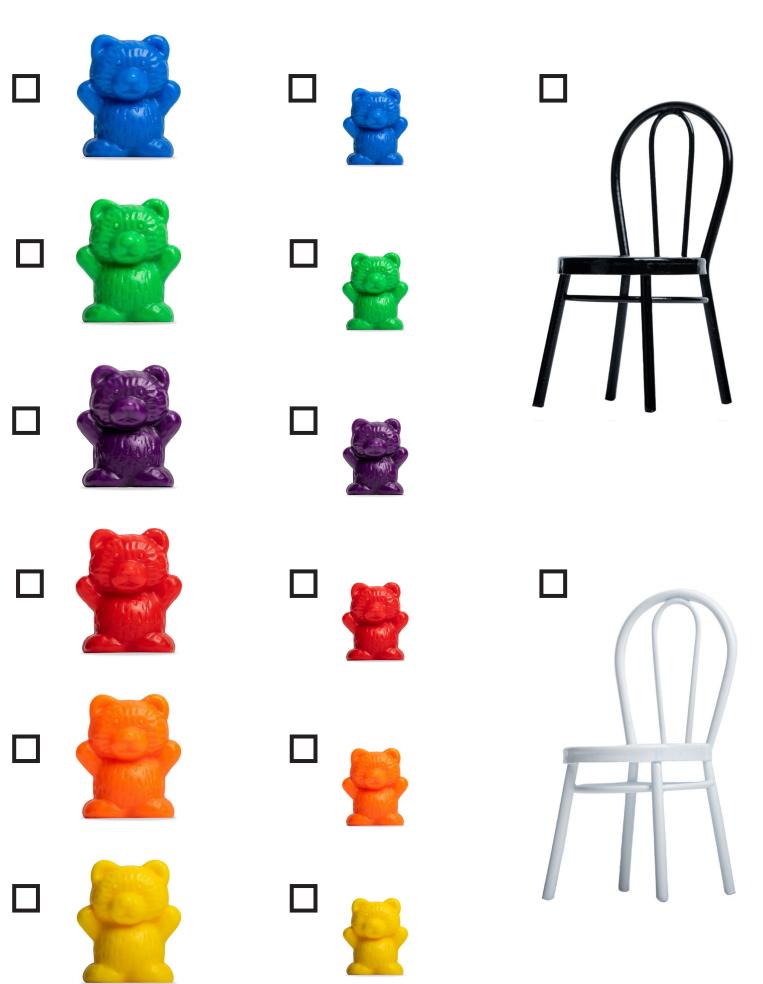
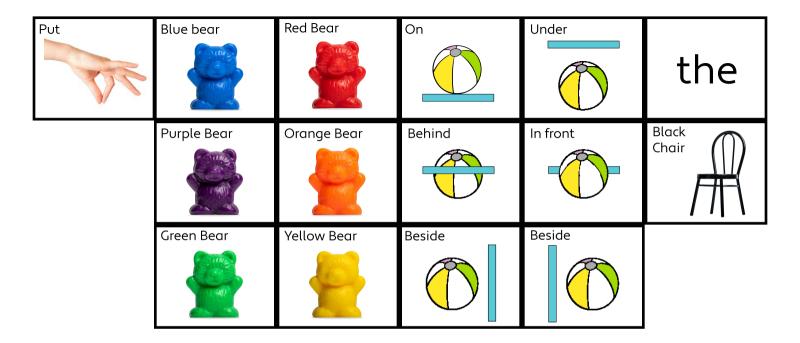
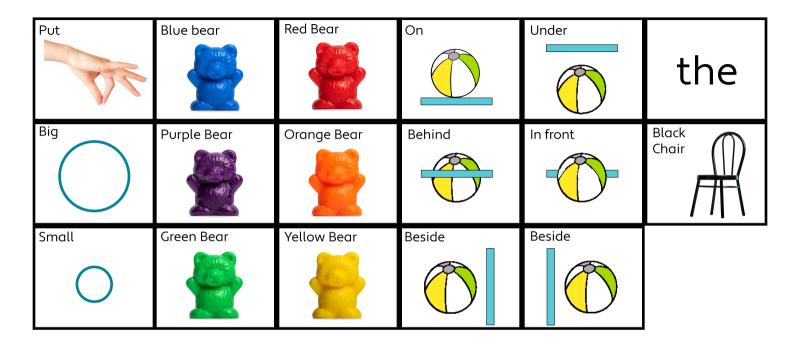
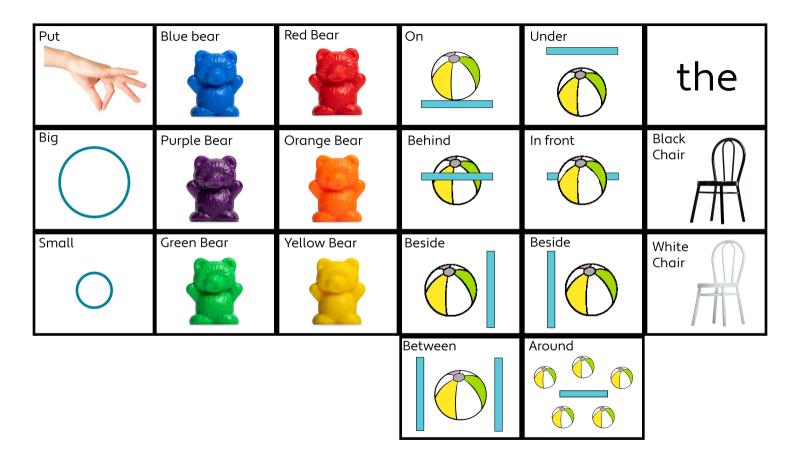
Bears & Chairs Checklist









Bears & Chairs Visual Support: Level 3

Bears & Chairs - Student Data Sheet

Date:		Additional inform	ation:		
Student:					
Age/Grade:					
Colours:	Receptive Expressive Prepositions:			Receptive	Expressive
Red			On		
Blue			Under		
Yellow			Behind		
Green			In front		
Purple			Beside		
Orange			Between		
Black			Around		
White					
Colour + Prepo	sition			Receptive	Expressive
Put the yellow be	ear on the cha	air.			
Put the green bea	ar beside the	chair.			
Put the blue bear	• behind the d	hair.			
Put the orange be	ear under the	chair.			
Put the purple be	ear in front of	the chair.			
Put the blue bear	on the chair.				
Put the red bear l	beside the ch	air.			
Put the yellow be	ear behind the	e chair.			
Put the green bea	ar under the o	chair.			
Put the orange be	ear in front o	f the chair.			
				/10	/10
Size + Colour +	Prepositio	n		Receptive	Expressive
Put the big blue b	bear under th	e chair.			
Put the big red be	ear in front o	f the chair.			
Put the small pur	ple bear besi	de the chair.			
Put the big yellov	v bear on the	chair.			
Put the small blue	e bear in fro r	it of the chair	•		
Put the big green	bear behind	the chair.			
Put the small red	bear under t	he chair.			
Put the big green bear beside the chair.					
Put the big orange bear on the chair.					
Put the big purple bear behind the chair.					
Put the small yellow bear under the chair.					
Put the small green bear in front of the chair.					
Put the big yellov					
Put the small pur	Put the small purple bear on the chair.				
Put the small orange bear beside the chair.					
	/15	/15			

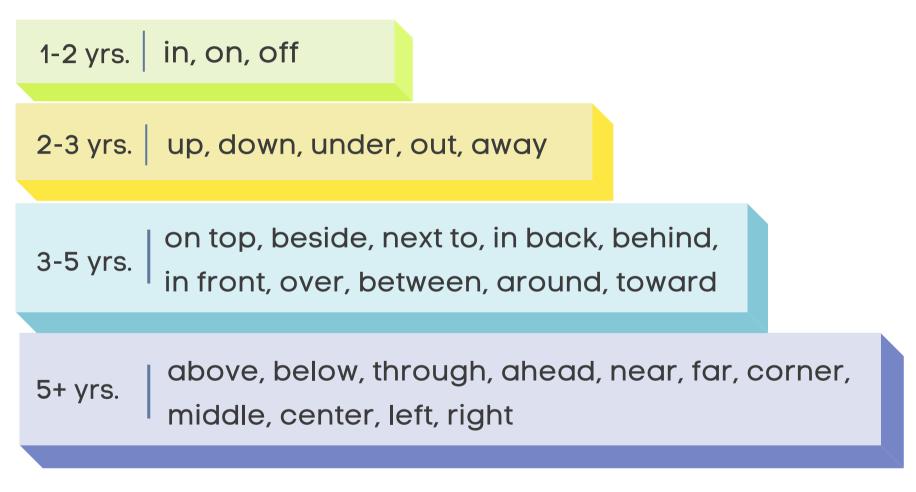
Size + Colour + Preposition + Chair	•		Receptive	Expressive
Put the big red bear behind the white ch	nair.			
Put the small blue bear on the black cha				
Put the big orange bear between both c	hairs.			
Put the big green bear beside the white	chair.			
Put the big yellow bear beside the black	chair.			
Put the big blue bear under the white ch	nair.			
Put the big yellow bear between both c	hairs.			
Put the big green bear in front of the bl a	ack chair.			
Put the small orange bear in front of the	e white ch	nair.		
Put both blue bears on the black chair.				
Put the small purple bear between both	chairs.			
Put both red bears under the white chai	ir.			
Put the small yellow bear in front of the	black ch	air.		
Put the big blue bear between both cha	irs.			
Put all the small bears around the white	e chair.			
Put the small green bear between both	chairs.			
Put all the big bears beside the white ch	nair.			
Put all the big bears around the black ch	nair.			
Put the white chair between the green k				
Put all the small bears beside the black	chair.			
			/20	/20
Overall impressions: rate from v	veak (1)	to strong	(5)	
Vocabulary: The student knew and	d could i	name most	of the key v	vords.
1 2 3	4	5		
Comprehension: The student und	erstood	quickly an	d accuratelv	
1 2 3	4	5		
Expression: The student described			v and accura	ately
· ·	4 une ini	5	iy and accure	
	. .			
Grammar: The student spoke in g		-	ect sentence	S.
1 2 3	4	5		
Social - The student demonstrated	good s a	ocial comm	nunication sl	kills.
1 2 3	4	5		
Articulation - The student's speech	n was ea	sy to unde	rstand.	
1 2 3	4	5		
± 2 5		2		

Notes: _____



Position Words

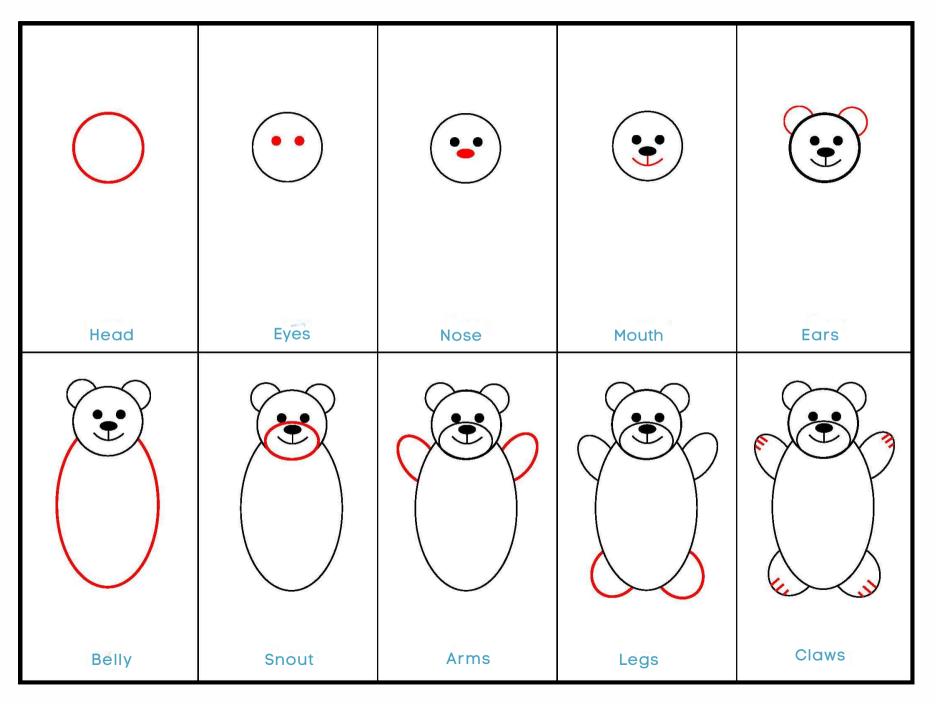
*Approximate Age of Acquisition



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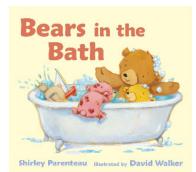


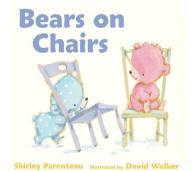
Follow these steps to draw a bear. Highlight **body parts** such as ears, belly, snout, **position words** such as top, inside, above and **time words** such as first, before, after. Have fun!

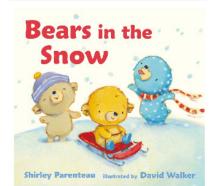


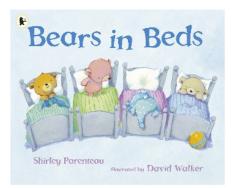
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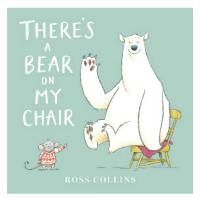
These books go exceptionally well with Bears & Chairs.









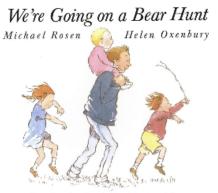


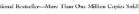
So do these songs!



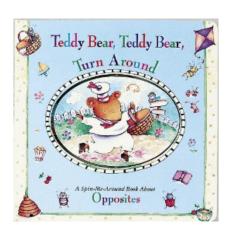
My Teddy Bear













The Bear Went Over The Mountain



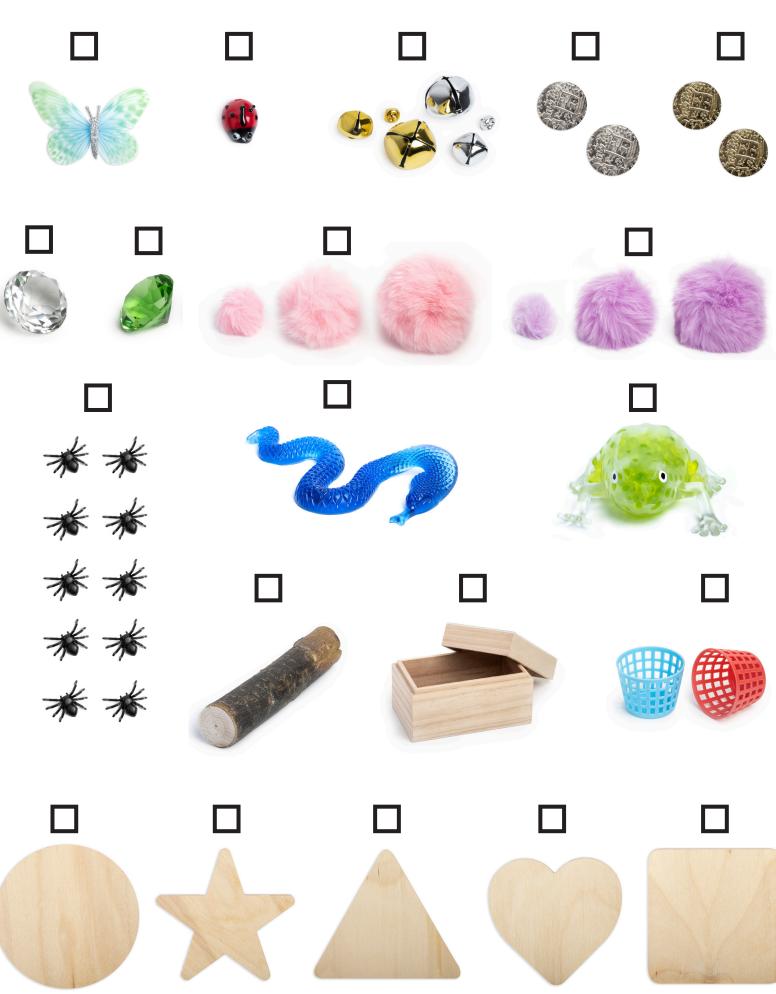
Teddy Bear, Teddy Bear Turn Around



Going on a Bear Hunt



























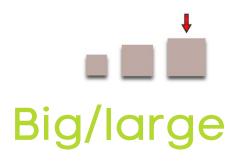






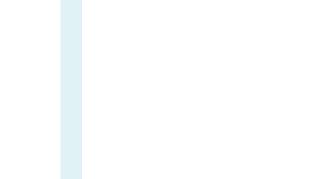


Medium





















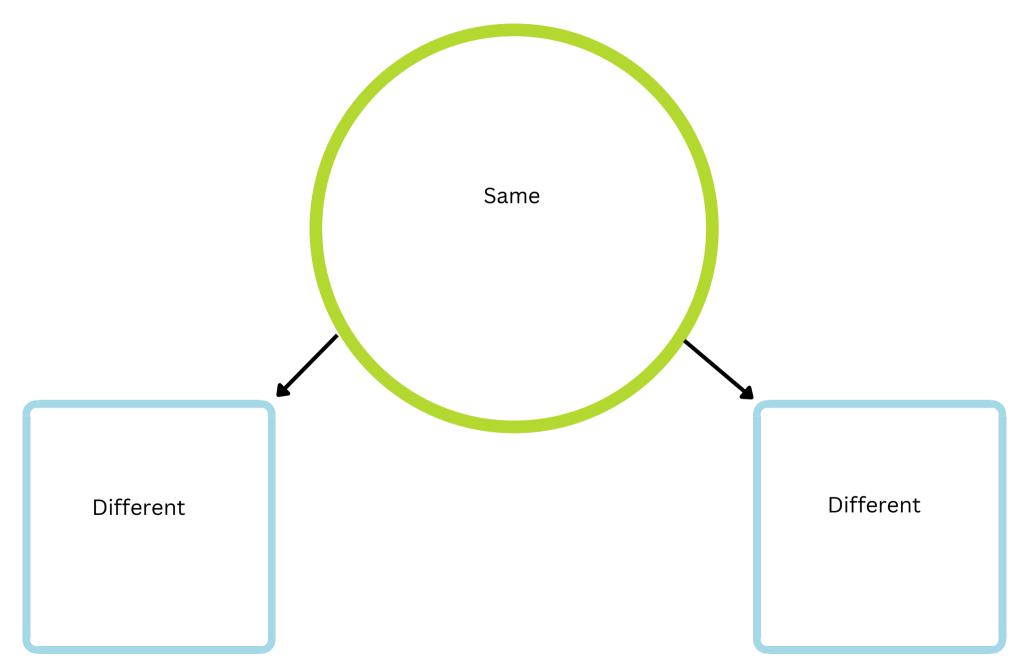






Compare & Contrast

Place any two items in the circle and state one or more similarities. Then move them to separate squares and state one or more differences. For example, the spider and butterfly are both bugs but the butterfly has wings and the spider doesn't.



Touch & Talk - Student Data Sheet

Date:	Additional information	:		
Student:				
Age/Grade:				
3 pieces of information		Receptive	Expressive	
1. The frog is in the box.				
2. The butterfly is under the diamond.				
3. The emerald is on the star.				
4. The snake is on the box.				
5 The frog is in front of the log.				
6. The snake is around the ladybug.				
7. The coins are beside the lid.				
8. The butterfly is on the box.				
9. The snake is under the log.				
10. The bells are on the lid.				
		/10	/10	
4 pieces of information		Receptive	Expressive	
1. All the spiders are under the star.		-	-	
2. The butterfly is on the blue basket.				
3. The ladybug is in the centre of the circle	۵			
 Both gems are in the box. 				
5. The snake is between the medium pom	noms			
 6. There are a couple spiders on the frog. 	i pomo.			
7. The log is between the biggest pom por	ms.			
8. The snake is in the red basket.				
9. There are a couple spiders beside the b	ΩX.			
10. Both gems are on the heart.				
11. The frog and the snake are in the box.				
12. The emerald is on top of the blue bask				
13. All the shapes are in a stack.				
14. The smallest pom poms are on top of t	he log.			
15. All the spiders are around the butterfl	-			
	· ·	/15	/15	
5+ pieces of information		Receptive	Expressive	
1. The biggest purple pom pom is in the re	ed basket			
2. The frog is behind the medium silver be				
3. There is a single spider on top of each p				
4. Six spiders are around the edge of the c				
5. There is a spider under each purple por				
6. All the coins are stacked with a ladybug	-			
7. All the pink pom poms are in front of th				
 8. There is a silver coin under the butterfly's wings. 9. The smallest gold bell is at the top of the triangle. 				
10. The butterfly, frog and ladybug are in	_			
11. All the silver bells are in the blue bask				
11. All the sliver bells are in the blue bask	ບ ເ.			

12. Five spiders are on the square and five spiders are on the					
rectangle.					
13. The butterfly is in front of the medium pink pom pom.					
14. All the shapes are in a stack except for the heart.					
15. The gold bells are in front of the frog and the silver bells					
are behind it.					
16. The diamond is in front of the snake and the emerald is					
behind it.					
17. There is a coin in every corner of the square.					
18. The snake is around the smallest pink pom pom.					
19. All of the spiders are in the box except for one.					
20. The silver coins are on the blue basket and the gold coins					
are on the red basket.					
	/20	/20			
Overall impressions: rate from weak (1) to strong (5	5)				
Vocabulary: The student knew and could name most o	of the key w	ords.			
1 2 3 4 5					
Comprehension: The student understood quickly and	accurately.				
1 2 3 4 5	,:				
Expression: The student described the images quickly	and accurat				
		.ery.			
1 2 3 4 5					
Grammar: The student spoke in grammatically correct sentences.					
1 2 3 4 5					
Social - The student demonstrated good social commu	nication ski	lls.			
1 2 3 4 5					
Articulation - The student's speech was easy to understand.					
1 2 3 4 5					

Notes: _____



Expressive Vocabulary *Approximate Age of Acquisition

12 mo.	2-4 words
18 mo.	50 words
2 yrs.	200-300 words
3 yrs.	1000+ words
4 yrs.	2000+ words
5 yrs.	5000+ words
17 yrs.	36,000 - 136,000 words (min 2500 new words/yr)

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Touch & Talk – Vocabulary List

Date:	Date:		Additional info.				
Student:							
Age/Grade:			1				
Basic Concepts							
Tactile	Rec (y/n)	Exp (y/n)	Location	Rec (y/n)	Exp (y/n)		
Soft			In				
Hard			On				
Bumpy			Under				
Smooth			Beside				
Light			Behind				
Heavy			In front				
Pointy			Around				
Round			Left				
Flat			Right				
Size			Quantity				
Small			Single				
Medium			Couple				
Big/large			Few				
			Many				
Category Labels	5						
Category	Rec (y/n)	Exp(y/n)	Category	Rec (y/n)	Exp (y/n)		
Animals			Gold things				
Insects			Silver things				
Gems			Spotted things				
Shapes			Bumpy things				
Containers			Made of plastic				
Hard things			Made of wood				
Soft things			Large, small, medium				
Round things							

Notes: _____



Date:			Additional info.		
Student:					
Age/Grade:					
Word	imit. wd.	spon. wd.	imit. sent.	spon. sent.	everyday speech/notes
Snake					
Star					
Spider					
Square					
Spots					
Sticky					
Squishy					
Stretch					
Small					
Smooth					
Scales					
Slither					
Ba sk et					
Box					
Bigge st					
Smalle st					

Touch & Talk – S Blend Words

imit = imitate spon = spontaneous wd = word sent = sentence

Tips to help children produce /s/ blends - children should master /s/ before working on blends.

- 1. Say the /s/ blend words in this kit as much as possible. This is referred to as auditory bombardment and is an important part of speech therapy.
- 2. Make the /s/ blends louder and longer than other sounds in the word (SSSSSNNNake.)
- 3. Ask the child to watch your mouth while you say the words. Open your mouth wide so the child can clearly see how your tongue moves from the /s/ sound to the next sound.
- 4. Describe how you are moving your lips and tongue to make an /s/ blend.
- 5. Use <u>articulation hand cues</u> for the both the /s/ and second consonant sound (watch hand cue video on our website)
- 6. Give the /s/ sound a name such as the "snake sound" so you can refer to when prompting (don't forget to start with the snake sound, oops you forgot the snake sound, etc.)
- 7. Only ask the child to say the /s/ blend word at the level they can be successful at for example, imitate words vs. imitated sentences. The more the productions are correct, the faster a new movement pattern in the mouth is established.
- 8. Praise all attempts to produce /s/ blend words. Keep it fun and positive.

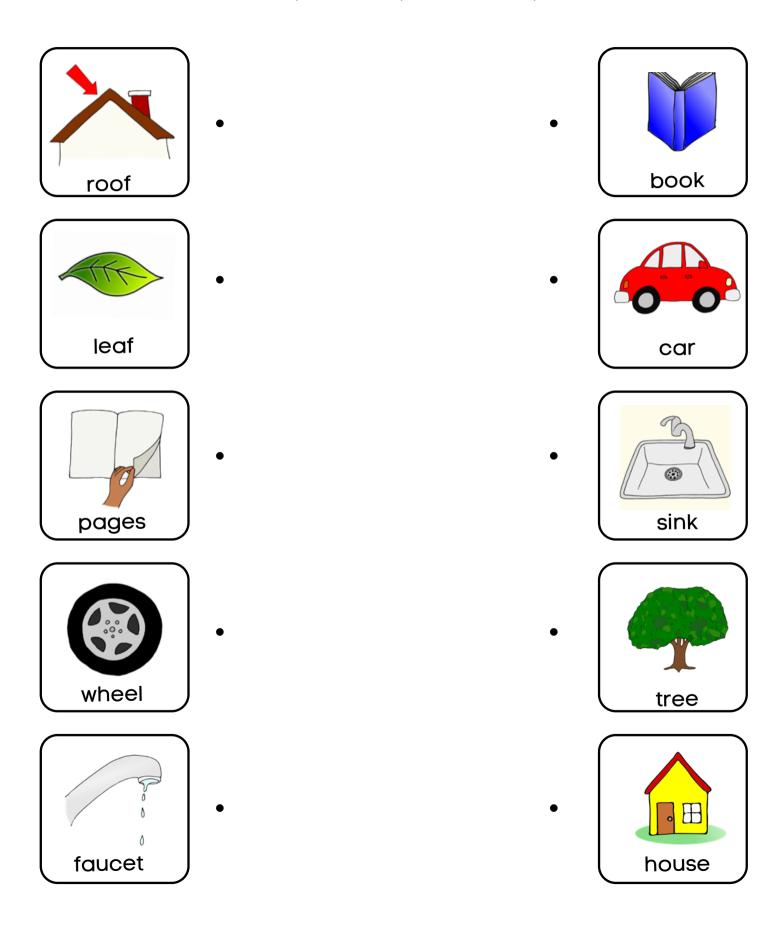


Super Sentences Checklist

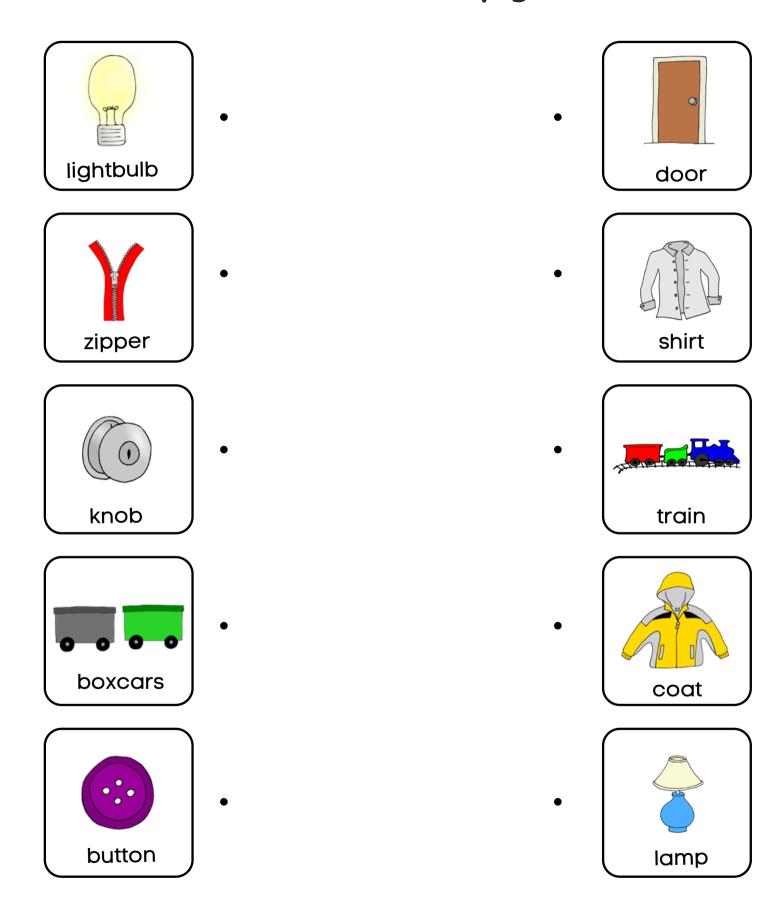


Part of a whole

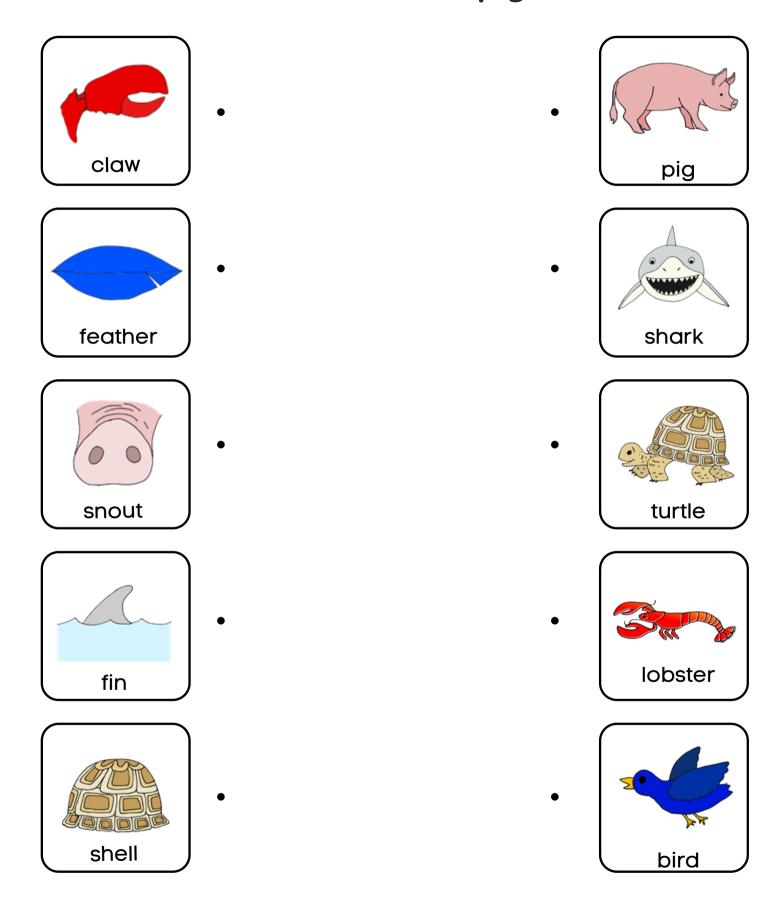
Draw a line to connect the part to its whole. Name each item and practice the phrase "A ___ is part of a ____".



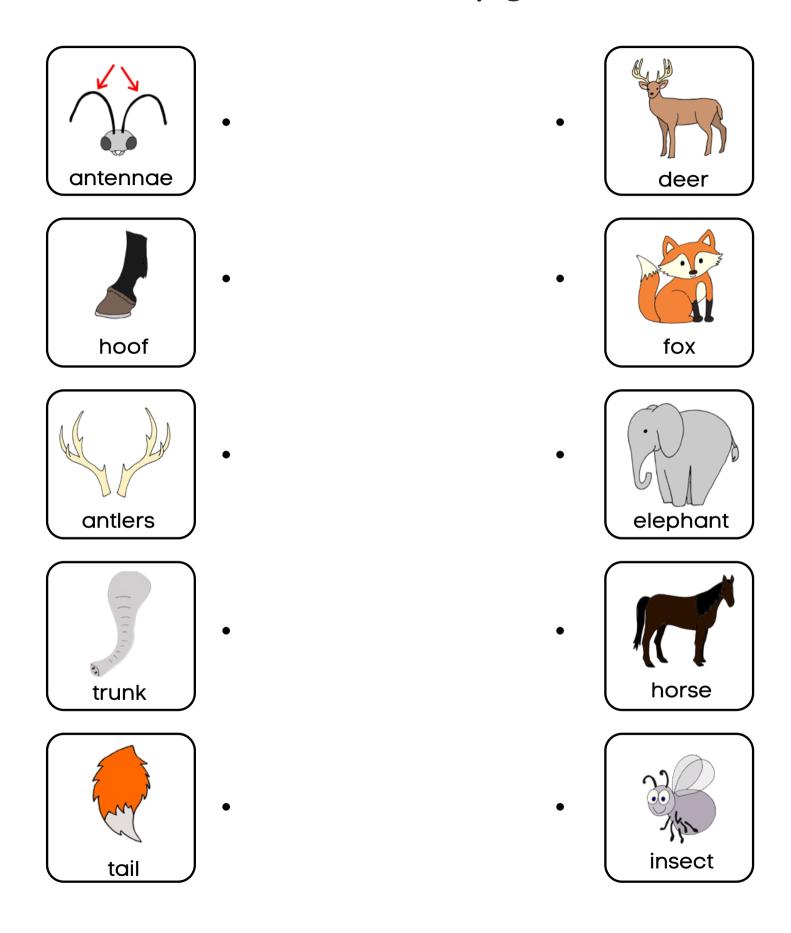
Part of a whole - page 2



Part of a whole - page 3



Part of a whole - page 4



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Super Sentences - Student Data Sheet

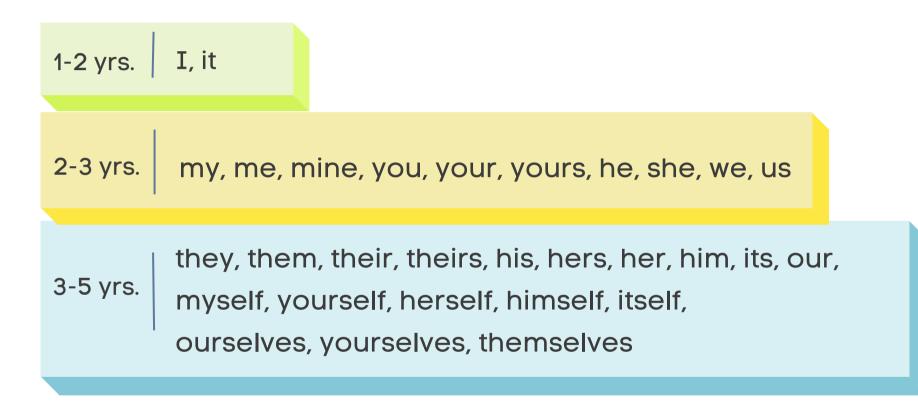
Date:	Additional information	n:	
Student:		•••	
Age/Grade:			
He		Receptive	Expressive
He is jumping on the bed.			
He is pushing the blue scooter.			
He is eating french fries in bed.			
He is walking to the store.			
He is hiding under the table.			
He is lying in bed reading a book.			
He is carrying a banana to school.			
He put all the food on top of the table.			
He is sitting on the couch drinking a bana	na milkshake.		
He put the brown dog in the beige basket			
the brown basket.			
		/10	/10
She		Receptive	Expressive
She is riding on the red scooter.			
She is standing in front of the school.			
She is sleeping on the top bunk.			
She is reading a book on the couch.			
She is talking on the black phone.			
She is feeding the dogs a hamburger.			
She is sitting on the chair eating a vanilla	ice cream.		
She dropped all the peas on the floor.			
She parked the red scooter next to the st	ore		
She put the fruit in the beige basket and t	the vegetables in the		
brown basket			
		/10	/10
They		Receptive	Expressive
They are high fiving each other.			
They are standing face-to-face.			
They are hiding behind the couch.			
They are talking to each other on the pho	one.		
They are at school looking out of the wind	dows.		
They are walking home from school.			
They are reading books on the couch.			
They got milkshakes from the store.			
They are driving in opposites directions.			
They are sitting at the table sharing a han	nburger and french		
fries.			
		/10	/10

2+ Pronouns	Receptive	Expressive
He is giving her a pineapple.		
She is chasing him.		
He is pulling her on the blue scooter.		
She is tucking him into bed.		
She put her bedding in the brown basket		
He is napping on the couch with his pillow and blanket		
He is putting his pillow on the bottom bunk.		
He left his white phone on the couch.		
They are riding their scooters to the store.		
They are sitting at the table playing on their ipads.		
She fed her dog french fries and he fed his dog peas.		
He is bringing his books home from school.		
They are sitting on the couch with their dogs between them.		
They are sleeping in their beds. The moon bed is hers and the		
star bed is his .		
They are eating ice cream on the couch. The chocolate one is		
hers and the vanilla one is his.		
	/15	/15
Overall impressions: rate from weak (1) to strong (5)	
Vocabulary: The student knew and could name most of	of the key w	ords.
1 2 3 4 5		
Comprehension: The student understood quickly and	accurately.	
1 2 3 4 5	,	
Expression: The student described the images quickly	and accurat	elv
1 2 3 4 5		cery.
Grammar: The student spoke in grammatically correc	t contoncos	
	i sentences	
1 2 3 4 5		
Social - The student demonstrated good social commu	nication ski	lls.
1 2 3 4 5		
Articulation - The student's speech was easy to unders	stand.	
1 2 3 4 5		

Notes: _____



Pronouns *Approximate Age of Acquisition



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Super Sentences – Pronouns

Date:		Additional inform	Additional information:		
Student:					
Age/Grade:					
Subject	Receptive	Expressive	Object	Receptive	Expressive
Не			Him		
She			Her		
They			Them		
1			Me		
We			You		
You			lt		
			Us		
Possessive			Reflexive		
His			Myself		
Hers			Yourself		
Theirs			Himself		
Mine			Herself		
Ours			Itself		
			yourselves		

The bolded pronouns are specifically targeted in this kit. The others can be modeled during play.

Want more pronoun practice?

Have fun giving Liz and Leo items from the kit while practicing a particular pronoun. Here are a few ideas to get you started:

1. Take turns giving Liz or Leo things while saying phrases like:

- He gets the corn. She gets the banana.
- The red scooter is his. The black phone is hers.
- Give the dogs to him. Give the food to her.

2. Ask the child questions and prompt answers like the bolded words:

- Who gets the pineapple? **He** does. Who gets the hamburger? **She** does.
- Whose phone is this? Hers. Whose book is this? His.
- Who should I give this basket to? Him. Who should I give the peas to? Her.
- 3. Add the dogs into the mix and use them to work on they, theirs, them in phrases like this:
 - They get the milkshakes. The blankets are theirs. Give the fries to them.
- 4. Double the difficulty by using two pronouns in the same sentence like this:
 - He gets the banana milkshake and she gets the strawberry one.
 - The green book is **hers** and the red one is **his**.
 - She gave him the brown basket.
- 5. Take turns talking about all the things Liz and Leo can do by themselves in phrases like:
 - Leo can drive to school all by **himself**. Liz can read a book all by **herself**.
 - Liz and Leo can make the beds all by themselves.



Syllable segment

Count how many claps are in each item and then place it in the corresponding column.

1	2	3	4



Β С Е Α D F G Η J Κ Μ L Ν Ι 0 Ρ Q R S Т U V W X Y Z SH CH

Initial Sound & Letter Match - Identify the first sound in an object's name then put it with the matching letter.



Rhyming Riddles - read the riddle and see if the child can guess the answer.

- 1. It rhymes with "head" and it's where we sleep bed
- 2. It rhymes with "fog" and it's a pet dog
- 3. It rhymes with "pouch" and it's in the living room couch
- 4. It rhymes with "look" and it's something we read book
- 5. It rhymes with "born" and it's a vegetable corn
- 6. It rhymes with "hair" and it goes together with a table chair
- 7. It rhymes with "tease" and they grow in a pod peas
- 8. It rhymes with "shore" and it's where we shop store
- 9. It rhymes with "cool" and it's where we learn school
- 10. It rhymes with "none" and it's part of a hamburger bun
- 11. It rhymes with "mess" and it's something girls wear dress
- 12. It rhymes with "cries" and you can eat them with ketchup fries
- 13. It rhymes with "swirl" and it's a young female girl
- 14. It rhymes with "joy" and it's a young male boy
- 15. It rhymes with "feel" and it's the outside of a banana- peel
- 16. It rhymes with "dirt" and it's a piece of clothing shirt
- 17. It rhymes with "bone" and it's something we talk on phone
- 18. It rhymes with "cable" and it's where we eat table
- 19. It rhymes with "willow" and it goes on a bed pillow
- 20. It rhymes with "tutor" and it's something we can ride on scooter



Super Sentences - Articulation Words

Date:		Additional information:			
Student:					
Age/Grade:	Age/Grade:				
Word	imit. wd.	spon. wd.	imit. sent.	spon. sent.	everyday speech/notes:
S blends					
Sleep					
Stand					
Store					
School					
Star					
Strawberry					
Scooter					
Ba sk ets					
l ce c ream					
Sh					
She					
Milk sh ake					
Pu sh					
Ch					
Chair					
Chocolate					
Fren ch Fries					
Cou ch					
J					
Jump					
L					
Liz					
Leo					
Pillow					
Blue					
Bl anket					
Table					
Pineapp l e					
Vanilla					
Chocolate					
Z					
Liz					x
Zed/Zee					
Zig Zag					

imit. = imitate spon. = spontaneous wd. = word sent. = sentence

