

DISC Flow® PORTRAIT Report

DISC ONLY Version

Oliver Jackson

Assessment date: March 21, 2019

CONFIDENTIAL



DISC Flow Asia & Pacific
www.discflowapac.com
hello@discflowapac.com

Welcome to DISC Flow®

The DISC Flow® model has been purposely designed to be simple to understand and easy to apply. It helps people tap into their strengths and build better, stronger and more productive relationships.

Oliver, this personalised report uses your assessment data to provide a wealth of information and insights that will help you develop your potential. View this as an opportunity to work on yourself and create a better version of who you already are. One that exploits your strengths, shows you where to focus your energy and take advantage of areas where you are more engaged and effective.

Try to think of the DISC model as a compass for your brain. A compass doesn't tell you where to go, it just points you in the right direction, and if you read the signs along the way, you will reach your destination faster and with far fewer problems.

We know that at times, change can be difficult, but the following K-S-S approach provides simple, straight-forward steps toward growth and personal development.

When reading your report, think about how to apply these simple concepts to improve your performance in the workplace. Developing key behaviours like the ones outlined below can not only improve your workplace relationships but those in your personal life as well.



K

KEEP doing. Identify what you already do well and KEEP doing them.



S

STOP doing. As you review the information in this report, you may recognise certain behaviours that tend to bring negative results. This may be an indication of something that you should STOP doing.



S

START doing. Identify and START doing things that will positively impact your performance.

We don't claim that this report will give you all the answers, but we do hope you find much to engage your interest and that you find some important insights and useful tips to help you in the near future.



DISC

● Introduction to the DISC Model	4
● Results at a Glance	5
● General Characteristics	
● Prominent Behaviours	7
● Potential Strengths	
● Potential Limitations	
● Communication Style	8
● Preferred Work Environment	
● Potential Motivators	
● Potential Stressors	
● Value to the Team	9
● Conflict Management	
● Decision Making	
● How Others Perceive You	
● Personal Development Tips	10
● Moving Forward with DISC Flow®	11
APPENDIX: Overview of the DISC Styles	12
Quick Tips	17



Introduction to the DISC Model

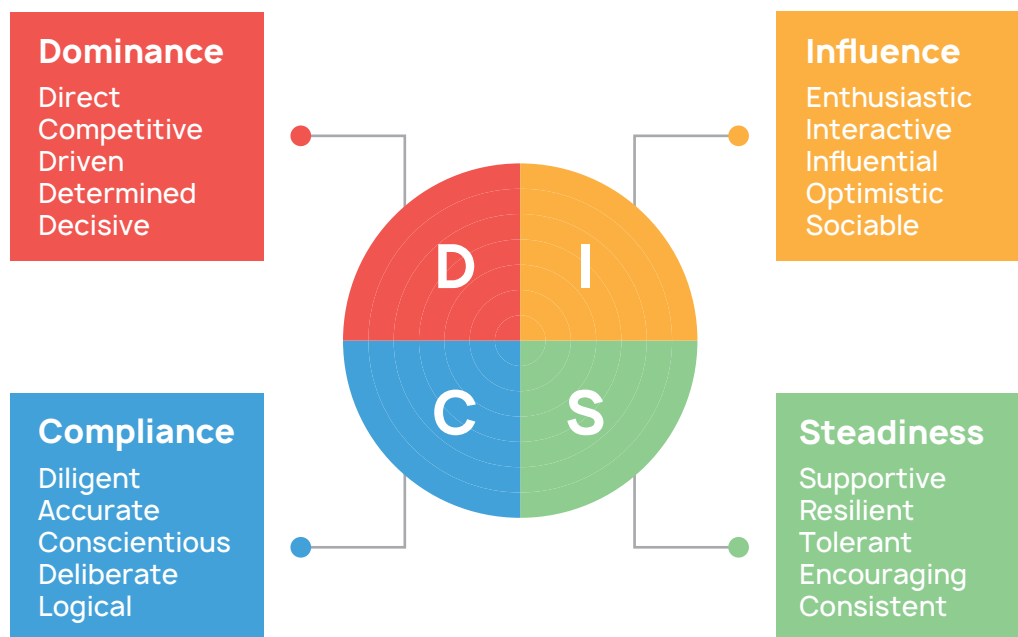
DISC is a highly accurate tool that identifies an individual's preferred behavioural style and communication preferences. It also provides a blueprint to help people understand and appreciate what motivates others.

The DISC model measures and describes four styles of behaviour.

Dominance – Influence – Steadiness – Compliance

When reading your report Oliver, it is important to remember that all behavioural styles are equally valuable and that there are no good, bad or best styles. Everyone is a blend of all four styles but most people tend to lean toward one or maybe two of the styles.

By better understanding your own style and recognising the styles of others, you can adapt your behaviour and communication to any situation and get better results.

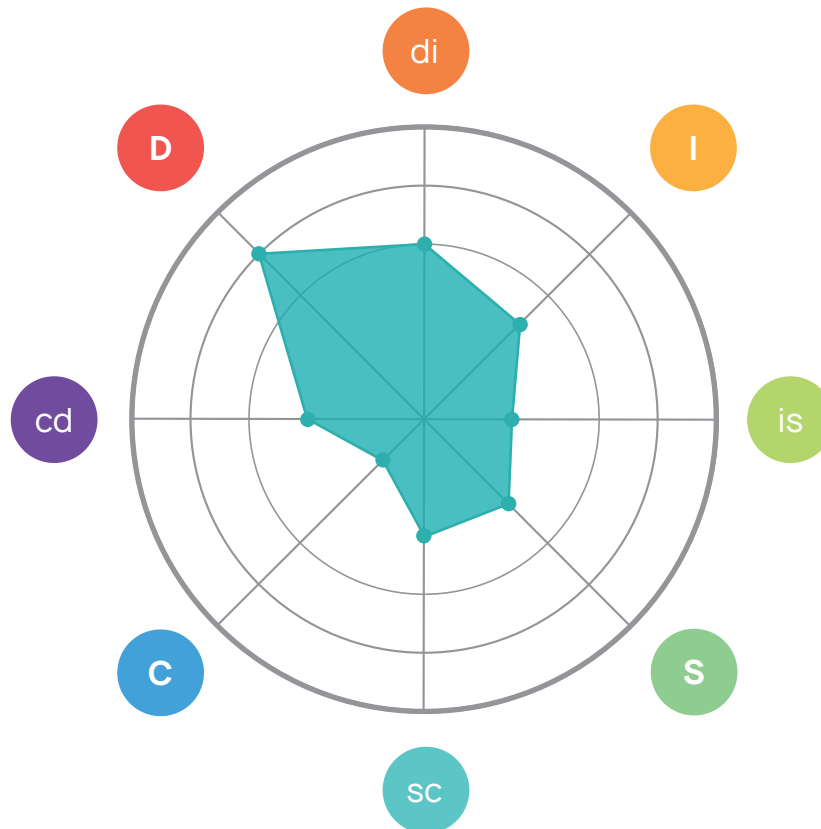


Oliver, making sense of your results on the next page is simple. The dots tell you where your score lies for each of the 8 DISC Styles. When looking at the spider graph, keep in mind that the further your dots are from the centre of the DISC Map the more apparent it will be to others that you are displaying the characteristics associated with that particular DISC Style.

Results at a Glance

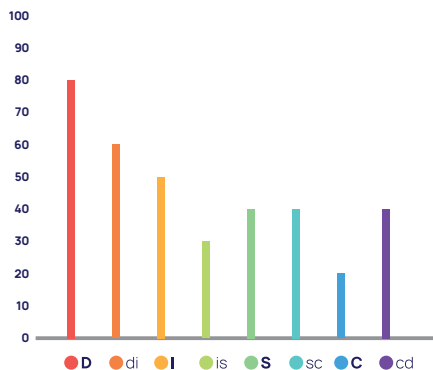
OLIVER JACKSON

GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS



Core Style - Dominance

Your results indicate that you display a level of intensity in your behavioural characteristics that are considered as **HIGH** relative to others who share the **D** style.



direct
demanding competitive
achiever efficient
decisive self-starter
challenging

Overview of the High Dominance

Oliver, because you have a High Dominance style you are probably direct, decisive and self-motivated. You are highly focused on the effective control of a situation or task. You want your thoughts to be clearly understood and can be so straightforward when communicating your ideas that other people may perceive them as blunt or insensitive. You tend to approach any situation with urgency and will often attempt to direct and control other people. You are often inclined to dictate what other people should do and can be too dismissive of other people's ideas. Some people may see your approach as micromanagement, but for you it is simply a way of effectively managing resources towards the rapid accomplishment of a task. You are usually motivated to take control and have authority in most situations. Due to your drive for results, some people may see you as overly competitive and intimidating.

Unassociated Items

Having high scores for diametrically opposing styles might not make sense at first glance, and the theory behind the DISC model determines that this is the least probable outcome. However, this is not uncommon and simply means that a person believes that they exhibit certain traits and behaviours that would not typically be associated with their core style. We refer to these as Unassociated Items and use them to present you with a more rounded version of your behavioural and communication style.

Based on your assessment response, you have identified the following unassociated items:



Steadiness (S)

- I prefer working with well-established processes. (4)
- I usually identify the possible margins of error when planning. (4)
- I often seek the opinions of others before deciding on matters. (4)
- I see myself as a reserved person. (5)
- I am careful when making decisions. (5)
- I prefer to be seen as thoughtful. (4)
- I work best in a predictable environment. (5)
- I prefer to take my time when processing information. (4)
- I usually do my work at a steady pace. (5)
- I stick to the status quo. (4)



Prominent Behaviours

- You generally communicate in a very direct and straightforward manner by readily voicing your own views and expecting others to listen.
- When accomplishing tasks, you think and behave as if you are in competition with others.
- You frequently see the bigger picture and immediately take action to obtain the results you desire.
- You typically exhibit an approach that is based on control and ascendancy.
- Most of the time, you lead group discussions and seek new challenges for further development.



Potential Strengths

- You are a self-starter and assertive.
- You are determined and decisive.
- You exude confidence, especially when reaching a decision.
- You are considered practical and optimistic.
- Being results-oriented, you are always striving to be productive at work.



Potential Limitations

- You might express your displeasure too easily, especially in the presence of unproductive people.
- You may be tactless and sarcastic.
- You can be controlling and domineering.
- You can sometimes intimidate people because of your direct approach.
- You may need to focus more on developing personal relationships, and recognizing the opinions, feelings and needs of others.



Communication Style

You are highly likely to be direct and straightforward when expressing yourself to others. You are quick to state your views and expect others to listen. You probably attempt to direct and control the conversation and because you usually reach a decision quickly tend to be impatient in finishing it. You communicate confidently and are not afraid to speak out. You can be to-the-point and forceful at times, which makes you tend to state facts more than to ask for the opinion of others.



Preferred Work Environment

Because you focus on results, you are highly likely to prefer a working environment that has few personal distractions. You look to the big picture and like variety, challenging tasks and activities. You enjoy being in charge or having the ability to make decisions for yourself and prefer freedom from controls, supervision and details.

You are motivated by projects that produce quick, measurable or tangible results.



Potential Motivators

- Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit.
- Sed do eiusmod tempor incididunt ut labore et dolore magna aliqua.
- Ut enim ad minim veniam.
- Quis nostrud exercitation ullamco laboris nisi ut aliquip.
- Duis aute irure dolor in reprehenderit.



Potential Stressors

- Voluptate velit esse cillum dolore.
- Eu fugiat nulla pariatur. Excepteur sint occaecat.
- Cupidatat non proident, sunt in culpa qui officia.
- Deserunt mollit anim id est laborum.
- Sed ut perspiciatis unde omnis iste natus.

OLIVER JACKSON

GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS



Value to the Team

You are valuable to a team that has to be driven in their work. Due to your determined and authoritative nature, you can direct others to focus on their tasks whenever distractions are around. You are also a key figure when working on urgent projects. Your forcefulness is instrumental to completing crucial tasks and meeting critical deadlines. Your presence is essential for a team that might struggle to address and overcome problems and challenges.



Conflict Management

You are generally comfortable with conflict and look to assert your will and take control of a situation. You typically handle disputes in an authoritative manner and often insist on stating your opinion regarding the issue. It is very seldom for you to take on board other people's insights when formulating solutions. You also prefer to find quick fixes to problems that specifically address the matter at hand. Consequently, you can tend to overlook the interpersonal aspects of the situation.



Decision Making

You are often decisive. You tend to be quick to respond to situations and reach a decision. You dislike procrastination and have a determined focus to get things done no matter what. You can be assertive and often use your forceful nature in order to reach a conclusion.



How Others Perceive You

You are often seen as someone daring, someone who can accept any task and complete significant amounts of work. You are perceived as being results-focused and very competitive. People may also notice how intense you can become in achieving your objectives. You are often observed as a very assertive person who gravitates toward directing or managing others. Consequently, in the eyes of some people, you may come across as having an intimidating or commanding presence.



Personal Developmental Tips

- You may need to work on your listening skills and attentiveness to others' ideas. Develop patience and sensitivity on how your words or decisions might affect others.
- Continue to give your best efforts toward accomplishing a task, but keep in mind to maintain a healthy competition with others.
- Process your thoughts by weighing up the pros and cons of each risk before deciding to take them on. Learn more about the advantages of mutually agreed decisions over those formulated individually.
- Keep your assertiveness in check and exercise care in your actions as this can greatly help in enhancing communication with others.
- Look for more opportunities to develop your leadership qualities and consciously expose yourself to challenging experiences that will test your skills and knowledge.

Moving Forward with DISC Flow®

Keeping your results in mind Oliver, write down any actions or behaviours which you think you should:



K

KEEP DOING...



S

STOP DOING...



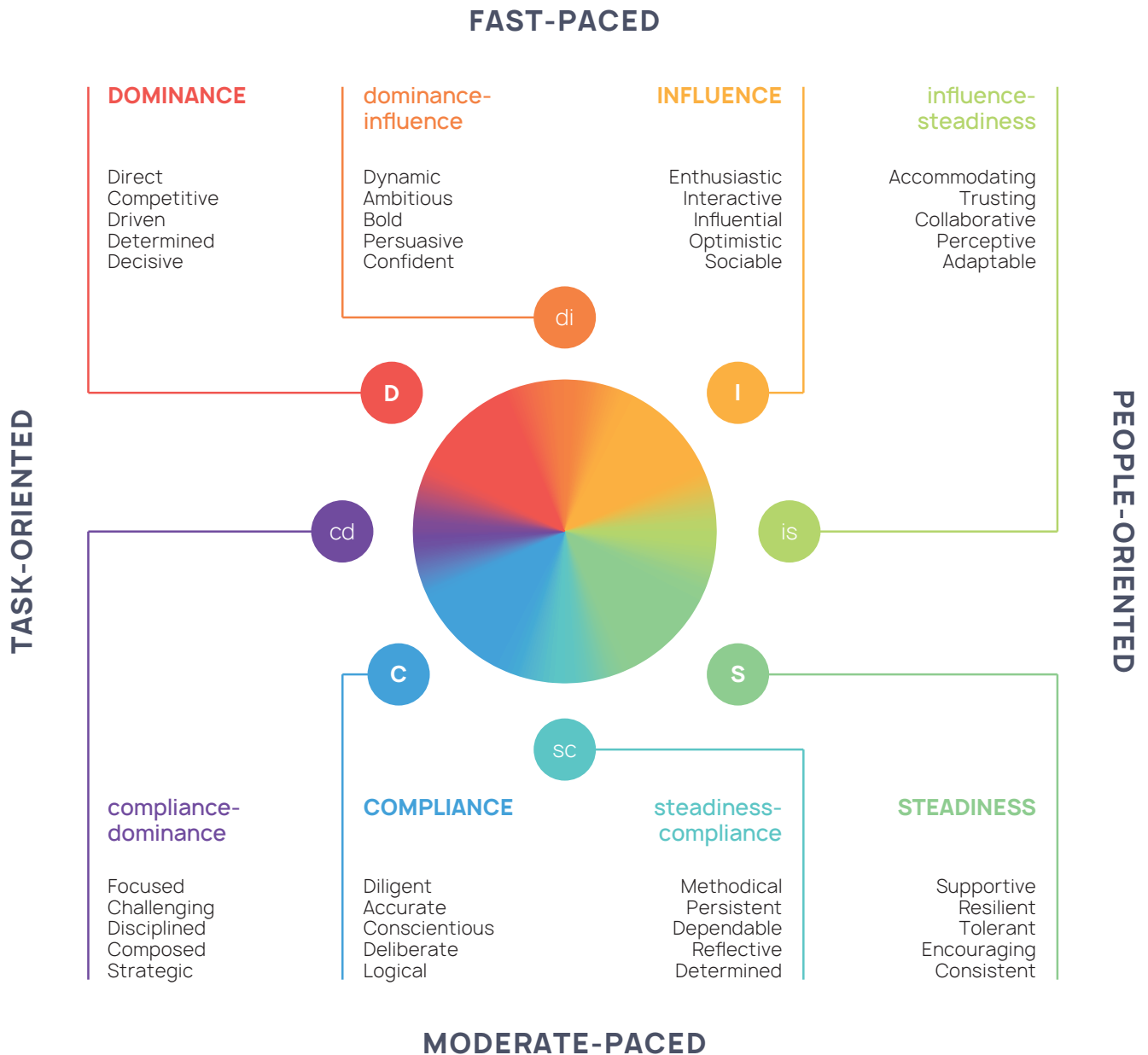
S

START DOING...

“Personal development is a major time-saver. The better you become, the less time it takes you to achieve your goals.”

Brian Tracy

Overview of the DISC Styles



In the DISC Flow® model, we dive deeper than the 4 basic styles to provide you with a more in-depth and insightful understanding of your behaviours. The Flow® model classifies personality into 8 behavioural types:



Dominance (D)

Individuals who sit within the Dominance (D) style are commonly perceived as being direct, determined and decisive self-starters. Given their independent nature, these team members generally prefer to take charge rather than follow someone else's instructions. They are highly driven when carrying out a task and have a preference for dynamic and challenging activities. They usually thrive when set an ambitious goal, preferring action over analysis when they need to complete an assignment. Also, these team members are naturally competitive, which can be attributed to a desire for recognition and authority. They are also highly assertive, especially when pushing for their ideas. Usually, they have a clear picture of how they will achieve their goals; they know what they want, and how to get it. They may appear to other people as overly forceful and might not show consideration toward alternative opinions, especially those that are not in-line with their plans. They can also be impulsive when undertaking a task. Usually, when they state their opinion or ask a question, they mean business.



Dominance/Influence (di)

Individuals who sit within the DI style display a blend of behavioural tendencies found in both the Dominance and Influence personality styles. Generally, they will appear agreeable, dynamic, adventurous and bold. These team members usually know what they want; they are determined and have a clear vision of how to achieve their goals in life. Although they are generally dependable, they have the occasional tendency to take uncalculated risks. This can mean they have too much optimism about their ability to accomplish something at the expense of practicality and following tried and tested methods.

DI's are willing to step out of their comfort zone to develop their potential and expand their areas of expertise. They are highly motivated by new adventures and appear high-spirited and full of life in their endeavours. Being so outgoing, they can find it challenging to settle. Also, these team members strive to maintain a balance between their personal and social life. Under pressure, they might come across as self-centred, impulsive, idealistic and unrealistically optimistic.



Influence (I)

Individuals who sit within the Influence (I) style are generally considered outgoing, energetic, sociable and enthusiastic. Usually, they are overflowing with optimism. They are vivacious and love to have fun at work. They are good at engaging with others and are confident communicators who are capable of inspiring and persuading those around them. As they are generally expressive, they appreciate it very much when people pay attention and listen to them. They are usually encouraged by praise, social recognition and acceptance to the point that they may fear isolation and rejection. As a result, they can be more concerned with popularity than delivering concrete results. While their enthusiasm enables them to face difficult challenges head-on, being unrealistically optimistic can make them impulsive when dealing with complex situations. Under pressure, they can become disorganised and may lose focus on more critical tasks. When properly controlled, their social and optimistic nature can be their defining asset. They have a sincere interest in the feelings of others, and many of their strengths lie in their ability to connect with people.



Influence/Steadiness (IS)

People who sit within the Influence-Steadiness (IS) style value social interactions and relationships above all else. They will appear trusting, cheerful and have a strong inclination to maintain good relations with others. They are usually good at supporting and encouraging their co-workers and will help ensure the involvement of everyone in a project.

Their preference for harmonious relationships may account for their highly perceptive nature towards the feelings and emotions of others. Having a cheerful and friendly disposition, they often bring positive energy and warmth to the people around them. They freely express their ideas and encourage others to open up and share what's on their mind. However, they can sometimes lose their objectivity by becoming too personally involved in a situation. Also, they may not be aware of other people's preferences when communicating and assume that everyone is as open to sharing as they are. They are likely to be most comfortable in a workplace that focuses on collaboration rather than competitiveness.



Steadiness (S)

Individuals who sit within the Steadiness (S) category are known for being calm, tolerant and easy-going. They are naturally warm people who look for similarly supportive, consistent and loyal traits in their relationships. They place great value on stability and security. As such, they are generally content with what they know and can be reluctant to change. They are reliable, dependable and compliant towards authority. They show loyalty to others and are excellent team players. They are supportive of others' ideas, even if it differs from their own. Any abrupt or unexpected changes in the workplace can be uncomfortable for them. However, if change is inevitable, they will try their best to adapt, although it might be a gradual process. They may find it difficult to say no to others and tend to conform to avoid conflicts.

Much of their strength lies in their people skills, and they are known for being sympathetic to others' perspectives, as well as having strong, active listening abilities.



Steadiness/Compliance (sc)

Individuals who sit within the Steadiness-Compliance (SC) style are generally known for their calm disposition and exceptional adherence to accuracy and consistency. They usually display an abundance of self-control and patience, whether dealing with people or completing a complex task. They exhibit a cautious nature which may account for their tendency to be meticulous over detail, thoroughly weighing up the options and maximising the time allocated to making decisions. They maintain their composure when faced with challenging tasks but may find it challenging to provide prompt responses, especially when it comes to abrupt or unfamiliar changes in a situation. They prefer carrying out tasks in a systematic manner and also adhere to the standards they set for themselves and others. They are the kind of person who does not stop working until a task is completed. Also, they may prefer to work behind the scenes or let others take control. They tend to be humble and sensitive towards others by nature.



Compliance (C)

Individuals who sit within the Compliance (C) category are considered to be the most analytical and reserved, in comparison to the other styles. They gravitate towards process, structure and rules. They are conscientious when dealing with tasks and are often perfectionists. Typically, they will spend a considerable amount of time analysing data before arriving at a decision. They are more task-oriented than people-oriented. Meticulous by nature, it's natural for them to strive for high-quality output in any task they undertake. They are logical and rely on facts; therefore, any opinion based on gut feel or emotions is questionable for them. They are likely to thrive in an environment that provides time to be alone and study. If they can avoid group work, they would likely do so, as this improves their productivity. They do have the propensity to set unrealistic expectations for themselves and other people and can be hard to please. They can also be overly critical, especially when under pressure. It would also help them hugely if they could improve their social skills.



Compliance/Dominance (cd)

Individuals whose personality blend sits within the CD style are self-motivated, efficient, and accurate. They are often described as critical thinkers, and logic appeals more to them than relationships. As such, they may come across as unemotional and are unlikely to discuss personal matters in the workplace. They are focused on the task at hand and can analyse data quickly. They are highly dependable, can envision a clear goal, and have a critical mind when evaluating information. They have clear goals in mind and are dedicated to working towards the accomplishment of their objectives. They can be blunt and assertive, and will not hesitate to correct others for the sake of accuracy and precision. When communicating with others, they tend to be brief and with the emphasis on work-related matters. On occasion, they can be overly opinionated and sceptical, and they may be highly critical of people who do not meet their expectations.

Quick Tips



DOMINANCE

Conversations should be direct and straightforward, using a confident and assertive tone.

Meetings should be brief, with a specific agenda, and only scheduled when necessary.

Emails should be brief, business-like and concise.

Feedback should be direct, actionable and focused on the most important points.

Conflicts should be addressed objectively and in a timely manner.



INFLUENCE

Conversations should project a casual tone and be full of expressive language.

Meetings should be carried out in a relaxed atmosphere and with a flexible agenda.

Emails should be friendly, casual and personal.

Feedback should be focused on the big picture and delivered with encouragement.

Conflicts should be addressed in a balanced, intentional way to avoid unnecessary or unproductive arguing.



STEADINESS

Conversations should be considerate, calm and with a warm tone.

Meetings should be carried out in a relaxed manner, with a prepared agenda.

Emails should be warm, sincere and expressive.

Feedback should be thoughtfully explained and delivered with empathy.

Conflicts should be handled with care considering this style's vulnerability & tendency to take things personally.



COMPLIANCE

Conversations should be carried out in a formal and business-like manner. Ask objective questions and provide rational answers.

Meetings should be officially scheduled with an organised and managed agenda.

Emails should be factual, comprehensive and well-defined.

Feedback should be precise, thorough and presented in a logical manner.

Conflicts should be viewed objectively to bring essential matters to the surface.



Dominance-Influence

Conversations should be direct, objective, optimistic and open.

Meetings can be spontaneous, but to the point, and with a flexible agenda.

Emails should be relatively concise and include only the most relevant information.

Feedback should be direct, specific and focused on the most important points.

Conflicts should be used to find better solutions.



Influence-Steadiness

Conversations should be considerate of how they are feeling and should contain plenty of emotional expressions.

Meetings should be carried out in a relaxed atmosphere.

Emails should be friendly, casual and personal.

Feedback should be carefully and thoroughly explained & delivered with encouragement.

Conflicts should be approached with patience & thorough contemplation to prevent further disagreements.



Steadiness-Compliance

Conversations should be deliberate, calm and with lots of questions to encourage them to open up.

Meetings should be officially scheduled with an organised agenda.

Emails should be factual and structured.

Feedback should be detailed and come with recommendations.

Conflicts should be handled with caution and must be used to solve pressing problems.



Compliance-Dominance

Conversations should be calm, straightforward and objective. Refrain from making unwarranted statements or claims.

Meetings should be carried out in moderation, officially scheduled and with an organised agenda.

Emails should be factual, comprehensive and business-like.

Feedback should be delivered objectively, logically and in a straightforward manner.

Conflicts should be handled in a reasonable, objective and polite manner.