Financial Statements **June 30, 2020** 

Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended June 30, 2020

	2020 \$	2019 \$
Cash provided by (used in)		
Operating activities  Net revenue (expenses) for the year  Item not affecting cash  Amortization	3,508 72	(44,587) 91
Change in non-cash working capital items Accounts receivable Inventory Prepaid expense Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Deferred contributions	(7,378) 960 (5,065) (4,265) 19,691	(449) (1,270) 3,375 20,111 116,950
	7,523	94,221
Financing activities (Repayment to) proceeds from Directors	(1,431)	7,813
Change in cash during the year	6,092	102,034
Cash – Beginning of year	141,030	38,996
Cash – End of year	147,122	141,030

Statement of Financial Position

As at June 30, 2020

	2020 \$	2019 \$
Assets		
Current assets Cash HST receivable Inventory Prepaid expense	147,122 8,452 1,200 5,065	141,030 1,074 2,160
	161,839	144,264
Property and equipment (note 3)	291	363_
	162,130	144,627
Liabilities		
Current liabilities Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (note 4) Deferred contributions (note 5)	22,077 136,641	26,342 116,950
	158,718	143,292
Due to directors (note 6)	314,934	316,365
	473,652	459,657
Net liabilities	(311,522)	(315,030)
	162,130	144,627

Approved by the Board of Directors

Director

Directo

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Statement of Operations and Net Liabilities For the year ended June 30, 2020

	2020 \$	2019 \$
Revenue Performance & Accountability Frameworks Include Me Other	146,779 - 5,565	49,720 163,835 2,502
	152,344	216,057
Expenses Performance & Accountability Frameworks Include Me Operations Amortization	146,779 1,985 72 148,836	49,620 203,828 7,105 91 260,644
Net revenue (expenses) for the year	3,508	(44,587)
Net liabilities – Beginning of year	(315,030)	(270,443)
Net liabilities – End of year	(311,522)	(315,030)

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2020

#### 1 Purpose of the organization

Iris the Dragon Inc. (the Organization) is the producer of mental health education tool for schools, workplaces and communities.

The Organization is incorporated under the Canada Not-for-profit Corporations Act and is a registered charity under subsection 149(1)(f) of the Income Tax Act Canada and is exempt from income taxes.

#### 2 Summary of significant accounting policies

These financial statements have been prepared by management in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations (ASNPO). The significant accounting policies are as follows.

#### Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with ASNPO requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### Inventory

Inventory is recorded at the lower of cost and net realizable value.

#### Property and equipment

Property and equipment are initially recorded at cost and are amortized over their useful lives, using the declining balance method as follows:

Computer equipment

30%

#### Revenue recognition

The Organization follows the deferral method of accounting for contributions.

Revenue received in respect of projects is deferred until the related expenditures are incurred.

Unrestricted donations are recognized as revenue when received. Funds received designated for an activity or project by the donor are recognized as revenue when used for the purpose for which the funds were received.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2020

#### Financial instruments

#### Measurement of financial instruments

The Organization initially measures its financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value, except for certain instruments originated or acquired in related party transactions. The Organization subsequently measures all its financial assets and financial liabilities at amortized cost.

Financial assets measured at amortized cost include cash and HST receivable. Financial liabilities measured at amortized cost include accounts payable and accrued liabilities and due to directors.

#### Impairment

At the end of each reporting period, the Organization assesses whether there are any indications that a financial asset measured at amortized cost may be impaired. If there are indicators of impairment, and the Organization determines there has been a significant adverse change in the expected amount or timing of future cash flows, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to the higher of the expected cash flows expected to be generated by holding the asset, discounted using a current market rate of interest, and the amount that could be realized by selling the asset at the statement of financial position date.

### 3 Property and equipment

			2020	2019
	Cost \$	Accumulated amortization \$	Net \$	Net \$
Computer equipment	2,491	2,200	291	363

Cost and accumulated amortization amounted to \$2,491 and \$2,128, respectively, as at June 30, 2019.

## 4 Accounts payable and accrued liabilities

Government remittances of \$nil (2019 - \$nil) are included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities.

#### 5 Deferred contributions

	Balance – Beginning of year \$	Funds received \$	Amounts recognized as revenue \$	Balance – End of year \$
Performance & Accountability Frameworks	116,950	166,470	(146,779)	136,641

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2020

#### 6 Related party transactions

The Organization has related party transactions in the normal course of business. These transactions are recorded at the exchange amount, which is the amount agreed upon by the respective parties.

Amounts due to three members of the Board of Directors of the Organization are non-interest bearing and have no specified terms of repayment.

Performance & Accountability Frameworks expenses include professional services fee paid to the Board of Directors, which amounted to \$75,000 (2019 – \$15,500).

#### 7 Commitments and contingencies

The Organization is committed to minimum annual payments under a lease for its head office, payable to a director, as follows:

Year ending June 30, 2021 8,000 2022 6,000

This related party transaction is in the normal course of business and has been recorded at the exchange amount.

Contribution agreements allow funding agencies to conduct audits to ensure project expenditures are in accordance with the terms and conditions. Ineligible expenditures, if any, may result in the Organization reimbursing a portion of the funding. Management believes the Organization has incurred no ineligible expenditures and has, therefore, not recorded any liability for reimbursement. According to the funding agreement, the Organization will receive \$166,569 in 2021 (2020 – \$166,470).

#### 8 Financial instruments

#### Financial risk management

The Organization is exposed to various risks through its financial instruments. The following analysis provides a measure of the Organization's risk exposure and concentrations.

#### Liquidity risk

The Organization's objective is to have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when they come due. The Organization manages liquidity risk by monitoring, on a regular basis, that sufficient funds are generated from funding agreement(s) to meet the Organization's future commitments. The significant financial liabilities at year-end are accounts payable and accrued liabilities and due to directors. The Directors have confirmed, in order to assist the Organization in fulfilling its financial obligations, the balance due from the Organization would not be recalled within one year of the date of the statement of financial position.

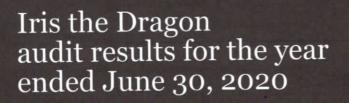
Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2020

#### Credit risk

The Organization's credit risk arises on cash and HST receivables. The Organization does not have significant concentration risk. The Organization's cash is maintained at major financial institution; therefore, the Organization considers the risk of non-performance of these instruments to be remote. HST receivable is due from federal and provincial governments and do not bear significant credit risk.

#### 9 Implication of COVID-19 pandemic

The COVID-19 outbreak has developed rapidly in 2020, with a significant number of infections. Measures taken by the authorities to contain the virus have affected global and local economic activity. The long-term impact of the outbreak remains uncertain; management is closely monitoring the economic development and any potential impacts there may be on operations.



To the Board of Directors October 2, 2020

