

Activity: Learn about the lifecycle of a honey bee

**Purpose:** Foster connection and curiosity for the natural world, as well as develop an impression of sequencing and the passage of time.

Recommended age: 3.5+

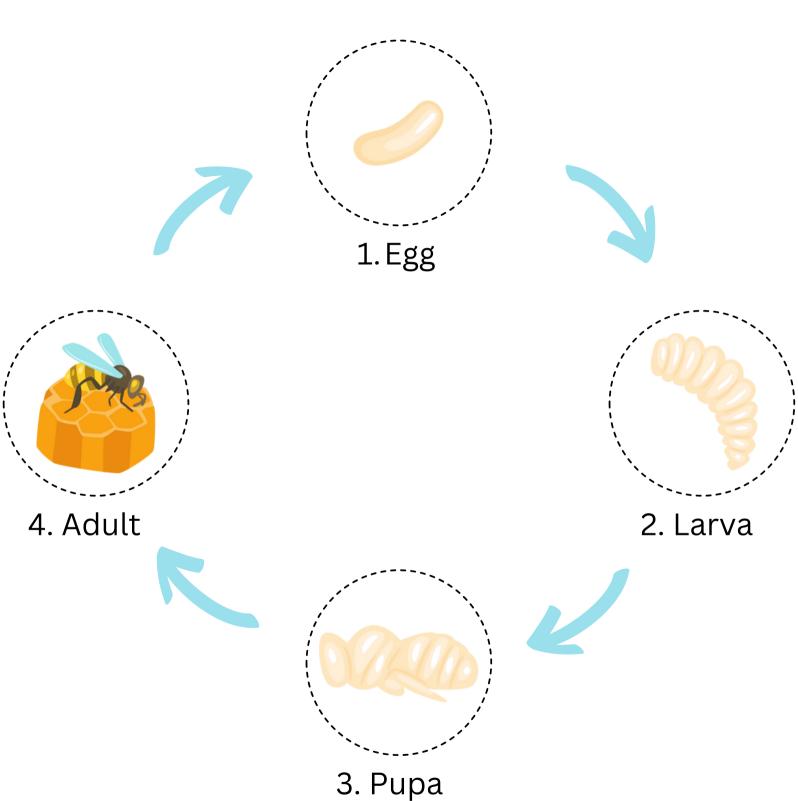
#### Instructions:

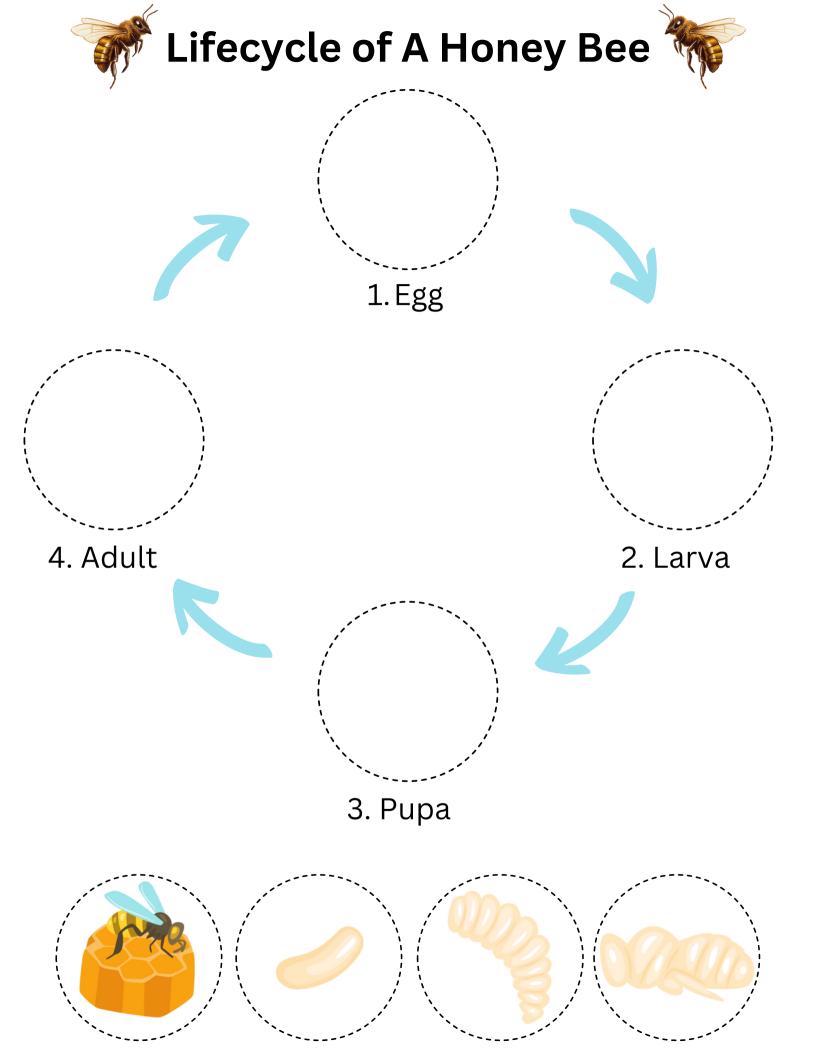
- 1. Print pages 2 and 3. Cut out the circles at the bottom of page 3, the different stages of the lifecycle.
- 2. Place the circles into the lifecycle on page 3.
- 3. Offer the control sheet (page 2) so the child can check their work.
- 4. Talk about the lifecycle facts on pages 4 -6.



# Lifecycle of A Honey Bee



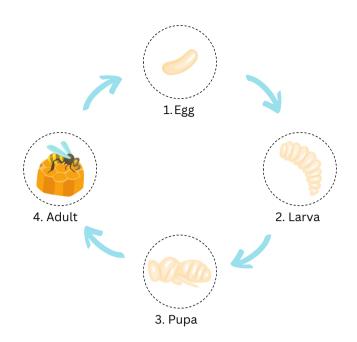






### Lifecycle of A Honey Bee Facts





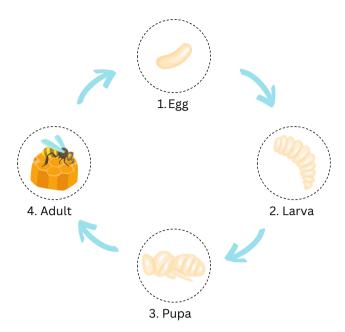
The life cycle of honeybees consists of four stages:

- 1. **Eggs** A queen lays one egg per cell throughout the brood nest, which is located in the center of the hive.
- 2. **Larva** After 3 days, an egg will hatch into a larva. Worker bees will feed and tend to the larvae as they grow. Once the larva is big enough, the worker bees will cover the cell with wax.
- 3. **Pupa** once the cell is capped, the larva spins a cocoon around itself and develops a pupa (similar to how a butterfly spins a chrysalis). At this stage, the baby bee develops its eyes, legs, wings and other familiar body parts.
- 4. **Adult** When it is ready, the bee will begin to chew through the cocoon and wax capping of its cell and emerge into the hive.



#### **Lifecycle of A Honey Bee Facts**





This length of the lifecycle varies depending on the type honey bee:

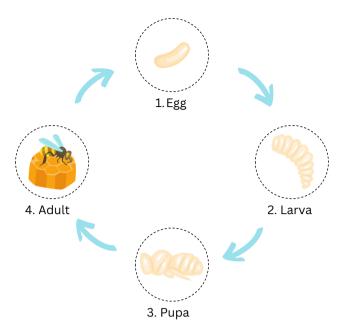
- Queen Bee 16 days
- Worker Bees 18 to 22 days
- **Drones** 24 days for the drones





## Lifecycle of A Honey Bee Facts





#### Roles of honey bees:

- Queen bee the largest bee in the colony and the only female bee capable of laying eggs.
- Drones a male honey bee whose job is to mate with the queen. Once a drone mates with a queen, it dies shortly after.
- Worker bees keep the hive functioning. A young worker bee nutures and feeds the bee larvae.

  They feed the queen and make the honey. An older work bee forages for resources like water, nectar, and pollen.