



Care Instructions by Material

Acrylic

Never use window or glass cleaner, ammonia products, or other chemical sprays. Dust with a dry, non-abrasive cloth before wiping clean with a damp cloth, as dirt and loose debris can scratch surface.

Bone

Use non-absorbent coasters to protect surface. Wipe occasionally with a soft, lightly damp, lint-free cloth. Finish with a dry cloth. Use water sparingly and avoid using harsh or abrasive cleaners. Wipe spills quickly to prevent staining.

Ceramic

Hand-wash separately in warm soapy water. Avoid using abrasive materials when cleaning. Dry with a soft cloth and allow to air-dry

Cotton/Canvas

Spot-clean with a soft-bristled toothbrush to preserve color. Machine-wash warm when necessary. Avoid direct sunlight for prolonged periods to prevent color fading.

Cushions

Swap reversible cushions around and turn where possible to ensure equal wear. On occasion, fluff cushions firmly to restore air between fibers or feathers and prevent binding or flattening.



Faux Shagreen

Use non-absorbent coasters to protect surface. Wipe occasionally with a soft, dry cloth. Wipe spills quickly to prevent staining.

Glass

Dust regularly with a soft cloth. Apply a water-based glass cleaner and wipe clean with a soft, lint-free cloth as needed. Avoid contact with any surrounding materials.

Glassware

Hand-wash separately in warm soapy water. Dry with a soft, lint-free cloth. To prevent breakage when cleaning stemware, avoid twisting the body in the opposite direction of the stem.

Hide

Dust off regularly. Spot-clean only when necessary, with a mild, non-alkaline soapy solution. Avoid direct sunlight, as this can cause the edges to roll up.

Leather

Clean regularly with a soft cloth to remove dust and dirt. Apply specialist leather care products only as directed and test on a hidden area of leather. Avoid direct sunlight for prolonged periods to prevent color fading, cracking, and deterioration. Placement in hot and/or sunny rooms is not recommended.



Linen

For small linen pieces, such as pillowcases, dry-cleaning is recommended to help retain color and material integrity. Iron on linen setting or when slightly damp. For larger pieces, spot-clean with a saltwater solution when necessary, though avoid using harsh chemicals. Avoid direct sunlight for prolonged periods to prevent color fading.

Metal

Use non-absorbent coasters to protect surface. Wipe occasionally with a soft, damp, lint-free cloth. Finish with a dry cloth. Avoid using harsh chemicals or abrasive fabrics. For painted or gilt metal, wipe gently with a dry cloth.

Marble

Use non-absorbent coasters to protect surface. Wipe occasionally with a soft, damp, lint-free cloth. Finish with a dry cloth. Avoid using harsh or abrasive cleaners. Wipe spills quickly to prevent staining. Sealing recommended yearly to maintain condition of marble.

Natural Fibers (jute, rattan, wicker, etc.)

Dust lightly with a soft, lint-free cloth. Wipe with a soft, damp cloth to clean and dry with a lint-free cloth. Avoid using harsh or abrasive cleaners.

Poly-Rattan

Clean regularly with a soft cloth to remove dust and dirt. Wipe occasionally with a soft cloth that has been very lightly dampened with a mild bleach-free detergent solution. Dry with a lint-free cloth. Store in a cool, dry place, such as a shed or garage, during inclement weather and winter months. Alternately, use a protective cover when the items are not in use. We do not recommend placing products in excessively high or low temperatures, or where the environment is often damp, as this may cause excessive wear and tear. Direct sunlight for prolonged periods may cause color fading.



Resin

Wipe with a solution of warm water and dish soap using a soft, lint-free cloth. Rinse with water and dry completely to avoid water stains.

Rugs

We recommend using a non-slip rug pad to help prevent sliding or slipping on hardwood or stone floors. Turn occasionally to ensure equal wear. Gently shake to remove dust and dirt. Take special care when vacuuming. Avoid using the rotating brush setting, as this may catch on loose fibers or fringe. We recommend using the hand-held hose attachment. Blot any wet spots with paper towels and clean with a damp cloth and mild detergent. Avoid using harsh or abrasive cleaners. For a deeper clean, we recommend professional rug cleaning.

Teak

Clean regularly with a simple solution of water, mild soap, and vinegar to avoid mildew formation. Clean with a gentle brush. For concentrated stains, use a teak wood cleaner. To help retain its original color longer, use a tung oil or linseed oil. Please note, teak exposed to sunlight or the outdoor elements will naturally patina over time.

Upholstered Furniture

Regular cleaning with a soft brush and/or gently vacuuming helps keep your furniture looking its best. For a deeper clean, we recommend professional upholstery cleaning.



Velvet

For small velvet pieces, such as pillowcases, dry-cleaning is recommended to help retain color and material integrity. For larger pieces, vacuum with a soft bristle brush to remove dust and dirt. Blot stains with a damp towel and avoid rubbing, as this may deepen the stain. Use pillows and throws to help protect the upholstery, as natural hair and body oils can cause dark spots over time. Avoid direct sunlight for prolonged periods to prevent color fading.

WOOD

Lacquered Wood

Use non-absorbent coasters to protect surface. Dust regularly with a soft cloth. Wipe occasionally with a soft cloth that has been very lightly dampened with a mild, bleach-free detergent solution. Dry with a lint-free cloth. Avoid dragging objects across the surface, as this can cause scratching and chipping. Exposure to excessive heat can cause the wood to crack. Direct sunlight will cause the color of real wood to change, even if lacquered, especially if the furniture is placed near a window. Placement in hot and/or sunny rooms is not recommended.



Natural Wood

Use non-absorbent coasters to protect surface. Dust regularly with a soft cloth. Wipe occasionally with a soft cloth that has been very lightly dampened with a mild, bleach-free detergent solution. Dry with a lint-free cloth. Applying a matte finish is recommended for maintaining condition of wood over time, though this may slightly alter the overall color. Exposure to excessive heat can cause the wood to crack. Direct sunlight will cause the color of real wood to change, especially if the furniture is placed near a window. Placement in hot and/or sunny rooms is not recommended.

Waxed Wood

Use non-absorbent coasters to protect surface. Dust regularly with a soft cloth. Wipe occasionally with a soft cloth that has been very lightly dampened with a mild, bleach-free detergent solution. Dry with a lint-free cloth. Exposure to excessive heat can cause the wood to crack. Direct sunlight will cause the color of real wood to change, even if painted or lacquered, especially if the furniture is placed near a window. Placement in hot and/or sunny rooms is not recommended.