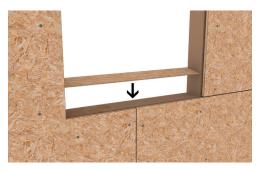


Butyl Flash

Prep & General Conditions

- All surfaces must be clean, dust free, smooth and dry.
- Do not apply over sealants or uncured caulks containing plasticizers or solvents. This includes most silicones and polyurethane based caulks. Read the sealant label carefully to determine if the sealant is compatible with asphalt products. Butyl Flash installed over incompatible or uncured product may liquefy and cause stains, streaks and drips.
- Test Butyl Flash adhesion to the substrate. Some substrates and sheathing boards, contain components which can reduce tape adhesion. If adhesion is inadequate, prime with Polybond Clear Liquid Adhesive. If Polybond Clear Liquid Adhesive is not available, locate a compatible spray adhesive, again reading the label carefully for compatibility to asphalt flashing products.
- Helpful Hint: In cold weather, keep the Butyl Flash in a warm space the night before use. If necessary cut what you need per window one at a time and keep the rest in the warm space; it will be easier to work with.
- When installing Butyl Flash flashing tape on top of Weather Resistant Barriers (aka: House Wraps,) our Butyl Flash becomes a secondary system.
- To ensure proper adhesion Butyl Flash must be set in place by rolling with a hand roller.



STEP 1

Install a back dam and/or positive slope on the sill. If water is allowed to sit on a flat sill or allow to flow back into building, it could cause water damage to your wood window and perhaps your wall. There are three common practices to avoid this.

A. Build a Back Dam: Take a 1/2-inch thick piece of plywood / OSB/ wood x 1 to 2-inches wide and long enough to go across the entire rough window opening at the back of the sill. Nail in place. Follow instructions for flashing of the sill. An option to this is a heavy bead of sealant at the back edge of the sill running from one side of the sill to the other, jamb to iamb.

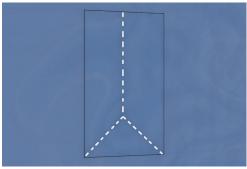
B. Build a self-draining, sloped surface toward the outside. A piece of beveled siding, the width of the rough opening, nailed and placed at the bottom of the rough opening will create a positive slope for the flashing membrane. Thick side toward the inside, thin side towards outside. Follow instructions for flashing of the sill.

C. Do both A & B above. This ensures both a back dam (a place for any water to stop) and a sloped surface (for the water to exit).

VERY IMPORTANT / PLEASE NOTE: For the suggestions noted above to work properly you need to account for the addition of the 3/8-inch to 1/2-inch that these techniques will utilize in your rough opening to ensure that your window will fit properly...so plan in advance.

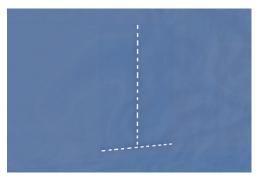


There are several ways to cut the house wrap, if your WRB (Housewrap) manufacturer has a specific method, follow it. There are two methods that we have found that work well.



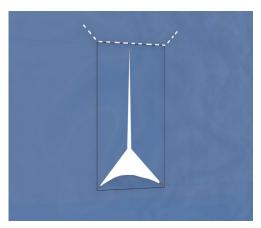
STEP 2 - Option A

Cut an inverted "Y" in the WRB folding and secure it to the inside at the jambs and sill. In the middle of your rough opening, cut the WRB down to the left corner of the opening. Repeat on the right side, creating a "triangular" cut. Go to the top center of the opening and cut straight down to the top of the triangle.

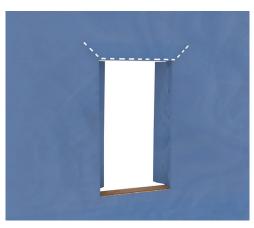


STEP 2 - Option B

Cut the WRB at the bottom of the rough opening horizontally with your utility knife from side to side and then again down the middle of the window opening.



STEP 3A



STEP 3B

At top of the WRB horizontally cut with a utility knife from edge to edge. At each of the top corners cut the WRB at a 45 degree angle roughly 6 inches heading away from the window.







STEP 4 - Option A

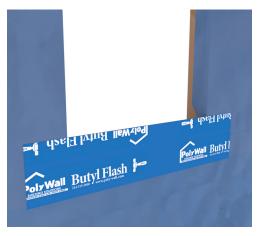
STEP 4 - Option B

On the vertical side of the window fold the WRB back past the jamb and tack it there. Using a utility knife cut the WRB at the middle of the jamb. Then secure the WRB to the inside of the framing members with 3-inch contractors tape or staples. This allows for a sealing or termination of the WRB.



STEP 5

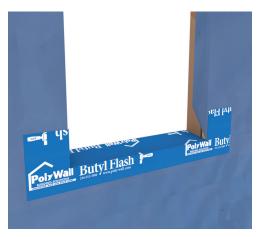
Temporarily secure WRB above the header exposing the substrate.



STEP 6

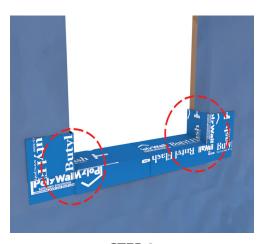
Cut a section of Butyl Flash the width of the rough opening plus 9-inches. Centering the tape across the sill, remove the release liner and install Butyl Flash on the sill.





STEP 7

Cut the Butyl Flash at the corners of the rough opening so that the Butyl Flash may be folded onto the WRB surface.



STEP 8

Cut flashing patches of Butyl Flash and install at each of the sill corners.



STEP 9

Set window into rough opening, plumb, level, and square per manufacturer's instructions.



STEP 10

Measure and cut 2 sections of Butyl Flash that will overlap the sill Butyl Flash at the bottom and extend 3-inches above the rough opening at the header extending onto the exposed substrate. Install these vertical sections of Butyl Flash over the jamb flanges and to the substrate or WRB.





STEP 11

Roll entire surface of Butyl Flash with a hand-roller to finalize and complete the bond. (DO NOT INSTALL Butyl Flash over the bottom window flange. Leaving this area open will allow water to drain to the exterior WRB surface in the event of a window leak.)

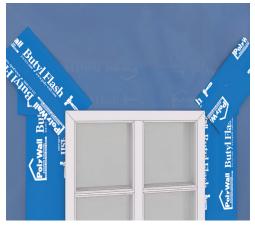


Fold the WRB back in place over the Butyl Flash head flashing and secure to Butyl Flash.



STEP 12

Measure and cut 1 piece of Butyl Flash that will overlap the jamb flashings and extend 2-inches beyond the outer edge of the jamb flashing onto the exposed substrate.



STEP 14

Cut 2 sections of Butyl Flash 6-inches to cover the 45 degree cuts in the WRB. Roll entire surface of Butyl Flash with a handroller to finalize and complete the bond.

