Date Printed: 9/1/2020 Page 1 / 6

# Safety Data Sheet



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### 1. Identification

Product Name: BIN QT 6 PK PRIMER Revision Date: 9/1/2020

Product Identifier: 904 Supercedes Date: 8/3/2015

Recommended Use: Primer/ Shellac Based

Supplier: Rust-Oleum Corporation Manufacturer: Rust-Oleum Corporation
11 Hawthorn Parkway 11 Hawthorn Parkway

11 Hawthorn Parkway Vernon Hills, IL 60061

USA

USA

Vernon Hills, IL 60061

Preparer: Regulatory Department

Emergency Telephone: 24 Hour Hotline: 847-367-7700

# 2. Hazards Identification

#### Classification

Symbol(s) of Product



#### Signal Word

Danger

### Possible Hazards

43% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity.

#### **GHS HAZARD STATEMENTS**

Flammable Liquid, category 2 H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

#### **GHS LABEL PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS**

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. NO

SMOKING.

P233 Keep container tightly closed.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/

snower.

P370+P378 In case of fire: Use alcohol film forming foam, carbon dioxide, dry chemical, dry sand to extinguish.

P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional and national regulations.

#### **GHS SDS PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS**

P240 Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

P241 Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment.

P242 Use only non-sparking tools.

P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

Date Printed: 9/1/2020 Page 2 / 6

# 3. Composition / Information on Ingredients

#### **HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES**

<u>Chemical Name</u>	CAS-No.	Wt.% Range	GHS Symbols	GHS Statements
Ethanol	64-17-5	25-50	GHS02	H225
Titanium Dioxide	13463-67-7	10-25	Not Available	Not Available
Shellac	9000-59-3	10-25	Not Available	Not Available
Kaolin Clay	1332-58-7	10-25	Not Available	Not Available
Hydrous Magnesium Silicate	14807-96-6	2.5-10	Not Available	Not Available
2-Propanol	67-63-0	1.0-2.5	GHS02-GHS07	H225-302-319-336

### 4. First-Aid Measures

**FIRST AID - EYE CONTACT:** Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes holding eyelids open. Get medical attention. Do NOT allow rubbing of eyes or keeping eyes closed.

**FIRST AID - SKIN CONTACT:** Wash skin with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing. Get medical attention if irritation develops or persists.

**FIRST AID - INHALATION:** Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get immediate medical attention. Do NOT use mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If you experience difficulty in breathing, leave the area to obtain fresh air. If continued difficulty is experienced, get medical assistance immediately.

**FIRST AID - INGESTION:** Aspiration hazard: Do not induce vomiting or give anything by mouth because this material can enter the lungs and cause severe lung damage. Get immediate medical attention. If swallowed, get medical attention.

# 5. Fire-Fighting Measures

**EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:** Alcohol Film Forming Foam, Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemical, Dry Sand, Water Fog

**UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS:** Isolate from heat, electrical equipment, sparks and open flame. Vapors can travel to a source of ignition and flash back. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Closed containers may explode when exposed to extreme heat due to buildup of steam. Keep containers tightly closed.

**SPECIAL FIREFIGHTING PROCEDURES:** Water may be used to cool closed containers to prevent pressure buildup and possible autoignition or explosion. Evacuate area and fight fire from a safe distance. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. Containers may explode when heated.

Special Fire and Explosion Hazard (Combustible Dust): Avoid generating dust; fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient concentrations, and in the presence of an ignition source is a potential dust explosion hazard.

## 6. Accidental Release Measures

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IF MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED: Contain spilled liquid with sand or earth. DO NOT use combustible materials such as sawdust. Eliminate all ignition sources; use explosion-proof equipment. Place material in a container and dispose of according to local, provincial, state and federal regulations. Remove all sources of ignition, ventilate area and remove with inert absorbent and non-sparking tools. Dispose of according to local, state (provincial) and federal regulations. Do not incinerate closed containers. Ventilate area, isolate spilled material, and remove with inert absorbent. Dispose of contaminated absorbent, container, and unused contents in accordance with local, state, and federal regulations.

### 7. Handling and Storage

**HANDLING:** Wash thoroughly after handling. Wash hands before eating. Use only with adequate ventilation. Follow all SDS and label precautions even after container is emptied because it may retain product residues. Remove contaminated clothing and launder before reuse. Avoid breathing fumes, vapors, or mist. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing.

Date Printed: 9/1/2020 Page 3 / 6

**STORAGE:** Keep containers tightly closed. Isolate from heat, electrical equipment, sparks and open flame. Keep away from heat, sparks, flame and sources of ignition. Keep container closed when not in use. Product should be stored in tightly sealed containers and protected from heat, moisture, and foreign materials. Store in a dry, well ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed when not in use. Avoid excess heat. Do not store above 120 ° F. Store large quantities in buildings designed and protected for storage of NFPA Class II combustible liquids.

Advice on Safe Handling of Combustible Dust: Minimize dust generation and accumulation. Routine housekeeping should be instituted to ensure that dusts do not accumulate on surfaces. Dry powders can build static electricity charges when subjected to the friction of transfer and mixing operations. Provide adequate precautions such as grounding and bonding or inert atmospheres. For safe handling, refer to NFPA 654, Standard for the Prevention of Fire and Dust Explosions from the Manufacturing, Processing, and Handling of Combustible Particulate Solids.

# 8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

Chemical Name	CAS-No.	Weight % Less Than	ACGIH TLV- TWA	ACGIH TLV- STEL	OSHA PEL-TWA	OSHA PEL- CEILING
Ethanol	64-17-5	45.0	N.E.	1000 ppm	1000 ppm	N.E.
Titanium Dioxide	13463-67-7	15.0	10 mg/m3	N.E.	15 mg/m3	N.E.
Shellac	9000-59-3	15.0	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.
Kaolin Clay	1332-58-7	15.0	2 mg/m3	N.E.	15 mg/m3	N.E.
Hydrous Magnesium Silicate	14807-96-6	10.0	2 mg/m3	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.
2-Propanol	67-63-0	5.0	200 ppm	400 ppm	400 ppm	N.E.

#### PERSONAL PROTECTION

**ENGINEERING CONTROLS:** Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to control airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. Prevent build-up of vapors by opening all doors and windows to achieve cross-ventilation

**RESPIRATORY PROTECTION:** A respiratory protection program that meets OSHA 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 requirements must be followed whenever workplace conditions warrant a respirator's use. A NIOSH/MSHA approved air purifying respirator with an organic vapor cartridge or canister may be permissible under certain circumstances where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits.

Protection provided by air purifying respirators is limited. Use a positive pressure air supplied respirator if there is any potential for an uncontrolled release, exposure levels are not known, or in any other circumstances where air purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.

SKIN PROTECTION: Use impervious gloves to prevent skin contact and absorption of this material through the skin.

EYE PROTECTION: Use safety eyewear designed to protect against splash of liquids.

**OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT:** Refer to safety supervisor or industrial hygienist for further information regarding personal protective equipment and its application. Refer to safety supervisor or industrial hygienist for further guidance regarding types of personal protective equipment and their applications.

HYGIENIC PRACTICES: Wash thoroughly with soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking. Remove contaminated clothing immediately and launder before reuse.

**Engineering Measures for Combustible Dust:** It is recommended that all dust control equipment such as local exhaust ventilation and material transport systems involved in handling of the product contain explosion relief vents, an explosion suppression system, or an oxygen deficient environment. Ensure that dust handling systems such as exhaust ducts, dust collectors, vessels, and processing equipment are designed in a manner to prevent the escape of dust into the work area (i.e., there is no leakage from the equipment). Use only appropriately classified electrical equipment and powered industrial trucks.

# 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

**Physical State:** Appearance: Liquid Liquid Odor: **Odor Threshold:** Solvent Like N.E. Specific Gravity: 1.175 pH: N.A. Freeze Point, °C: N.D. Viscosity: N.D. Partition Coefficient, n-octanol/ Solubility in Water: Slight N.D. Decomposition Temp., °C: N.D. Explosive Limits, vol%: Boiling Range, °C: 3.3 - 19.0173 - 537 Flammability: Flash Point, °C: Supports Combustion 17 Auto-Ignition Temp., °C: **Evaporation Rate:** Slower than Ether N.D. Vapor Density: Vapor Pressure: N.D. Heavier than Air

(See "Other information" Section for abbreviation legend)

Date Printed: 9/1/2020 Page 4 / 6

# 10. Stability and Reactivity

Conditions to Avoid: Avoid all possible sources of ignition. Avoid temperatures above 120°F (49°C).

Incompatibility: Incompatible with strong oxidizing agents, strong acids and strong alkalies.

**Hazardous Decomposition:** By open flame, carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide. When heated to decomposition, it emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes. Contains solvents which may form carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, and formaldehyde.

Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur under normal conditions.

Stability: This product is stable under normal storage conditions.

## 11. Toxicological Information

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - EYE CONTACT: Causes Serious Eye Irritation

**EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - SKIN CONTACT:** Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause irritation. Causes skin irritation. Allergic reactions are possible.

**EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - INHALATION:** Harmful if inhaled. Avoid breathing fumes, spray, vapors, or mist. May cause headaches and dizziness. High vapor concentrations are irritating to the eyes, nose, throat and lungs. High gas, vapor, mist or dust concentrations may be harmful if inhaled. Prolonged or excessive inhalation may cause respiratory tract irritation.

**EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - INGESTION:** Harmful if swallowed. Aspiration hazard if swallowed; can enter lungs and cause damage.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - CHRONIC HAZARDS: Contains Titanium Dioxide. Titanium Dioxide is listed as a Group 2B-"Possibly carcinogenic to humans" by IARC. No significant exposure to Titanium Dioxide is thought to occur during the use of products in which Titanium Dioxide is bound to other materials, such as in paints during brush application or drying. Risk of overexposure depends on duration and level of exposure to dust from repeated sanding of surfaces or spray mist and the actual concentration of Titanium Dioxide in the formula. (Ref: IARC Monograph, Vol. 93, 2010)Reports have associated repeated and prolonged occupational overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. High concentrations may lead to central nervous system effects (drowsiness, dizziness, nausea, headaches, paralysis, and blurred vision) and/or damage.

PRIMARY ROUTE(S) OF ENTRY: Eye Contact, Ingestion, Inhalation, Skin Absorption, Skin Contact

#### **ACUTE TOXICITY VALUES**

The acute effects of this product have not been tested. Data on individual components are tabulated below:

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Vapor LC50
64-17-5	Ethanol	7060 mg/kg Rat	15,800 mg/kg Rabbit	30,000 mg/L Rat
13463-67-7	Titanium Dioxide	>10000 mg/kg Rat	2500 mg/kg	N.E.
1332-58-7	Kaolin Clay	5500 mg/kg	>5000 mg/kg Rat	25
14807-96-6	Hydrous Magnesium Silicate	6000	N.Ĕ.	30
67-63-0	2-Propanol	1870 mg/kg Rat	4059 mg/kg Rabbit	72.6 mg/L Rat

N.E. - Not Established

# 12. Ecological Information

ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION: Product is a mixture of listed components. Product is a mixture of listed components.

### 13. Disposal Information

**DISPOSAL INFORMATION:** Dispose of material in accordance to local, state, and federal regulations and ordinances. Do not incinerate closed containers.

Date Printed: 9/1/2020 Page 5 / 6

# 14. Transport Information

UN Number:	Domestic (USDOT)	International (IMDG)	<b>Air (IATA)</b>	TDG (Canada)
	N.A.	1263	1263	N.A.
Proper Shipping Name:	Paint Products in Limited Quantities	Paint	Paint	Paint Products in Limited Quantities
Hazard Class: Packing Group: Limited Quantity:	N.A.	3	3	N.A.
	N.A.	II	II	N.A.
	Yes	Yes	No	Yes

# 15. Regulatory Information

# U.S. Federal Regulations:

### **CERCLA - SARA Hazard Category**

This product has been reviewed according to the EPA 'Hazard Categories' promulgated under Sections 311 and 312 of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA Title III) and is considered, under applicable definitions, to meet the following categories:

Flammable (gases, aerosols, liquids, or solids)

#### **SARA Section 313**

This product contains the following substances subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR part 372:

No Sara 313 components exist in this product.

### **Toxic Substances Control Act**

This product contains the following chemical substances subject to the reporting requirements of TSCA 12(b) if exported from the United States:

No TSCA 12(b) components exist in this product.

# U.S. State Regulations:

### California Proposition 65

**WARNING:** 

Cancer and Reproductive Harm - www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Date Printed: 9/1/2020 Page 6 / 6

### 16. Other Information

**HMIS RATINGS** 

Health: 2\* Flammability: 3 Physical Hazard: 0 Personal Protection: X

**NFPA RATINGS** 

Health: 2 Flammability: 3 Instability: 0

Volatile Organic Compounds: 535 g/L

SDS REVISION DATE: 9/1/2020

REASON FOR REVISION: Revision Description Changed

**Product Composition Changed** 

Substance and/or Product Properties Changed in Section(s):

02 - Hazard Identification05 - Fire-Fighting Measures

09 - Physical & Chemical Properties

15 - Regulatory Information16 - Other Information

Revision Statement(s) Changed

Legend: N.A. - Not Applicable, N.D. - Not Determined, N.E. - Not Established

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