Tips for TIG welders Electrodes: selection & handling



Choosing the right electrode

	E3® purple	WLa 15 gold	WLa 20 blue	WCe 20 grey	WP green	WZr 08 white
DC negative	+++	++	+++	+	-	-
Alternating current	+++	+	+	+	+	++
Arc stability	++	+	++	+	-	++
Ignitability	++++	++	+++	+	-	+
Service life	++++	++	+++	+	+	++
High-alloy steels suitability	++++	+++	+++	+++	-	-
Aluminium suitability	++++	+	+	+	++	++



WP electrodes are not suitable for alternating current welding with the rectangular pulse waveform. In contrast, E3® electrodes achieve best welding results with high service life if the following parameters are complied with:

Rectangular/sinusoidal pulse Rectangular pulse

Grinding angle: 60°

Frequency: max. 75 Hz

■ Smallest possible igniting current ■ Balance: 25% + / 75% -



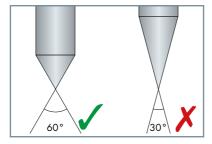
F3® electrodes remain approx. 900°C colder than WTh 20 electrades with the same load



After 150 strikings the E3® electrode displays considerably less wear

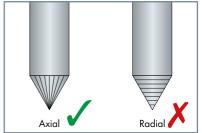
Recommendation for the grinding of E3® electrodes

Important for best results: angle and direction of grinding



E3® electrodes generate the best welding result if they are ground at an angle of 60° and are used within their amperage-range.

More acute angles should only be used in low current ranges. However, changing to a thinner electrode would be better.



Along with the grinding quality, the arc is influenced by the direction of grinding.

The arc can break off with a radial grinding direction. In addition, this considerably reduces the service life of the electrodes.

Advantages of obtuse angles

- Narrow weld pool
- High current carrying capacity
- Longer service life

Advantages of axial grinding direction

- Good starting property
- More favourable electron exit
- Stable arc



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