

Research use only

1-Step 2X RT-PCR Master Mix-TaqMan Probe

Product Name and Catalog Number

1-Step 2X RT-PCR Master Mix-TaqMan Probe, Cat RT-PCR 143, 2x1mL/5x1mL/10mL for 200/500/1000 reactions x 20 μ L (No ROX, Low ROX or High ROX)

Intended Use

- The 1-Step 2X RT-PCR Master Mix is used for real-time qualitative and quantitative RT-PCR amplifications with TaqMan probe.
- The master mix is a premixed, 2X concentrated solution that has all the components except for gene-specific primers, probe and RNA template.

Kit Characteristics

- The kit is designed for RT-PCR with up to two pairs of primers and two TaqMan probes.
- For the reverse transcription step, this kit uses a highly efficient Thermophilic Reverse Transcriptase (US patent pending), which is a thermophilic type A polymerase, with optimal temperatures of 60-62°C.
- The RTase is easily heat-inactivated at $\geq 90^\circ\text{C}$ for 1min.
- The RTase efficiently synthesizes a complementary DNA strand on RNA template from a gene-specific primer, ≤ 1 unit per 20 μL of reaction.
- The RTase reversely-transcribes single digit copies of target RNA molecules consistently.
- The kit also contains *Taq*-Probe DNA polymerase specially engineered for TaqMan probe, generating S-shaped curve.
- Up to two pairs of gene-specific primers can be applied in one reaction.
- The concentrations of the primers and probe are variable depending on assay designs and thermocycling protocols (Table 1).
- The preferable PCR product size is $\leq 150\text{bp}$.
- The kit has three formulations of ROX, Low ROX or High ROX concentrations for your choice.

Kit Contents

2X Master Mix (2x1mL/5x1mL/10mL for 200/500/1000 reactions x 20 μ L) and an instruction for use.

Transportation and Storage

The kit can be transported at below 4°C for up to 3 days.

The kit should be kept stable in the dark at -20°C for ≤ 24 months with ≤ 10 times of freeze-thaw cycles. The kit can be stored at 4°C for a week.

Setup Reaction and Thermocycling

- Thaw 1-Step 2X RT-PCR Master Mix and other reaction components at room temperature, mix each component, centrifuge and then place on ice.
- Determine the total volume for the number of reactions, add 5-10% extra volume, and prepare assay mix of all components except RNA template. Mix the assay mix, centrifuge and then place on ice.
- Aliquot the assay mix into PCR tubes or plate.
- Add RNA template to PCR tubes or plate.
- Seal tubes with flat, optically transparent caps or seal plates with optically transparent film.
- Mix and then briefly centrifuge the tubes or plate.
- Program PCR instrument with indicated thermo-cycling protocol.
- Load PCR tubes or plate and start to run.
- Perform data analysis according to the PCR instrument instructions.

Table 1. Setting up a 20 μL or 10 μL reaction

Component	Volume per 20 μL	Volume per 10 μL	Final concentration
2X Master Mix	10 μL	5 μL	1X
Primers ^a	Variable	Variable	Each 150-900nM
TaqMan probe ^b	Variable	Variable	150-250nM
RNA template ^c	Variable	Variable	As low as single digit copies of target RNA to $\leq 1\mu\text{g}$ total RNA
H ₂ O	To 20 μL	To 10 μL	

Footnotes of Table 1

^aThe primer's T_m should be designed $\geq 60^\circ\text{C}$, preferably between 62°C to 65°C , using primer3 software for high efficiency and specificity.

^bThe probe's T_m should be 8-10°C higher than the primer's T_m , preferably between 70-75°C.

^cRNA templates should be extracted by a qualified silica-based kit and eluted with low EDTA TE buffer (10mM Tris-HCl, 0.1mM EDTA, pH 8.0-8.3).

Table 2. Compatible instruments

RT-PCR Instrument	ROX required by instrument	Passive dye setup
Bio-Rad® iQ™ 5, CFX96, CFX384, Opticon Roche Lightcycler® Qiagen Rotor-Gene™ Eppendorf Mastercycler® Cepheid® SmartCycler®	Not recommended	Not necessary
Applied Biosystems® 7500, 7500 Fast, QuantStudio™, ViiA7™, Agilent Mx™	Low ROX (50nM final concentration)	Turn on ROX passive reference dye button
Applied Biosystems® 5700, 7000, 7300, 7700, 7900, 7900HT, 7900HT Fast, StepOne™, StepOnePlus™	High ROX (500nM final concentration)	Turn on ROX passive reference dye button

Table 3. Standard thermocycling protocol

Stage	Temperature	Period	Number of cycles
I	60°C	10min	1
II	95°C	2min	1
III	95°C	10sec	35-40
	60°C, signal acquisition	60sec	

Table 4. Three-Step Thermocycling Protocol

Stage	Temperature	Period	Number of cycles
I	60°C	10min	1
II	95°C	2min	1
III	95°C	10sec	35-40
	60°C	30sec	
	68-72°C, signal acquisition	30sec	

Footnotes of Tables 3 and 4

The three-step thermocycling protocol in Table 4 increases overall DNA polymerase activity by 50%, a more effective protocol than Table 3.

The primer concentration used in Tables 3 and 4 is typically 0.15-0.2uM.

Related Products

- Thermophilic Reverse Transcriptase, Cat RT-PCR 140
- *Taq*-Probe Polymerase, Cat RT-PCR 145
- *Taq*-Fast Polymerase, Cat RT-PCR 148
- 1-Step 2X Fast RT-PCR Master Mix-SYBR Green, Cat RT-PCR 147
- 1-Step 2X RT-PCR Master Mix-TaqMan Probe, Cat RT-PCR 143
- 1-Step 2X Multiplex RT-PCR Master Mix-TaqMan Probe, Cat RT-PCR 146
- 1-Step 2X Super Multiplex RT-PCR Master Mix-TaqMan Probe, Cat RT-PCR 149

Precautions

If you order a “**No ROX**” master mix but have an Applied Biosystems/ThermoFisher instrument, please **turn off ROX passive reference dye button** when setup assays.