

acc. to 29 CFR 1910.1200 App D

APEX Wet Wax

Version number: GHS 2.0 Replaces version of: 2021-01-29 (GHS 1)

SECTION 1: Identification

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name APEX Wet Wax

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses Vehicle wax

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

APEX Auto Products 229 Market Ave. Ste. 104 Boeme TX 78006

1-830-992-6039 johnhackett@gvtc.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Emergency information service

USA 1.800.535.5053, INTL 1.352.323.3500 24 hr emergency information

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SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification acc. to OSHA "Hazard Communication Standard" (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Section	Hazard class	Category	Hazard class and category	Hazard state- ment
A.2	skin corrosion/irritation	2	Skin Irrit. 2	H315
A.7	reproductive toxicity	2	Repr. 2	H361f
B.6	flammable liquid	4	Flam. Liq. 4	H227

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16.

The most important adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

The product is combustible and can be ignited by potential ignition sources. The mixture contains a substance that was identified as a PBT (persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic). The mixture contains a substance that was identified as vPvB (very persistent and very bioaccumulative).

Additional information

Containing a PBT-/vPvB-substance in a concentration of $\geq 0.1\%$.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling acc. to OSHA "Hazard Communication Standard" (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Signal word warning

- Pictograms

GHS07, GHS08



- Hazard statements

H227 Combustible liquid.H315 Causes skin irritation.

H361f Suspected of damaging fertility.

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- Precautionary statements

P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P302+P352 If on skin: Wash with plenty of water.

P308+P313 If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

P321 Specific treatment (see on this label).

P332+P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
P362 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P370+P378 In case of fire: Use sand, carbon dioxide or powder extinguisher to extinguish.

P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

P405 Store locked up.

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

- Hazardous ingredients for labelling

octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane

2.3 Other hazards

This material is combustible, but will not ignite readily.

Hazards not otherwise classified

Contains 1,2-benzothiazol-3-one. May produce an allergic reaction.

May be harmful if inhaled (GHS category 5: acutely toxic - inhalation).

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects (GHS category 1: aquatic toxicity - acute and/or chronic).

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Containing a PBT-/vPvB-substance in a concentration of ≥ 0,1%.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substances

Not relevant (mixture)

3.2 Mixtures

Description of the mixture

Hazardous ingredients acc. to GHS

Name of substance	Identifier	Wt%	Classification acc. to GHS	Notes
octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	CAS No 556-67-2	≥0.1	Repr. 2 / H361f Flam. Liq. 3 / H226	PBT vPvB
odorless mineral spirits	CAS No 64742-48-9	10 - < 20	Acute Tox. 3 / H331 Skin Irrit. 2 / H315 STOT SE 3 / H336 Asp. Tox. 1 / H304 Flam. Liq. 3 / H226	
China Clay, calcined	CAS No 66402-68-4	4.6 – 15	Acute Tox. 4 / H332	
N,N-bis(2-Hydroxyethyl)ole- amide	CAS No 93-83-4	1.1 - < 10	Skin Irrit. 2 / H315 Eye Irrit. 2 / H319	
decamethylcyclopentasilox- ane	CAS No 541-02-6	≤8.5	Flam. Liq. 4 / H227	PBT vPvB
ethyl alcohol	CAS No 64-17-5	≤5.3	Eye Irrit. 2 / H319 Carc. 1A / H350 Flam. Liq. 2 / H225	* IARC: 1

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Hazardous ingredients acc. to GHS

Name of substance	Identifier	Wt%	Classification acc. to GHS	Notes
benzaldehyde	CAS No 100-52-7	0.1 - < 0.2	Acute Tox. 4 / H302 Acute Tox. 3 / H331 Skin Irrit. 2 / H315 Eye Irrit. 2 / H319 STOT SE 3 / H335 Flam. Liq. 4 / H227	
1,2-benzothiazol-3-one	CAS No 2634-33-5	0.0053	Acute Tox. 4 / H302 Skin Irrit. 2 / H315 Eye Dam. 1 / H318 Skin Sens. 1 / H317	

Notes

only carcinogenic in alcoholic beverages

IARC: 1: IARC group 1: carcinogenic to humans (International Agency for Research on Cancer)
PBT: The substance was identified as a PBT (persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic)
vPvB: The substance was identified as a vPvB (very persistent and very bioaccumulative)

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16. Exact percentage of ingredients is withheld as a trade secret.

This table, if present, includes all GHS classified ingredients present above their cut-off limits, even if the finished product is not classified as hazardous by GHS.

SECTION 4: First-aid measures

4.1 Description of first-aid measures

General notes

Do not leave affected person unattended. Remove victim out of the danger area. Keep affected person warm, still and covered. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice. In case of unconsciousness place person in the recovery position. Never give anything by mouth.

Following inhalation

If breathing is irregular or stopped, immediately seek medical assistance and start first aid actions. In case of respiratory tract irritation, consult a physician. Provide fresh air.

Following skin contact

Wash with plenty of soap and water.

Following eye contact

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Following ingestion

Rinse mouth with water (only if the person is conscious). Do NOT induce vomiting.

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Water spray, BC-powder, Carbon dioxide (CO2)

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

none In case of insufficient ventilation and/or in use, may form flammable/explosive vapor-air mixture. Solvent vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Places which are not ventilated, e.g. unventilated below ground level areas such as trenches, conduits and shafts, are particularly prone to the presence of flammable substances or mixtures.

Hazardous combustion products

Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO2)

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5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Coordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings. Do not allow firefighting water to enter drains or water courses. Collect contaminated firefighting water separately. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance.

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SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

Remove persons to safety.

For emergency responders

Wear breathing apparatus if exposed to vapors/dust/aerosols/gases.

6.2 Environmental precautions

If substance has entered a water course or sewer, inform the responsible authority.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Advice on how to contain a spill

Covering of drains

Advice on how to clean up a spill

Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Collect spillage: sawdust, kieselgur (diatomite), sand, universal binder

Appropriate containment techniques

Use of adsorbent materials.

Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal. Ventilate affected area.

6.4 Reference to other sections

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Personal protective equipment: see section 8. Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Recommendations

- Measures to prevent fire as well as aerosol and dust generation

Use local and general ventilation. Avoidance of ignition sources. Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Due to danger of explosion, prevent leakage of vapours into cellars, flues and ditches. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment. Use only non-sparking tools.

- Specific notes/details

Places which are not ventilated, e.g. unventilated below ground level areas such as trenches, conduits and shafts, are particularly prone to the presence of flammable substances or mixtures. Vapors are heavier than air, spread along floors and form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash hands after use. Do not eat, drink and smoke in work areas. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Never keep food or drink in the vicinity of chemicals. Never place chemicals in containers that are normally used for food or drink. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

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Managing of associated risks

- Explosive atmospheres

Keep container tightly closed and in a well-ventilated place. Use local and general ventilation. Keep cool. Protect from sunlight.

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- Flammability hazards

Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Protect from sunlight.

Control of the effects

Protect against external exposure, such as

Frost

- Ventilation requirements

Use local and general ventilation. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

- Packaging compatibilities

Only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to the Dangerous Goods Regulations) may be used.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

See section 16 for a general overview.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)

Coun try	Name of agent	CAS No	Iden- tifier	TWA [ppm]	TWA [mg/ m³]	STEL [ppm]	STEL [mg/ m³]	Ceil- ing-C [ppm]	Ceil- ing-C [mg/ m³]	Nota tion	Sourc e
US	ethanol	64-17-5	TLV®			1,000					AC- GIH® 2019
US	ethyl alcohol	64-17-5	REL	1,000 (10 h)	1,900 (10 h)						NIOS H REL
US	ethyl alcohol (eth- anol)	64-17-5	PEL (CA)	1,000	1,900						Cal/ OSHA PEL
US	ethyl alcohol (eth- anol)	64-17-5	PEL	1,000	1,900						29 CFR 1910.1 000
US	petroleum distil- lates (naphtha) (rubber solvent)	64742- 48-9	PEL	500	2,000						29 CFR 1910.1 000

Notation

TWA

Ceiling-C ceiling value is a limit value above which exposure should not occur STEL short-term exposure limit: a limit value above which exposure should

short-term exposure limit: a limit value above which exposure should not occur and which is related to a 15-minute period (unless otherwise specified)

time-weighted average (long-term exposure limit): measured or calculated in relation to a reference period of 8 hours time-weighted average (unless otherwise specified

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Relevant DNELs of components of the mixture

nelevant DNELS of Components of the mixture						
Name of sub- stance	CAS No	End- point	Threshold level	Protection goal, route of expos- ure	Used in	Exposure time
octamethylcyclotet- rasiloxane	556-67-2	DNEL	73 mg/m ³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects
octamethylcyclotet- rasiloxane	556-67-2	DNEL	73 mg/m ³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	acute - systemic ef- fects
octamethylcyclotet- rasiloxane	556-67-2	DNEL	73 mg/m ³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - local ef- fects
octamethylcyclotet- rasiloxane	556-67-2	DNEL	73 mg/m ³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	acute - local effects
China Clay, calcined	66402-68-4	DNEL	16 mg/m ³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - local ef- fects
decamethylcyclo- pentasiloxane	541-02-6	DNEL	97 mg/m³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects
decamethylcyclo- pentasiloxane	541-02-6	DNEL	97 mg/m ³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	acute - systemic ef- fects
decamethylcyclo- pentasiloxane	541-02-6	DNEL	24 mg/m ³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - local ef- fects
decamethylcyclo- pentasiloxane	541-02-6	DNEL	24 mg/m ³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	acute - local effects
N,N-bis(2-Hy- droxyethyl)oleamide	93-83-4	DNEL	73 mg/m ³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects
N,N-bis(2-Hy- droxyethyl)oleamide	93-83-4	DNEL	4.2 mg/kg bw/day	human, dermal	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects
N,N-bis(2-Hy- droxyethyl)oleamide	93-83-4	DNEL	31 μg/cm ²	human, dermal	worker (industry)	chronic - local ef- fects
ethyl alcohol	64-17-5	DNEL	343 mg/kg	human, dermal	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects
ethyl alcohol	64-17-5	DNEL	950 mg/m ³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects
benzaldehyde	100-52-7	DNEL	9.8 mg/m ³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects
benzaldehyde	100-52-7	DNEL	9.8 mg/m ³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - local ef- fects
benzaldehyde	100-52-7	DNEL	1.1 mg/kg bw/day	human, dermal	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects
1,2-benzothiazol-3- one	2634-33-5	DNEL	6.8 mg/m ³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects
1,2-benzothiazol-3- one	2634-33-5	DNEL	0.97 mg/kg bw/day	human, dermal	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects
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Relevant PNECs of components of the mixture

Relevant PNECs of components of the mixture						
Name of sub- stance	CAS No	End- point	Threshold level	Organism	Environmental compartment	Exposure time
octamethylcyclotet- rasiloxane	556-67-2	PNEC	10 ^{mg} / _l	microorganisms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single instance)
octamethylcyclotet- rasiloxane	556-67-2	PNEC	0.059 ^{mg} / _{kg}	pelagic organisms	sediment	short-term (single instance)
octamethylcyclotet- rasiloxane	556-67-2	PNEC	1.7 ^{mg} / _{kg}	(top) predators	water	short-term (single instance)
octamethylcyclotet- rasiloxane	556-67-2	PNEC	0.44 ^{µg} / _l	aquatic organisms	freshwater	short-term (single instance)
octamethylcyclotet- rasiloxane	556-67-2	PNEC	0.044 ^{µg} / _I	aquatic organisms	marine water	short-term (single instance)
octamethylcyclotet- rasiloxane	556-67-2	PNEC	10 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organisms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single instance)
octamethylcyclotet- rasiloxane	556-67-2	PNEC	3 ^{mg} / _{kg}	aquatic organisms	freshwater sediment	short-term (single instance)
octamethylcyclotet- rasiloxane	556-67-2	PNEC	0.3 ^{mg} / _{kg}	aquatic organisms	marine sediment	short-term (single instance)
octamethylcyclotet- rasiloxane	556-67-2	PNEC	0.59 ^{mg} / _{kg}	benthic organisms	sediment	short-term (single instance)
octamethylcyclotet- rasiloxane	556-67-2	PNEC	0.16 ^{mg} / _{kg}	terrestrial organ- isms	soil	short-term (single instance)
decamethylcyclo- pentasiloxane	541-02-6	PNEC	10 ^{mg} / _l	microorganisms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single instance)
decamethylcyclo- pentasiloxane	541-02-6	PNEC	11 ^{mg} / _{kg}	benthic organisms	sediment	short-term (single instance)
decamethylcyclo- pentasiloxane	541-02-6	PNEC	13 ^{mg} / _{kg}	(top) predators	water	short-term (single instance)
decamethylcyclo- pentasiloxane	541-02-6	PNEC	1.1 ^{mg} / _{kg}	pelagic organisms	sediment	short-term (single instance)
decamethylcyclo- pentasiloxane	541-02-6	PNEC	1.2 ^{µg} / _I	aquatic organisms	freshwater	short-term (single instance)
decamethylcyclo- pentasiloxane	541-02-6	PNEC	0.12 ^{µg} / _I	aquatic organisms	marine water	short-term (single instance)
decamethylcyclo- pentasiloxane	541-02-6	PNEC	10 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organisms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single instance)
decamethylcyclo- pentasiloxane	541-02-6	PNEC	11 ^{mg} / _{kg}	aquatic organisms	freshwater sediment	short-term (single instance)
decamethylcyclo- pentasiloxane	541-02-6	PNEC	1.1 ^{mg} / _{kg}	aquatic organisms	marine sediment	short-term (single instance)
decamethylcyclo- pentasiloxane	541-02-6	PNEC	1.3 ^{mg} / _{kg}	terrestrial organ- isms	soil	short-term (single instance)
N,N-bis(2-Hy- droxyethyl)oleamide	93-83-4	PNEC	0.007 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organisms	freshwater	short-term (single instance)
N,N-bis(2-Hy- droxyethyl)oleamide	93-83-4	PNEC	0.001 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organisms	marine water	short-term (single instance)

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Relevant PNECs of components of the mixture

Relevant PNECs of components of the mixture						
Name of sub- stance	CAS No	End- point	Threshold level	Organism	Environmental compartment	Exposure time
N,N-bis(2-Hy- droxyethyl)oleamide	93-83-4	PNEC	830 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organisms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single instance)
N,N-bis(2-Hy- droxyethyl)oleamide	93-83-4	PNEC	1.2 ^{mg} / _{kg}	aquatic organisms	freshwater sediment	short-term (single instance)
N,N-bis(2-Hy- droxyethyl)oleamide	93-83-4	PNEC	0.12 ^{mg} / _{kg}	aquatic organisms	marine sediment	short-term (single instance)
N,N-bis(2-Hy- droxyethyl)oleamide	93-83-4	PNEC	0.24 ^{mg} / _{kg}	terrestrial organ- isms	soil	short-term (single instance)
ethyl alcohol	64-17-5	PNEC	0.96 ^{mg} / _I	aquatic organisms	freshwater	short-term (single instance)
ethyl alcohol	64-17-5	PNEC	0.79 ^{mg} / _I	aquatic organisms	marine water	short-term (single instance)
ethyl alcohol	64-17-5	PNEC	580 ^{mg} / _l	microorganisms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single instance)
ethyl alcohol	64-17-5	PNEC	3.6 ^{mg} / _{kg}	benthic organisms	sediment	short-term (single instance)
ethyl alcohol	64-17-5	PNEC	0.63 ^{mg} / _{kg}	terrestrial organ- isms	soil	short-term (single instance)
ethyl alcohol	64-17-5	PNEC	2.8 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organisms	water	intermittent release
benzaldehyde	100-52-7	PNEC	0.002 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organisms	freshwater	short-term (single instance)
benzaldehyde	100-52-7	PNEC	0 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organisms	marine water	short-term (single instance)
benzaldehyde	100-52-7	PNEC	7.6 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organisms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single instance)
benzaldehyde	100-52-7	PNEC	0.022 ^{mg} / _{kg}	aquatic organisms	freshwater sediment	short-term (single instance)
benzaldehyde	100-52-7	PNEC	0.002 ^{mg} / _{kg}	aquatic organisms	marine sediment	short-term (single instance)
benzaldehyde	100-52-7	PNEC	0.003 ^{mg} / _{kg}	terrestrial organ- isms	soil	short-term (single instance)
1,2-benzothiazol-3- one	2634-33-5	PNEC	4 ^{µg} / _I	aquatic organisms	freshwater	short-term (single instance)
1,2-benzothiazol-3- one	2634-33-5	PNEC	0.4 ^{µg} / _I	aquatic organisms	marine water	short-term (single instance)
1,2-benzothiazol-3- one	2634-33-5	PNEC	1 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organisms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single instance)
1,2-benzothiazol-3- one	2634-33-5	PNEC	50 ^{μg} / _{kg}	aquatic organisms	freshwater sediment	short-term (single instance)
1,2-benzothiazol-3- one	2634-33-5	PNEC	5 ^{µg} / _{kg}	aquatic organisms	marine sediment	short-term (single instance)
1,2-benzothiazol-3- one	2634-33-5	PNEC	3 ^{mg} / _{kg}	terrestrial organ- isms	soil	short-term (single instance)

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8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

General ventilation.

Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)

Eye/face protection

Wear eye/face protection.

Skin protection

- Hand protection

Wear suitable gloves. Chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374. Check leak-tightness/impermeability prior to use. In the case of wanting to use the gloves again, clean them before taking off and air them well. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves.

- Other protection measures

Take recovery periods for skin regeneration. Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

Environmental exposure controls

Use appropriate container to avoid environmental contamination. Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state	liquid
Color	pink
Odor	fruity

Other safety parameters

pH (value)	not determined
Melting point/freezing point	not determined
Initial boiling point and boiling range	>65 °C at 1 atm
Flash point	67 °C at 101 kPa 153 °F at 1 atm
Evaporation rate	Not determined
Flammability (solid, gas)	not relevant, (fluid)

Explosive limits

- Lower explosion limit (LEL)	0.7 vol%
- Upper explosion limit (UEL)	5 vol%

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Vapor pressure	32 hPa at 25 °C
Density	1 ^g / _{ml} 8.4 ^{lb} / _{gal}
Vapor density	this information is not available
Relative density	1 at 25 °C (water = 1)
Solubility(ies)	not determined

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Partition coefficient

- n-octanol/water (log KOW)	this information is not available
Auto-ignition temperature	359 °C (auto-ignition temperature (liquids and gases))

Viscosity

- Kinematic viscosity	5,000 cSt at 25 °C
- Dynamic viscosity	5,067 cP at 25 °C
Explosive properties	none
Oxidizing properties	none

9.2 Other information

Temperature class (USA, acc. to NEC 500)	T2 (maximum permissible surface temperature on the equipment:
	300°C)

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

Concerning incompatibility: see below "Conditions to avoid" and "Incompatible materials". The mixture contains reactive substance(s). Risk of ignition.

If heated:

Risk of ignition

10.2 Chemical stability

See below "Conditions to avoid".

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

No known hazardous reactions.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

Hints to prevent fire or explosion

Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Oxidizers

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Hazardous decomposition products

Reasonably anticipated hazardous decomposition products produced as a result of use, storage, spill and heating are not known. Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Test data are not available for the complete mixture.

Classification procedure

The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

Classification acc. to OSHA "Hazard Communication Standard" (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Acute toxicity

Shall not be classified as acutely toxic.

GHS of the United Nations, annex 4: May be harmful if inhaled.

Acute toxicity estimate (ATE) of components of the mixture

Name of substance	CAS No	Exposure route	ATE
odorless mineral spirits	64742-48-9	inhalation: vapor	5 ^{mg} / _l /4h
China Clay, calcined	66402-68-4	inhalation: dust/mist	2.3 ^{mg} / _l /4h
benzaldehyde	100-52-7	oral	1,430 ^{mg} / _{kg}
benzaldehyde	100-52-7	inhalation: vapor	5 ^{mg} / _l /4h
1,2-benzothiazol-3-one	2634-33-5	oral	670 ^{mg} / _{kg}

Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Shall not be classified as seriously damaging to the eye or eye irritant.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Contains 1,2-benzothiazol-3-one. May produce an allergic reaction.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Shall not be classified as germ cell mutagenic.

Carcinogenicity

Shall not be classified as carcinogenic.

IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of Carcinogenic Risks to Humans

Name of substance	CAS No	Classification	Number
ethyl alcohol	64-17-5	1	

Legend

Carcinogenic to humans

Reproductive toxicity

Suspected of damaging fertility.

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Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (single exposure).

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (repeated exposure).

Aspiration hazard

Shall not be classified as presenting an aspiration hazard.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Aquatic toxicity (acute) of components of the mixture

Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint	Value	Species	Exposure time
octamethylcyclotet- rasiloxane	556-67-2	LC50	>22 ^{µg} / _I	fish	96 h
octamethylcyclotet- rasiloxane	556-67-2	EC50	>1,000 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic invertebrates	96 h
decamethylcyclopentas- iloxane	541-02-6	LC50	>16 ^{µg} / _I	fish	96 h
decamethylcyclopentas- iloxane	541-02-6	EC50	>2.9 ^{µg} / _I	aquatic invertebrates	48 h
N,N-bis(2- Hydroxyethyl)oleamide	93-83-4	LC50	5.1 ^{mg} / _l	fish	96 h
N,N-bis(2- Hydroxyethyl)oleamide	93-83-4	EC50	3.2 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic invertebrates	48 h
ethyl alcohol	64-17-5	LC50	14 ⁹ / _l	fish	96 h
ethyl alcohol	64-17-5	EC50	13 ^g / _l	fish	96 h
benzaldehyde	100-52-7	LC50	12 ^{mg} / _l	fish	96 h
1,2-benzothiazol-3-one	2634-33-5	LC50	17 ^{mg} / _l	fish	96 h
1,2-benzothiazol-3-one	2634-33-5	EC50	2.9 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic invertebrates	48 h
1,2-benzothiazol-3-one	2634-33-5	ErC50	150 ^{µg} / _I	algae	72 h

Aquatic toxicity (chronic) of components of the mixture

Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint	Value	Species	Exposure time
odorless mineral spirits	64742-48-9	EC50	15 ^{mg} / _l	microorganisms	40 h
octamethylcyclotet- rasiloxane	556-67-2	LC50	10 ^{µg} / _I	fish	14 d
octamethylcyclotet- rasiloxane	556-67-2	EC50	>500 ^{mg} / _I	aquatic invertebrates	24 h
China Clay, calcined	66402-68-4	EC50	300 ^{mg} / _I	microorganisms	3 h

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Aquatic toxicity (chronic) of components of the mixture

Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint	Value	Species	Exposure time
decamethylcyclopentas- iloxane	541-02-6	LC50	>16 ^{µg} / _I	fish	14 d
decamethylcyclopentas- iloxane	541-02-6	EC50	>15 ^{µg} / _I	aquatic invertebrates	21 d
ethyl alcohol	64-17-5	LC50	>0.08 ^{mg} / _I	fish	42 d
ethyl alcohol	64-17-5	EC50	23 ^g / _l	algae	10 d
ethyl alcohol	64-17-5	ErC50	675 ^{mg} / _I	algae	4 d
benzaldehyde	100-52-7	EC50	50 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic invertebrates	24 h
1,2-benzothiazol-3-one	2634-33-5	EC50	13 ^{mg} / _l	microorganisms	3 h

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Data are not available.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

The substance fulfills the very bioaccumulative criterion.

12.4 Mobility in soil

Data are not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

The mixture contains a substance that was identified as a PBT (persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic). The mixture contains a substance that was identified as vPvB (very persistent and very bioaccumulative).

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

The mixture contains substance(s) with an endocrine disrupting potential.

12.7 Other adverse effects

Data are not available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Waste treatment-relevant information

Solvent reclamation/regeneration.

Sewage disposal-relevant information

Do not empty into drains. Avoid release to the environment. Refer to special instructions/safety data sheets.

Waste treatment of containers/packages

Only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to DOT) may be used. Completely emptied packages can be recycled. Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself.

Remarks

Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions. Waste shall be separated into the categories that can be handled separately by the local or national waste management facilities.

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SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number

DOT UN 3082 IMDG-Code UN 3082 ICAO-TI UN 3082

14.2 UN proper shipping name

DOT Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s.

IMDG-Code ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE.

LIQUID, N.O.S.

ICAO-TI Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s.

Technical name (hazardous ingredients) decamethylcyclopentasiloxane, odorless mineral spir-

its

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

DOT 9
IMDG-Code 9
ICAO-TI 9

14.4 Packing group

DOT III
IMDG-Code III
ICAO-TI III

14.5 Environmental hazards hazardous to the aquatic environment

Environmentally hazardous substance (aquatic environment) decamethylcyclopentasiloxane, odorless mineral spirits

14.6 Special precautions for user

There is no additional information.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

The cargo is not intended to be carried in bulk.

Information for each of the UN Model Regulations

Transport of dangerous goods by road or rail (49 CFR US DOT) - Additional information

Not regulated under DOT until packaged in single containers larger than 119 gallons each - liquid, or 882 lbs each - solid.

Particulars in the shipper's declaration UN3082, Environmentally hazardous substance, li-

quid, n.o.s., (contains: decamethylcyclopentasiloxane,

odorless mineral spirits), 9, III

Reportable quantity (RQ) 8,977,467 lbs (4,075,770 kg) (methanol) (isobutyl acetate)

Danger label(s) 9, fish and tree



Environmental hazards yes (hazardous to the aquatic environment)
Special provisions (SP)
8, 146, 173, 335, IB3, T4, TP1, TP29

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International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG) - Additional information

Marine pollutant yes (hazardous to the aquatic environment) (odorless mineral spirits)

Danger label(s) 9, fish and tree

Special provisions (SP) 274, 335, 969

Excepted quantities (EQ) E1
Limited quantities (LQ) 5 L
EmS F-A, S-F
Stowage category A

International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO-IATA/DGR) - Additional information

Environmental hazards yes (hazardous to the aquatic environment)

Danger label(s) 9, fish and tree

Special provisions (SP) A97, A158, A197

Excepted quantities (EQ) E1
Limited quantities (LQ) 30 kg

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question

National regulations (United States)

Toxic Substance Control Act (TSCA) all ingredients are listed

Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act (SARA TITLE III)

- The List of Extremely Hazardous Substances and Their Threshold Planning Quantities (EPCRA Section 302, 304)

none of the ingredients are listed

Clean Air Act

none of the ingredients are listed

Right to Know Hazardous Substance List

- Cleaning Product Right to Know Act Substance List (CA-RTK)

Name of substance	CAS No	Functionality	Authoritative Lists
water	7732-18-5	solvent	
odorless mineral spirits	64742-48-9	solvents	Canada PBiTs EC Annex VI CMRs - Cat. 1B
octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	556-67-2	solvents	Canada PBiTs CECBP - Priority Chemicals EC PBTs
China Clay, calcined	66402-68-4	abrasive	
polydimethylsiloxane	63148-62-9	surface modifier	

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> Name of substance **CAS No Functionality Authoritative Lists** decamethylcyclopentasiloxane 541-02-6 Canada PBiTs solvents **CECBP - Priority Chemicals** EC PBTs N,N-bis(2-Hydroxyethyl)oleamide 93-83-4 surfactant organically modified hectorite 12173-47-6 viscosity modifier Dimethyl Siloxane, HO-term Rxn Methyltrimeth-69430-37-1 surface modifier oxysilane & Aminoethylaminopropyltrimethoxysilane ethyl alcohol 64-17-5 alcohols benzaldehyde 100-52-7 fragrance 2,2'-iminodiethanol 111-42-2 impurity CA TACs IARC Carcinogens - 2B OEHHA RELs Prop 65 methanol 67-56-1 alcohols CA TACs NTP OHAT - Repr. or Dev. Toxicants OEHHA RELs Prop 65 2634-33-5 1,2-benzothiazol-3-one preservative

- Hazardous Substances List (MN-ERTK)

Name of substance	CAS No	References	Remarks
odorless mineral spirits	64742-48-9	A, O	

Legend

Ā

American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH), "Threshold Limit Values for Chemical Substances and Physical Agents and Biological Exposure Indices for 1992-93", available from ACGIH
Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), Safety and Health Standards, Code of Federal Regulations, title 29, part 1910, subpart Z, "Toxic and Hazardous Substances, 1990." General information: Minnesota Department of Labor and Industry, Occupational 0 Safety and Health Division

- Hazardous Substance List (NJ-RTK)

Name of substance	CAS No	Remarks	Classifications
ethyl alcohol	64-17-5		CA MU TE F3
benzaldehyde	100-52-7		F2

Legend

CA Carcinogenic

Flammable - Second Degree Flammable - Third Degree F2

MU Mutagenic Teratogenic

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- Hazardous Substance List (RI-RTK)

Name of substance	CAS No	References
ethyl alcohol	64-17-5	T, F
benzaldehyde	100-52-7	F

Legend

F Flammability (NFPA®)
T Toxicity (ACGIH®)

California Environmental Protection Agency (Cal/EPA): Proposition 65 - Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1987

Toxic Enforcement Act of 1987

Proposition 65 List of chemicals						
Name acc. to inventory	CAS No	Conc.	Remarks	Type of the toxicity		
methanol	67-56-1	0.056 wt%		developmental		
ethanol (ethyl alcohol)	64-17-5	0.28 wt%	in alcoholic beverages	developmental		
methyl isobutyl ketone	108-10-1	0.0062 wt%		cancer		
methyl isobutyl ketone (MIBK)	108-10-1	0.0062 wt%		developmental		
diethanolamine	111-42-2	0.084 wt%		cancer		

VOC content

- Regulated Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC-EPA) 15 %

- Regulated Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC-Cal ARB) 15 %

Industry or sector specific available guidance(s)

NPCA-HMIS® III

Hazardous Materials Identification System. American Coatings Association.

Category	Rating	Description
Chronic	*	chronic (long-term) health effects may result from repeated overexposure
Health	2	temporary or minor injury may occur
Flammability	2	material that must be moderately heated or exposed to relatively high ambient temperat- ures before ignition can occur
Physical hazard	0	material that is normally stable, even under fire conditions, and will not react with water, polymerize, decompose, condense, or self-react. Non-explosive
Personal protection	-	

Chronic: chronic hazard
Flammability: flammability hazard
Health: health hazard

Personal protection: personal protective equipment (PPE) for normal use

Physical hazard: reactivity

NFPA® 704

National Fire Protection Association: Standard System for the Identification of the Hazards of Materials for Emergency Response (United States).

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Category	Degree of hazard	Description
Flammability	2	material that must be moderately heated or exposed to relatively high ambient temperat- ures before ignition can occur
Health	2	material that, under emergency conditions, can cause temporary incapacitation or residual injury
Instability	0	material that is normally stable, even under fire conditions
Special hazard		

National inventories

Country	Inventory	Status
CA	DSL	all ingredients are listed
EU	REACH Reg.	not all ingredients are listed
US	TSCA	all ingredients are listed

Legend

DSL Domestic Substances List (DSL)
REACH Reg. REACH registered substances
TSCA Toxic Substance Control Act

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

Chemical safety assessments for substances in this mixture were not carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Indication of changes (revised safety data sheet)

Alignment to regulation: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals ("Purple book"). Restructuring: section 9, section 14

Section	Former entry (text/value)	Actual entry (text/value)	Safety- relevant
1.3	Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet: APEX Auto Products 229 Market Ave. Ste. 104 Boeme TX 78006	Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet: APEX Auto Products 229 Market Ave. Ste. 104 Boeme TX 78006	yes
	1-830-992-6039 johnhackett@gbtc.com	1-830-992-6039 johnhackett@gvtc.com	

Abbreviations and acronyms

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
29 CFR 1910.1000	29 CFR 1910.1000, Tables Z-1, Z-2, Z-3 - Occupational Safety and Health Standards: Toxic and Hazardous Substances (permissible exposure limits)
49 CFR US DOT	49 CFR U.S. Department of Transportation
ACGIH®	American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
ACGIH® 2019	From ACGIH®, 2019 TLVs® and BEIs® Book. Copyright 2019. Reprinted with permission. Information on the proper use of the TLVs® and BEIs®: http://www.acgih.org/tlv-bei-guidelines/policies-procedures-presentations/tlv-bei-position-statement
Acute Tox.	Acute toxicity

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Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
Asp. Tox.	Aspiration hazard
ATE	Acute Toxicity Estimate
Cal/OSHA PEL	California Division of Occupational Safety and Health (Cal/OSHA): Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs)
Cal ARB	California Air Resources Board
Carc.	Carcinogenicity
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances)
Ceiling-C	Ceiling value
DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR)
DNEL	Derived No-Effect Level
DOT	Department of Transportation (USA)
EC50	Effective Concentration 50 %. The EC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % changes in response (e.g. on growth) during a specified time interval
EmS	Emergency Schedule
EPA	Environmental Protection Agency. An agency of the federal government of the United States charged with protecting human health and the environment
ErC50	≡ EC50: in this method, that concentration of test substance which results in a 50 % reduction in either growth (EbC50) or growth rate (ErC50) relative to the control
ERG No	Emergency Response Guidebook - Number
Eye Dam.	Seriously damaging to the eye
Eye Irrit.	Irritant to the eye
Flam. Liq.	Flammable liquid
GHS	"Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Nations
IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer
IATA	International Air Transport Association
IATA/DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA)
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization
ICAO-TI	Technical instructions for the safe transport of dangerous goods by air
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
IMDG-Code	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
LC50	Lethal Concentration 50%: the LC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval
MARPOL	International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships (abbr. of "Marine Pollutant")
NFPA®	National Fire Protection Association (United States)
NIOSH REL	National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH): Recommended Exposure Limits (RELs)
NPCA-HMIS® III	National Paint and Coatings Association: Hazardous Materials Identification System - HMIS® III, Third Edition
OSHA	Occupational Safety and Health Administration (United States)
PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic

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Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
PEL	Permissible exposure limit
PNEC	Predicted No-Effect Concentration
ppm	Parts per million
Repr.	Reproductive toxicity
Skin Corr.	Corrosive to skin
Skin Irrit.	Irritant to skin
Skin Sens.	Skin sensitization
STEL	Short-term exposure limit
STOT SE	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure
TLV®	Threshold Limit Values
TWA	Time-weighted average
VOC	Volatile Organic Compounds
vPvB	Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative

Key literature references and sources for data

OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (HCS), 29 CFR 1910.1200.

Transport of dangerous goods by road or rail (49 CFR US DOT). International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG). Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

Classification procedure

Physical and chemical properties: The classification is based on tested mixture.

Health hazards, Environmental hazards: The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

List of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in chapter 2 and 3)

Code	Text
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapor.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapor.
H227	Combustible liquid.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H331	Toxic if inhaled.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

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Code	Text
H350	May cause cancer.
H361f	Suspected of damaging fertility.

Disclaimer

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. This SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product.

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