

This Safety Data Sheet was created in accordance with the SWA National Code of Practice for the Preparation of Material Safety Data Sheets 2nd Edition [NOHSC:2011(2003)] and under the requirements of the Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS).

Date of Issue: Issue #2, March 2011 (valid for 5 years)

Replaces: Issue #1, March 2007

Trade Name: OIL ABSORBENT SOCKS & PILLOWS

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

1.1 Product Name: OIL ABSORBENT SOCKS

Unique Reference #: 040, 041, 043 (different sizes), 030 (bilge rat), 035 (pillow)

Other Names: Absorbent Containment Socks

1.2 Manufacturer Name: Enretech Australasia Pty Limited (A.B.N. 62-070 856 414)

P.O. Box 1154, Moss Vale, NSW 2577 Australia Tel. 61 2 4869 3261, Fax. 61 2 4869 3264

Email: info@enretech.com.au, Internet: www.enretech.com.au

1.3 Recommended Use: A recycled, treated cellulose absorbent product for the absorption and

containment of oil-based liquid spills on hard surfaces, or on water. Bound by a natural cotton outer cover. Floats on salt or fresh water indefinitely, even when fully saturated with oil. Socks can be tied together for more effective coverage (ties not supplied). Cannot be used for absorbing strong oxidisers.

1.4 Emergency Tel. #: 61 (0)425 232 741

Product information (Monday - Friday, 8:00am - 10:00pm EST)

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Statement of Not classified as hazardous or dangerous in accordance with [NOHSC:1008]

Hazardous Nature: (2004)], HSIS [NOHSC:10005 (1999)], [ADG Code 7th Ed.].

2.2 Risk Phrases: Not hazardous. No criteria found.

2.3 Safety Phrases: S22, S25. Do not breathe dust. Avoid contact with eyes.

2.4 SUSMP

Classification: None Allocated.

3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1 Substance: Treated Cellulosic material derived from recycled cardboard.

Content: >60% CAS No.: 9004-34-6

3.2 Substance: Proprietary Ingredients

Content: <10%

CAS No.: Not Available

3.2 Substance: Cotton (mesh cover)

Content: <10%

CAS No.: Not Available



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4. FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Eye Contact: No special measures necessary. If dry socks are torn apart and cellulose

material enters the eyes, hold eyes open, flooding with water for at least 15

minutes. Seek medical attention if irritation persist.

4.2 Skin Contact: No special measures necessary.

No special measures necessary. If dry socks are torn apart and cellulose 4.3 Ingestion:

> material is ingested, thoroughly rinse mouth with water. Drink a glass of water. Do not induce vomiting. If discomfort arises, seek medical attention.

Inhalation: No special measures necessary. If dry socks are torn apart and encountering

respiratory difficulties, remove from dusty area and into fresh air, if possible.

Seek medical attention if effects persist.

4.5 First Aid Facilities: No special equipment necessary.

4.6 Advice to Doctor: Treat symptomatically.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Suitable Extinguishing Media:

Suitable: Water spray, foam, carbon dioxide or dry chemical powder.

Unsuitable: No Restrictions.

5.2 Hazards from Combustion Products:

Combustion by-products include carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, and carbon (soot).

5.3 Precautions for Fire Fighters and Special Protective Equipment:

Combustible solid. Absorbent material is not flammable under conditions of normal use (as per USEPA Test Method 1030). Cotton jacket is also considered combustible and will burn if involved in a fire. If burning, fire-fighters to treat as a wood fire.

5.4 Hazchem Code:

None Allocated.

6. **ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

6.1 Spills of this product do not pose a risk to health or the environment, however Emergency **Procedures:**

avoid flushing inner sorbent to sewer or releasing to the environment. Fully

biodegradable.

6.2 Methods and Materials for Containment and Clean Up Procedures

Wear appropriate protective equipment (See Section 8: Exposure Controls / Personal Protection) where significant exposure is possible. If cleaning residues with a vacuum cleaner, use HEPA rated vacuum.

Small Spills: Sweep up loose particulate, but avoid generating ambient dust.

Large Spills: Collect loose particulate and place in clean, labelled containers for disposal.



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7. HANDLING & STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for Safe

Handling:

Not classified as a dangerous good or hazardous substance. No special handling requirements necessary. If decanting inner sorbent material, avoid dust generation and ensure containers are adequately labelled. Do not eat, drink or smoke when handling this material. Always wash hands before eating and remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas.

7.2 Conditions for Safe

Storage:

Keep in a dry, cool, ventilated area and stored in closed cartons. Will not

self-heat. Not to be stored near strong Oxidisers.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 National Exposure Standards:

NOHSC:1003(1995/2005): 10 mg/m³ (cellulose – inspirable dust) (Australia)

OSHA-PEL: 15 mg/m³ (cellulose – total dust), 5 mg/m³ (cellulose – respirable dust)

ACGIH-TLV: 10 mg/m³ (cellulose – total dust)

8.2 Biological Limits: No biological limit allocated.

8.3 Engineering Controls: No special ventilation is required under normal use. If handling large

amounts of inner absorbent material in an enclosed area, the use of exhaust ventilation may be necessary to keep ambient dust levels as low

as possible.

8.4 Personal Protective Equipment

Eye Protection: Eye protection not needed under normal conditions.

Skin Protection: Gloves not needed under normal conditions, although they may be

required when handling socks that have absorbed oil or other oil-based

liquids.

Respiratory Protection: Dust mask not necessary under normal conditions.

Other Protection: Other protective clothing not required under normal conditions.

Coveralls may be required when handling socks that have absorbed oil,

or other oil-based liquids.

9. PHYSICAL & CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Appearance: Light brown meshed tube with grey or brown, fluffy cellulose material

inside.

9.2 Odour: None.
9.3 pH: 7 in water.
9.4 Vapour Pressure: Not Applicable.
9.5 Vapour Density: Not Applicable.
9.6 Boiling Point: Not Applicable.

9.7 Melting Point: Not Available. (deg. C @ 760 mm Hg)

9.8 Solubility (in water): Insoluble.

9.9 Density: 0.061 g/mL (inner sorbent)



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9.10 Additional Information

Flash Point: Not Available.

Auto-Ignition Temp.: > 260 deg. C (inner sorbent), >370 deg. C (outer cover)

L.E.L.: 50,000 mg/m³ in air (inner sorbent)

U.E.L.: Not Available.

Percent Volatiles: Approximately 17% moisture but no organic volatiles (inner sorbent).

Particle Size Range: Not Available.

Flame Propagation: Does not propagate a flame as per USEPA1030 (inner sorbent).

Potential for Dust

Explosion

Risk of spontaneous combustion is negligible.

10. STABILITY & REACTIVITY

10.1 Chemical Stability: Stable under normal and anticipated storage and handling conditions

of temperature and pressure.

10.2 Conditions to Avoid: Not reactive under conditions of normal use.

10.3 Incompatible Materials: As the sorbent is an organic material, it is incompatible with strong

Oxidisers.

10.4 Hazardous Contact with strong oxidisers could result in ignition of sorbent. Will not

Reactions: polymerise.

10.5 Hazardous Decomposition

Products:

None, when used and handled as intended.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Acute Health Effects: No animal toxicity data for this product is available. Inner sorbent is

considered to be benign with possible minor skin, eye and/or respiratory

irritation.

11.2 Chronic Health Effects: No data available. No carcinogenic compounds present. No asbestos or

mineral fibres present. Not known to cause lung fibrosis.

11.3 Health Effects from Likely Routes of Exposure:

Swallowed: Unlikely as an exposure route. As the product is natural cellulose, it is

physiologically inert, and non-harmful if swallowed.

Eye: If dry socks are torn apart, dust particles from the inner sorbent may cause

mechanical irritation, resulting in redness.

Skin: Absorption through skin not an exposure route. Unlikely to be a skin

irritant. Repeated skin abrasion may cause redness.

Inhaled: If dry socks are torn apart and the inner sorbent dispersed in air, inhalation

of high dust levels may cause irritation to the mucous membranes of the nose, throat and respiratory tract. Persons with a history of respiratory illness should not be exposed to conditions where exposure to significant

levels of dust is likely.



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12. **ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

12.1 Ecotoxicity: Aquatic toxicity tests have been conducted on the inner sorbent as per

> ASTM D5560 test method (Microtox). This sorbent material alone has been shown to have very low ecotoxicity (>100 g/100mL). As it is an absorbent used for cleaning up oil spills on water, the product has also been tested to show an oil toxicity reduction of 82%. This is achieved through the removal

of the oil from the environment via absorption and encapsulation.

12.2 Persistence / Inner sorbent and cotton jacket are both 100% biodegradable in 2-5 months

Degradability: under aerobic conditions.

12.3 Mobility: The product contains a loose particulate tightly contained within a cotton

jacket. It can thus be applied to an oil spill as it would be considered

controlled (ie: boomed) conditions. TCLP analysis conducted on the product

+ oil show minimal leaching of oil components.

12.4 Additional As the product is manufactured from recycled cardboard and natural cotton,

it does not cause any adverse environmental effects and does not

bioaccumulate.

13. **DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

13.1 **Disposal Methods:** The inner sorbent in this product is a treated, recycled cellulose material and

> un-used material can either be discarded into regular garbage, incinerated by approved agents, or biodegraded via commercial composting. Avoid discarding to sewer. The natural cotton outer jacket can also be disposed via the same routes. This product is designed to be used as an absorbent to clean up spilled petroleum hydrocarbons from hard surfaces or from water. Thus, the used product should be considered to have the same properties as the liquid it has absorbed. In general, follow disposal criteria

pertaining to the liquid absorbed.

Special Precautions 13.2

Information:

for Landfill or Incineration:

Under normal circumstances, if the product has been used to absorb light to medium weight petroleum hydrocarbons (C10-C36), the solid mixture can usually be discarded into solid waste landfill. However, always consult your applicable State Waste Management authority to ensure proper disposal

practices.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

14.1 **UN Number:** None Allocated. 14.2 UN Proper Shipping Name: None Allocated. 14.3 UN Class & Subsidiary Risk: None Allocated. 14.4 UN Packing Group: None Allocated.

14.5 Special Precautions for User: No special precautions required for transport.

14.6 Hazchem Code: None Allocated.

14.7 Export Information: This product is currently exported from Australia. No export

restrictions apply.



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15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

SUSMP Poisons Schedule Number: None Allocated.

National Industrial Chemicals Notification & Assessment Scheme (NICNAS): None Allocated.

Australian Pesticides & Veterinary Medicines Authority: None Allocated.

Therapeutic Goods Administration (TGA):

None Allocated.

Food Standards Australia New Zealand (FSANZ): None Allocated.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

The inner sorbent of this product is manufactured in Australia from a specially treated recycled cardboard waste stream. This material does not contain bacteria or fungi of any kind. The product is fully biodegradable, contains 100% recycled content and will readily attach itself to all forms of petroleum hydrocarbons on water. It will absorb up to 19 times its own weight in medium weight petroleum hydrocarbons.

Most maritime authorities restrict the use of loose particulate materials for purposes of on-water spill response. As such, loose materials must be contained, either in pillows, socks (such as this product), mats or within the confines of booms or booming operations. Organic sorbent materials are frequently, and effectively, used on many oil spills and do not require EPA review or listing.

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Contacts:

Australia: Enretech Australasia P/L

Business Hours (EST) Tel: +61 (0)2 4869 3261 Fax: +61 (0)2 4869 3264

Contact: Christopher Aebi, Technical Services

Mobile: +61 (0)425 232 741 Email: info@enretech.com.au Internet: www.enretech.com.au

ACRONYMS:

ADG Code Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail, 7th Edition

AICS
Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances
CAS number
Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number

Hazchem Code Emergency action code that provide information to emergency services

IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer

NOS Not otherwise specified

NTP National Toxicology Program (USA)

R-Phrase Risk Phrase S-Phrase Safety Phrase

SUSMP Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines & Poisons

SWA Safe Work Australia, formerly ASCC and NOHSC

UN Number United Nations Number



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REFERENCES:

- National Code of Practice for the Control of Workplace Hazardous Substances [NOHSC: 2007 (1994)], January 1994, SWA Canberra ACT
- National Model Regulations for the Control of Workplace Hazardous Substances [NOHSC: 1005 (1994)], March 1994, SWA Canberra ACT
- Australian Dangerous Goods Code, 7th Edition, National Road Transport Commission, Revised October 2011
- National Standard for the Storage and Handling of Workplace Dangerous Goods, [NOHSC: 1015 (2001)], March 2001, SWA Canberra ACT
- Approved Criteria for Classifying Hazardous Substances, 3rd Edition, [NOHSC: 1008 (2004)], April 2003 SWA, Canberra ACT
- National Code of Practice for the Preparation of Material Safety Data Sheets, 2nd Edition, [NOHSC: 2011 (2003)], October 2004 SWA, Canberra ACT
- Exposure Standards for Atmospheric Contaminants in the Occupational Environment [NOHSC: 1003 (1995)] + Source A Updates 2005, August 2005, ASCC Canberra ACT
- 8. (Draft) National Standard for the Control of Workplace Hazardous Chemicals, September 2006, ASCC, Canberra ACT
- 9. The Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS); ILO, Geneva (2011)
- National Code of Practice for the Storage and Handling of Dangerous Goods, [NOHSC:2017 (2001)], March 2001, SWA Canberra ACT
- Hazardous Substance Information System, updated December 2010, http://hsis.ascc.gov.au (replaces List of Designated Hazardous Substances, [NOHSC: 10005 (1999)], April 1999 ASCC, Canberra ACT)
- 12. Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons, No. 2; August 2011, Published by the Australian Government under the Therapeutic Goods Act 1989.

ADVICE NOTE:

This Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) summarises our best knowledge of the health and safety hazard information of the product and how to safely handle and use the product in the workplace. Each user must review this MSDS and consider the information in the context of how the product will be handled and used in the workplace. When used for liquid spill clean-up, sorbents tend to take on the characteristics of the liquid they have absorbed. Thus, always consult the MSDS of the spilled liquid prior to absorption with this product.

If clarification or further information is needed to ensure that an appropriate risk assessment can be made, the user should contact this company. Our responsibility for products sold is subject to our standard terms and conditions, a copy of which is sent to our customers and is also available on request.

End of MSDS