [Type R / Type L] (Spring Return)



Model Code	A[L]	B[L]	consumption [L]	
TA2-050R(L)	0.09	0.25		
TA2-063R(L)	0.17	0.50		
TA2-080R(L)	0.33	0.93	$(A+B) \times \left(\frac{P+0.1013}{0.1013}\right) \times n$	
TA2-100R2(L2)	0.68	1.94	(A+B) \ 0.1013 \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	
TA2-125R2 (L2)	1.36	3.08		
TA2-160R2(L2)	2.78	5.99		

- A: Actuator displacement [L]
- B: Spring cartridge displacement [L]
- P : Operating pressure [MPa]
- n: Number of cycle (one cycle = one reciprocation)

Rotary Actuator with Optional Accessories

With Speed Controller and Bypass Valve

Resin-made bypass valve with build-in speed controller, whitch is applicable to the NAMUR interface, is directly mounted in this type.



Specifications

Bore size [mm]	φ 40	φ 50	φ 63	φ 80	φ 100	φ 125	φ 160
Operating fluid	Compressed air						
Operating pressure		0.3 ~ 0.7MPa					
Proof pressure		1.05MPa					
Operating temperature	$-5\sim60^{\circ}\!\text{C}$ (In case of 5 $^{\circ}\!\text{C}$ or less, ensure to be removed any water contained for prevention of freezing.)						
Output torque		Please refer to the "Table of Output Torque" (P22 ~ P24)					
Rotating angle	90°						
Angle adjustment range	- ± 5° both end						

Model Code

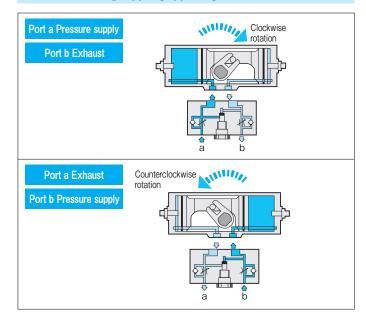


1 Bore size (mm)

φ 40	0402
φ 50	050
φ 63	063
φ 80	080
φ 100	100
φ 125	125
φ 160	160

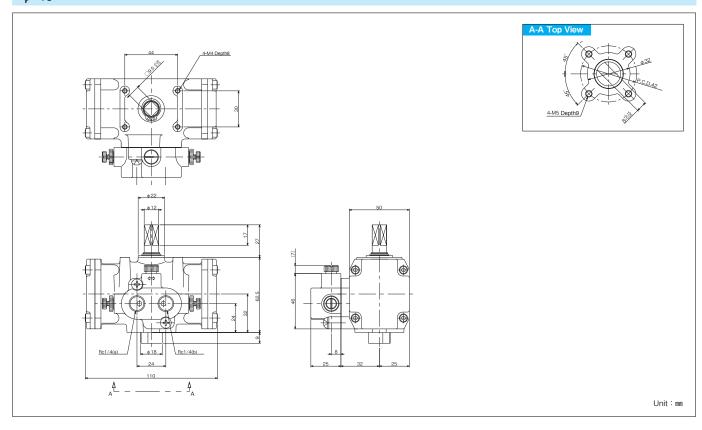
Operation

Double-Acting Type [Type D]



External Dimensions

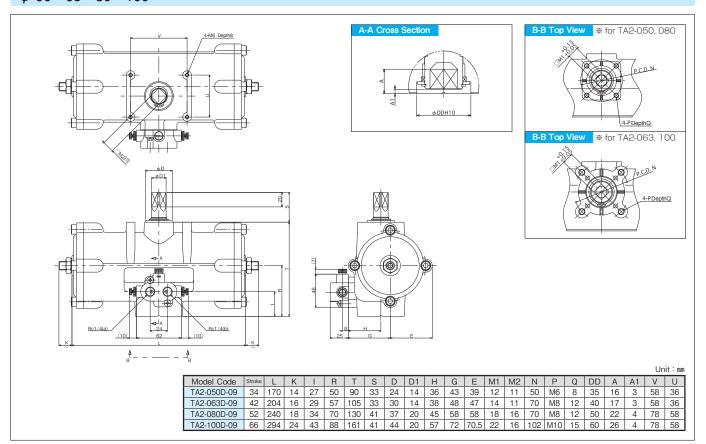
φ 40



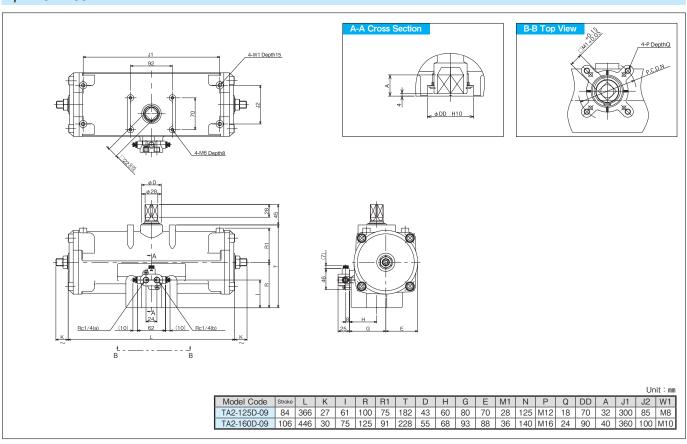


External Dimensions

ϕ 50 · 63 · 80 · 100



ϕ 125 · 160



With 5-Port Solenoid Valve

This type has a high-performance 5-port solenoid valve featured by compactness, large flow, less power consumption, and unlubricated service. As wide variety of options, including DIN connector and Waterproof connector, are available



Specifications

E	Bore size [mm]	φ 40	φ 50	φ 63	φ 80	φ 100	φ 125	φ 160
	Operating fluid	Compressed air						
Oı	perating pressure		0.3 ~ 0.7MPa					
	Proof pressure		1.05MPa					
Оре	erating temperature	$-5\sim50^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$ (In case of 5°C or less, ensure to be removed any water contained for prevention of freezing.)						
	Output torque	Please refer to the "Table of Output Torque" (P22 ~ P24)						
	Rotating angle	90°						
Ang	gle adjustment range	- ± 5° both end						
valve	Rated voltage	Please refer to the Model Code section.						
% p	Voltage tolerance	± 10% of the rated voltage						
Solenoid	Power consumption	AC-6VA、DC-5.5W						
Sol	Protection class	Wiring type L: IP41 D, N: IP54 W: IP55						

Model Code



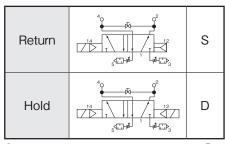
1 Bore size [mm]

φ 40	0402
φ 50	050
φ 63	063
φ 80	080
φ 100	100
φ 125	125
φ 160	160

2 Operation type

Double-Acting Type	φ 40 ~ φ 160	D
Single-Acting Type	ϕ 40 \sim ϕ 80	R
Clockwise rotation by spring	φ 100 ~ φ 160	R2
Single-Acting Type	φ 40 ~ φ 80	L
(Counterclockwise rotation by spring)	φ 100 ~ φ 160	L2

3 Type of Solenoid Valve



- In the case where the operation type of ② is R and L, only S (return) is available as type of solenoid valve.
- In the case where the rotation direction of the actuator by the return solenoid valve is opposite to the rotation direction on the above drawing, please inform us of it.

4 Type of Wiring

Lead	l wire	L
DIN	w/o Lamp	D
Connector	w/ Lamp	N
Drip-	proof	W

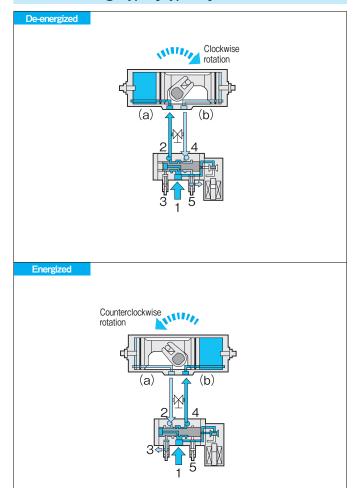
5 Rated Voltage

AC100V 50/60Hz	1
(AC110V 50/60Hz)	2
AC200V 50/60Hz	3
(AC220V 50/60Hz)	4
DC24V	5
(DC48V)	6
(DC100V)	7
(DC125V)	8
(DC110V)	9

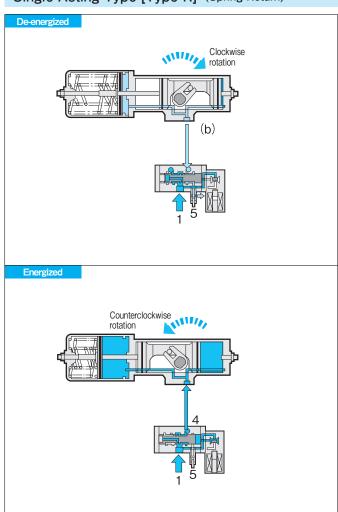
() : Semi-standard.

Operation

Double-Acting Type [Type D]



Single-Acting Type [Type R] (Spring Return)



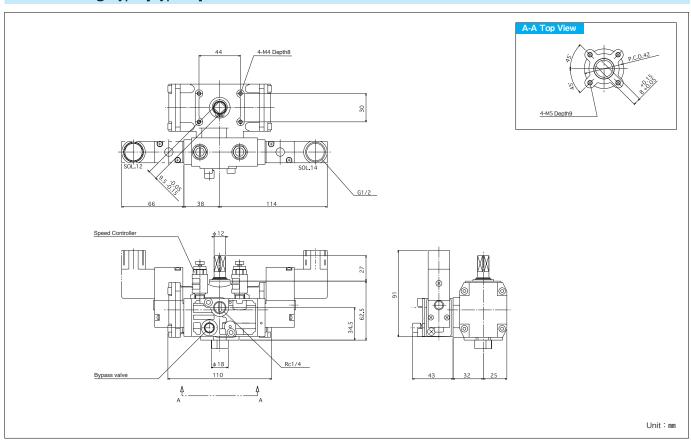
Option

- For the details of change procedures for actuator operation by solenoid valve (reverse rotation), refer to P103.
- For the details of change procedures for operation by spring force of single-acting actuator (reverse rotation), refer to P106.
- For the details of procedures for wire connection of solenoid valve, refer to P102.

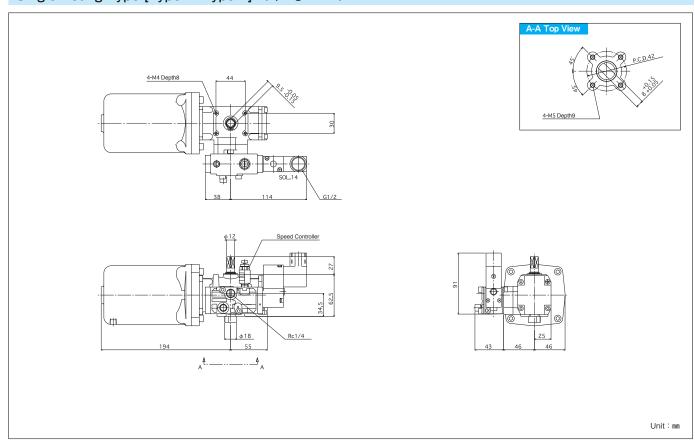
With 5-Port Solenoid Valve

External Dimensions (φ 40)

Double-Acting Type [Type D]

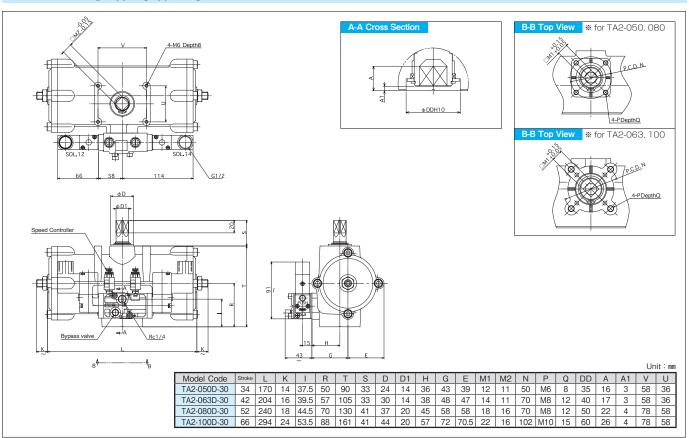


Single-Acting Type [Type R/Type L] (Spring Return)

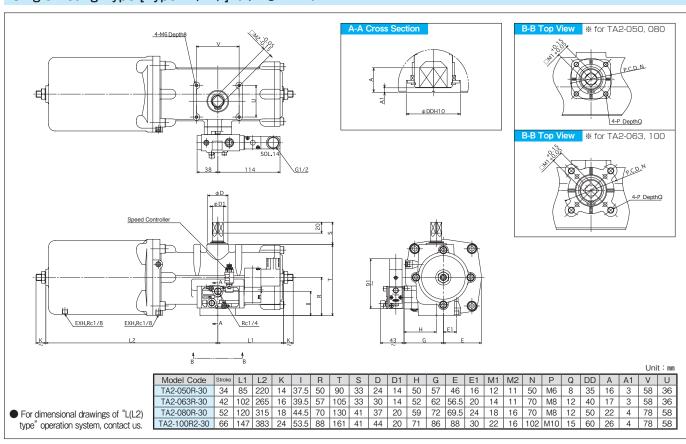


External Dimensions $\langle \phi \ 50 \cdot 63 \cdot 80 \cdot 100 \rangle$

Double-Acting Type [Type D]



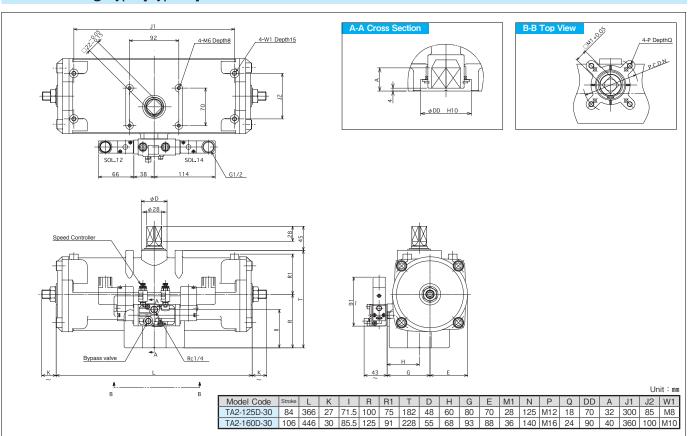
Single-Acting Type [Type R (R2)] (Spring Return)



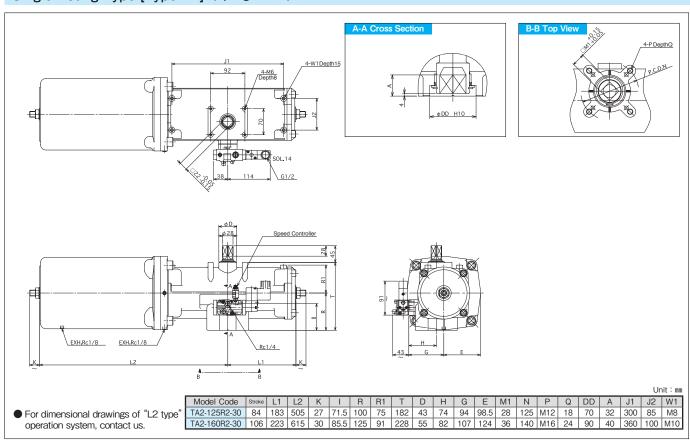
With 5-Port Solenoid Valve

External Dimensions (φ 125 · 160)

Double-Acting Type [Type D]



Single-Acting Type [Type R2] (Spring Return)



With 5-Port Solenoid Valve and FR Unit

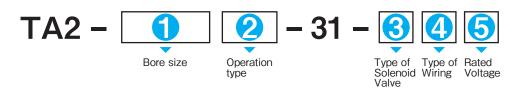
The unit is equipped with compact 5-port solenoid valve for driving actuator and FR unit (filter regulator), which refines the operating air.



Specifications

E	Bore size [mm]	φ 40	φ 50	φ 63	φ 80	φ 100	φ 125	φ 160
	Operating fluid	Compressed air						
Or	perating pressure		0.3 ∼ 0.7MPa					
	Proof pressure		1.05MPa					
Ope	erating temperature	$-5\sim50^{\circ}\!\text{C}$ (In case of 5°C or less, ensure to be removed any water contained for prevention of freezing.)						
	Output torque	Please refer to the "Table of Output Torque" (P22 ~ P24)						
	Rotating angle	90°						
Ang	gle adjustment range	- ± 5° both end						
alve	Rated voltage	Please refer to the Model Code section.						
e v	Voltage tolerance	± 10% of the rated voltage						
Solenoid valve	Power consumption	AC-6VA、DC-5.5W						
Sol	Protection class	Wiring type L: IP41 D, N: IP54 W: IP55						

Model Code



1 Bore size [mm]

φ 40	0402
φ 50	050
φ 63	063
φ 80	080
φ 100	100
φ 125	125
φ 160	160

2 Operation type

Double-Acting Type	φ 40 ~ φ 160	D
Single-Acting Type	ϕ 40 \sim ϕ 80	R
Clockwise rotation by spring	$\phi 100 \sim \phi 160$	R2
Single-Acting Type	φ 40 ~ φ 80	L
(Counterclockwise rotation by spring)	φ 100 ~ φ 160	L2

3 Type of Solenoid Valve

Return		S
Hold	**************************************	D

- In the case where the operation type of ② is R and L, only S (return) is available as type of solenoid valve.
- In the case where the rotation direction of the actuator by the return solenoid valve is opposite to the rotation direction on the above drawing, please inform us of it.

4 Type of Wiring

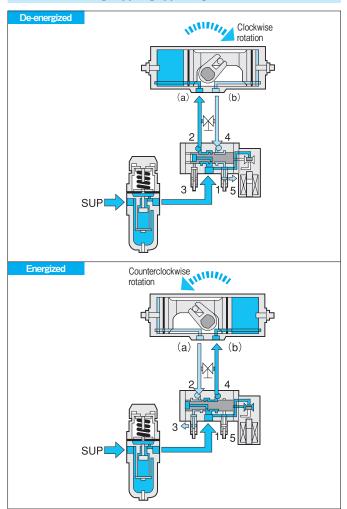
Lead wire		L
DIN Connector	w/o Lamp	D
	w/ Lamp	Ν
Drip-proof		W

5 Rated Voltage

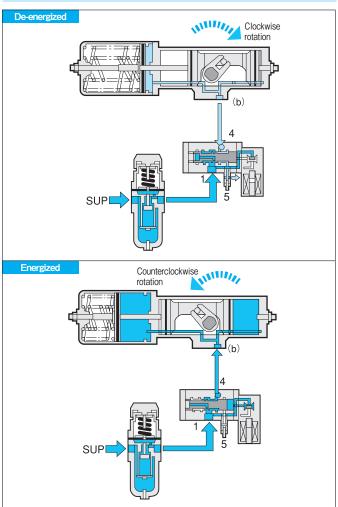
AC100V 50/60Hz	1
(AC110V 50/60Hz)	2
AC200V 50/60Hz	3
(AC220V 50/60Hz)	4
DC24V	5
(DC48V)	6
(DC100V)	7
(DC125V)	8
(DC110V)	9

() : Semi-standard.

Double-Acting Type [Type D]



Single-Acting Type [Type R] (Spring Return)

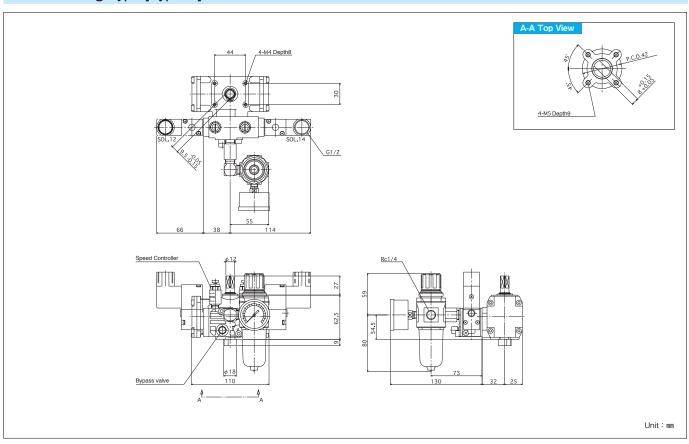


- For the details of change procedures for actuator operation by solenoid valve (reverse rotation), refer to P103.
- For the details of change procedures for operation by spring force of single-acting actuator (reverse rotation), refer to P106.
- For the details of procedures for wire connection of solenoid valve, refer to P102.
- For the procedures for drain discharge, refer to P94.

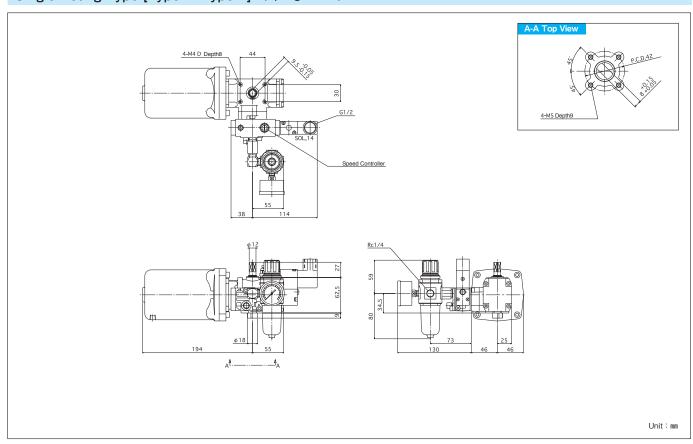
TA2 SERIES

External Dimensions ⟨φ 40⟩

Double-Acting Type [Type D]

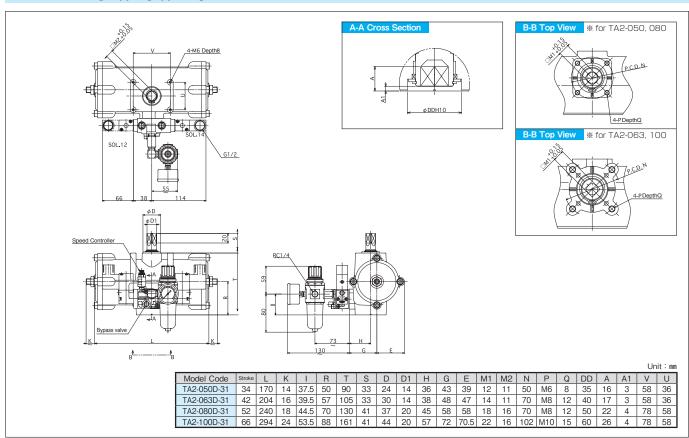


Single-Acting Type [Type R/Type L] (Spring Return)

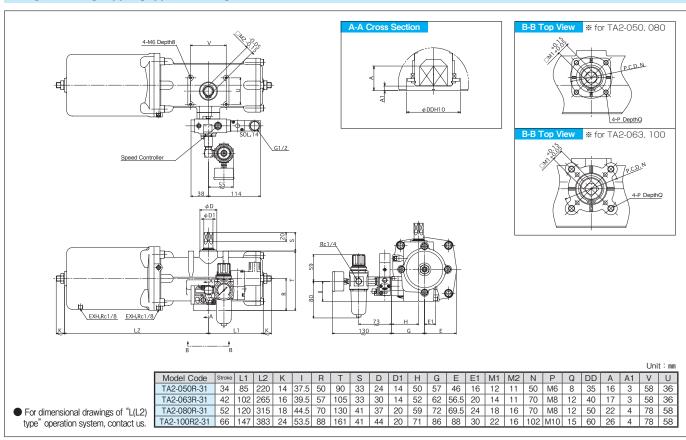


External Dimensions $\langle \phi 50 \cdot 63 \cdot 80 \cdot 100 \rangle$

Double-Acting Type [Type D]



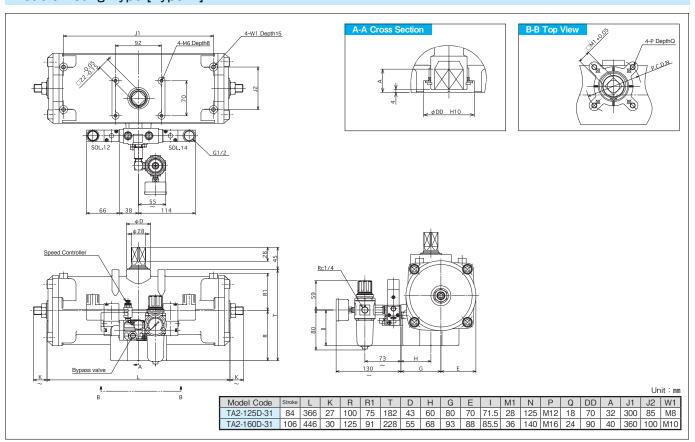
Single-Acting Type [Type R (R2)] (Spring Return)



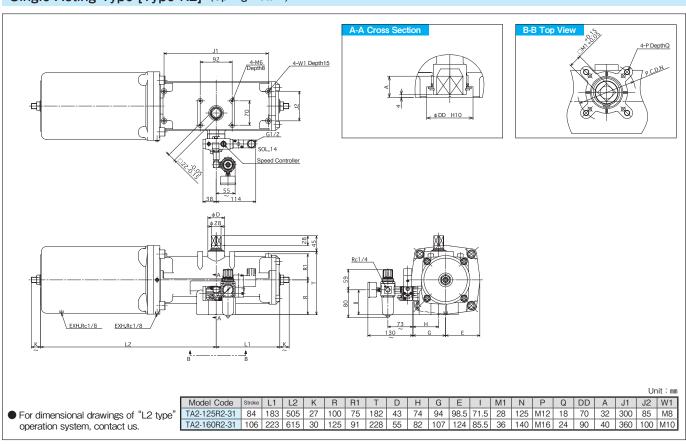
14	11	70	IVI8	12	40	17	3	58	36	H
18	16	70	M8	12	50	22	4	78	58	H
22	16	102	M10	15	60	26	4	78	58	
										.

External Dimensions (φ 125 · 160)

Double-Acting Type [Type D]



Single-Acting Type [Type R2] (Spring Return)



With 5-Port Solenoid Valve and Limit Switch Box

Along with a solenoid valve for driving actuator, this type of Rotary Actuator has a switch box containing a built-in precision limit switch (protection construction: IP65) for detecting rotating position.



Specifications

E	Bore size [mm]	φ 40	φ 50	φ 63	φ 80	φ 100	φ 125	φ 160	
Operating fluid		Compressed air							
Oı	perating pressure				0.3 ∼ 0.7MPa	1			
	Proof pressure		1.05MPa						
Оре	erating temperature	− 5 ~ !	$-5\sim50^{\circ}$ C (In case of 5°C or less, ensure to be removed any water contained for prevention of freezing.)						
Output torque		Please refer to the "Table of Output Torque" (P22 ~ P24)							
	Rotating angle	90°							
Ang	gle adjustment range	- ± 5° both end							
Please refer to the Model Code section.									
Voltage tolerance		± 10% of the rated voltage							
Rated voltage Voltage tolerance Power consumption Protection class			AC-6VA、DC-5.5W						
Sol	Protection class		Wiring	type L	: IP41 D, N	I:IP54 W	' : IP55		

Model Code



1 Bore size [mm]

φ 40	0402
φ 50	050
φ 63	063
φ 80	080
φ 100	100
φ 125	125
φ 160	160

2 Operation type

Double-Acting Type	φ 40 ~ φ 160	D
Single-Acting Type	ϕ 40 \sim ϕ 80	R
Clockwise rotation by spring	φ 100 ~ φ 160	R2
Single-Acting Type	φ 40 ~ φ 80	L
(Counterclockwise rotation by spring	φ 100 ~ φ 160	L2

3 Type of Solenoid Valve

Return	**************************************	S
Hold	**************************************	D

- In the case where the operation type of ② is R and L, only S (return) is available as type of solenoid valve.
- In the case where the rotation direction of the actuator by the return solenoid valve is opposite to the rotation direction on the above drawing, please inform us of it.

4 Type of Wiring

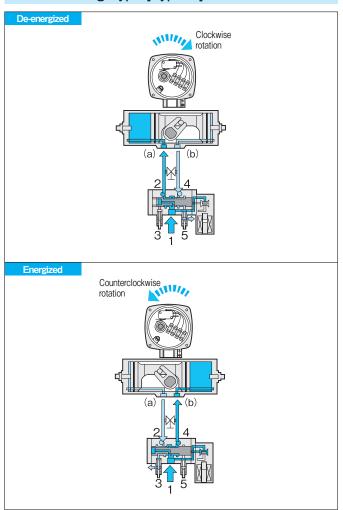
Lead	wire	L
DIN	w/o Lamp	D
Connector	w/ Lamp	Ν
Drip-	proof	W

5 Rated Voltage

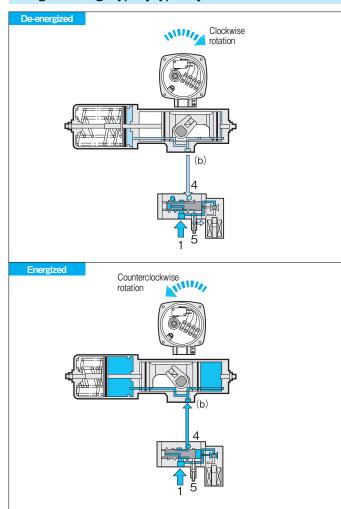
AC100V 50/60Hz	1
(AC110V 50/60Hz)	2
AC200V 50/60Hz	3
(AC220V 50/60Hz)	4
DC24V	5
(DC48V)	6
(DC100V)	7
(DC125V)	8
(DC110V)	9

() : Semi-standard.

Double-Acting Type [Type D]



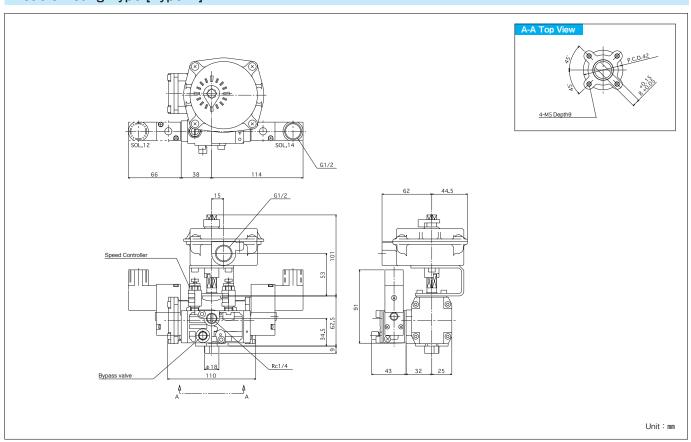
Single-Acting Type [Type R] (Spring Return)



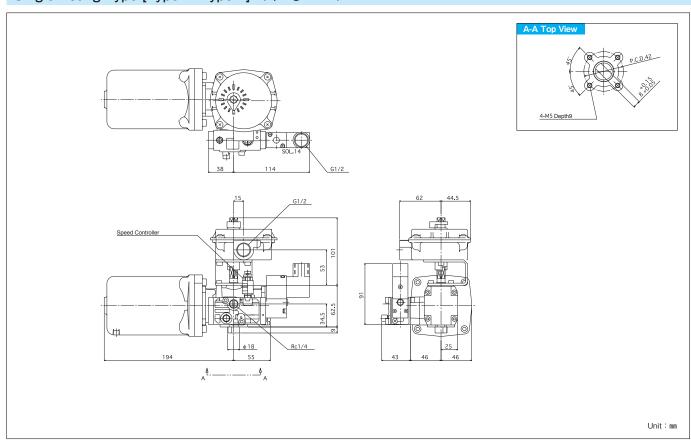
- For the details of change procedures for actuator operation by solenoid valve (reverse rotation), refer to P103.
- For the details of change procedures for operation by spring force of single-acting actuator (reverse rotation), refer to P106.
- For the details of procedures for wire connection of solenoid valve, refer to P102.
- For the details of procedures for wire connection of switch box, refer to P96.

External Dimensions ⟨φ 40⟩

Double-Acting Type [Type D]

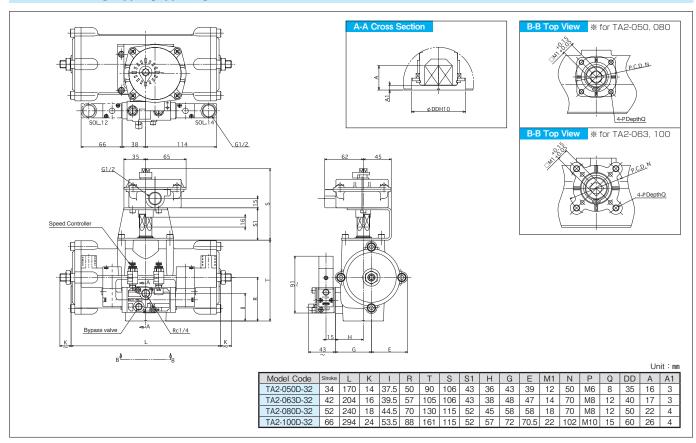


Single-Acting Type [Type R/Type L] (Spring Return)

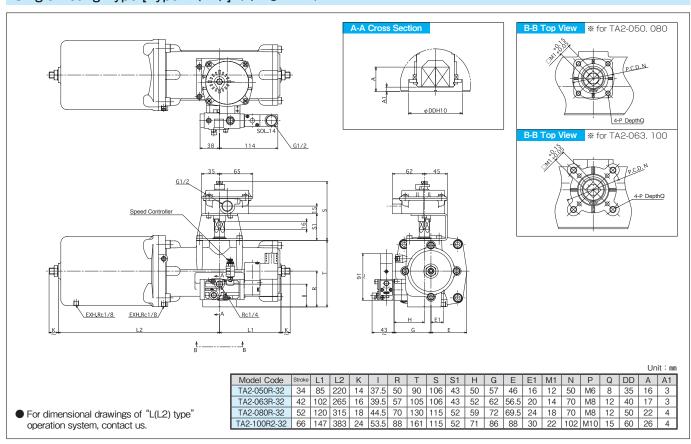


External Dimensions $\langle \phi 50 \cdot 63 \cdot 80 \cdot 100 \rangle$

Double-Acting Type [Type D]



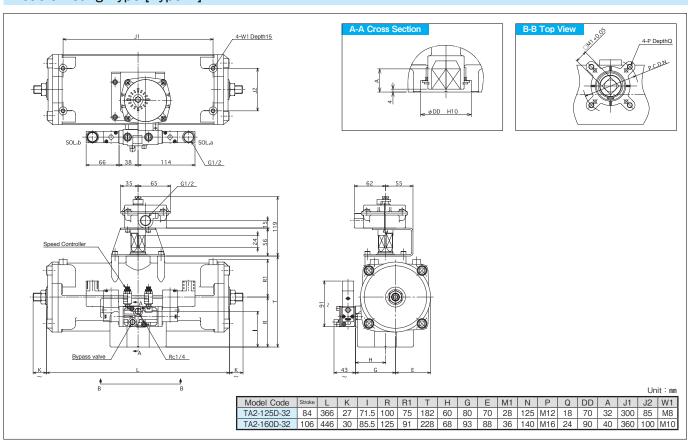
Single-Acting Type [Type R (R2)] (Spring Return)



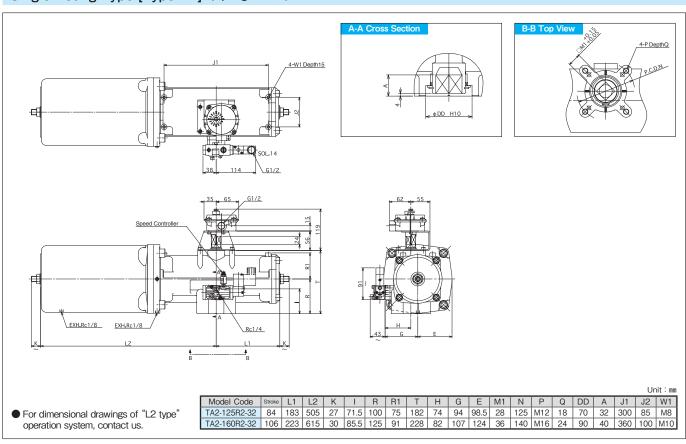
TA2 SERIES

External Dimensions (φ 125 · 160)

Double-Acting Type [Type D]



Single-Acting Type [Type R2] (Spring Return)



With 5-Port Solenoid Valve, FR Unit, and Limit Switch Box

This type of the Rotary Actuator is completely equipped with a solenoid valve for driving actuator, combined accessory of FR Unit (filter regulator), a switch box containing a built-in precision limit switch.



Specifications

E	Bore size [mm]	φ 40	φ 50	φ 63	φ 80	φ 100	φ 125	φ 160	
Operating fluid		Compressed air							
Operating pressure			0.3 ~ 0.7MPa						
Proof pressure			1.05MPa						
Operating temperature		− 5 ~ .	$-5\sim50^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$ (In case of 5°C or less, ensure to be removed any water contained for prevention of freezing.)						
Output torque		Please refer to the "Table of Output Torque" (P22 ~ P24)							
	Rotating angle	90°							
Ang	gle adjustment range	_	- ± 5° both end						
alve	Rated voltage		Please refer to the Model Code section.						
Voltage tolerance		± 10% of the rated voltage							
Solenoid valve	Power consumption		AC-6VA、DC-5.5W						
Sol	Protection class		Wiring	type L	: IP41 D, N	I:IP54 W	: IP55		

Model Code



1 Bore size [mm]

φ 40	0402
φ 50	050
φ 63	063
φ 80	080
φ 100	100
φ 125	125
φ 160	160

2 Operation type

Double-Acting Type	φ 40 ~ φ 160	D
Single-Acting Type	ϕ 40 \sim ϕ 80	R
Clockwise rotation by spring	ϕ 100 \sim ϕ 160	R2
Single-Acting Type	φ 40 ~ φ 80	L
(Counterclockwise rotation by spring)	φ 100 ~ φ 160	L2

3 Type of Solenoid Valve

Return		S
Hold	**************************************	D

- In the case where the operation type of ② is R and L, only S (return) is available as type of solenoid valve.
- In the case where the rotation direction of the actuator by the return solenoid valve is opposite to the rotation direction on the above drawing, please inform us of it.

4 Type of Wiring

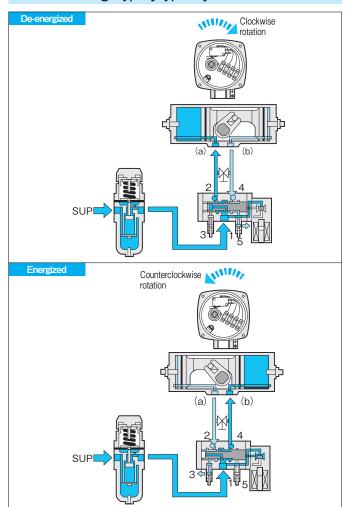
Lead	l wire	L
DIN	w/o Lamp	D
Connector	w/ Lamp	Ν
Drip-	proof	W

5 Rated Voltage

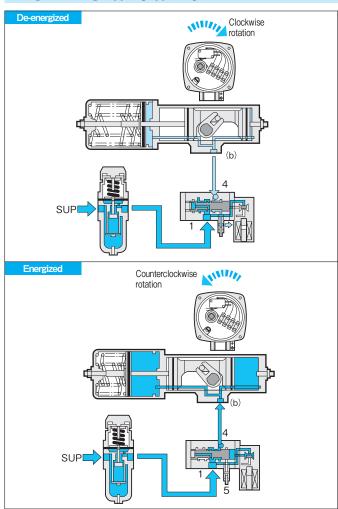
AC100V 50/60Hz	1
(AC110V 50/60Hz)	2
AC200V 50/60Hz	3
(AC220V 50/60Hz)	4
DC24V	5
(DC48V)	6
(DC100V)	7
(DC125V)	8
(DC110V)	9

() : Semi-standard.

Double-Acting Type [Type D]



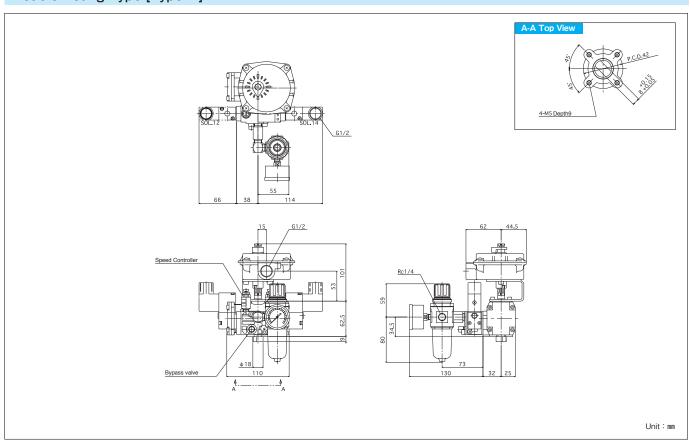
Single-Acting Type [Type R] (Spring Return)



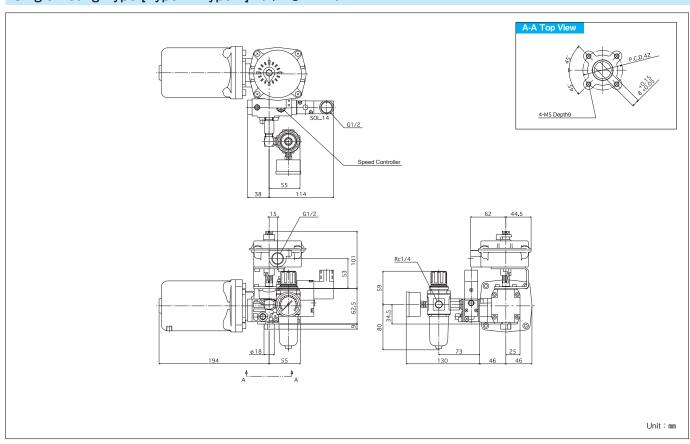
- For the details of change procedures for actuator operation by solenoid valve (reverse rotation), refer to P103.
- For the details of change procedures for operation by spring force of single-acting actuator (reverse rotation), refer to P106.
- For the details of procedures for wire connection of solenoid valve, refer to P102.
- For the procedures for drain discharge, refer to P94.
- For the details of procedures for wire connection of switch box, refer to P96.

External Dimensions ⟨φ 40⟩

Double-Acting Type [Type D]

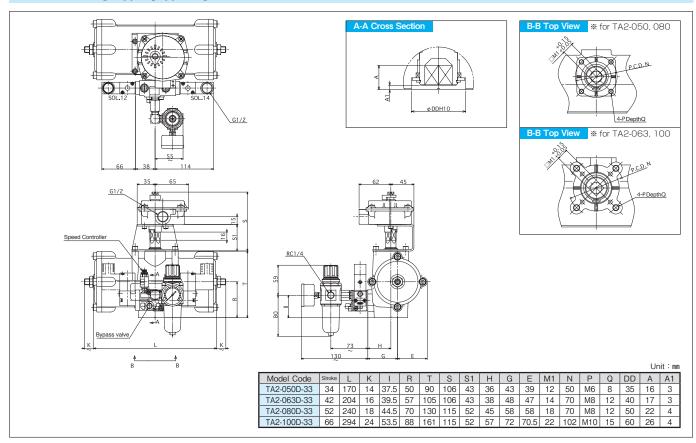


Single-Acting Type [Type R/Type L] (Spring Return)

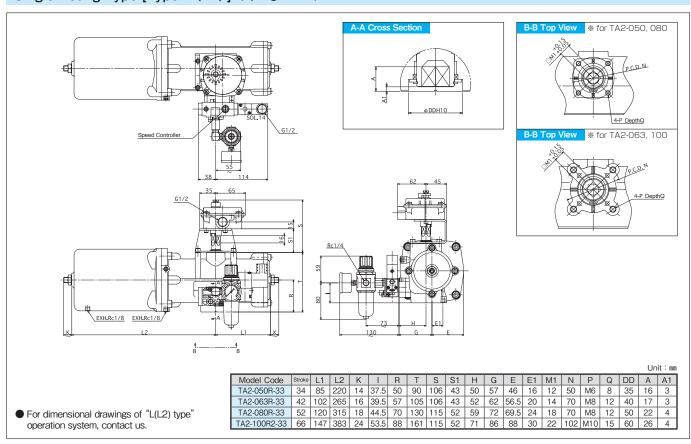


External Dimensions $\langle \phi 50 \cdot 63 \cdot 80 \cdot 100 \rangle$

Double-Acting Type [Type D]

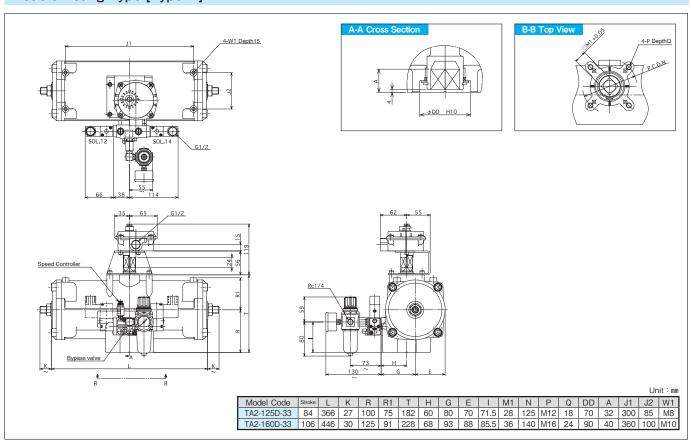


Single-Acting Type [Type R (R2)] (Spring Return)

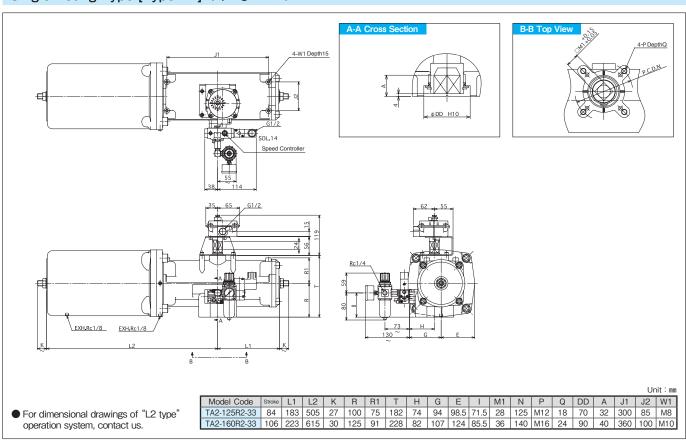


External Dimensions (φ 125 · 160)

Double-Acting Type [Type D]



Single-Acting Type [Type R2] (Spring Return)



With Limit Switch Box



Switch box to detect the position of the actuator's rotating angle (opening/closing angle of valve) is mounted.

Specifications

Bore size [mm]	φ 40	φ 50	φ 63	φ 80	φ 100	φ 125	φ 160		
Operating fluid		Compressed air							
Operating pressure		0.3 ~ 0.7MPa							
Proof pressure		1.05MPa							
Operating temperature	− 5 ~ 0	$-5\sim60^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$ (In case of 5°C or less, ensure to be removed any water contained for prevention of freezing.)							
Output torque		Please refer to the "Table of Output Torque" (P22 ~ P24)							
Rotating angle		90°							
Operating speed		Max.90° /1s							
Angle adjustment range	- ± 5° both end								

Model Code

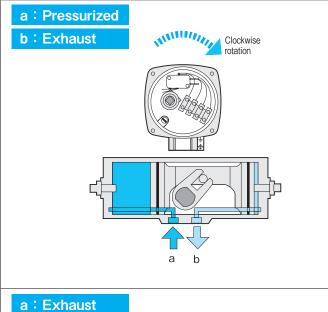
1 Bore size [mm]								
φ 40	0402							
φ 50	050							
φ 63	063							
φ 80	080							
φ 100	100							
A 125	125							

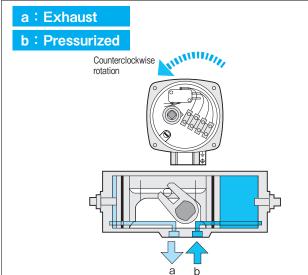
160

φ 160

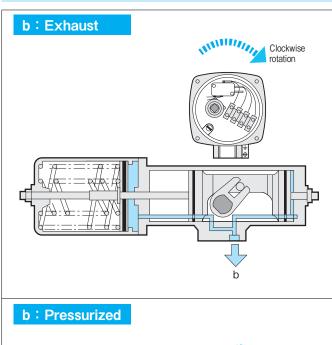
2 Operation type	е	
Double-Acting Type	φ 40 ~ φ 160	D
Single-Acting Type	ϕ 40 \sim ϕ 80	R
Clockwise rotation by spring	φ 100 ~ φ 160	R2
Single-Acting Type	ϕ 40 \sim ϕ 80	L
(Counterclockwise rotation by spring	φ 100 ~ φ 160	L2

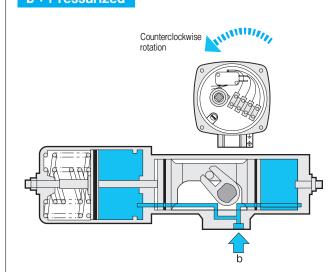
Double-Acting Type [Type D]





Single-Acting Type [Type R] (Spring Return)



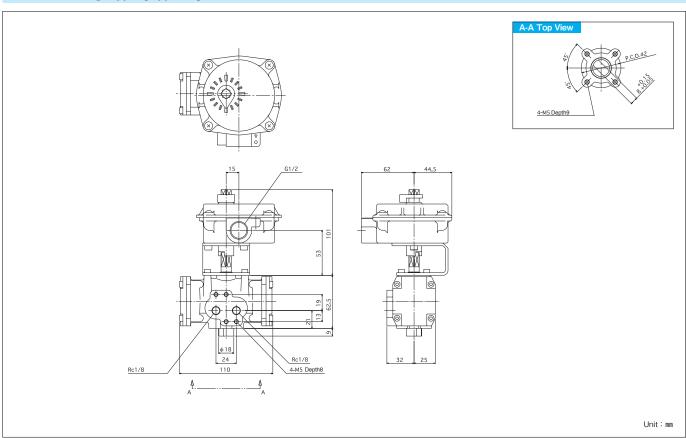


- For the details of change procedures for actuator operation by solenoid valve (reverse rotation), refer to P103.
- For the details of change procedures for operation by spring force of single-acting actuator (reverse rotation), refer to P106.
- For the details of procedures for wire connection of switch box, refer to P96.

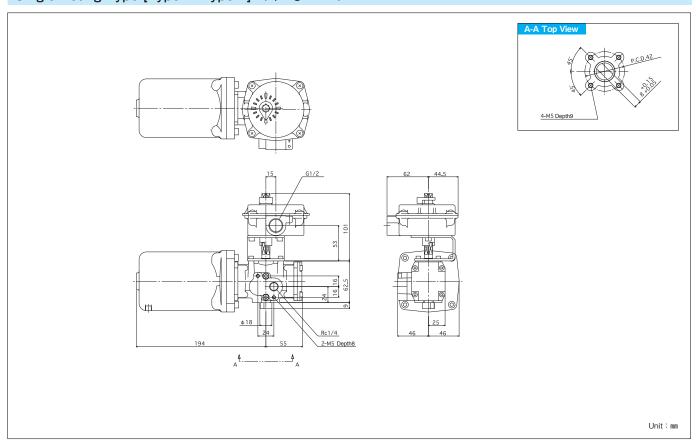
With Limit Switch Box

External Dimensions ⟨φ 40⟩

Double-Acting Type [Type D]



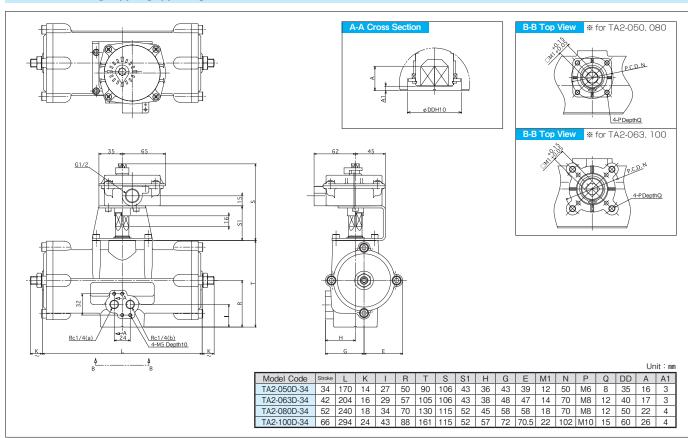
Single-Acting Type [Type R/Type L] (Spring Return)



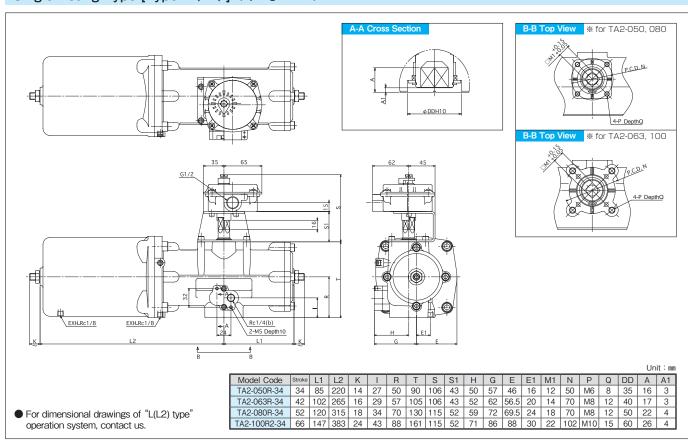
56

External Dimensions $\langle \phi 50 \cdot 63 \cdot 80 \cdot 100 \rangle$

Double-Acting Type [Type D]



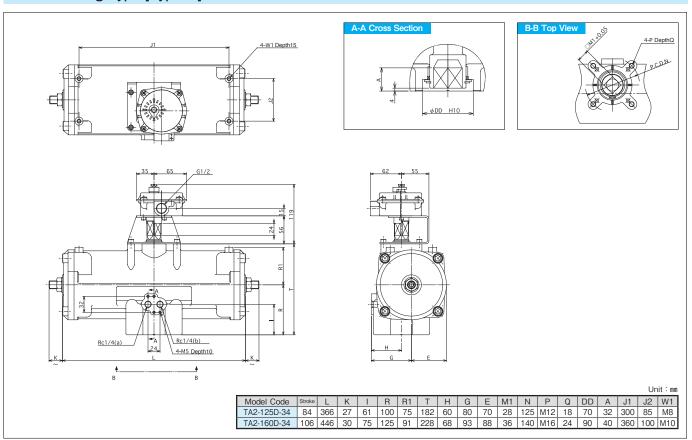
Single-Acting Type [Type R (R2)] (Spring Return)



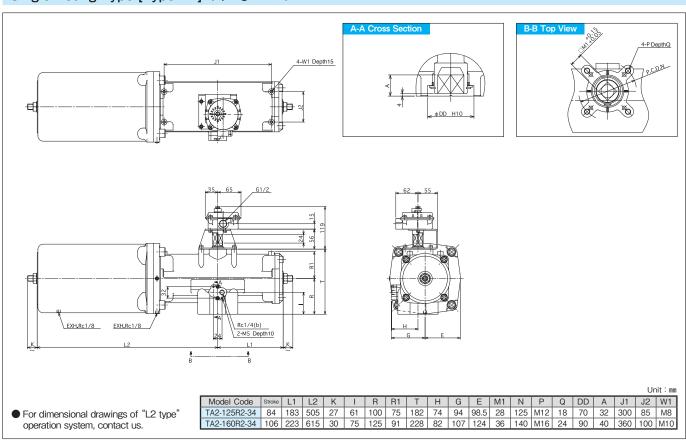
With Limit Switch Box

External Dimensions (φ 125 · 160)

Double-Acting Type [Type D]



Single-Acting Type [Type R2] (Spring Return)



Rotary Actuator with Optional Accessories

With Bypass Valve with built-in Speed Controller and Limit Switch Box

This unit type incorporate a switch box for detecting rotating position of the valve and a bypass valve with built-in speed controller, which is applicable to NAMUR interface.



* Only the Double-Acting Type is available

Specifications

Bore size [mm]	φ 40	φ 50	φ 63	φ 80	φ 100	φ 125	φ 160		
Operating fluid		Compressed air							
Operating pressure		0.3 ~ 0.7MPa							
Proof pressure		1.05MPa							
Operating temperature	−5~	$-5\sim60^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$ (In case of 5°C or less, ensure to be removed any water contained for prevention of freezing.)							
Output torque		Please refer to the "Table of Output Torque" (P22 ~ P24)							
Rotating angle	90°								
Angle adjustment range	- ± 5° both end								

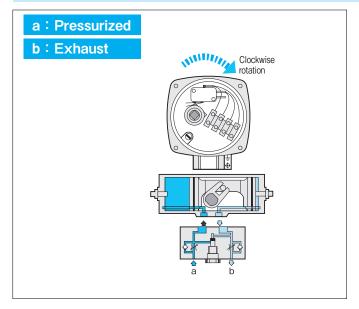
Model Code

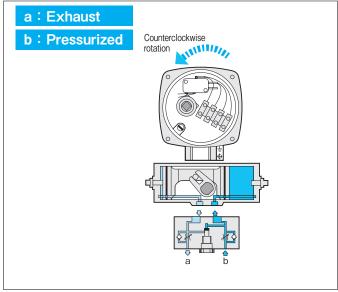
Bore size

1 Bore size [mm	1]
φ 40	0402
φ 50	050
φ 63	063
φ 80	080
φ 100	100
φ 125	125
φ 160	160

Operation

Double-Acting Type [Type D]



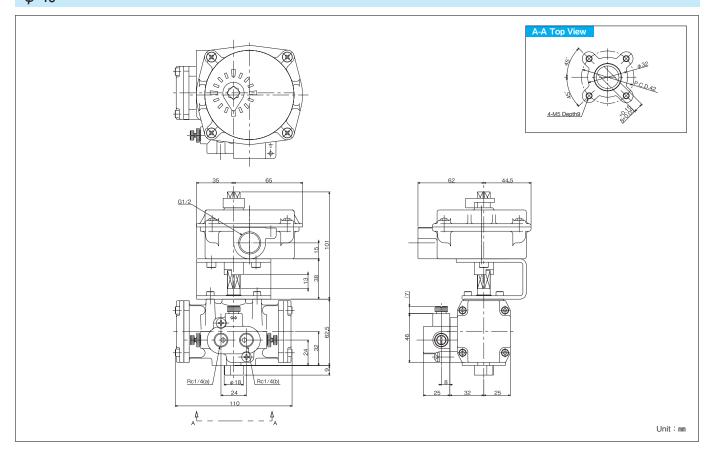


Option

For the details of procedures for wire connection of switch box, refer to P96.

External Dimensions

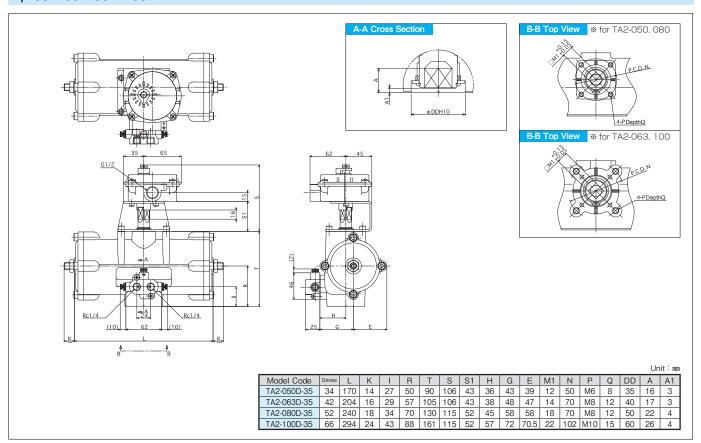
φ 40



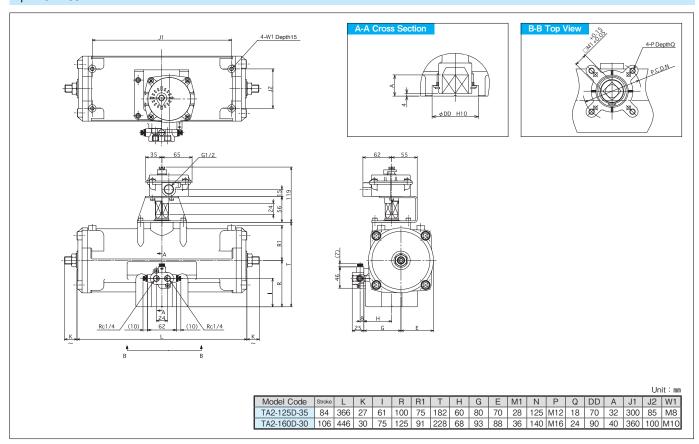


External Dimensions

φ 50 · 63 · 80 · 100



ϕ 125 · 160



With Explosion-Proof Solenoid Valve

This type incorporates a 5-port solenoid valve in explosion-proof structure (d2G4). The valve with speed controller as well as bypass valve is compact and power-saving.



Specifications

E	Bore size [mm]	φ 40	φ 50	φ 63	φ 80	φ 100	φ 125	φ 160			
	Operating fluid Compressed air							,			
Oı	perating pressure		0.3 ~ 0.7MPa								
	Proof pressure				1.05MPa						
Ope	erating temperature	$-5\sim 6$	50°C (In case of	5°C or less, ensu	re to be removed a	ny water containe	d for prevention of	freezing.)			
	Output torque	Please refer to the "Table of Output Torque" (P22 ~ P24)									
	Rotating angle	90°									
Ang	gle adjustment range	_			± 5° b	oth end					
e l	Structure			Explosion	-ploof structure	e (d2G4)					
valve	Rated voltage		Please refer to the Model Code section.								
pio	Voltage tolerance	$-$ 15 \sim + 10% of the rated voltage									
Solenoid	Power consumption	AC-7.5VA (50Hz) 5.5VA (60Hz), DC-4W									
S	Protection class				IP65						

[●] Ex II BT4 explosion-proof solenoid valves are available. For details, contact us.

Model Code



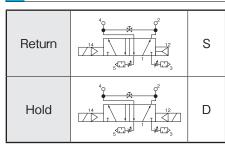
1 Bore size [mm]

φ 40	0402
φ 50	050
φ 63	063
φ 80	080
φ 100	100
φ 125	125
φ 160	160

2 Operation type

Double-Acting Type	$\phi 40 \sim \phi 160$	D
Single-Acting Type	ϕ 40 \sim ϕ 80	R
Clockwise rotation by spring	φ 100 ~ φ 160	R2
Single-Acting Type	φ 40 ~ φ 80	L
(Counterclockwise rotation by spring)	φ 100 ~ φ 160	L2

3 Type of Solenoid Valve



- In the case where the operation type of ② is R and L, only S (return) is available as type of solenoid valve.
- In the case where the rotation direction of the actuator by the return solenoid valve is opposite to the rotation direction on the above drawing, please inform us of it.

4 Type of Wiring

Conduit	tube system	01
Pressure- resistant packing system (Applicable) cable	ϕ 7.5 \sim 8.4	80
	φ 8.5 ~ 9.4	09
	$\phi 9.5 \sim 10.4$	10
	ϕ 10.5 \sim 11.4	11
size	φ 11.5 ~ 12.4	12

5 Rated Voltage

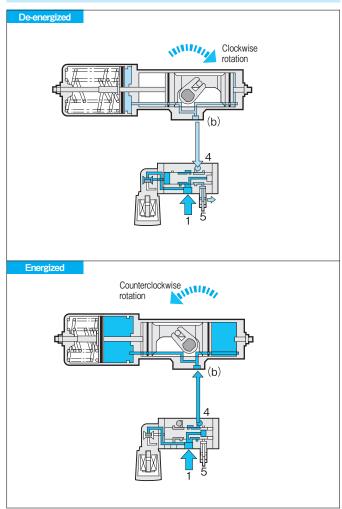
AC100V 50/60Hz, 110V 60Hz	1
(AC110V 50Hz, 120V 60Hz)	2
AC200V 50/60Hz, 220V 60H	3
(AC220V 50Hz, 240V 60Hz)	4
(DC12V)	8
DC24V	5
(DC48V)	6
DC100V	7
(DC110V)	9
(DC125V)	А

() : Semi-standard.

Double-Acting Type [Type D]

Clockwise rotation Counterclockwise rotation Counterclockwise rotation Counterclockwise rotation Counterclockwise rotation

Single-Acting Type [Type R] (Spring Return)

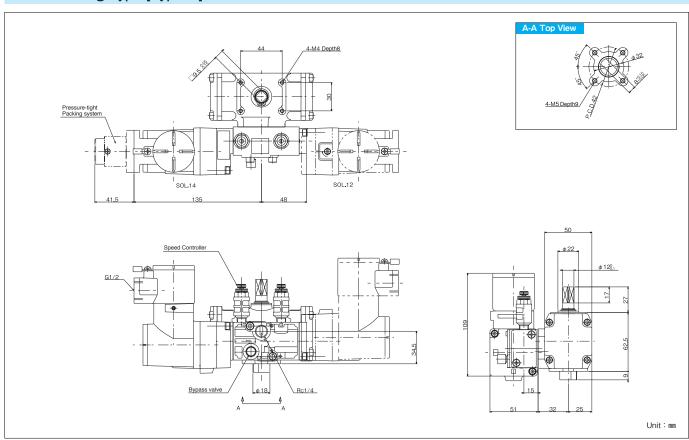


- For the details of change procedures for actuator operation by explosion-proof solenoid valve (reverse rotation), refer to P105.
- For the details of change procedures for operation by spring force of single-acting actuator (reverse rotation), refer to P106.
- For the details of the procedures for wire connection of explosion-proof solenoid valve, refer to P103.

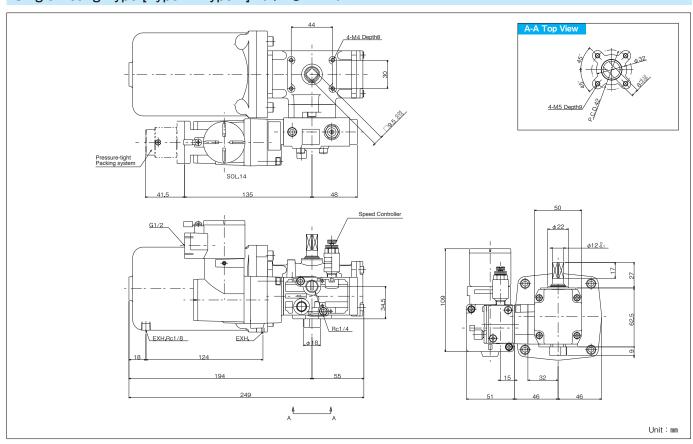
With Explosion-Proof Solenoid Valve

External Dimensions ⟨φ 40⟩

Double-Acting Type [Type D]

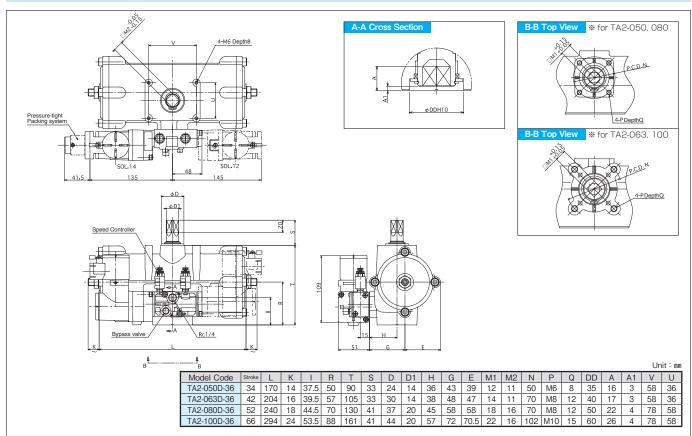


Single-Acting Type [Type R/Type L] (Spring Return)

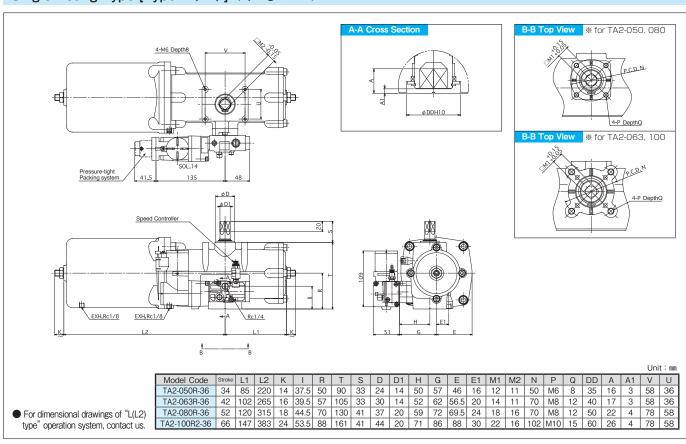


External Dimensions $\langle \phi 50 \cdot 63 \cdot 80 \cdot 100 \rangle$

Double-Acting Type [Type D]



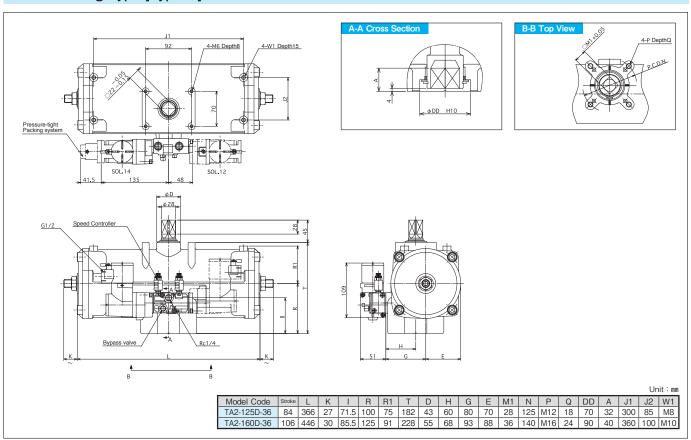
Single-Acting Type [Type R (R2)] (Spring Return)



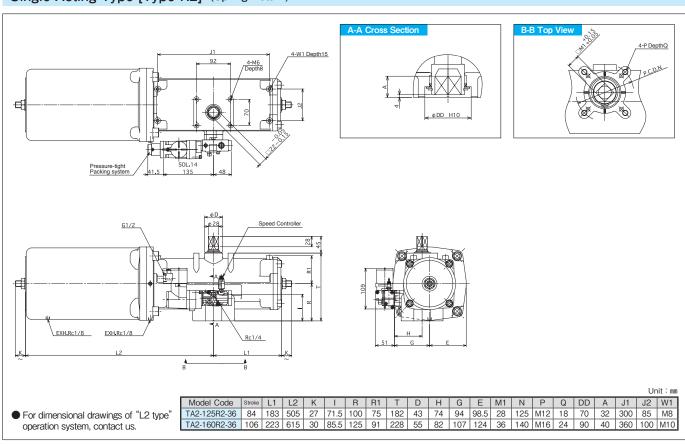
With Explosion-Proof Solenoid Valve

External Dimensions (φ 125 · 160)

Double-Acting Type [Type D]



Single-Acting Type [Type R2] (Spring Return)



With Explosion-Proof Solenoid Valve and FR Unit

This type incorporates a 5-port solenoid valve in explosion-proof structure (d2G4) and FR unit.



Specifications

E	Bore size [mm]	φ 40	φ 50	φ 63	φ 80	φ 100	φ 125	φ 160
	Operating fluid Compressed air							
Oı	perating pressure		0.3 ~ 0.7MPa					
	Proof pressure				1.05MPa			
Оре	erating temperature	$-5\sim60^{\circ}$ C (In case of 5 $^{\circ}$ C or less, ensure to be removed any water contained for prevention of freezing.)					f freezing.)	
Output torque		Please refer to the "Table of Output Torque" (P22 ~ P24)						
	Rotating angle	90°						
Ang	gle adjustment range	_			± 5° b	oth end		
e e	Structure	Explosion-ploof structure (d2G4)						
valve	Rated voltage		Please refer to the Model Code section.					
pio	Voltage tolerance	− 15 ~+ 10% of the rated voltage						
Solenoid	Power consumption	AC-7.5VA (50Hz) 5.5VA (60Hz) DC-4W						
S	Protection class				IP65			

[●] Ex II BT4 explosion-proof solenoid valves are available. For details, contact us.

Model Code



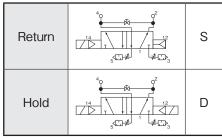
1 Bore size [mm]

φ 40	0402
φ 50	050
φ 63	063
φ 80	080
φ 100	100
φ 125	125
φ 160	160

2 Operation type

Double-Acting Type	$\phi 40 \sim \phi 160$	D
Single-Acting Type (Clockwise rotation by spring)	ϕ 40 \sim ϕ 80	R
	φ 100 ~ φ 160	R2
Single-Acting Type	φ 40 ~ φ 80	L
(Counterclockwise rotation by spring)	φ 100 ~ φ 160	L2

3 Type of Solenoid Valve



- In the case where the operation type of ② is R and L, only S (return) is available as type of solenoid valve.
- In the case where the rotation direction of the actuator by the return solenoid valve is opposite to the rotation direction on the above drawing, please inform us of it.

4 Type of Wiring

Conduit	tube system	01
Pressure-	ϕ 7.5 \sim 8.4	08
resistant packing	φ 8.5 ~ 9.4	09
system	$\phi 9.5 \sim 10.4$	10
Applicable cable	ϕ 10.5 \sim 11.4	11
size	φ 11.5 ~ 12.4	12

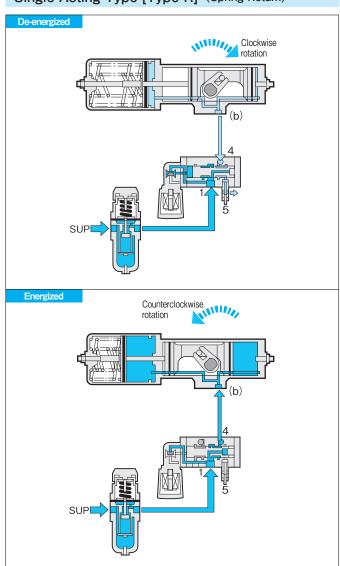
5 Rated Voltage

AC100V 50/60Hz, 110V 60Hz	1
(AC110V 50Hz, 120V 60Hz)	2
AC200V 50/60Hz, 220V 60H	3
(AC220V 50Hz, 240V 60Hz)	4
(DC12V)	8
DC24V	5
(DC48V)	6
DC100V	7
(DC110V)	9
(DC125V)	Α

() : Semi-standard.

Double-Acting Type [Type D]

Single-Acting Type [Type R] (Spring Return)

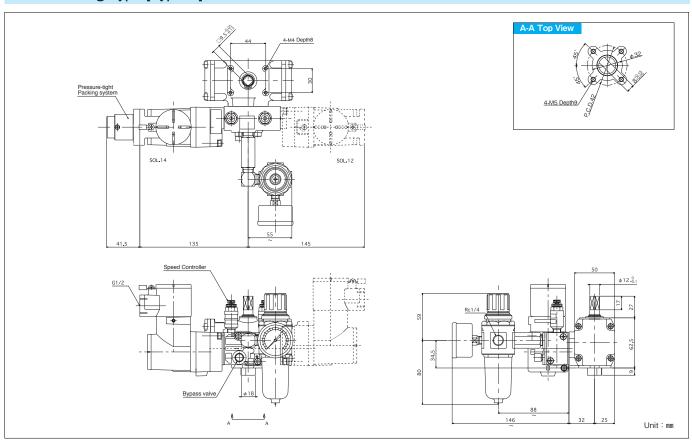


- For the details of change procedures for actuator operation by explosion-proof solenoid valve (reverse rotation), refer to P105.
- For the details of change procedures for operation by spring force of single-acting actuator (reverse rotation), refer to P106.
- For the details of the procedures for wire connection of explosion-proof solenoid valve, refer to P103.
- For the procedures for drain discharge, refer to P94.

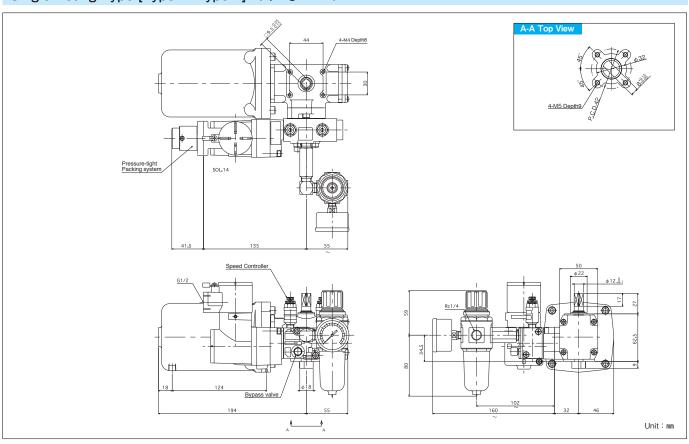
With Explosion-Proof Solenoid Valve and FR Unit

External Dimensions ⟨φ 40⟩

Double-Acting Type [Type D]

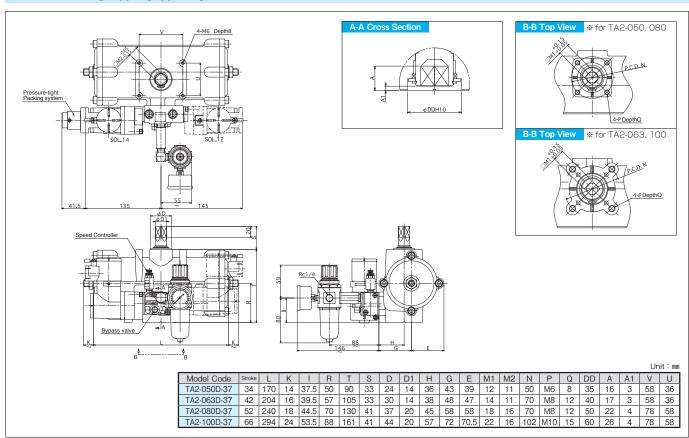


Single-Acting Type [Type R/Type L] (Spring Return)

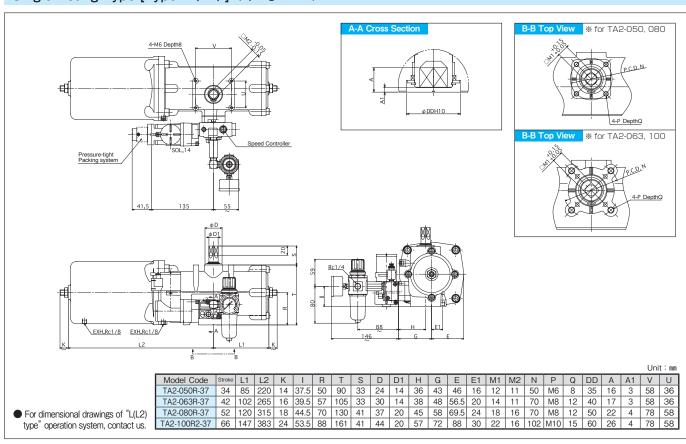


External Dimensions $\langle \phi 50 \cdot 63 \cdot 80 \cdot 100 \rangle$

Double-Acting Type [Type D]



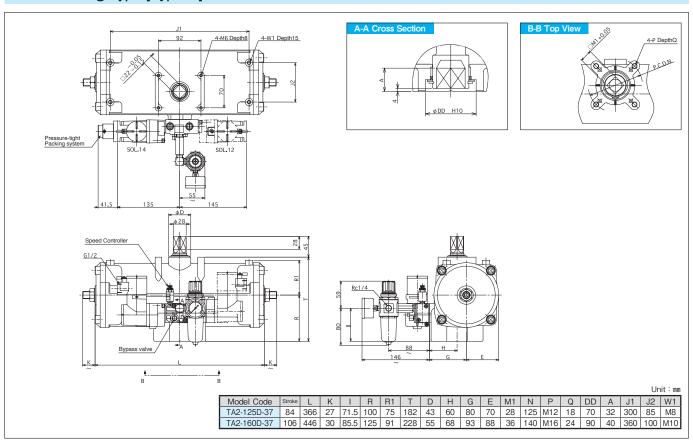
Single-Acting Type [Type R (R2)] (Spring Return)



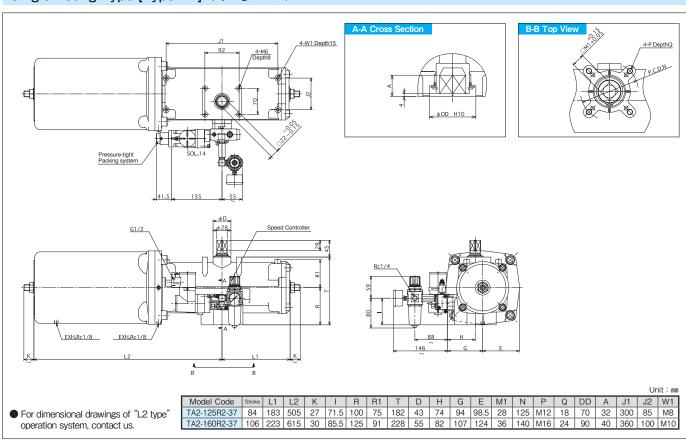
With Explosion-Proof Solenoid Valve and FR Unit

External Dimensions (φ 125 · 160)

Double-Acting Type [Type D]

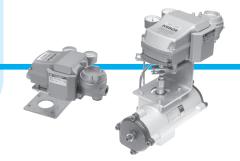


Single-Acting Type [Type R2] (Spring Return)



With Electric-Pneumatic positioner

This type is equipped with a compact Electric-Pneumatic positioner, which precisely controls rotating angle of the actuator. We provide two options available: CW Type turns clockwise to increment of the electrical signal, and CCW type turns vice versa.



Specifications

Bore size [mm]	φ 63	φ 80	φ 100	φ 125	φ 160
Operating fluid	Compressed air				
Operating pressure	0.3 ∼ 0.7MPa				
Proof pressure	1.05MPa				
Operating temperature	$-5\sim60^{\circ}\!\text{C}$ (In case of 5 $^{\circ}\!\text{C}$ or less, ensure to be removed any water contained for prevention of freezing.)				
Output torque	Please refer to the "Table of Output Torque" (P22 \sim P24) (The load torque is recommended not to exceed 50% of the valve in the output torque table.)				
Rotating angle	90°				
Angle adjustment range	± 5° both end				

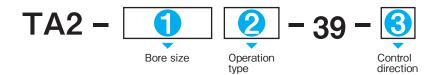
Use clean and fresh air. Adjust the air to be constant pressure suitable for use using a pressure reducing valve. If dust, moisture, oil, etc. are included in air to be used, it may cause troubles and the service life to be shortened. Remove them sufficiently.

Characteristics of the Positioner

Input signal	$4\sim 20$ mA DC $250~\Omega$		
Cam characteristics	Linear characteristics		
Linearity	± 5% F.S		
Hysteresis	2% F.S		
Repeatability	3% F.S		
Sensitivity	3% F.S		
Seismic capacity	1% F.S		
Air consumption	11L/min (ANR) (SUP 0.4MPa, Output pressure 75%)		
Structure	Flame-proof enclosure construction: Exd II BT6		
Main component material	Body, Cover: Aluminum		

● Each performance value varies depending on load factor, etc.

Model Code



1 Bore size [mm]

φ 63	063
φ 80	080
φ 100	100
φ 125	125
φ 160	160

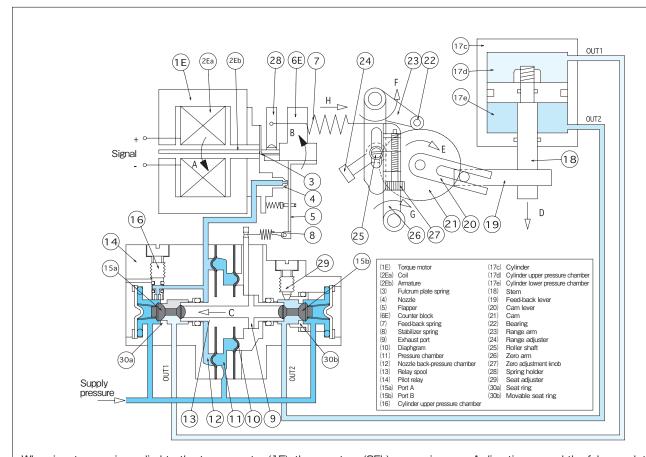
2 Operation type

Double-Acting Type	$\phi 40 \sim \phi 160$	D
Single-Acting Type	ϕ 40 \sim ϕ 80	R
Clockwise rotation by spring	φ 100 ~ φ 160	R2
Single-Acting Type	φ 40 ~ φ 80	L
(Counterclockwise rotation by spring)	$\phi 100 \sim \phi 160$	L2

3 Control direction

Clockwise rotation by increasesd electrical signal (C · W)	С
Counterclockwise rotation by increasesd electrical signal (C · C · W)	А

Operating principle

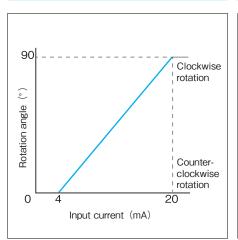


When input power is applied to the torque motor (1E), the armature (2Eb) moves in arrow A direction around the fulcrum plate spring (3). This movement causes the flapper (5) to be separated from the nozzle (4), the pressure of the nozzle back-pressure chamber (12) to decrease and the balance with the pressure chamber (11) to be lost. For this reason, the relay spool (13) pushes the port A (15a) open, which causes the lower cylinder pressure chamber (17e) to be connected to the exhaust port (9) and the stem (18) to be lowered. This movement is transferred to the feed-back lever (19), cam lever (20), range arm (23) and zero arm (26) to extend the feed-back spring (7) and move until the spring tensile strength balances with the absorption power of the torque motor (1E). Accordingly, the movement of the stem (18) in proportion to the input signal is obtained.

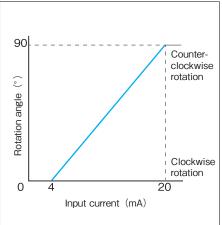
Characteristics Positioner

Signal current vs Rotation Angles

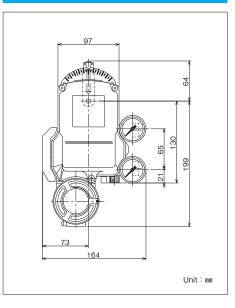
Control Direction (C · W)



Control Direction (C · C · W)



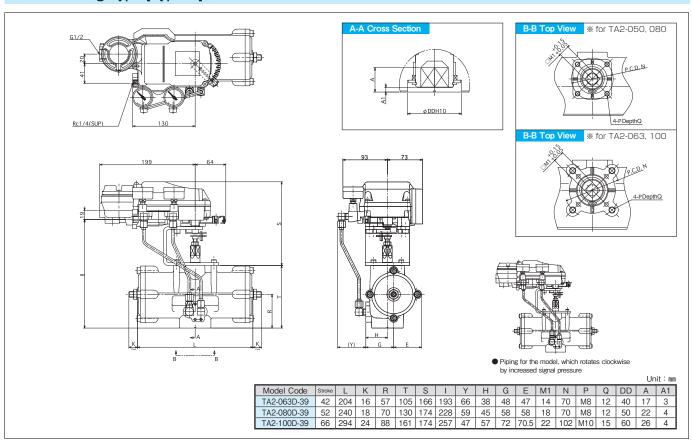
Dimensions of the Positioner



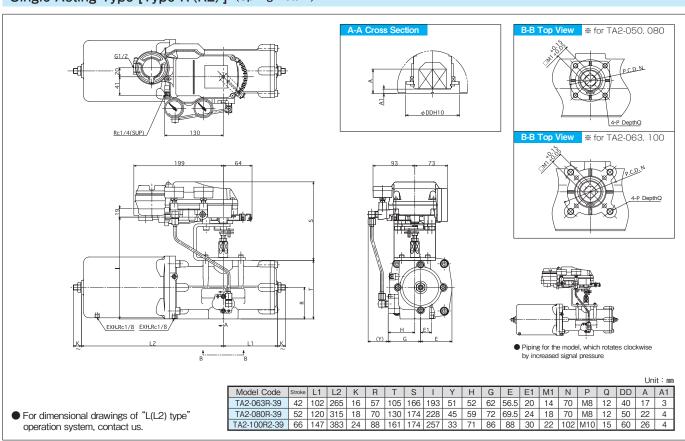
With Electric-Pneumatic positioner

External Dimensions (φ 63 · 80 · 100)

Double-Acting Type [Type D]

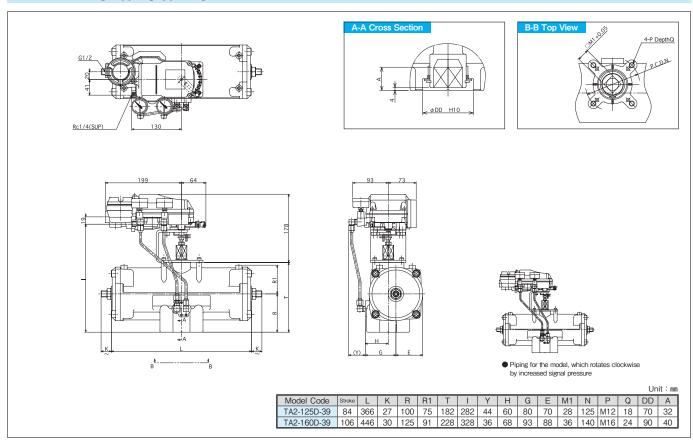


Single-Acting Type [Type R (R2)] (Spring Return)

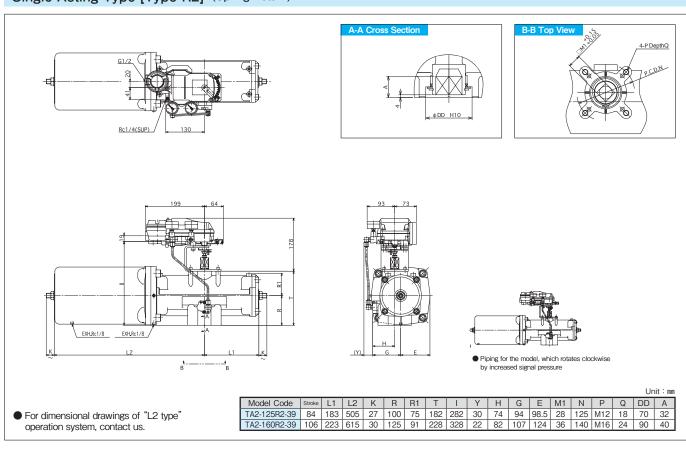


External Dimensions (φ 125 · 160)

Double-Acting Type [Type D]



Single-Acting Type [Type R2] (Spring Return)



With Pneumatic-Pneumatic positioner

This type is equipped with a compact Electric-Pneumatic positioner, which precisely controls rotating angle of the actuator. We provide two options available: CW Type turns clockwise to increment of the signal pressure, and CCW type turns vice versa.

Specifications

Bore size[mm]	φ 63	φ 80	φ 100	φ 125	φ 160
Operating fluid	Compressed air				
Operating pressure		0.3	~ 0.7 M	lPa	
Proof pressure			1.05MPa	1	
Operating temperature	$-5\sim60^{\circ}\!\text{C}$ (In case of 5 $^{\circ}\!\text{C}$ or less, ensureto be removed any water contained for prevention of freezing.)				
Output torque	Please refer to the "Table of Output Torque" (P22 ~ P24) (The load torque is recommended not to exceed 50% of the valve in the output torque table.)				
Rotating angle	90°				
Angle adjustment range	± 5° both end				

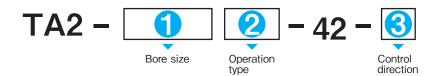
Use clean and fresh air. Adjust the air to be constant pressure suitable for use using a pressure reducing valve. If dust, moisture, oil, etc. are included in air to be used, it may cause troubles and the service life to be shortened. Remove them sufficiently.

Characteristics of the Positioner

Input signal	0.02 ~ 0.1 MPa		
Cam characteristics	Linear characteristics		
Linearity	± 5% F.S		
Hysteresis	2% F.S		
Repeatability	3% F.S		
Sensitivity	3% F.S		
Seismic capacity	1% F.S		
Air consumption	10L/min (ANR) (SUP 0.4MPa, Output pressure 75%)		
Structure	Dust proof and drip proof		
Main component material	Body, Cover: Aluminum		

Each performance value varies depending on load factor, etc.

Model Code



1 Bore size [mm]

φ 63	063
φ 80	080
φ 100	100
φ 125	125
φ 160	160

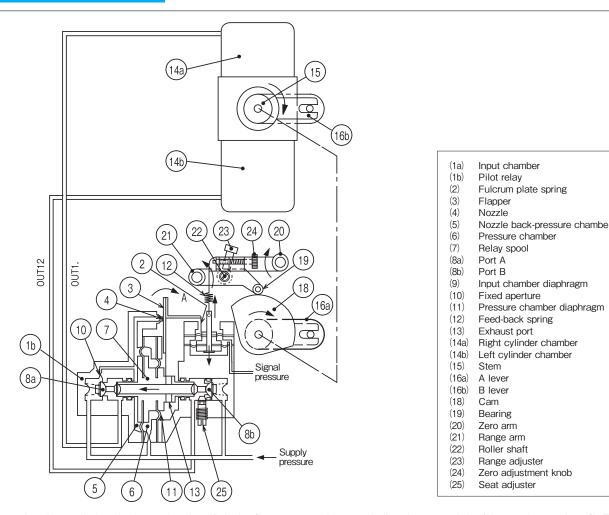
2 Operation type

Double-Acting Type	$\phi 40 \sim \phi 160$	D
Single-Acting Type	ϕ 40 \sim ϕ 80	R
Clockwise rotation by spring	φ 100 ~ φ 160	R2
Single-Acting Type	φ 40 ~ φ 80	L
(Counterclockwise rotation by spring	φ 100 ~ φ 160	L2

3 Control direction

Clockwise rotation by increasesd signal pressure (C • W)	С
Counterclockwise rotation by increasesd signal pressure (C · C · W)	А

Operating principle

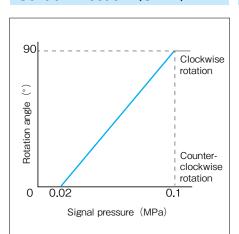


When input signal is applied to the input chamber (1a), the flapper moves in arrow A direction around the fulcrum plate spring (2). This movement causes the flapper (3) to be separated from the nozzle (4) and the pressure of the nozzle back-pressure chamber (5) to decrease, the balance with the pressure chamber (6) to be lost, and relay spool (7) to push the port A (8a) to open the air-intake valve seat. At the same time, in the port B (8b), the air-intake valve seat of the relay spool (7) is closed and the exhaust valve is opened. Supply pressure is fed from the OUT1. to the right cylinder chamber (14a) and from the OUT2. to the left cylinder chamber (14b) and finally vented to atmosphere via the exhaust port (13) to lower the stem (15). This movement is transferred to the B lever (16b), A lever (16a), cam (18), zero arm (20) and range arm (21) to extend the feed-back spring (12) and move until the spring tensile strength balances with the output of the input chamber. Accordingly, change in opening of the stem (15) in proportion to the input signal pressure is obtained. In balanced conditions at the point indicated by the signal, the respective air-intake valve seat and exhaust valve seat of the OUT1. and OUT2. are returned to the neutral position. In the conditions where loads are not applied to the right and left cylinder chambers, the pressure is set at the balance pressure (approx. 75% of supply pressure).

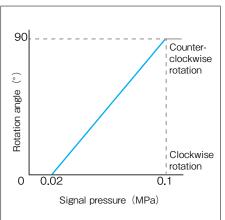
Characteristics Positioner

Signal pressure vs Rotation Angles

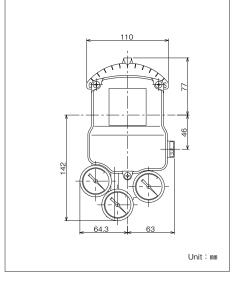
Control Direction (C · W)



Control Direction (C · C · W)



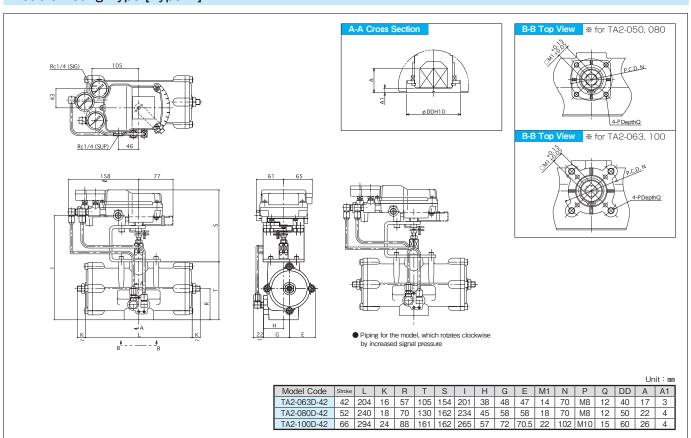
Dimensions of the Positioner



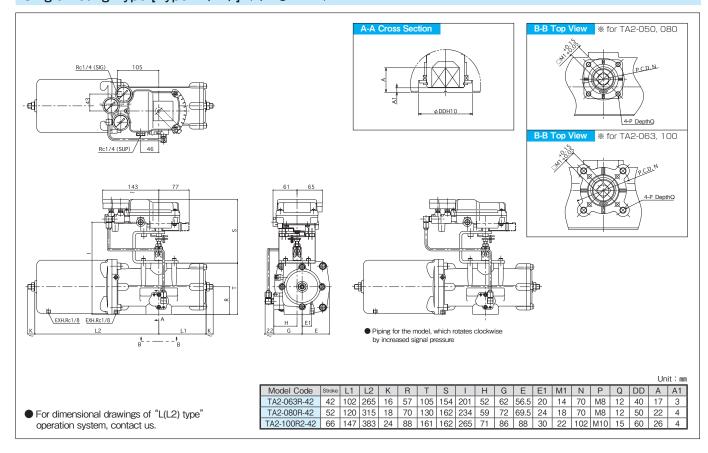
With Pneumatic-Pneumatic positioner

External Dimensions (φ 63 · 80 · 100)

Double-Acting Type [Type D]

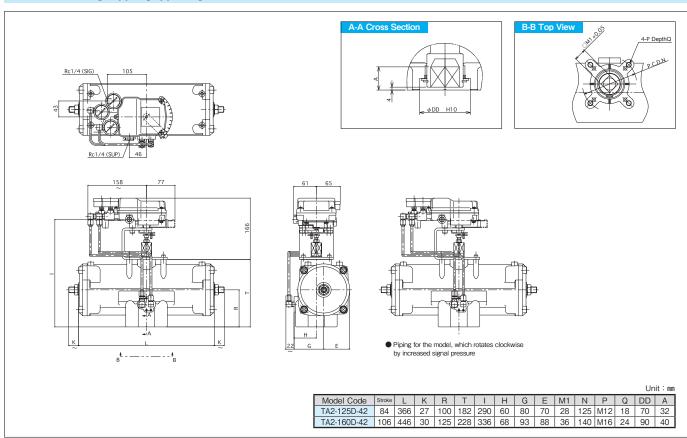


Single-Acting Type [Type R (R2)] (Spring Return)

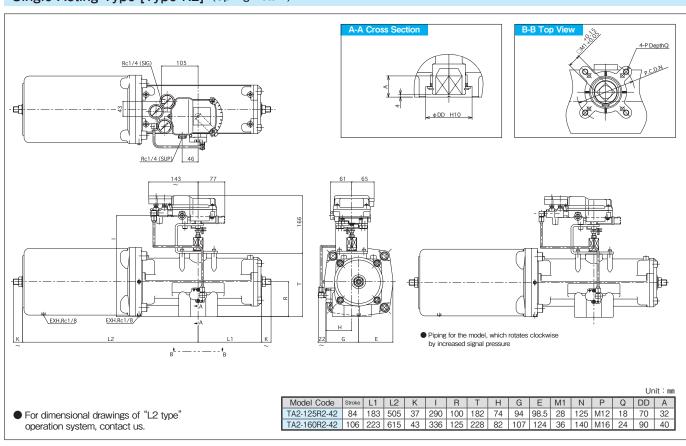


External Dimensions (φ 125 · 160)

Double-Acting Type [Type D]



Single-Acting Type [Type R2] (Spring Return)



With manually operated handle

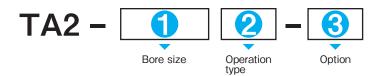
This single-acting type actuator is equipped with a manually operated mechanism (Handle Unit).

* Only the Single-Acting Type (Single return) is available.

Specifications

Bore size [mm]	φ 50	φ 63	φ 80	φ 100	φ 125	φ 160
Operating fluid	Compressed air					
Operating pressure		0.3 ~ 0.7MPa				
Proof pressure	1.05MPa					
Operating temperature	$-5\sim60^{\circ}\!\text{C}$ (In case of 5°C or less, ensure to be removed any water contained for prevention of freezing.)					
Output torque	Please refer to the "Table of Output Torque" (P22 \sim P24)					
Rotating angle	90°					
Angle adjustment range	± 5° both end					

Model Code



1 Bore size [mm]

φ 50	050
φ 63	063
φ 80	080
φ 100	100
φ 125	125
φ 160	160

2 Operation type

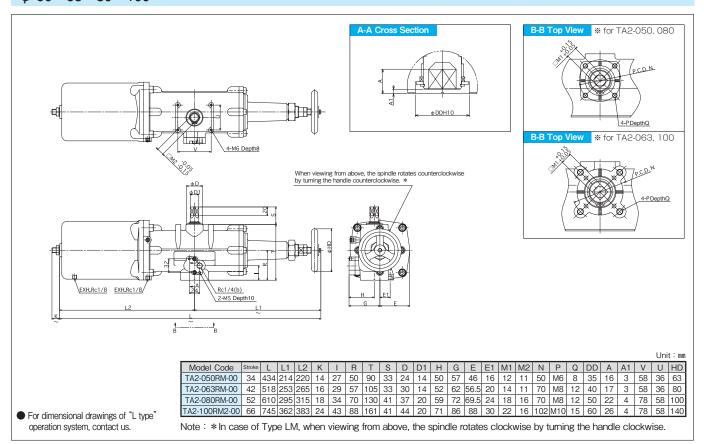
Single-Acting Type	ϕ 50 \sim ϕ 80	RM
Clockwise rotation by spring	φ 100 ~ φ 160	RM2
Single-Acting Type	φ 50 ~ φ 80	LM
(Counterclockwise rotation by spring	φ 100 ~ φ 160	LM2

3 Option

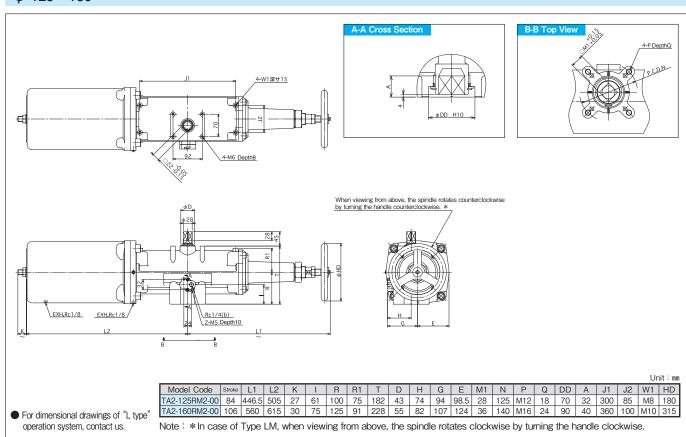
See Page 5.

External Dimensions

$\phi 50 \cdot 63 \cdot 80 \cdot 100$



φ 125 · 160





With manually operated handle

TA2 SERIES

Ordering of TA2 Options

When placing orders with only options of actuators with options in the preceding sections and other options, use them.

Assembly of the TA2 options with fitting bolts, piping joints, packing, etc. are available on request.



NAMUR standard 5-port solenoid valve with bypass valve.



Specifications

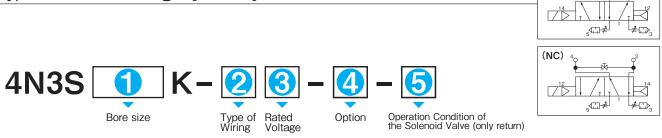
Model	oodo	Return	4N3S102K 4N3S10BK	
Model cod	code	Hold	4N3D102K 4N3D10BK	
Or	perating	fluid	Compressed air	
Ope	rating p	ressure	0.2 ~ 0.7MPa	
Ambi	ent tem	perature	- 5 ~ 50°C	
Fluid temperature		erature	$-5\sim50^{\circ}\!\text{C}$ (In case of $-5^{\circ}\!\text{C}$ to $+5^{\circ}\!\text{C}$, ensure to be removed any water contained for prevention of freezing.)	
Opera	ation Fr	equency	Max.: four times / second Min.: once / month	
Vol	tage tol	erance	± 10% of the rated voltage	
	Lubricating		Not necessary	
	Mass		Please refer to Page 99.	
Pro	otection	class	Wiring type L: IP41 D, N: IP54 W: IP55	
	Effective	area of valve	Over 10mm (for a single solenoid valve without silencer and throttle valve)	
ion	Respo	onse time	Less than 0.03 s	
Valve section	Allowab	le air leakage	Less than the value provided for in JIS B8375 - 1993	
, ,	Proof	pressure	1.2MPa	
	Type o	f insulation	JIS C4003 Type B	
Б ^с	Tempera	ature increase	Less than 70°C (Resistance method)	
Solenoid section	Insulatio	on resistance	Over 100MΩ (measured by the 500V insulation resistance method)	
Sol	Volta	age proof	AC1500V (for one minute)	
	Power consumption AC: 6VA DC: 5.5W		AC:6VA DC:5.5W	
Silencer section (with throttle	Mod	lel code	EVS5 - 6A	
Sound-absorbing effect			More than 15dB	

Ordering of TA2 Options

Model Code

For this model, actuator-mounting bolts, gaskets & a throttle valve with silencer are attached.

■ Type of Valve Passage 【Return】



Bore size

Rc 1/4 (Standard)	102	
1/4NPT *	10B	

* : NPT screw is used only for the pressure sulppy port (port1)

2 Type of Wiring

Lead wire		L
DIN	w/o Lamp	D
Connector	w/ Lamp	N
Drip-proof connector		W

See p102 for details.

4 Option

Silencer with throttle valve : Port 5 and port 3 (Equipped as standard))	No entry
Silencer with throttle valve : Port5 Plug : Port3	X
Silencer with throttle valve: Port5 Plug: Port3 With surge absorber	Y
With surge absorber	Z

Gasket "NO"	No entry (Standard)
Gasket "NC"	C

5 Operation Condition of the Solenoid Valve

- In case of NO type gasket direction upon shipment, air flows into the actuator port (b) by turning on the solenoid and the spindle rotates counterclockwise as viewed from above.
- In case of NC type gasket direction upon shipment, reversal actions are carried out, i.e., air flows into the actuator port (a) by turning on the solenoid and the spindle rotates clockwise as viewed from above.

3 Rated Voltage

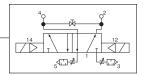
AC100V 50/60Hz	1
(AC110V 50/60Hz)	2
AC200V 50/60Hz	3
(AC220V 50/60Hz)	4
DC24V	5
(DC48V)	6
(DC100V)	7
(DC125V)	8
(DC110V)	9

(NO)

): Semi-standard.



■ Type of Valve Passage 【Hold】





1 Bore size

Rc 1/4 (Standard)	102	
1/4NPT *	10B	

^{* :} NPT screw is used only for the pressure sulppy port (port1) .

2 Type of Wiring

Lead wire		L
DIN	w/o Lamp	D
Connector	w/ Lamp	N
Drip-proof connector		W

See p102 for details.

3 Rated Voltage

AC100V 50/60Hz	1
(AC110V 50/60Hz)	2
AC200V 50/60Hz	3
(AC220V 50/60Hz)	4
DC24V	5
(DC48V)	6
(DC100V)	7
(DC125V)	8
(DC110V)	9

^{():} Semi-standard.

4 Option

Silencer with throttle valve : Port 5 and port 3 (Equipped as standard)	No entry
With surge absorber	Z



Ordering of TA2 Options



Explosion-proof solenoid valve with bypass valve, which is conformable to the NAMUR standard

Specifications

Model code		Return	4N4S102K - E * * - H * * - * 4N4S10BK - E * * - H * * - * 4N4S102K - P * * - H * * - * 4N4S10BK - P * * - H * * - *
Model code	Code	Hold	4N4D102K - E * * - H * * - * 4N4D10BK - E * * - H * * - * 4N4D102K - P * * - H * * - * 4N4D10BK - P * * - H * * - *
C	Operating	fluid	Compressed air
Оре	erating p	ressure	0.15 ~ 0.7MPa
Amb	pient tem	perature	- 5 ~ 60°C
Flu	uid tempe	erature	$-$ 5 \sim 60°C (In case of $-$ 5°C to $+$ 5°C , ensure to be removed any water contained for prevention of freezing.)
Оре	eration fre	equency	Max.: twice /second Min.: once /six months
	Lubricat	ting	Not necessary
	Mass	3	Please refer to Page 99.
Pi	rotective	class	IP65
_	Effective	e area of valve	Over 10mm (for a single solenoid valve without silencer and throttle valve)
Valve	Respo	onse time	Less than 0.05 s
Sec Sec	Allowab	le air leakage	Below the value provided for in JIS B8375 - 1993
	Proof	pressure	1.2MPa
	Explosion-p	proof construction	d2G4 Pressure-resistance explosion-proof construction
	R	Rating	Continuous rating
	Voltage	e tolerance	$-$ 15% \sim 10% of the rated voltage
Solenoid section	Apparen	t power (AC)	Energized less than 7.5VA (50Hz) and 5.5VA (60Hz) , starting current less than 3 times to the energized power.
ection	Power consumption (DC)		Below 4W
SS	Type of insulation		JIS C4003 Type H
	Temperature increase		Less than 70°C (Resistance method)
	Insulation resistance		Less than 10MΩ (DC500V megger)
Voltage proof AC1500V (for one minute)		AC1500V (for one minute)	
ncer tion throttle (ve)	Mod	del code	EVS5 - 6A
Sile sec (with	Sound-al	osorbing effect	More than 15dB

[■] Ex II BT4 explosion-proof standards is available. For the details, contact KONAN.



The hydrogen explosion-proof (d3aG4) solenoid valve can be mounted.

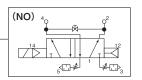
Consult with us separately.



Ordering of TA2 Options

Model Code

■ Type of Valve Passage (Return)







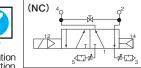












Bore size

Standard

Explosion-proof

Rated Voltage

Option (Silencer with throttle

Option (Surge absorber)

Operation Condition of the Solenoid Valve

Bore size

Rc 1/4 (Standard)	102
1/4NPT *	10B

* : NPT screw is used only for the pressure sulppy port (port1).

2 Explosion-proof Standard

Structural standard	d2G4	Е
EX. Explosion-proof	Exd II BT4	Р
Explosion-proof for Korea	Exd II BT4	Н

3 Type of Wiring

Conduit tube system		01
Pressure-	ϕ 7.5 \sim 8.4	80
resistant packing	$\phi 8.5 \sim 9.4$	09
system	φ 9.5 ~ 10.4	10
Applicable cable	ϕ 10.5 \sim 11.4	11
\ size /	φ 11.5 ~ 12.4	12

See p102 to p104 for details.

4 Rated Voltage

AC100V 50/60Hz、110V 60Hz	1
(AC110V 50Hz、120V 60Hz)	2
AC200V 50/60Hz、220V 60Hz	3
(AC220V 50Hz、240V 60Hz)	4
(DC12V)	8
DC24V	5
(DC48V)	6
DC100V	7
(DC110V)	9
(DC125V)	А

): Semi-standard.

5 Option (Silencer with throttle valve)

Without	Υ
With 2 piece	В
Port5: With 1 piece Port3: Plug	X

6 Option (Surge absorber)

Without	0 (Zero)
With surge absorber	Z

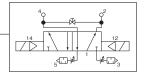
7 Operation Condition of the Solenoid Valve

R (Standard)
No entry

- In case of NO type gasket direction upon shipment, air flows into the actuator port (b) by turning on the solenoid and the spindle rotates counterclockwise as viewed from above.
- In case of NC type gasket direction upon shipment, reversal actions are carried out, i.e., air flows into the actuator port (a) by turning on the solenoid and the spindle rotates clockwise as viewed from above.



■ Type of Valve Passage 【Hold】





1 Bore size

Rc 1/4 (Standard)

1/4NPT *

sulppy port (port1).













Option

Rated Voltage (Silencer with throttle valve)

Option (Surge absorber)



st : NPT screw is used only for the pressure

Bore size

102

10B

Explosion-proof Standard

2 Explosion-proof Standard

Structural standard	d2G4	Е
EX. Explosion-proof	Exd II BT4	Р
Explosion-proof for Korea	Exd II BT4	Н

3 Type of Wiring

Conduit tube system		01
Pressure-	φ 7.5 ~ 8.4	08
resistant packing	$\phi 8.5 \sim 9.4$	09
system	φ 9.5 ~ 10.4	10
(Applicable) cable	ϕ 10.5 \sim 11.4	11
\ size /	φ 11.5 ~ 12.4	12

See p102 to p104 for details.

4 Rated Voltage

AC100V 50/60Hz、110V 60Hz	1
(AC110V 50Hz、120V 60Hz)	2
AC200V 50/60Hz、220V 60Hz	3
(AC220V 50Hz、240V 60Hz)	4
(DC12V)	8
DC24V	5
(DC48V)	6
DC100V	7
(DC110V)	9
(DC125V)	А

): Semi-standard.

5 Option (Silencer with throttle valve)

Without	Y
With 2 piece	В
Port5: With 1 piece Port3: Plug	X

6 Option (Surge absorber)

Without	0 (Zero)
With surge absorber	Z

Ordering of TA2 Options

FR Unit (Filter regulator)



Specifications

Model code		TA2-FR、TA-FR-E % In case of φ 40, only TA2-FR is available.	
Operating fluid		Compressed air	
Operating Primary side (IN)		Max.1.0MPa	
pressure	Secondary side (OUT)	0.05 ~ 0.7MPa	
Pro	of pressure	1.5MPa	
Allowable air leakage		Less than 15cm² /min (ANR) only for the relief valve section	
Operating temperature		$-20\sim60^{\circ}\text{C}$ (Only for FR unit itself)	
Mass		Please refer to Page 99.	
Element filtration		5 μ m	
Pressure gauge		Not attached and will be shipped as an accessory.	

Piping fittings are not attached and are shipped as an accessory.

Model Code

TA2 – FR – 🚺

Type of Solenoid Valve connected to the piping

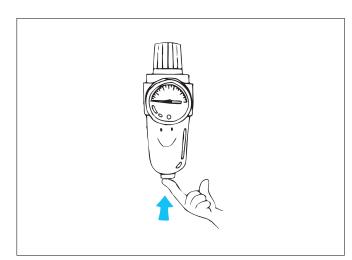
Pressure gauge, connecting nipples/elbows to solenoid are attached.

1 Type of Solenoid Valve connected to the piping

5-port	4N3S102K - * * (Return) 4N3S10BK - * * (Return)	No entry
solenoid valve	4N3S102K - * * (Hold) 4N3S10BK - * * (Hold)	(Standard)
Explosion-proof	4N4S102K - E ** (Return) 4N4S10BK - E ** (Return)	Г
solenoid valve	4N4S102K - E ** (Hold) 4N4S10BK - E ** (Hold)	Е

Drain Discharge

 $\ensuremath{\bullet}$ To discharge the drains, push the rod of the drain valve upwards.





Bypass valve with speed controllers



Specifications

Model code	BPSC-08A
Operating fluid	Compressed air
Operating pressure	0.1 ∼ 0.7MPa
Proof pressure	1.05MPa
Operating temperature	$-$ 5 \sim 60°C (In case of $-$ 5°C to $+$ 5°C , ensure to be removed any water contained for prevention of freezing.)
Material	Resin (PPC)
Mass	Please refer to Page 99.

Model Code

BPSC - 08A

Actuator-mounting screws are attached.

[5] Indicator (Pointer and indication board)

Specifications

Article No.	Name	Material	Quantity
IN1	Pointer	EPDM	1
IN2	Indication board	Aluminum	1
IN3	Pan-head machine screw	Stainless steel	4



Model Code



Size of Actuator

Size of Actuator

TA2 - 0402	09
TA2 - 050、TA2 - 063	11
TA2 - 080、TA2 - 100	16
TA2 - 125、TA2 - 160	22

Ordering of TA2 Options

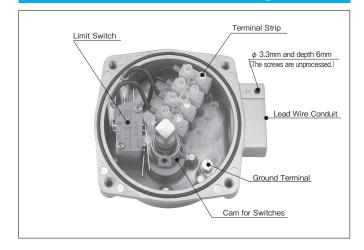
(5) Limit switch box (Made of Aluminum)



Specifications

Model code	TA2-SB2			NO Type (Standard) NC Type
Rating of the limit switch	Rated voltage(V) Non-inductive Load AC125 11 AC250 11 DC125 0.5 DC250 0.25	(A) Inductive Load(A) 7 7 — — —	Connection diagram	1 COM Counter-clockwise 1-2 Output SW.1 SW.1 SW.1 Clockwise 1-2 Output SW.2 4 COM 4-3 Output SW.2 4 COM 4-3 Output SW.2 4 COM SW.2 4
Operating temperature	$-5 \sim 60^{\circ}$ C (only switch box itself)			Applicable lead wire : 2.5mm² ● Terminal screw size : M3 ● Lead wire conduit : G1/2 ● Connect the gland wire to the ground terminal as needed.
Voltage proof	AC1500V (for one minute)		Body material	ADC
Protection class	IP65		Mass	Refer to Page 99.
			Paint color	Silver

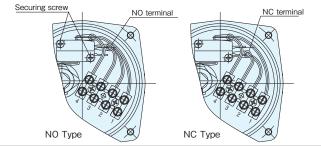
Switch Box Internal Configuration



Change of the Output Signal of the Switch

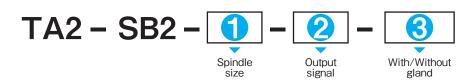
The circuit configuration of the micro switch built in this device is of the SPDT (Single Pole Double Throw) with output signal of only NO as a standard. To change it to the NC output signal, follow the procedure given below:

- ① Remove the screws (two) securing microswitches (two) . ② Remove the fast-on connection terminals inserted in the NO terminal strips.
- 3 Insert the fast-on connection terminals into the NC terminal strips.
- 4 Secure the microswitches (two pieces) with screws (two) respectively.



Model Code

Switch-mounting brackets & bolts are attached.



1 Spindle size

TA2-0402D (R/L)	09
TA2-050D (R/L) TA2-063D (R/L)	11
TA2-080D (R/L) TA2-100D (R/R2/L/L2)	16
TA2-125D(R/R2/L/L2) TA2-160D(R/R2/L/L2)	22

2 Output signal

NO Type (Standard)	NO
NC Type	NC

3 With/Without gland

Without gland	No entry
φ 8.5 ~ φ 9.4	15A
φ 9.5 ~ φ 10.4	15B
φ 10.5 ~ φ 11.4	15C



Limit switch box (Made of resin)



Specifications

Model code	SB100		
	Rated voltage(V) AC125	Non-inductive Load (A) 5	Inductive Load(A)
Rating of the limit switch	AC250	5	2
IIIIII SWILCIT	DC 14	5	4
	DC 30	4	3
Operating temperature	_ 5 ~ 60°C		

Internal structure of the switch



Model Code

SB100

Ordering of TA2 Options

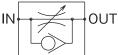
Air-intake speed controller compatible with the NAMUR standards



Features

- 1 Meter-in circuit
- 2 The mounting method to the actuator conforms to the NAMUR standards.

〈JIS Symbol〉



Specifications

Effective	Controlled flow	10mm ²
sectional area	Free flow	12.5mm ²
Opera	ting pressure	0.05MPa ~ 0.7MPa
Proof pressure		1.05MPa
Cracking pressure		Less than 0.05MPa
Operating temperature		- 5 ~ 60°C
Mass		約 0.21kg

Remarks) These specifications are subject to change depending on use conditions.

Model Code

SCTA2 - 02

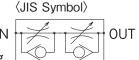
Air-intake and exhaust speed controller compatible with the NAMUR standards



* This product is included only in single-action type.

Features

1 Speed control valve combining the meter-in and mater-out functions.



- 2 Attaching this controller to the single-acting oscillating actuator with spring enables the rotation speeds in rightward/leftward directions to be adjusted respectively by one unit.
- 3 The attaching time can be reduced greatly in comparison with piping the 2 speed control valves in series. Furthermore, it has effect to prevent the piping from being damaged due to external force.
- 4 The mounting dimensions to the actuator conform to the NAMUR standards.

Specifications

Fluid	Compressed air
Operating pressure	0.3MPa ~ 0.7MPa
Proof pressure	1.05MPa
Operating temperature	$-5\sim60^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$ (In case of 5°C or less, ensure to be removed any water contained for prevention of freezing.)
Effective sectional area	4.9mm ²
Cracking pressure	Less than 0.05MPa (JISB8376 ⁻¹⁹⁹⁴)
Mass	0.26kg

Remarks) These specifications are subject to change depending on use conditions.

Model Code

SASC6 - 02 - 8A

Products Mass

The mass of the entire unit of the product with optional accessories should be calculated by adding mass of such options to the basic mass.

Unit: kg

	Additional mass of the optional accessories												
Basic model	Basic mass	5- Port solenoid valve		FR Swit	Switch	Electric – pneumatic	d2G4 Explosion-proof solenoid valve		Bypass valve	Manually			
Dasic model	(without option)	S : Return	Hold D:	unit	positioner		S : Return	D :	with speed controller	operated handle unit			
TA2 - 0402D	0.8	0.4	0.6	0.4	0.6								
TA2 - 0402R	2.3	0.4	_	0.4	0.6	_	_	_					
TA2 - 050D	1.3	0.4	0.0	0.4	0.7		0.0	4.4	0.1	0.5			
TA2 - 050R(L)	3.0	0.4	0.4 0.6	0.6 0.4	0.7	_	8.0	1.4	0.1	0.5			
TA2 - 063D	2.1	0.4	0.4 0.6		0.7	0.0	0.0		0.1	0.0			
TA2 - 063R(L)	4.9			0.4	0.7	3.0	8.0	1.4	0.1	0.9			
TA2 - 080D	3.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.6	0.4	0.8	3.2	0.8	1.4	0.1	1.5
TA2 - 080R(L)	8.5	0.4	0.6 0.4	0.8	3.2	0.8	1.4	0.1	1.5				
TA2 — 100D	6.1	0.4	0.6	0.4	0.8	3.2	0.8	1.4	0.1	0.7			
TA2 — 100R (R2/L/L2)	16.4	0.4	0.6							2.7			
TA2 — 125D	9.8	0.4	0.6	0.4	0.9	2.2	0.0	1.4	0.1	5.0			
TA2 — 125R (R2/L/L2)	27.6	0.4	0.6		0.9	3.3	8.0		0.1	5.0			
TA2 — 160D	18.2	0.4	0.6	0.4	0.0	2.2	0.0	1 4	0.1	120			
TA2 — 160R (R2/L/L2)	51.2	0.4	0.6	0.4	0.9	3.3	8.0	1.4	0.1	13.0			

Note

- $\boldsymbol{\cdot}$ Manually operated handle is not designed to mount on D type (double-acting type) .
- Hold type solenoid valve (D) and bypass valve with speed controller are not designed to mount on R type and L type (single-acting type)

Spare Parts List

Double-Acting Type [Type D]

Code No.	Packing	Quantity per unit	TA2-0402D-00	TA2-050D-00	TA2-063D-00	TA2-080D-00	TA2-100D-00	TA2-125D-00	TA2-160D-00
D08	Gasket	2	504-48899-D10	_	_	_	_	_	_
D09	Piston packing	2	02301-0340	_	_	_	_	_	_
D10	Gasket	1	02301-0100	_	_	_	_	_	_
D11	Gasket	1	02301-0180	_	_	_	_	_	_
20	Flange Gasket	2	_	504-32682-20	504-32683-20	504-32802-20	504-32804-20	504-32956-20	504-32957-20A
21	Piston packing	2	_	02494-29850	02494-29860	02494-29870	02494-29880	02494-32530	02494-32540
22	Spindle packing A	1	_	02301-0140	02301-0180	02301-0220	02301-0280	02301-0300	02301-0380
23	Spindle packing B	1	_	02301-0240	02301-0280	02301-0350	02301-0400	02301-0500	02301-0650
24	Seal washer	2	_	01178-08130S	01178-10130S	01178-12130S	01178-16130S	01178-16130S	01178-20130S

Repair kit parts No. P-TA2-0402D P-TA2-050D P-TA2-063D P-TA2-080D P-TA2-100D P-TA2-125D P-TA2-16
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Single-Acting Type [Type R / L]

Code	Packing	Quantity	TA2-0402R (L) -00	TA2-050R(L)-00	TA2-063R(L)-00	TA2-080R (L) -00	TA2-100R (L) -00	TA2-125R(L)-00	TA2-160R (L) -00
No.	1 deking	per unit	1A2-040211(L)-00	TAZ-030IT(L)-00	1A2-00011(L)-00	1A2-00011(L)-00	TA2-100R (L2) -00	TA2-125R (L2) -00	TA2-160R (L2) -00
D08	Gasket	1	504-48899-D10	_	_	_	_	_	_
D09	Piston packing	2	02301-0340	_	_	_	-	_	_
D10	Gasket	1	02301-0100	_	_	_	-	_	_
D11	Gasket	1	02301-0180	_	_	_	_	_	_
R43	Rod packing	1	02301-0160	_	_	_	_	_	_
R45	Gasket	4	02308-0500	_	_	_	_	_	_
R46	Gasket	2	02301-0030	_	_	_	_	_	_
R47	Flange Gasket B	1	01305-0800	_	_	_	_	_	_
R52	Gasket	1	02301-0300	_	_	_	_	_	_
20	Flange Gasket A	1	_	504-32682-20	504-32683-20	504-32802-20	504-32804-20	504-32956-20	504-32957-20A
21	Piston packing A	2	_	02494-29850	02494-29860	02494-29870	02494-29880	02494-32530	02494-32540
22	Spindle packing A	1	_	02301-0140	02301-0180	02301-0220	02301-0280	02301-0300	02301-0380
23	Spindle packing B	1	_	02301-0240	02301-0280	02301-0350	02301-0400	02301-0500	02301-0650
24	Seal washer	1	_	01178-08130S	01178-10130S	01178-12130S	01178-16130S	01178-16130S	01178-20130S
43	Rod packing	1	_	02301-0160	02301-0160	02301-0160	02301-0200	02301-0250	02301-0250
45	Gasket	4	_	02301-0060	02301-0070	02301-0100	02301-0120	02301-0140	02301-0180
40	Cooleat	1	_	02301-0080	02301-0100	02301-0140	02301-0160	_	_
46	Gasket	2	_	_	_	_	_	02301-0080	02301-0100
47	Flange Gasket B	1	_	01305-0080	01305-1000	01305-11110	01305-11130	01305-11140	504-32959-47
55	Gasket	1	_	02301-0300	02301-0300	02301-0300	02301-0300	02301-0300	02301-0300

Repair kit parts No.	P-TA2-0402R	P-TA2-050R	P-TA2-063R	P-TA2-080R	P-TA2-100R	P-TA2-125R	P-TA2-160R	
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^{*} Never disassemble the spring unit. (Never remove the stop ring of product form R41.)

Reference Materials

Procedure for Connecting 5-port Solenoid Valve

L Lead wires



D DIN connector (without indicator)



N DIN connector (with indicator)



E	

W Water-proof connector

Connection diagram

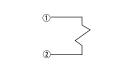


Connection diagram



(AC)	Connection diagram (DC)
1	

Connection diagram



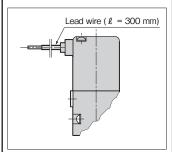
Size of the screw for the cable conduit of the water-proof terminal cover: G1/2

Applicable lead wire size

As this water-proof connector employs

faston terminal, 0.75 to 3.37 mm2 size

Lead wire is drawn out of the coil section by approximately 300 mm in length.



Ensure that the excessive pull-out force is not applied to the lead wire.

Applicable cable size

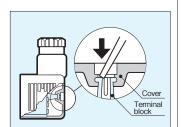
Use the cable with finished external diameter ϕ 6 to ϕ 8 mm.

Wiring procedure

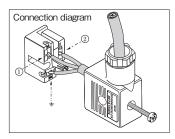
- Remove the covering set screw, press the terminal block head (gray part) visible in the hole with a short stick (such as screw driver) to take out the terminal block.
- ② After passing the cable through the gland nut, washer, packing, and cover, strip ends of the cable jacket, then make a fine strand at each end.
- 3 Loosen the terminal set screws. 1) and 2) on the terminal block to insert the lead wire securely, then tighten the set screws.

For ground wiring, the lead wire should be connected to the 3 points on the terminal block.

After determining the direction of the cable conduit (cover mounting direction), tighten the cover set screw.

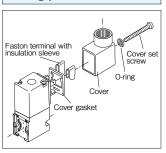


DIN connector parts _Gland nut -Washer -Packing Cover set screw



lead wire should be used. Wiring procedure

Cable conduit



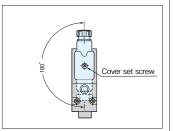
- After passing the lead wire through the cover and the insulation sleeve, strip ends of the cable jacket (approx. 4 mm), then make a fine strand at
- 2 Insert the lead wire into the faston terminal to secure, cover the insulation sleeve, then insert into the coil side DIN terminal.

Note: Insulation sleeve is not attached to the faston terminal for ground wiring.

3 After determining the direction of the cable conduit (cover mounting direction), tighten the cover set screw. Note: Care should be taken not to lose attached O-ring.

Change of the cable conduit

The direction of the cable conduit can be reversed by loosening the cover set screw and removing the cover.



Tool: 47417 Manufacture: AMP

In addition, a type with surge absorber can also be manufactured. Please contact us if you wish. However, only DIN connector type.

Faston terminal: 42232 - 3

Options

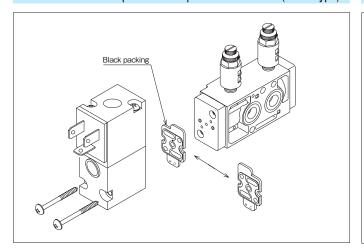
Glands are available as options. When ordering glands, refer to the table below.

Jn	it:	mı	m	

		Offic. Ithiri
Gland packing i.d.	Applicable cable size	Code
φ9	ф8.5∼9.4	15a
φ10	ф9.5~10.4	15b
φ11	φ10.5~11.4	15c

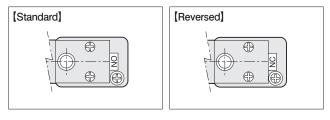
In a double-acting type (D) rotary actuator with return type solenoid valve (S) mounted, standard operation is "counterclockwise rotation when solenoid is energized." However, following the procedure below allows reverse operation, "clockwise rotation when solenoid is energized."

How to convert the operation of 5-port solenoid valve (return type)



How to convert the operation of rotary actuator

- In a double-acting type actuator with return type solenoid valve mounted, standard operation is as described in page 30 (at shipment).
- If the operation of the solenoid and the rotary actuator should be reversed, turn over the pilot packing of the solenoid valve to set with the "NC" mark visible.



Procedure for Connecting 5-port Explosion-proof (d2G4) Solenoid Valve

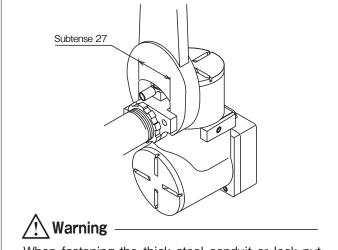
How to pull the external lead wire in the terminal box

Conduit system

Use the thick steel conduit (JIS C8305) with parallel thread screw (JIS B0202) and connect it with the screw by over five threads.

For details of wiring, follow the USERS' GUIDELINES for Electrical Installations for Explosive Gas Atmospheres in General Industry.

If there is a risk for entry of corrosive gas, moisture, or water from the thread, for precaution, apply non-curing water-proof or rust-preventing agent such as liquid gasket to the thread before connecting screw.

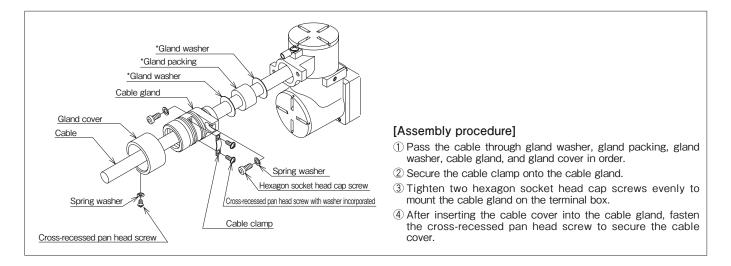


When fastening the thick steel conduit or lock nut for the thick steel conduit, use a spanner as shown in the above drawing to ensure no excessive force is applied onto the terminal box. Excessive force applied may impair the explosion-proof performance.

Reference Materials

Pressure-resistant packing system

Follow the under-mentioned procedure for cable wiring. Note that the sizes of the marked parts* are different depending on the cable size.



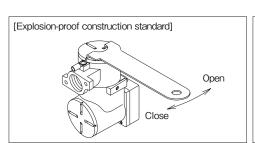
Electric connection

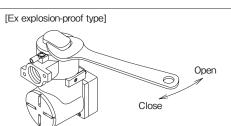
Use the attached solderless terminal V2-M4 (JST Mfg. Co., Ltd.) and the specified fitting YNT-1614 (JST Mfg. Co., Ltd.) for the connection work. Electric cable size should be 1.04 to 2.63 mm².

Opening/closing of the terminal box

Explosion-proof construction standard: The terminal box cover can be opened/closed only with a specified tool. When opening or closing the terminal box, use the special tool attached. Ensure to properly fit an angled edge plate into the slot of the cover and turn it as per shown.

Ex explosion-proof type: The terminal box cover can be opened/closed with spanners.







Before opening/closing the terminal box or removing/mounting electric terminal, ensure to shut off the power source.

When wiring work is performed outdoors or in the area which is likely to be exposed to water, make sure to take protective measure to prevent entry of the rain water into the terminal box.

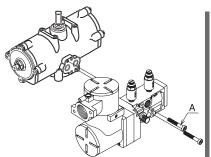
Manual operation button

How to Convert the Operation of 5-port Explosion-proof (d2G4) Solenoid Valve



Remove the solenoid valve from the rotary actuator or the mounting surface.

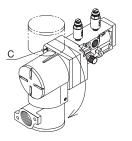
(Remove two socket head cap screws A.)



3

Half-turn the removed pilot solenoid valve and mount it again to the valve \underline{c} body.

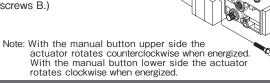
(Mount two socket head cap screws B.)





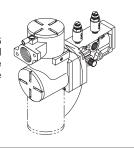
Remove the pilot solenoid valve from the valve body.

(Remove two socket head cap screws B.)





Loosen the set screw C (by 5 to 6 turns), half-turn the terminal box, and then fasten the set screw to secure the terminal box. Attach the solenoid valve to the actuator in reverse order.



Reference Materials

How to convert the operation of single-acting rotally actuator type R and type L < for your reference >

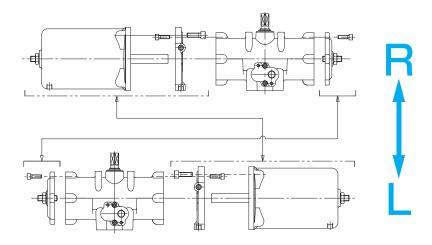
Operation of the single-type rotary actuator can be converted from R type (clockwise rotation by a spring force) to L type (counterclockwise rotation by a spring force) or vice versa by rearranging the spring unit section.

By exchanging the spring unit,

the operation can be changed from R type (rotating clockwise by spring force)

to L type (rotating counter-clockwise by spring force)

or from L type to R type.

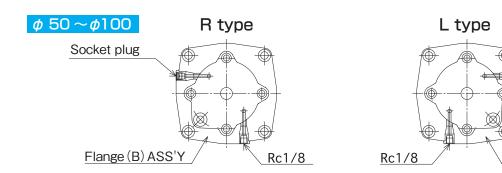


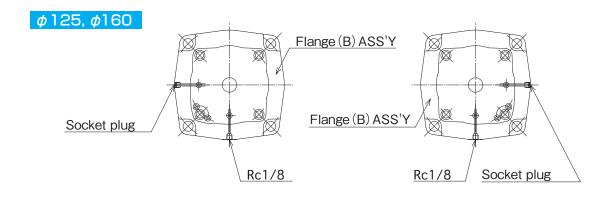
Note 1) If it is necessary to change the nameplate because of change in R/L type, contact our company.

Socket plug

Flange (B) ASS'Y

Note 2) The only difference between R type and L type is the position of socket plug (Form R52). When changing the operation, change the position of the socket plug.







RTA2 Rotary Actuator

Bore $\phi 50/\phi 63$

Rack and pinion 180° 180° rotation type







Newly developed pneumatic rotary actuator for rotation operation by 180°



Rack and pinion driving system provides flat output torque.



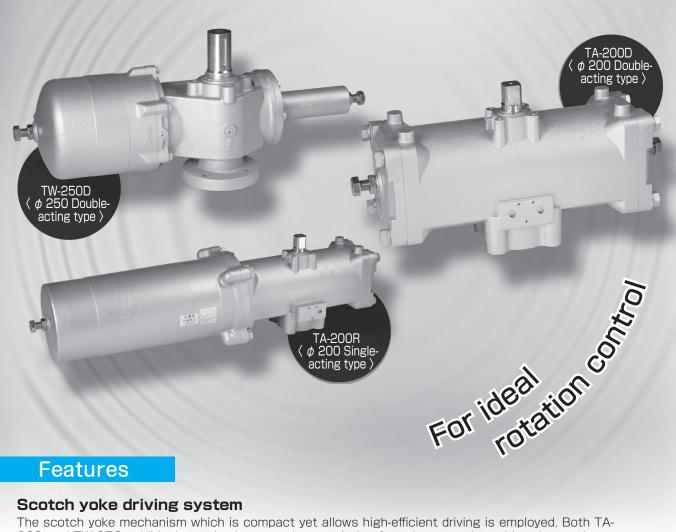
The solenoid valve attachment interface is compatible with the NAMUR standards (VDI/VDE3845).

Specifications

Bore size	<i>φ</i> 50	φ63
Operating fluid	Compressed air	
Operating pressure	0.3MPa~0.7MPa	
Proof pressure	1.05MPa	
Fluid temperature	$-5\sim60^{\circ}$ C (In case of 5°C or less, ensure to be removed any water contained for prevention of freezing.)	
Output torque	6.4N·m (at 0.4MPa)	1 1.5N·m (at 0.4MPa)
Rotating angle	180°	
Operating speed	Max180°/1s	
Angle adjustment range	± 5° bo	oth end

For operation of large-diameter valve (TA-200 · TW-250)

Reliable actuator technologies backed with experiences for a long time enables firm and safe automatic operations of any large-diameter valves.



Features

Scotch yoke driving system

The scotch yoke mechanism which is compact yet allows high-efficient driving is employed. Both TA-200 and TW-250 exhibit the optimal torque characteristics for valve control requiring the maximum torque at the rotation beginning and final ends.

Abundant optional devices

Abundant optional devices have been standardized. The total system helps valve automatic operations.

Connection method

The yoke or coupling-free direct mount system is employed for connection to valves.

- TA-200 employs a female angle conforming to ISO standards.
- TW-250 employs a female key socket system conforming to ISO standards.

Specifications

Model code	TA-200D-F16-00	TA-200R-F16-00	TW-250D-F16-00			
Bore size [mm]	φ 200	φ 200	φ 250			
Operating pressure		0.4 ~ 0.7MPa				
Proof pressure		1.05MPa				
Fluid temperature	$-5\sim60^{\circ}\!\text{C}$ (In case of 5°C or less, ensure to be removed any water contained for prevention of freezing.)					
Output torque	Please refer to the "Table of Output Torque" (P111)					
Rotating angle	90°					
Angle adjustment range	$\pm~5^{\circ}$ both end					
Rotating speed	Max.90 ° /2s	Max.90 ° /2s	Max.90 ° /3s			
Mass	約 70kg (Double-Acting Type)	約 170kg (Single-Acting Type)	約 100kg (Double-Acting Type)			

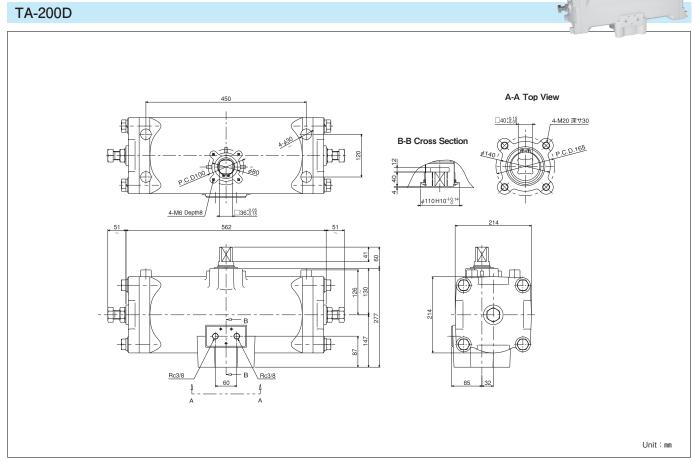
Model Code

TW-250D-F16-00

1 Operation system

Double-Acting Type	D
Single-Acting Type	R

External Dimensions

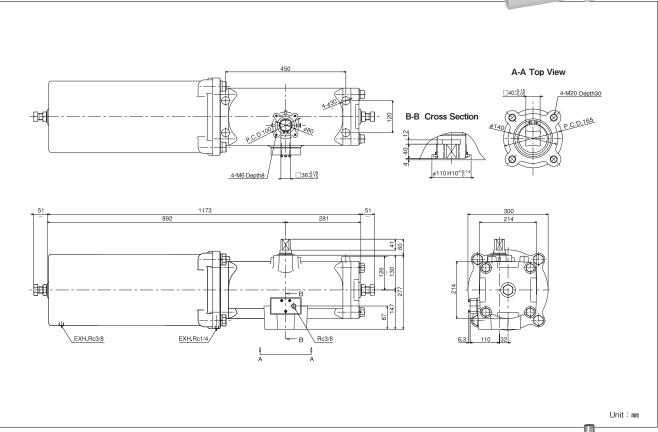


For operation of large-diameter valve (TA-200 • TW-250)

External Dimensions

TA-200R

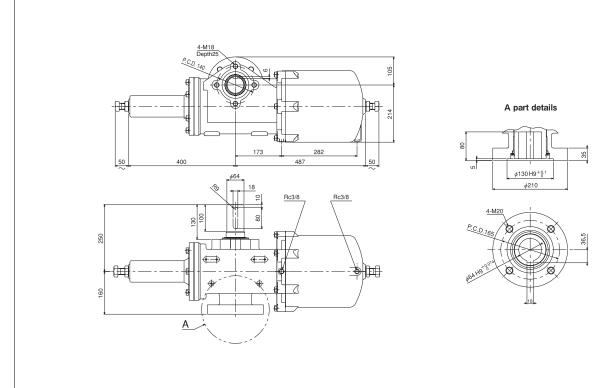




TW-250D



Unit: mm



Output Torque

Double-Acting Type • Effective output torque

Unit : $N \cdot m$

	Model code of Rotary actuator	Operating preassure MPa							
		0.4		0.5		0.6		0.7	
		Break	Run	Break	Run	Break	Run	Break	Run
	TA-200D-F16-00	1,196	679	1,490	848	1,792	1,018	2,081	1,188
	TW-250D-F16	2,350	1,320	2,940	1,610	3,520	1,960	4,110	2,300

Single-Acting Type (Spring Return) • Effective output torque

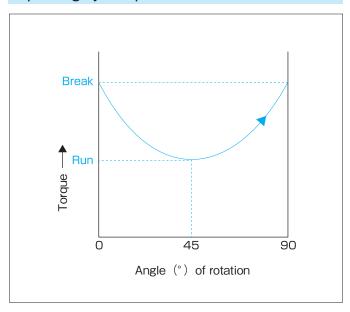
■ Air torque—The same as double-acting type/effective output torque (above table).

Unit: N·m

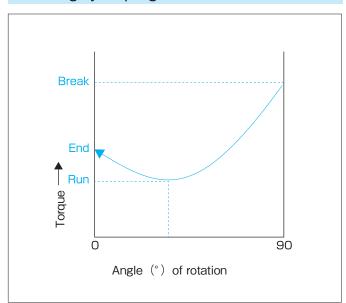
Model code of	Torque (Spring)				
Rotary actuator	Break	Run	End		
TA-200R-F16-00	1,444	669	996		

Torque Characteristic

Operating by Compressed Air

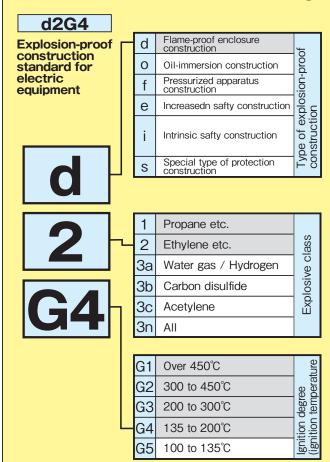


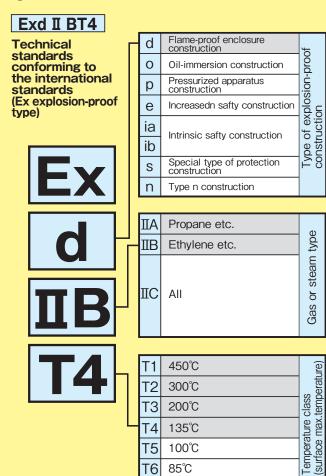
Returning by a Spring



What's d2G4 / Exd II BT4?

For explosion-proof construction of electric equipment, the construction standards and technical standards, specifying 6 explosion-proof constructions each, are established according to the application, type of explosive gas used, or location of the equipment. Such specifications are expressed in codes such as "d2G4" and "Exd II BT4." Each of the codes has the following meanings.





Explosive gas classification according to explosive class and ignition degree (construction standard)

Ignition degree Explosion class		G1		G2	G3	G4	G5	
		Acrylonitrile Acetone Ammonia Carbon monoxide Ethane Acetic acid	Ethyl acetate Toluene Propane Benzene Methanol Methane	Ethanol Isopentyl acetate 1-Butanol Butane	Gasoline Dimethyl ether Hexane	Acetaldehyde Diethyl ether		
2				Ethylene Ethylene oxide				
3	a b c n	Water gas	Hydrogen	Acetylene ter gas /Hydroge	n/Acetylene/Cart	oon disulfide	Carbon disulfide	
Note) gray marked are applicable range of d2G4.								

Explosive gas classification according to gas or steam type and temperature class (Ex explosion-proof type)

Τ6

85°C

Gas	emperature class or m type	T1	T2	Т3	T4	T5	Т6
1	ΠA	Acetone Benzene Ammonia Methane Ethane Acetic acid Ethyl acetate Toluene	1-Butanol Butane Propane Methanol	Hexane	Acetaldehyde Trimethylamine		
]	ΙΒ	Acrylonitrile Carbon monoxide	Ethanol Ethylene Ethylene oxide	Dimethyl ether	Diethyl ether		
]	IC	Water gas Hydrogen	Acetylene				Carbon disulfide

Distributing Agent

Note) gray marked are applicable range of Exd II BT4

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