

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Toilet Bowl

SECTION 1 - STATEMENT OF CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

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Trade Name:	Disinfectant Floor Cleaner Ecoscential by Clean Green		
SUPPLIER:			
ADDRESS:	29 Optic Way, Carrum Downs 3201		
TELEPHONE:	0397826977	FAX:	07 5539 2477
AH EMERGENCY TELEPHONE:	13 1126 in Australia	Product Code:	
Substance:	Water based	Product Use:	Toilet bowl cleaner
Creation Date:	DEC 2016	Revision Date:	DEC 2021
SECTION 2 – HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION 2 – HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION OF the substance or			
Poisons Schedule	S6 (SULFURIC ACID)		
Dangerous Goods		- Canda	
•	Not classified as Dangerou		
GHS Classification	Serious Eye Damage/Irrita	tion Category 1	
	Skin Irritation Category 2		
Label elements			
GHS label pictograms			
Signal word	DANGER		
Hazard statement(s)			
H318	Causes serious eye damag	e.	
H315	Causes skin irritation.		
Precautionary statement(s): Gen	eral		
P102	Keep out of reach of childs	en.	
P103	Read label before use.		
Precautionary statement(s): Prev	ention		
P280	Wear eye protection/face	protection and protective gl	oves.
P264	Wash hands thoroughly after handling.		
Precautionary statement(s): Resp			
P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiousl	with water for several min	utes. Remove contact lenses, if
	present and easy to do. Co		,
P310	Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.		
P302 + P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with ple	nty of soap and water.	
P332 + P313	If skin irritation occurs: Ge	t medical advice/attention.	
P362		thing and wash before reuse	
P321		st Aid Measures on Safety D	ata Sheet).
Precautionary statement(s): Store	age		
	None allocated		
Precautionary statement(s): Disp	osal		
	None allocated		
Note			
IMPORTANT			ein, only apply to the product in its
	concentrated form, as sup	pilea. when alluted to 1:3 o	r greater they no longer apply.



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However, good hygiene and housekeeping practices should be adhered to.

SECTION 3 – COMPOSITION AND INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS		
Ingredients:	CAS Number:	Proportion:
Alcohol ethoxylate	68439-50-9	< 10% w/w
Sulfuric acid	7664-93-9	<10% w/w
Ingredients determined to be non- hazardous	various	< 10% w/w
Water	7732-18-5	To 100 % w/w

NOTE: Ingredients determined not to be hazardous are present in concentrations that do not exceed the relevant cut-off concentrations as found from NOHSC publication "List of Designated Hazardous Substances" or have been found NOT to meet the criteria of a hazardous substance as defined in the NOHSC publication "Approved Criteria for Classifying Hazardous Substances", or have been found NOT to meet the criteria of a dangerous substance as defined in the GLOBALLY HARMONIZED SYSTEM OF CLASSIFICATION AND LABELLING OF CHEMICALS (GHS), 4th edition United Nations 2011. Listed ingredients may be below the cut-off concentrations for classification as hazardous, but are listed for information purposes and for additive effects.

Inhalation	Remove victim to fresh air away from exposure. Obtain medical attention if symptoms occur.
Skin contact	Immediately wash contaminated skin with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before re-use. Seek medical advice (e.g. doctor) if irritation, burning or redness persists.
Eye contact	If in eyes, hold eyelids apart and flush the eyes continuously with running water. Remove contact lenses. Continue flushing until advised to stop by the Poisons Information Centre or a doctor, or for at least 15 minutes. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.
Ingestion	Do NOT induce vomiting. Do NOT attempt to give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water immediately. Give water to drink. If vomiting occurs, give further water to achieve effective dilution. Seek medical advice (e.g. doctor).
Advice to Doctor	Treat symptomatically.
Scheduled Poisons	Poisons Information Centre in each Australian State capital city or in Christchurch, New Zealand can provide additional assistance for scheduled poisons. (Phone Australia 131126 or New Zealand 0800 764 766).
First Aid Facilities	Eye wash station. Normal washroom facilities.

SECTION 5 – FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES		
Fire and Explosion Hazards	Non flammable liquid. However, on evaporation of the aqueous component, the residual material may burn.	
Extinguishing Media	Use an extinguishing media suitable for surrounding fires. Use carbon dioxide (CO2) fire extinguisher, water fog, foam or fine water spray.	
Fire Fighting	Keep containers exposed to extreme heat cool with water spray. Fire fighters to wear self- contained breathing apparatus if risk of exposure to products of combustion or decomposition.	
Flash Point	None	



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Emergency Procedures	Minor spills do not normally need any special clean-up measures – rinse with water.
	In the event of a major spill, prevent spillage from entering drains or water courses. Wear
	appropriate personal protective equipment and clothing to prevent exposure. Increase
	ventilation. As a water based product, if spilt on electrical equipment the product will cause
	short-circuits. If possible contain the spill. Place inert absorbent material onto spillage. Collect
	the material and place into a suitable labelled container. Do not dilute material but contain.
	Residues can be neutralised with sodium carbonate. Dispose of waste according to the
	applicable local and national regulations. If contamination of sewers or waterways occurs
	inform the local water and waste management authorities in accordance with local
	regulations.

SECTION 7 - HANDLING AN	ID STORAGE
Handling	Avoid skin or eye contact with concentrate. Wear protective clothing when risk of exposure occurs. Avoid contact with incompatible materials. When handling, DO NOT eat, drink or smoke. Keep containers closed at all times. Avoid physical damage to containers. Always wash hands with soap and water after handling. Work clothes should be laundered. Launder contaminated clothing before re-use.
Storage	Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area, out of direct sunlight. Protect from freezing. Store in suitable, labelled containers. Keep containers tightly closed. Store away from incompatible materials. Ensure that storage conditions comply with applicable local and national regulations.

	CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION
Exposure Limits	National Occupational Exposure Limits, as published by National Occupational Health & Safety
	Commission:
	Time-weighted Average (TWA):
	None established for product.
	Sulfuric acid: 1 mg/m3
	Short Term Exposure Limit (STEL):
	None established for product.
	Sulfuric acid: 3 mg/m3
Ventilation	Ensure ventilation is adequate to maintain air concentrations below exposure standards. Avoi generating mists of the product. Use only in a well-ventilated area. Ensure airflow, where th product is used, is directed away from the operators.
Personal Protective Equipment	Use good occupational work practice. The use of protective clothing and equipment depend upon the degree and nature of exposure. The following protective equipment should be available;
Eye Protection	Safety glasses with full face shield should be used for handling concentrate in quantity, cleanin up spills, decanting, etc. Eye protection devices should conform to relevant regulations. Ey protection should conform with Australian/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 1337 - Eye Protector for Industrial Applications.
Hand Protection	Wear gloves of impervious material such as butyl rubber, natural latex, neoprene, PVC an nitrile – to handle in quantity, clean up spills, decanting, etc. Final choice of appropriate glove will vary according to individual circumstances. i.e. methods of handling or according to ris assessments undertaken. Occupational protective gloves should conform to relevant regulations. Reference should be made to AS/NZS 2161.1: Occupational protective gloves - Selection, use an maintenance.
Body Protection	Suitable protective workwear, e.g. rubber or plastic apron, sleeves, boots and cotton overal buttoned at neck and wrist are recommended. Chemical resistant apron is recommended when



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Respirator

If engineering controls are not effective in controlling airborne exposure then an approved respirator with a replaceable vapor/mist filter should be used. Refer to relevant regulations for further information concerning respiratory protective requirements. Reference should be made to Australian Standards AS/NZS 1715, Selection, Use and Maintenance of Respiratory Protective Devices; and AS/NZS 1716, Respiratory Protective Devices, in order to make any necessary changes for individual circumstances.

SECTION 9 – PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES			
Physical State	non-viscous liquid	Colour	Blue
Odour	characteristic odour	Specific Gravity	1.04 - 1.07 @ 25 °C
Boiling Point	Approximately 100 °C	Freezing Point	Approximately 0°C
Vapour Pressure	Not available	Vapour Density	Not available
Flash Point	Not flammable	Flammable Limits	none
Water Solubility	Miscible in all proportions	pH	< 1.5 neat
Volatile Organic	0 % v/v	Per Cent Volatile	Ca 80 % v/v
Compounds (VOC)	U 76 V/V		
Viscosity	Not available	Odour Threshold	Not available

SECTION 10 – STABILITY AND REACTIVITY		
Reactivity	Stable at normal temperatures and pressure.	
Conditions to Avoid	Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.	
Incompatibilities	Reducing agents, oxidizing agents.	
Hazardous		
Decomposition	Thermal decomposition may result in the release of toxic and/or irritating fumes.	

SECTION 11 – TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS

No adverse health effects expected if the product is handled in accordance with this Safety Data Sheet and the product label. Symptoms or effects that may arise if the product is mishandled and overexposure occurs are:

Symptoms or effects that n	nay arise if the product is mishandled and overexposure occurs are:	
Inhalation	Aerosols of this product containing acid are irritant to the respiratory system.	
Skin contact	Properly diluted solutions not expected to be irritating to skin. Prolonged contact with concentrate may be irritating to skin. The symptoms may include redness, itching and swelling.	
Eye contact	Concentrated product causes eye irritation. Eye contact with concentrate will cause stinging, blurring, tearing. Contact with concentrated product may cause serious eye damage.	
Ingestion	Ingestion of this product may irritate the gastric tract causing nausea and vomiting.	
Chronic exposure	No known effects.	
Toxicology Information	Not toxic, based on ingredients. Oral LD50 (calculated) : >10,000 mg/kg	
Carcinogen Status		
NOHSC	No significant ingredient is classified as carcinogenic by NOHSC.	
NTP	No significant ingredient is classified as carcinogenic by NTP.	
IARC	No significant ingredient is classified as carcinogenic by IARC.	
Respiratory sensitisation	Not expected to be a respiratory sensitizer.	
Skin Sensitisation	Not expected to be a skin sensitizer.	
Germ cell mutagenicity	Not considered to be a mutagenic hazard.	
Reproductive Toxicity	Not considered to be toxic to reproduction.	
STOT-single exposure	Not expected to cause toxicity to a specific target organ.	
STOT-repeated exposure	Not expected to cause toxicity to a specific target organ.	
Aspiration Hazard	Not expected to be an aspiration hazard.	



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Eco-toxicity Product (as sold)	Harmful to aquatic life. Acute Aquatic Toxicity Category 3 - (LC50 > 10 mg/L but < 100mg/L). Acute Aquatic Toxicity (Calculated) LC50: 18 - 73 mg/L.
Eco-toxicity Product (at use dilution 1:100 rinse)	Not harmful to aquatic life. LC50 > 100mg/L. Acute Aquatic Toxicity (Calculated) LC50: 1800 - 7300 mg/L. Acute Aquatic Toxicity NOT HAZARDOUS
Persistence and degradability	Biodegradable, based on ingredients.
Bio accumulative potential	No bioaccumulation is expected.
Mobility in soil	Due to its physico-chemical characteristics, highly mobile in the environment and will partition to the aquatic compartment.
Other adverse effects	Not available
Environmental Protection	Do not discharge this material into waterways.

SECTION 13 - DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Dispose of waste according to applicable local and national regulations. Do not allow into drains or watercourses or dispose of where ground or surface waters may be affected. Wastes including emptied containers are controlled wastes and should be disposed of in accordance with all applicable local and national regulations.

SECTION 14 – TRANSPORT INFORMATION			
Labels Required			
ADG	Not classified as Dangerous Goods.		
IMDG Marine Pollutant	No		
HAZCHEM	None allocated.		
Land Transport (ADG)	Land Transport (ADG)		
UN Number	None allocated.		
ADG Code	None allocated.		
HAZCHEM Code	None allocated.		
Special Provisions	None allocated.		
Packing Group	None allocated.		
Packaging Method	None allocated.		
Segregation	None allocated.		

SECTION 15 - REGULATORY	INFORMATION
GHS Classification	Classified as Hazardous according to the Globally Harmonised System of Classification and
	labelling of Chemicals (GHS) including Work, Health and Safety regulations, Australia.
SUSMP	S6 (SULFURIC ACID)
ADG Code	Not DG
AICS	All ingredients present on AICS.

SECTION 16 – OTHER INFORMATION	
Issue Date	5 th December 2016
Version Number	V 2.0 – GHS classification.
Abbreviations and	ADG Code: Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail.
acronyms	AICS: Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances.
-	CAS Number: Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number.
	GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
	HAZCHEM: An emergency action code of numbers and letters which gives information to emergency



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	services.
	HSIS: Hazardous Substances Information System
	IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer.
	NOHSC: National Occupational Health and Safety Commission.
	NTP: National Toxicology Program (USA).
	SDS: Safety Data Sheet
	STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit.
	SUSMP: Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons.
	TWA: Time Weighted Average.
	UN Number: United Nations Number.
Literature references	Preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous Chemicals – Code of Practice (Safe Work Australia)
	GHS Hazardous Chemical Information List (Safe Work Australia)
	Guidance on the Classification of Hazardous Chemicals under the WHS Regulations.
	Global Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS)
	"Australian Exposure Standards". Safework Australia
	Australian Code For The Transport Of Dangerous Goods By Road And Rail
	Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons
	Material Safety Data Sheets – individual raw materials – Suppliers
	HSIS – Hazardous Substance Information System – National Safe Work Australia Data Base.
	HCIS – Hazardous Chemical Information System – National Safe Work Australia Data Base.
Disclaimer	This MSDS summarizes at the date of issue our best knowledge of the health and safety hazard information of this
	product, and in particular how to safely handle and use this product in the workplace. Since the supplier cannot
	anticipate or control the conditions under which the product may be used, each user must, prior to usage, review this
	MSDS in the context of how the user intends to handle and use the product in the workplace. If clarification or further
	information is needed to ensure that an appropriate assessment can be made, the user should contact this supplier.

End of SDS