

Material Safety Data Sheet – Apo Active 3

EMERGENCY # FOR NATIONAL RESPONSE CENTER (800) 424-8802

CHEMICAL IDENTIFICATION:

Product Name: Apo Active 3 - FITC & PE - Active Caspase 3 Detection

Catalog # FAB200-1 & FAB200-2; PAB200-1 & PAB200-2

Components:

Part# 1001 & 1002: 1 Vial of Rabbit anti active affinity purified polyclonal antibody.Part# 2002 & 2001: Vial of FITC Goat anti Rabbit affinity purified polyclonal antibody.Part# 2004 & 2003: Vial of PE Goat anti Rabbit affinity purified polyclonal antibody.Part# 3001: 10X Fixative solution

Part # 3001

Section 1 - Chemical Identification Synonyms: FORMALDEHYDE, FORMALDEHYDE SOLUTION >35% (10-15% MEOH) CAS #: 50-00-0 Chemical Formula: CH2O

Section 2 - Hazards Identification EMERGENCY OVERVIEW Toxic. Toxic by inhalation, in contact with skin and if swallowed. Causes burns. Toxic: danger of very

serious irreversible effects through inhalation, in contact with skin and if swallowed. Limited evidence of a carcinogenic effect. May cause sensitization by skin contact. May cause heritable genetic damage. Readily absorbed through skin. Lachrymator. Contains formaldehyde. Potential cancer hazard.

Target organ(s): Kidneys. Eyes. Combustible.

HMIS RATING HEALTH: 3* FLAMMABILITY: 2 REACTIVITY: 2

NFPA RATING HEALTH: 3 FLAMMABILITY: 2 REACTIVITY: 2

*additional chronic hazards present. For additional information on toxicity, please refer to Section 11.



Section 3 - First Aid Measures
ORAL EXPOSURE
If swallowed, wash out mouth with water provided person is conscious. Call a physician immediately. Do not induce vomiting.
INHALATION EXPOSURE
If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen.
DERMAL EXPOSURE
In case of skin contact, flush with copious amounts of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Call a physician.
EYE EXPOSURE
In case of contact with eyes, flush with copious amounts of water for at least 15 minutes. Assure adequate flushing by separating the eyelids with fingers. Call a physician.
Section 4 - Fire Fighting Measures
ELASH DOINT

FLASH POINT 133 °F 56 °C Method: closed cup EXPLOSION LIMITS Lower: 7 % Upper: 70 % AUTOIGNITION TEMP 420 °C FLAMMABILITY N/A

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA Suitable: Carbon dioxide, dry chemical powder, or appropriate foam.

FIREFIGHTING

Protective Equipment: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and protective clothing to prevent contact with skin and eyes. Specific Hazard(s): Combustible liquid. Emits toxic fumes under fire conditions.

Section 5 - Accidental Release Measures PROCEDURE TO BE FOLLOWED IN CASE OF LEAK OR SPILL Evacuate area. PROCEDURE(S) OF PERSONAL PRECAUTION(S) Wear self-contained breathing apparatus, rubber boots, and heavy rubber gloves. METHODS FOR CLEANING UP Cover with dry lime or soda ash, pick up, keep in a closed container, and hold for waste disposal. Ventilate area and wash spill site after material pickup is complete.

Section 6 - Handling and Storage

HANDLING

User Exposure: Do not breathe vapor. Do not get in eyes, on skin, on clothing. Avoid prolonged or repeated exposure.



STORAGE

Suitable: Keep tightly closed. Keep away from heat, sparks, and open flame. Store in a cool dry place.

Section 7 - Exposure Controls / PPE
ENGINEERING CONTROLS
Use only in a chemical fume hood. Safety shower and eye bath.
PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT
Respiratory: Government approved respirator.
Hand: Compatible chemical-resistant gloves.
Eye: Chemical safety goggles.
Other: Faceshield (8-inch minimum).
GENERAL HYGIENE MEASURES
Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Discard contaminated shoes. Wash thoroughly after handling.
EXPOSURE LIMITS
Country Source Type Value
ACGIH TLV 0.3 ppm

Section 8 - Physical/Chemical Properties
Appearance Physical State: Clear liquid

Appearance Physical State: Clear liquid **Color: Colorless Odor:** Pungent Property Value At Temperature or Pressure Molecular Weight 30.03 AMU pH N/A BP/BP Range 100 °C MP/MP Range N/A Freezing Point N/A Vapor Pressure 40 mmHg 39 °C Vapor Density 1 g/l Saturated Vapor Conc. N/A SG/Density 1.09 g/cm3 Bulk Density N/A Odor Threshold N/A Volatile% N/A VOC Content N/A Water Content N/A Solvent Content N/A Evaporation Rate 1 Viscosity N/A Surface Tension N/A Partition Coefficient Log Kow: 0.35 Decomposition Temp. N/A Flash Point 133 °F 56 °C Method: closed cup Explosion Limits Lower: 7 % Upper: 70 % Flammability N/A



Autoignition Temp 420 °C Refractive Index 1.3765 Optical Rotation N/A Miscellaneous Data N/A Solubility in Water: Complete

Section 9 - Stability and Reactivity STABILITY Stable: Stable. Materials to Avoid: Strong oxidizing agents Incompatible with: aniline, phenol, isocyanates, anhydrides, Strong acids, Strong bases, Amines, Peroxides, Acid chlorides, Acid anhydrides, Alkali metals, Reducing agents. HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS Hazardous Decomposition Products: Carbon monoxide, Carbon dioxide. HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION Hazardous Polymerization: Will not

Section 10 - Toxicological Information

ROUTE OF EXPOSURE

Skin Contact: Causes burns.

Skin Absorption: Toxic if absorbed through skin. Readily absorbed through skin.

Eye Contact: Causes burns.

Inhalation: Material is extremely destructive to the tissue of

the mucous membranes and upper respiratory tract. Toxic if inhaled.

Ingestion: Toxic if swallowed.

SENSITIZATION

Skin: May cause allergic skin reaction.

TARGET ORGAN(S) OR SYSTEM(S)

Eyes. Kidneys. Liver. Heart.

SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS OF EXPOSURE

Coughing, chest pains, difficulty in breathing. Gastrointestinal disturbances. May cause convulsions. To the best of our knowledge, the chemical, physical, and toxicological properties have not been thoroughly investigated. Exposure can cause: Material is extremely destructive to tissue of the mucous membranes and upper respiratory tract, eyes, and skin. Symptoms of exposure may include burning sensation, coughing, wheezing, laryngitis, shortness of breath, headache, nausea, and vomiting. Inhalation may result in spasm, inflammation and edema of the larynxand bronchi, chemical pneumonitis, and pulmonary edema.

CHRONIC EXPOSURE - CARCINOGEN

Result: This product is or contains a component that has been reported to be possibly carcinogenic based on its IARC, ACGIH, NTP, or EPA classification.

OSHA CARCINOGEN LIST

Rating: Potential cancer hazard.

CHRONIC EXPOSURE - MUTAGEN

Result: May alter genetic material.

Section 11 - Disposal Considerations APPROPRIATE METHOD OF DISPOSAL OF SUBSTANCE OR PREPARATION



Contact a licensed professional waste disposal service to dispose of this material. Observe all federal, state, and local environmental regulations. This combustible material may be burned in a chemical incinerator equipped with an afterburner and scrubber.

Section 12 - Transport Information

DOT Proper Shipping Name: Formaldehyde, solutions, flammable UN#: 1198 Class: 3 Packing Group: Packing Group III Hazard Label: Flammable liquid Hazard Label: Corrosive PIH: Not PIH IATA Proper Shipping Name: Formaldehyde solution, flammable IATA UN Number: 1198 Hazard Class: 3 Packing Group: III

Section 13 - Regulatory Information

EU ADDITIONAL CLASSIFICATION

Symbol of Danger: T

Indication of Danger: Toxic.

R: 23/24/25-34-39/23/24/25-40-43

Risk Statements: Toxic by inhalation, in contact with skin and if swallowed. Causes burns. Toxic: danger of very serious irreversible effects through inhalation, in contact with skin and if swallowed. Limited evidence of a carcinogenic effect. May cause sensitization by skin contact. S: 26-36/37/39-45-51

Safety Statements: In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice. Wear suitable protective clothing, gloves, and eye/face protection. In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately (show the label where possible). Use only in well ventilated areas.

US CLASSIFICATION AND LABEL TEXT

Indication of Danger: Toxic.

Risk Statements: Toxic by inhalation, in contact with skin and if swallowed. Causes burns. Toxic: danger of very serious irreversible effects through inhalation, in contact with skin and if swallowed. Limited evidence of a carcinogenic effect. May cause sensitization by skin contact. May cause heritable genetic damage. Safety Statements: In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice. Wear suitable protective clothing, gloves, and eye/face protection.

In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately (show the label where possible). Use only in well US Statements: Readily absorbed through skin. Lachrymator.

Contains formaldehyde. Potential cancer hazard. Target organ(s):

Kidneys. Eyes. Combustible.

UNITED STATES REGULATORY INFORMATION

SARA LISTED: Yes

NOTES: This product is or contains a component that is subject to SARA313 reporting requirements.



UNITED STATES - STATE REGULATORY INFORMATION CALIFORNIA PROP - 65 California Prop - 65: This product is or contains chemical(s) known to the state of California to cause cancer. CANADA REGULATORY INFORMATION WHMIS Classification: This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the CPR, and the MSDS contains all the information required by the CPR. DSL: No NDSL: No

Part# 1001, 1002, 2001, 2002, 2003 and 2004

Section 1 - Identification CAS No.: NA Molecular Weight: NA Chemical Formula: NA

Section 2 - Hazard Identification

Harmful if swallowed. May cause irritation, avoid breathing vapors or dusts. Use with adequate ventilation. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothes. Wash thoroughly after handling. Keep container closed

Section 3 - First Aid Measures

Harmful if swallowed. May cause irritation, avoid breathing vapors or dusts. Use with adequate ventilation. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothes. Wash thoroughly after handling. Keep container closed

FIRST AID: SKIN: Wash exposed area with soap and water. If irritation persists, seek medical attention.

EYES: Wash eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, lifting lids occasionally. Seek Medical Aid.

INHALATION: Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen

INGESTION: If swallowed, induce vomiting immediately after giving two glasses of water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Section 4 - Fire Fighting Measures

Fire Extinguisher Type: Any means suitable for extinguishing surrounding fire Fire/Explosion Hazards: Thermal decomposition produces highly toxic fumes. Fire Fighting Procedure: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and protective clothing to prevent contact with skin and clothing.

Section 5 - Accidental Release Measures

Absorb spill with inert material, then place in a chemical waste container. Dispose of in a manner consistent with federal, local law.

Section 6 - Handling and Storage

Store in a cool dry place. Do not get in eyes, on skin, on clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling



Section 7 - Exposure Controls & Personal Protection
Ventilation: Local Exhaust
Use Gloves, Safety Glasses with side shield.
Other Protective Equipment: Use safe laboratory handling procedures.

Section 8 - Stability and Reactivity Information Stability: Stable Conditions to Avoid: Avoid contact with incompatible materials. Materials to Avoid: Strong acids, aluminum and steel. Hazardous Decomposition Products: Thermal decomposition may produce toxic gases. Hazardous Polymerization: Will Not Occur. Condition to Avoid: None known

Section 9 - Additional Information

Conditions aggravated/target organs: Persons with pre-existing eye and skin conditions will be more susceptible. Acute: Skin irritation, mild eye irritation, ingestion of large quantities may cause potassium poisoning. Chronic: Dermatitis, eye damage. DOT Classification: Not Regulated

Part# 1001, 1002, 2001 and 2002 Contains Sodium Azide 0.02%

Section 1 - Composition/Information on Ingredient Substance Name CAS # SARA 313 SODIUM AZIDE 26628-22-8 Yes Formula NaN3 Synonyms Azide, sodium

Section 2 - Hazards Identification EMERGENCY OVERVIEW

Highly Toxic (USA) Very Toxic (EU).

Heating may cause an explosion. Very toxic by inhalation, in contact with skin and if swallowed. Contact with acids liberates very toxic gas. Very toxic to aquatic organisms may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

Readily absorbed through skin. Sodium azide may react with lead and copper plumbing to form highly explosive metal azides. Target organ(s): Nerves. Heart. HMIS RATING HEALTH: 4* FLAMMABILITY: 0 REACTIVITY: 2 NFPA RATING HEALTH: 4 FLAMMABILITY: 0 REACTIVITY: 2 *additional chronic hazards present.



Section 3 - Fire Fighting Measures EXPLOSION HAZARDS

Container explosion may occur under fire conditions. Azide reacts with many heavy metals such as lead, copper, mercury, silver, gold to form explosive compounds. Copper and lead azides are more sensitive than nitroglycerine. Azide reacts with metal halides to give a range of metal azide halides, many of which are explosive. Incompatible with chromyl chloride, hydrazine, bromine, carbon disulfide, dimethyl sulfate, dibromomalonitrile. An explosion occurred when a mixture of sodium azide, methylene chloride, dimethyl sulfoxide, and sulfuric acid were being concentrated on a rotary evaporator.

FLASH POINT 300 °C EXTINGUISHING MEDIA Suitable: Dry chemical powder. Unsuitable: Do not use water. FIREFIGHTING Protective Equipment: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and protective clothing to prevent contact with skin and eyes. Specific Hazard(s): Emits toxic fumes under fire conditions.

Section 4 - Accidental Release Measures PROCEDURE TO BE FOLLOWED IN CASE OF LEAK OR SPILL Evacuate area. PROCEDURE(S) OF PERSONAL PRECAUTION(S) Wear self-contained breathing apparatus, rubber boots, and heavy rubber gloves. METHODS FOR CLEANING UP Sweep up, place in a bag and hold for waste disposal. Avoid raising dust. Ventilate area and wash spill site after material pickup is complete.

Section 5 - Handling and Storage

HANDLING

User Exposure: Do not breath liquid. Do not get in eyes, on skin, on clothing. Avoid prolonged or repeated exposure.

STORAGE

Suitable: Keep tightly closed. Store as described on the vials.

Incompatible Materials: Azide reacts with many heavy metals such as lead, copper, mercury, silver, gold to form explosive compounds. Copper and lead azides are more sensitive than nitroglycerine. Azide reacts with metal halides to give a range of metal azide halides, many of which are explosive.

Incompatible with chromyl chloride, hydrazine, bromine, carbon disulfide, dimethyl sulfate, dibromomalonitrile.

SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS

Heat sensitive.

Section 6 - Exposure Controls / PPE ENGINEERING CONTROLS Safety shower and eye bath. Use only in a chemical fume hood.



PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT Hand: Compatible chemical-resistant gloves. Eye: Chemical safety goggles. GENERAL HYGIENE MEASURES Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Wash thoroughly after handling.

Section 7 - Physical/Chemical Properties Appearance Physical State: liquid Color: clear Form: liquid Odor: Odorless **Property Value At Temperature or Pressure** Molecular Weight 65.01 AMU pH 7 MP/MP Range: 275°C Vapor Pressure: 0.01 hPa 20°C Vapor Density: 2.2 g/l SG/Density: 1.85g/cm³/20°C Bulk Density: 0.8 kg/l Decomposition Temp: 300°C Flash Point: 300°C Solubility in Water: 20°C

Section 8 - Stability and Reactivity STABILITY Stable: Stable. Conditions of Instability: Heat sensitive. Conditions to Avoid: Do not grind or subject to frictional heat. Keep from contact with oxidizing materials. Fire or excessive heat may cause explosive decomposition. Materials to Avoid: Halogenated solvents Avoid contact with metals. Avoid contact with acid, Acid chlorides HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS Hazardous Decomposition Products: Nitrogen oxides Reacts with protic solvents (water, alcohols, amines, etc.) to release toxic hydrazoic acid Hazardous Decomposition Products Formed Upon Contact with Water: Reacts with protic solvents (water, alcohols, amines, etc.) to release toxic hydrazoic acid HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur

Section 9 - Toxicological Information ROUTE OF EXPOSURE Skin Contact: May cause skin irritation. Skin Absorption: May be fatal if absorbed through skin. Eye Contact: May cause eye irritation. Inhalation: May be fatal if inhaled. Material may be irritating to mucous membranes and upper respiratory tract. Ingestion: May be fatal if swallowed.



TARGET ORGAN(S) OR SYSTEM(S) Nerves. Heart. Brain. SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS OF EXPOSURE Exposure can cause: Nausea, headache, and vomiting. Laboratory experiments in animals have shown sodium azide to produce a profound hypotensive effect, demyelination of myelinated nerve fibers in the central nervous system, testicular damage, blindness, attacks of rigidity, and hepatic and cerebral effects. TOXICITY DATA Oral Woman: 786 mg/kg LDLO Remarks: Cardiac: Arrythmias (including changes it conduction). Behavioral: Coma. Behavioral: Convulsions or effect on seizure threshold. Oral Man: 29 mg/kg LDLO Remarks: Lungs, Thorax, or Respiration: Acute pulmonary edema. Brain and Coverings: Increased intracranial pressure. Cardiac: Pulse rate. Oral Man: 129 mg/kg LDLO Remarks: Cardiac: Other changes. Cardiac: Pulse rate. Behavioral: Coma. Oral Woman: 14 mg/kg LDLO Remarks: Cardiac: Change in force of contraction. Cardiac: Arrythmias (including changes it conduction). Behavioral: Convulsions or effect on seizure threshold. Oral Man: 143 mg/kg LDLO Remarks: Behavioral: Irritability. Sense Organs and Special Senses (Nose, Eye, Ear, and Taste):Eye: Mydriasis (pupilliary dilation). Behavioral: Somnolence (general depressed activity). Oral Man: 143 mg/kg LDLO Remarks: Behavioral: Irritability. Sense Organs and Special Senses (Nose, Eye, Ear, and Taste):Eye: Mydriasis (pupilliary dilation). Behavioral: Somnolence (general depressed activity). Oral Rat: 27 mg/kg LD50 Inhalation Rat: 37 mg/m3 LC50 Remarks: Lungs, Thorax, or Respiration: Structural or functional change in trachea or bronchi. Behavioral: Convulsions or effect on seizure threshold. Sense Organs and Special Senses (Nose, Eye, Ear, and Taste): Eye: Other. Skin Rat: 50 mg/kg LD50



Rat: 45100 UG/KG LD50 Remarks: Lungs, Thorax, or Respiration: Other changes. Peripheral Nerve and Sensation: Spastic paralysis with or without sensory change. Intratracheal Rat: 47500 UG/KG LD50 Remarks: Peripheral Nerve and Sensation: Spastic paralysis with or without sensory change. Lungs, Thorax, or Respiration: Other changes. Oral Mouse: 27 mg/kg LD50 Inhalation Mouse: 32.4 mg/m3 LC50 Remarks: Lungs, Thorax, or Respiration: Structural or functional change in trachea or bronchi. Behavioral: Convulsions or effect on seizure threshold. Sense Organs and Special Senses (Nose, Eye, Ear, and Taste): Eye: Other. Intraperitoneal Mouse: 28 MG/KG LD50 Remarks: Lungs, Thorax, or Respiration: Respiratory stimulation. Behavioral: Change in motor activity (specific assay). Behavioral: Convulsions or effect on seizure threshold. **Subcutaneous** Mouse: 23060 UG/KG LD50 Remarks: Lungs, Thorax, or Respiration: Other changes. Peripheral Nerve and Sensation: Spastic paralysis with or without sensory change. Intravenous Mouse: 19 MG/KG LD50 Skin Rabbit: 20 mg/kg LD50 Oral Bird (wild): 23.7 mg/kg LD50 **CHRONIC EXPOSURE - CARCINOGEN** Species: Rat Route of Application: Oral Dose: 2730 MG/KG Exposure Time: 78W Frequency: C Result: Endocrine: Tumors. Skin and Appendages: Other: Tumors.



Tumorigenic: Equivocal tumorigenic agent by RTECS criteria.

Species: Rat Route of Application: Oral Dose: 5460 MG/KG Exposure Time: 78W Frequency: C Result: Skin and Appendages: Other: Tumors. Endocrine: Tumors. Tumorigenic: Equivocal tumorigenic agent by RTECS criteria. NTP CARCINOGEN LIST Rating: No evidence. Species: Rat Route: Gavage ACGIH CARCINOGEN LIST Rating: A4 **CHRONIC EXPOSURE - MUTAGEN** Species: other insects Route: Oral Dose: 100 MG/L Mutation test: Heritable translocation test Species: Human Dose: 30 MMOL/L Cell Type: HeLa cell Mutation test: DNA inhibition Species: Human Dose: 50 MG/L Cell Type: fibroblast Mutation test: DNA inhibition Species: Rat Dose: 1 MMOL/L Cell Type: liver Mutation test: Mutation in mammalian somatic cells. Species: Mouse Dose: 500 MG/L **Exposure Time: 2H** Cell Type: lymphocyte Mutation test: Mutation in mammalian somatic cells. Species: Hamster Dose: 1 MMOL/L Cell Type: lung Mutation test: Mutation in mammalian somatic cells.

Section 10 - Disposal Considerations APPROPRIATE METHOD OF DISPOSAL OF SUBSTANCE OR PREPARATION Contact a licensed professional waste disposal service to dispose of this material. Observe all federal, state, and local environmental regulations.

Section 11 - Transport Information



DOT Proper Shipping Name: Sodium azide UN#: 1687 Class: 6.1 Packing Group: Packing Group II Hazard Label: Toxic substances. PIH: Not PIH IATA Proper Shipping Name: Sodium azide IATA UN Number: 1687 Hazard Class: 6.1 Packing Group: II

DISCLAIMER

For R&D use only. Not for drug, household or other uses.

WARRANTY

THE ABOVE INFORMATION IS BELIEVED TO BE CORRECT BUT IS NOT NECESSARILY ALL-INCLUSIVE AND SHOULD BE USED ONLY AS A GUIDE. CELL TECHNOLOGY INC SHALL NOT BE HELD LIABLE FOR ANY DAMAGE RESULTING FROM HANDLING OR FROM CONTACT WITH THE ABOVE PRODUCT. INDIVIDUALS RECEIVING THE INFORMATION MUST EXERCISE THEIR INDEPENDENT JUDGMENT IN DETERMINING ITS APPROPRIATENESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE.

For Research Use Only, not for diagnostic or other purposes.