

www.antibodiesinc.com orders@antibodiesinc.com 530-758-4400

Product Datasheet

Anti-Cav3.1 Ca2+ Channel Antibody FL490 Conjugate



Overview

Catalog #	75-206-FL490
Conjugate	FL490 Ex: 491 nm, Em: 515 nm
Isotype	lgG1
Clone Number	N178A/9
Size	200 μL
Concentration	0.5 mg/mL
Host Species	Mouse Monoclonal
Format	Purified by Protein A chromatography
Buffer	PBS with 0.09% azide
Applications	ICC, IHC
Species Reactivity	Human, Mouse, and Rat
Immunogen	Fusion protein amino acids 2052-2172 (cytoplasmic C-terminus) of mouse Cav3.1 (accession number Q9WUT2) produced recombinantly in E. Coli
Molecular Weight	>200 kDa
Cite this Antibody	Antibodies Inc Cat# 75-206-FL490, RRID: AB_2939764
Details	
Details Target Description	Voltage-dependent T-type calcium channel subunit alpha or Cav3.1 Ca2+ channel is encoded by the gene CACNA1G. Cav3.1 is a pore forming alpha subunit of T voltage-sensitive calcium channels and gives rise to T-type calcium currents. (transient opening calcium channels). These channels facilitate entry of calcium ions into excitable cells are involved in a variety of calcium dependent processes, including neurotransmitter release, muscle contraction, and gene expression. Cav3.1 is expressed in various tissues including heart and smooth muscle, kidney, bone, and brain as a membrane bound protein. Diseases associated with this gene include forms of Spinocerebellar Ataxia
	gene CACNA1G. Cav3.1 is a pore forming alpha subunit of T voltage-sensitive calcium channels and gives rise to T-type calcium currents. (transient opening calcium channels). These channels facilitate entry of calcium ions into excitable cells are involved in a variety of calcium dependent processes, including neurotransmitter release, muscle contraction, and gene expression. Cav3.1 is expressed in various tissues including heart and smooth muscle, kidney, bone, and brain as a membrane bound protein. Diseases associated with this gene include forms of Spinocerebellar
Target Description	gene CACNA1G. Cav3.1 is a pore forming alpha subunit of T voltage-sensitive calcium channels and gives rise to T-type calcium currents. (transient opening calcium channels). These channels facilitate entry of calcium ions into excitable cells are involved in a variety of calcium dependent processes, including neurotransmitter release, muscle contraction, and gene expression. Cav3.1 is expressed in various tissues including heart and smooth muscle, kidney, bone, and brain as a membrane bound protein. Diseases associated with this gene include forms of Spinocerebellar Ataxia

Storage

Aliquot and store at \leq -20°C for long term storage. For short term storage, store at 2-8°C. For maximum recovery of product, centrifuge the vial prior to removing the cap.

Our Guarantee

As an original manufacturer, we are dedicated to creating quality and reproducible antibodies that further your research. We provide personalized customer support from the scientists that made the antibody and offer a free replacement or 100% refund if we cannot resolve an issue. Order today and experience our 50+ year passion for science.

Note: For research use only. Not intended for therapeutic or diagnostic use. Use of all products is subject to our terms and conditions, viewable on our website.