STANDARDS ON AUDITING – EXTRA QUESTIONS – IPC/INTER/FINAL

1 deals with overall objectives of	5. Auditor can reduce the risk to zero. State the		
independent auditor and conduct in accordance with	validity of the statement.		
SAs	a. Correct		
a. SA 200	b. Incorrect		
b. SA 210			
c. SA 205			
d. SA 220			
e. None of the above			
2 are the overall objectives	6 is the primary		
of Auditor.	responsibility of management		
a. Reasonable assurance	a. Preparation of FS		
b. FS prepared as per FRF	b. Express opinion on FS		
c. Report on FS and communicate as per SA	c. Both of the above		
d. All of the above	d. None of the above		
e. None of the above			
3. Which of the following statement is not	7. FRF stands for		
correct?			
	1 0		
a. After completing the audit procedures, the auditor will review the audit documentation in order			
	c. Financial reporting framework		
to determine whether the subject matter has been	d. None of the above		
sufficiently and appropriately audited.			
b. Before drawing conclusions, the auditor			
reconsiders the initial assessment of risk and			
materiality in the light of the evidence collected and			
determines whether additional audit procedures need			
to be performed.			
c. The auditor shall evaluate the audit evidence			
with a view to obtaining audit findings.			
d. When evaluating the audit evidence and			
assessing materiality of findings the auditor shall			
take both quantitative and qualitative factors into			
consideration.			
Based on the findings, the auditor shall exercise			
professional judgement to reach a conclusion on the			
subject matter or subject matter information.			
e. none of the above			
4 are the responsibility of	8 is primary responsibility		
the auditor	of Auditor		
a. Reasonable assurance to obtain SAAE to	a. Preparation of FS		
reduce audit risk	b. Express opinion on FS		
b. Comply with SA, AS, disclosure	c. Guarantee efficiency of business		
requirements and statutory requirements	d. Both b and c		
c. Both a and b			
d. None of the above			

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		r		
	9 are the	15.	deals with audit	
preconditions of an audit		documentation		
a.	Management using acceptable FRF	a.	SA 210	
b.	Acknowledgment of responsibility with	b.	SA 220	
respec	ct to relevant matters	с.	SA 230	
с.	Both a and b	d.	SA 240	
d.	None of the above			
10.	are the contents of Audit	16.	All officers and staff of the Department are	
Engag	gement term	expec	ted to abide by these Auditing Standards and	
a.	Objective of audit	apply them conscientiously in auditing for achieving		
b.	Scope of Audit	the m	ission of promoting	
c.	Responsibility of management and auditor	a.	Accountability	
d.	All of the above	b.	Transparency	
		с.	good governance	
		d.	all of the above	
11.	Recurring audit happens once in a lifetime of	17.	Audit documentation is	
the co	ompany. State the correctness of the statement			
a.	Correct	a.	Prepared by auditor	
b.	Incorrect	b.	Obtained from client	
		с.	Either a or b	
		d.	Both of the above	
12.	deals with Quality	18.	are the contents of audit	
contro	ol for an audit of FS	docur		
a.	SA 210.	a.	Nature time and extent of audit procedures	
b.	SA 220	b.	Results and audit evidence obtained	
c.	SA 240	c.	Significant matters and discussion with	
d.	None of the above	mgmt	and conclusions	
		d.	All of the above	
13.	The objective of the auditor is to implement	19.	are the advantages of	
qualit	y control procedures at engagement level that	docur	nentation	
-	de reasonable assurance that	a.	Assists in planning	
a.	Audit comply with standards	b.	Delegation of work	
b.	Audit comply with legal requirements	с.	Report finalisation	
c.	Audit report issued is appropriate	d.	All of the above	
d.	All of the above			
14.	If there is difference of opinion between	20.	is the owner of audit	
engagement quality control reviewer and			nentation	
	engagement partner then the team follows		Auditor	
		a. b.	Company	
a.	Opinion of engagement quality control	с.	Management	
reviewer		d.	Board of directors	
b.	Opinion of engagement partner			
c.	Relevant policies and procedures			
d.	None of the above			
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21	Auditon con exercice lien even eliente heele	28.	Audit notale all act as defense when shows	
21. Auditor can exercise lien over clients books			Audit notebook act as defence when charge	
or records in situations		bought against auditor for negligence and other		
a.	Client owes money	shortcomings in audit work		
b.	Related to work done	a.	Correct	
C.	Possession obtained by legal means	b.	Incorrect	
d.	All of the above	20		
22.	are the types of audit file	29.	SA deals with auditors	
a.	Permanent	-	nsibility relating to fraud In audit of FS	
b.	Current	a.	SA 315	
с.	Non current	b.	SA 330	
d.	Only a and b	c.	SA 240	
		d.	None of the above	
23.	are the content of	30.	are the auditors duties in	
perma	anent audit file	relatio	on to fraud in FS	
a.	Copy of initial appointment letter	a.	Obtain reasonable assurance that FS are free	
b.	Record of communication with retiring		misstatements	
audito		b.	Discuss with team in case of doubt	
c.	NOC with previous auditor	с.	Maintain professional scepticism	
d.	All of the above	d.	Risk assessment	
		e.	All of the above	
24.	are the contents of	31.	deals with consideration of	
curren	nt audit file	laws a	and regulation in audit of FS	
a.	Copies of letters or notes concerning audit	a.	SA 330	
matter	r	b.	SA 240	
b.	Audit review points	c.	SA 210	
с.	Both a and b	d.	NONE OF THE ABOVE	
d.	None of the above			
25.	factors determine form and	32.	Auditor shall report to regulating authority if	
conter	nt of documentation for particular engagement	requir	ed under law.	
a.	Reporting format	a.	Correct	
b.	Requirements of SA	b.	Incorrect	
c.	Nature of Engagement			
d.	All of the above			
26.	Audit notebook contains only special matters	33.	SA deals with	
relatin	ng to course of audit.	comm	unication with those charged with governance	
a.	Correct	a.	SA 240	
b.	Incorrect	b.	SA 250	
		c.	SA 260	
		d.	SA 315	
27.	are the advantages of audit	34.	Those charged with governance refers to	
notebook		persons with responsibility for conduct of entity		
a. It is comprehensive record of work done and		operat		
	vations	a.	Correct	
b.	It provides explanation and evidence	b.	Incorrect	
produced by mgmt.				
c.	Both a and b			
		1		

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d.	None of the above			
35.	SA deals with communicating	42.	Generally all joint auditors arrive at different	
difficulty in internal control to those charged with		opinion		
governance and management		a.	True	
a.	240	b. False		
b.	250			
c.	260			
d.	265			
e.	None of the above			
36.	While identifying any defiecences in Internal	43.	SA deals with planning an audit	
contro	ol auditor should check whether it is significant	of FS		
or not	and then take relevant actions	a.	SA 300	
a.	True	b.	SA 315	
b.	False	c.	SA 320	
		d.	None of the above	
37.	are the examples of	44.	SA deals with identifying and	
signif	icant defecineces	assess	ing risk of material misstatements through	
a.	Management inability to oversee FS	unders	standing entity and its environment.	
Prepa	ration	a.	300	
b.	Ineffective response to identified risk	b.	315	
c.	Both a and b	с.	320	
d.	None of the above	d.	None of the above	
38.	SA deals with responsibility	45.	SA deals with materiality in	
of Joi	nt auditors	planni	ng material audit	
a.	SA 265	a.	SA 300	
b.	SA 240	b.	SA 330	
c.	SA 300	с.	SA 320'	
d.	SA 299	d.	None of the above	
39.	Joint auditors are appointed when there is	46.	SA deals with auditors	
very l	ittle work	respon	se to assessed risks	
a.	True	a.	SA 300	
b.	False	b.	SA 330	
		с.	SA 320	
		d.	None of the above	
40.	Work is divided amongst the joint auditors	47.	SA deals with audit consideration	
on bas	sis of	relatin	g to entity using service organaisation	
a.	Period	a.	SA 400	
b.	Functional areas	b.	SA 401	
c.	Component of Fs	c.	SA 402	
d.	All of the above	d.	No Such SA	
41.	Joint auditors review the work of each other	48.	User auditor refers to that auditor who audits	
a.	Correct	and re	ports on FS of user entity	
b.	Incorrect	a.	Correct	
		b.	Incorrect	

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49.	report, reports on	56.	Evidence is more reliable when	
description and design of internal controls at service				
organisation		a.	Obtained directly by auditor	
a.	Type 1 report	b.	When original docs are obtained	
b.	Type 2 report	с.	Both a and b	
с.	Both a and b	d.	None	
d.	None of the above			
50.	SA deals with evaluation of	57.	SA deals with specific	
missta	atement identified during audit	consideration for selected items		
a.	450	a.	500	
b.	405	b.	501	
c.	455	с.	510	
d.	500	d.	None	
51.	Uncorrected misstatements refers to	58.	When inventory is under control of third	
missta	atements collected by auditor but not corrected	party_	should be done	
a.	True	a.	Obtain service auditor report	
b.	False	b.	Request 3rd party confirmation	
		с.	Both a and b	
		d.	None of the above	
52.	SA 500 deals with audit documentation	59.	SA deals with external	
a.	True	confir	mation	
b.	False	a.	500	
		b.	501	
		с.	505	
		d.	555	
53.	are considered to be audit	60.	SA deals with initial audit	
evide	nce	engagements of opening balances		
a.	Bills	a.	500	
b.	Invoices	b.	501	
c.	Agreements	с.	510	
d.	All of the above	d.	505	
54.	are the techniques to obtain	61.	Initial audit engagement refers to engagement	
audit	evidence	in which FS for prior period are not audited or were		
a. Observation		audite	d by predecessor auditor	
b.	Inspections	a.	True	
c.	Computation	b.	False	
d.	All of the above			
55.	Source of evidence for documentation might	62.	Analytical Procedures are covered under	
be				
a.	Internal	a.	SA 500	
b.	External	b.	SA 510	
c.	Both	с.	SA 520	
d.	None of the above	d.	SA 530	

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63.	Analytical procedures doesn't refers to	71.	SA 580 deals with		
evaluation of financial information through analysis			a. Using work of another auditor		
of plausible relationships among financial and non			b. Written representations		
financial data			Audit documentation		
a.	Correct	d.	None of the above		
b.	Incorrect				
64.	SA deals with audit	72.	If auditor concludes that representations are		
samp	ling	not rel	liable then he is obliged to take appropriate		
a.	SA 500	action			
b.	SA 510	a.	True		
c.	SA 520	b.	False		
d.	SA 530				
65.	Population refers to half set of data from	73.	auditor refers to auditor of client		
whick	h sample is selected	a.	Principal		
a.	True	b.	Another		
b.	False				
66.	SA deals with accounting	74.	SA refers to using work of		
estim	ates including fair value and related disclosures	interna	al auditors		
a.	SA 500	a.	600		
b.	SA 510	b.	605		
c.	SA 530	c.	610		
d.	SA 540	d.	620		
67.	SA deals with related party	75.	SA deals with using work of		
a.	SA 888	auditors experts			
b.	SA 555	a.	600		
c.	SA 550	b.	605		
d.	SA 505	с.	610		
		d.	620		
68.	SA deals with subsequent	76.	SA 700 deals with forming an opinion and		
event	-	report	ing an FS		
a.	500	a.	True		
b.	540	b.	False		
c.	560				
d.	None of the above				
69.	SA deals with going concern	77.	are the contents of audit		
a.	520	report			
b.	550	a.	Title		
c.	570	b.	Addressee		
d.	590	c.	Auditors opinion		
u.		1	-		
u.		d.	All of the above		
	are events creating significant				
70.	are events creating significant	78.	deals with reporting to		
70. doubt	t over going concern	78. shareh	deals with reporting to nolders		
70. doubt a.	t over going concern Financial	78. shareh a.	deals with reporting to nolders Sec 260		
70. doubt	t over going concern	78. shareh	deals with reporting to nolders		

79.	deals with reporting to those	87.	In case of joint auditors those disagree with
charg	ed with governance	others	may provide own opinion through separate
a.	Sec 260	report	
b.	SA 260	a.	True
c.	Sec 143 of companies act	b.	False
d.	None of the above		
80.	Statutory reports are in domain	88.	Joint auditors cannot communicate in writing
a.	Public	a.	Correct
b.	Private	b.	Incorrect
81.	Report submitted to those charged with	89.	refers to internal information
gover	mance is report	in aud	lit notebook
a.	Public	a.	Nature of business
b.	Private	b.	List of books
c.	Internal	с.	Principle officers
d.	External	d.	All of the above
82.	There should be significant liaison between	90.	refers to internal information
princi	ipal auditor and other auditors	in aud	lit notebook
a.	Correct	a.	Nature of business
b.	Incorrect	b.	List of books
		с.	Principle officers
		d.	All of the above
83.	refers to dividing population	91.	Form and documentation includes relevant
into s	ub populations	legisla	ations applicable to client
a.	Statistical sampling	a.	True
b.	Stratification	b.	False
c.	Sampling		
d.	None of the above		
84.	Account balance which exists at beginning of	92.	audit file refers to document
perio	d is	requir	ed only for that particular year
a.	Closing balance	a.	Permanent
b.	Carried forward balance	b.	Current
c.	Opening balance	с.	Non current
d.	None of the above	d.	None of the above
85.	For external audit confirmations the	93.	Fraud can be
	rmation can be obtained in	95. a.	Voluntary involuntary
	Written form	a. b.	Intentional or unintentional
a. b	Oral	υ.	
b.	Electronic		
c.			
d.	Only a and c		
e.	None of the above		

94.	Evaluating responses to inquires are integral	98.	For test of details auditor shall project	
part of inquiry process		misstatements found in sample to population		
a.	True	a.	True	
b.	False	b.	False	
95.	When inventory is under control of third	99.	Loss of key mgmt. without replacement is an	
party	warehouse receipt must be checked		event	
a.	True	a.	Financial	
b.	False	b.	Operating	
96.	Statistical sampling refers to random	100.	Inability to comply with terms of loan	
select	ion of sample items	agreement isevent		
a.	True	a.	Financial	
b.	False	b.	Operating	
97.	Tolerable rate of deviation refers to rate of	101.	Adverse key financial ratios are	
deviation from prescribed IC procedures set by		events		
auditor		a.	Financial	
a.	Correct	b.	Operating	
b.	Incorrect			

ANSWER KEYS

1. A	2. D	3. E	4. C	5. B
6. A	7. C	8. B	9. C	10. D
11. B	12. B	13. D	14. C	15. C
16. D	17. C	18. D	19. D	20. A
21. D	22. D	23. D	24. C	25. D
26. B	27. C	28. A	29. C	30. E
31. D	32. A	33. C	34. A	35. D
36. A	37. C	38. D	39. B	40. D
41. B	42. B	43. A	44. B	45. C
	(unanimous)			
46. B	47. C	48. A	49. A	50. A
51. A	52. B	53. D	54. D	55. C
56. C	57. B	58. C	59. C	60. C
61. A	62. C	63. B	64. D	65. B
66. D	67. C	68. C	69. C	70. C
71. B	72. A	73. A	74. B	75. C
76. D	77. A	78. D	79. C	80. B
81. A	82. C	83. A	84. B	85. C
86. D	87. A	88. A	89. B	90. D
91. A	92. B	93. B	94. A	95. A
96. A	97. A	98. A	99. B	100. A
101.A				