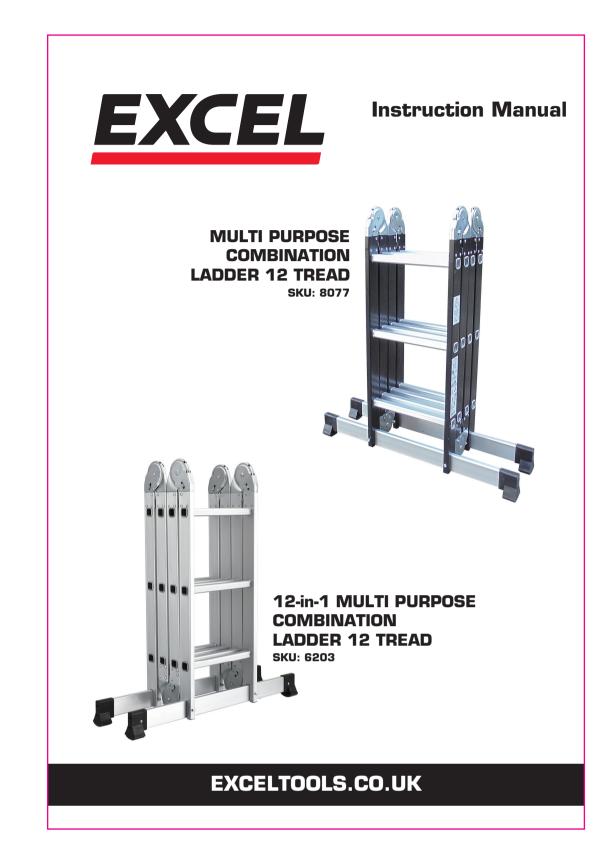
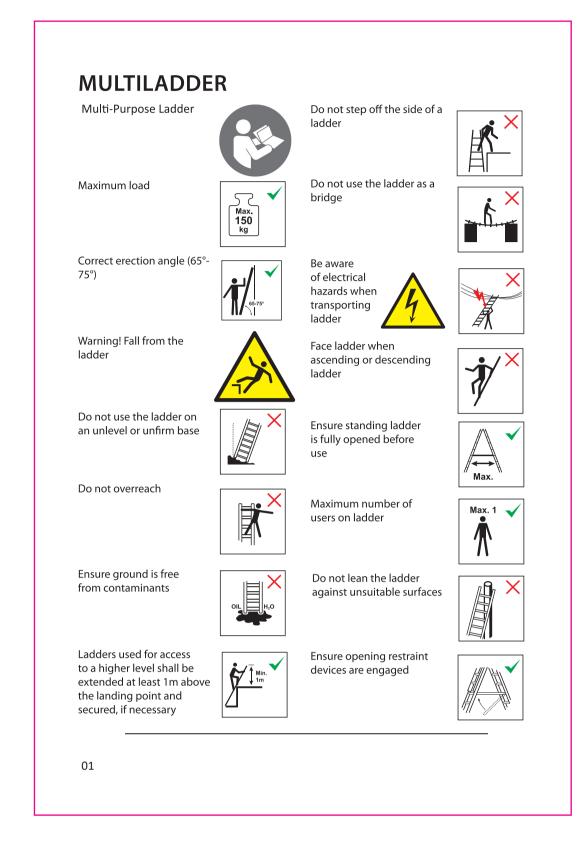
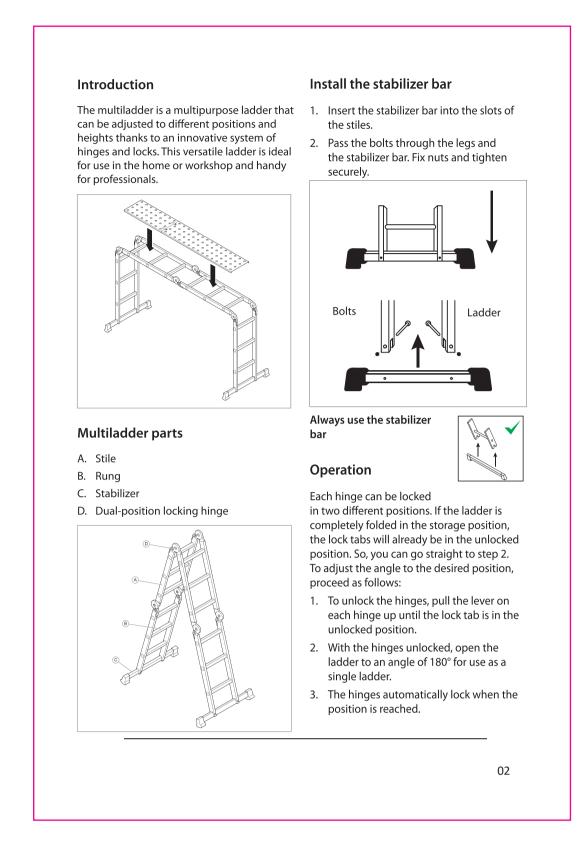
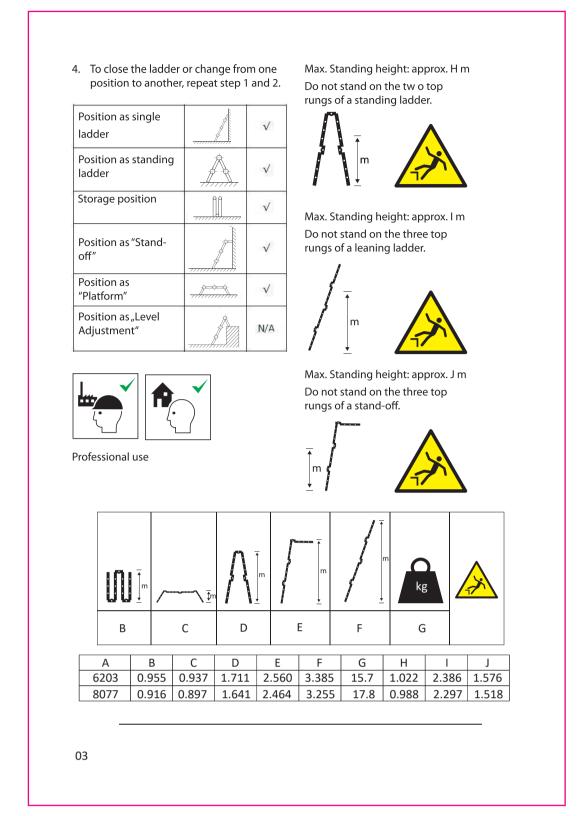
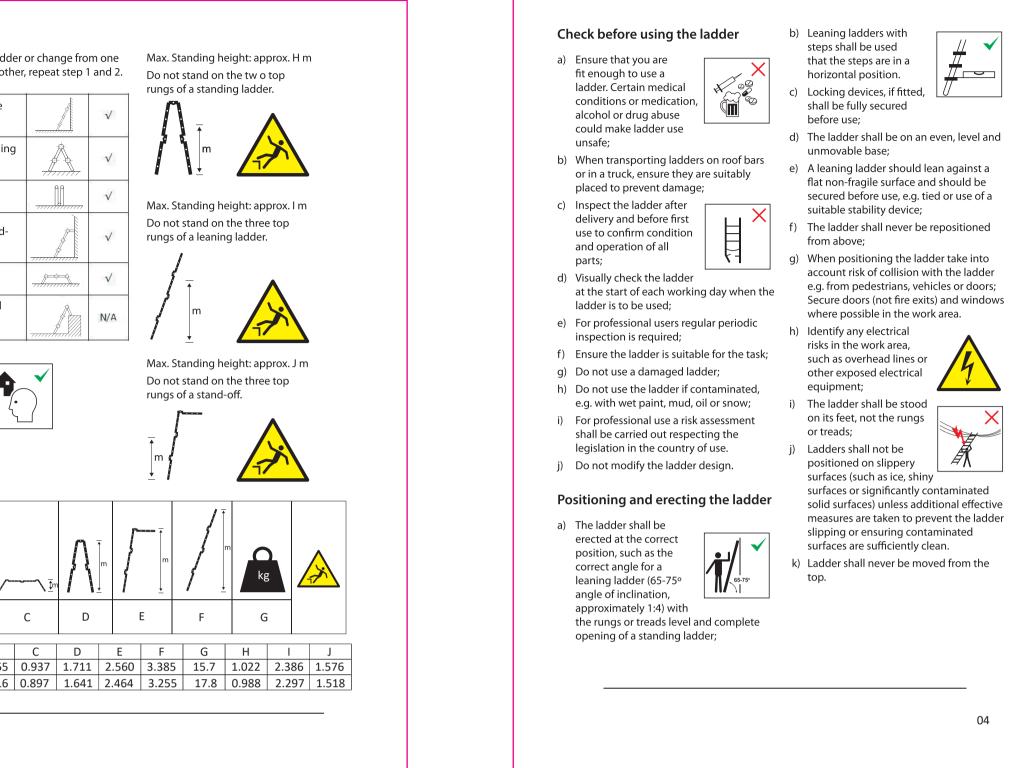
142x210mm

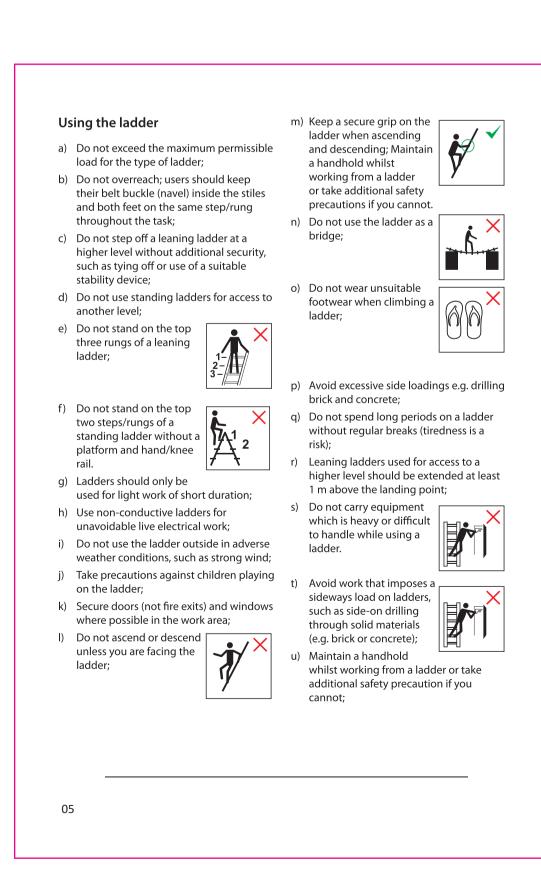


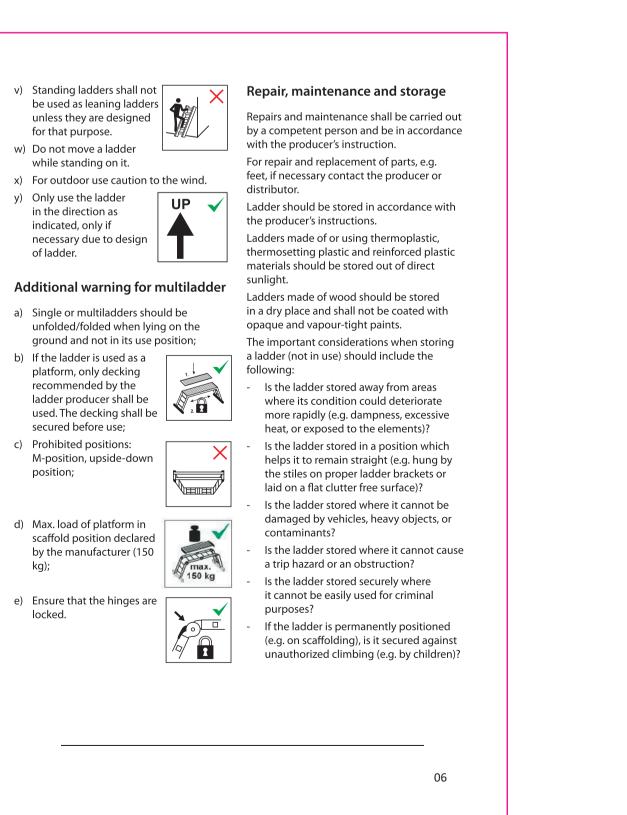












Maintenance and storing your Keep the ladder in a clean, dry place. · Hold the ladder firmly when carrying it. Never store materials on your ladder. Keep your ladder clean and free from any foreign matter. Clean the ladder after each use. Regularly check the parts and hinges of the ladder. Oil the hinges regularly, but do so carefully to ensure no oil drips on the rungs or side rails. For regular inspection, the following items shall be taken into account: Check that the stiles/legs (uprights) are not bent, bowed, twisted, dented, cracked, corroded or rotten; Check that the stiles/legs around the good condition; Check that fixings (usually rivets, screws or bolts) are not missing, loose, or Check that rungs/steps are not missing, loose, excessively worn, corroded or damaged; Check that the hinges between front and rear sections are not damaged, loose or Check that the locking stays horizontal, back rails and corner braces are not missing, bent, loose, corroded or damaged; Check that the rung hooks are not engage properly on the rungs; Check that guide brackets are not missing, damaged, loose or corroded and engage properly on the mating stile;

If any of the above checks cannot be fully satisfied, you should NOT use the ladder. For special ladder types, further items identified by the manufacturer shall be taken Reasons for accidents fixing points for other components are in

The following list of hazards and examples of their causes, which is not exhaustive, are common reasons for accidents encountered when using ladders and are the basis on which the information in this manual has a) Loss of stability: 1) Incorrect positioning of the ladder (such as incorrect angle for leaning ladder or not fully opening a standing ladder); 2) Slide outwards at the bottom (such as bottom of the ladder sliding away from 3) Side slip, falling sideways and top flip (such as overreaching or fragile top missing, damaged, loose or corroded and 4) Condition of the ladder (such as missing 5) Stepping off an unsecured ladder at

Check that rubber feet / end caps are

corroded or damaged;

damaged or corroded.

not missing, loose, excessively worn,

Check that the entire ladder is free from

Check that locking catches (if fitted) are

not damaged or corroded and function

Check that the platform (if fitted) has

no missing parts or fixings and is not

contaminants (e.g. dirt, mud, paint, oil or

6) Ground conditions (such as unstable soft Service centre ground, sloping ground, slippery surfaces Note: Please quote the product model or contaminated solid surfaces); number in connection with all inquiries. 7) Adverse weather conditions (such as The model number is shown on the front of windy conditions); this manual and on the product rating plate. 8) Collision with the ladder (such as vehicle or door); 9) Incorrect choice of ladder (such as too Complaints short, unsuitable task). Replacements parts b) From handling: Returns 1) Transferring the ladder to the work Guarantee issues www. exceltools.co.uk Erecting and dismantling the ladder; 3) Carrying items up the ladder. Manufactured in P.R.C c) Slip trip and fall of user: Inappropriate footwear; 2) Contaminated rungs or steps; 3) Unsafe user practices (such as climbing 2 rungs at a time, sliding down stiles). d) Structural failure of ladder: 1) Condition of the ladder (such as damaged stiles); 2) Overloading the ladder. e) Electrical hazards: 1) Unavoidable live working (e. g. fault finding); 2) Positioning ladders too close to live electrical equipment (such as overhead power lines); 3) Ladders damaging electrical equipment (such as covers or protective insulation); 4) Incorrect selection of type of ladder for electrical work.