Anti-Histone H3 K9Ac antibody

Clone Cross reactivity Application notes Host Isotype Storage 2G1F9 Hu, Mk, Ms, Rat, Hms WB, ICC Rat IgG2a, κ -20°C

BACKGROUND: Post-translation modifications of histones modulate the accessibility and transcriptional competence of specific chromatin regions within the eukaryotic genome. Histone H3 is primarily acetylated at lysines 9, 14, 18, and 23. Acetylation at lysine 9 appears to have a dominant role in histone deposition and chromatin assembly.

 ${\color{red}Immunogen Synthetic peptide corresponding to N-terminal Lys9ac} \\$

(aa 1-19) of human Histone H3, ARTKQTAR(acK)STGGKAPRKQ

Host Rat Isotype IgG2a, κ

Cross reactivity Human, Monkey, Mouse, Rat, Hamster

Specificity Histone H3 K9Ac Application notes Recommended use

ELISA, WB, ICC Not tested for other applications.

Recommended dilutions Western blotting, 1/1000 Immunocytochemistry, 1/1000

Optional dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.

Source Culture Supernatant

Purification Ion-exchange chromatography

Form Liquid

Presentation Purified monoclonal antibody in PBS,

50% Glycerol, 0.05%w/v ProClin300

Concentration 1 mg/mL Volume 100 uL

Storage Store below -20°C

(below -70°C for prolonged storage) Aliquot to avoid cycles of freeze/thaw.

References 1) Strahl and Allis, (2000) Nature 403, 41-45.

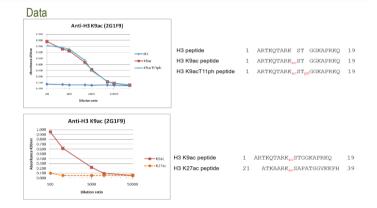


Fig.1 ELISA analysis

History H3 K9ac antibody (2)

- Histone H3 K9ac antibody (2G1F9)

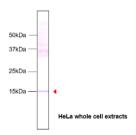


Fig.2 Western blot

- Histone H3 K9ac antibody (2G1F9)

HeLa cell total extracts

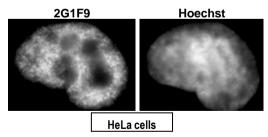


Fig.3 Immunocytochemistry/Immunofluorescence

- Histone H3 K9ac antibody (2G1F9)

HeLa cells

