

# W.H.K.

## Safety Data Sheet

### SECTION 1: Product and company identification

Product name : W.H.K.  
Use of the substance/mixture : Insecticide  
Product code : 8401  
Company : Metropolitan Compounds  
3343 N University Drive  
Hollywood, FL 33024 - USA  
T (855) 474-6781  
Emergency number : Chemtec: (800) 424-9300

### SECTION 2: Hazards identification

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

##### Classification (GHS-US)

Flam. Aerosol 1 H222  
Asp. Tox. 1 H304  
Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

#### 2.2. Label elements

##### GHS-US labeling

Hazard pictograms (GHS-US) :



Signal word (GHS-US) : Danger  
Hazard statements (GHS-US) : Extremely flammable aerosol  
May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways  
Precautionary statements (GHS-US) : Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, open flames, sparks. - No smoking  
Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source  
Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use  
If swallowed: Immediately call a doctor, a POISON CENTER  
Do NOT induce vomiting  
Store locked up  
Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F  
Dispose of contents/container to comply with local/regional/national/international regulations

#### 2.3. Other hazards

No additional information available

#### 2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US)

Not applicable

### SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

#### 3.1. Substance

Not applicable  
Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

#### 3.2. Mixture

Name	Product identifier	%	Classification (GHS-US)
hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics	(CAS No) 64742-47-8	80 - 90	Flam. Liq. 4, H227 Asp. Tox. 1, H304
CARBON DIOXIDE	(CAS No) 124-38-9	2.5 - 10	Compressed gas, H280
2-propanol	(CAS No) 67-63-0	2.5 - 10	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2A, H319 STOT SE 3, H336
d-Phenothrin	(CAS No) 26002-80-2	0.1 - 1	Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 Acute Tox. 4 (Dermal), H312 Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation), H332 STOT SE 3, H335
TETRAMETHRIN	(CAS No) 7696-12-0	0.1 - 1	Not classified

**SECTION 4: First aid measures****4.1. Description of first aid measures**

- First-aid measures general : Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves.
- First-aid measures after inhalation : Remove the victim into fresh air. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice.
- First-aid measures after skin contact : Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
- First-aid measures after eye contact : Rinse with water. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
- First-aid measures after ingestion : Immediately call a poison center or doctor/physician. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs have person lean forward.

**4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed**

- Symptoms/injuries : May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
- Symptoms/injuries after inhalation : May be harmful if inhaled.
- Symptoms/injuries after skin contact : No effects known.
- Symptoms/injuries after eye contact : Direct contact with the eyes is likely irritating.
- Symptoms/injuries after ingestion : Swallowing the liquid may cause aspiration into the lungs with the risk of chemical pneumonitis.

**4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed**

Treat symptomatically. Keep watching the victim. Symptoms may be delayed.

**SECTION 5: Firefighting measures****5.1. Extinguishing media**

- Suitable extinguishing media : Alcohol-resistant foam. Water fog. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media : Do not use a water jet since it may cause the fire to spread.

**5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture**

- Fire hazard : Extremely flammable aerosol. May liberate toxic gases.
- Reactivity : The product is non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

**5.3. Advice for firefighters**

- Firefighting instructions : Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire. Move containers away from the fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. For massive fire in cargo area, use unmanned hose holder or monitor nozzles, if possible. If not, withdraw and let fire burn out.
- Protection during firefighting : Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.

**SECTION 6: Accidental release measures****6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

- General measures : Stay upwind/keep distance from source. Evacuate unnecessary personnel. Vapors may travel long distances along ground before igniting/flashing back to vapor source.

**6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel**

- Protective equipment : Do not enter without an appropriate protective equipment. Advise local authorities if considered necessary. DO NOT touch spilled material. Ventilate the area thoroughly, especially low lying areas (basements, work pits etc.).
- Emergency procedures : Do not breathe gas. Evacuate unnecessary personnel. Keep upwind. Ventilate spillage area.

**6.1.2. For emergency responders**

- Protective equipment : Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.
- Emergency procedures : Stop leak if safe to do so. Stop release. Ventilate area.

**6.2. Environmental precautions**

Avoid release to the environment. Advise local authorities if considered necessary. Stop leak if safe to do so. Do not contaminate water with the product or its container. Prevent entry to sewers and public waters. Do not allow to enter drains or water courses.

**6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up**

- For containment : Eliminate every possible source of ignition. Prevent the product from entering drains or confined areas. Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. Form with air vapors (heavier than air) who stay on the floor. Stop leak if safe to do so. Stop the leak. Turn leaking containers leak-side up to prevent the escape of liquid. Isolate area until gas has dispersed. Collect spillage.
- Methods for cleaning up : Carefully collect the spill/leftovers. Clean thoroughly.

**6.4. Reference to other sections**

No additional information available

### SECTION 7: Handling and storage

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

- Additional hazards when processed : Do not use if spray button is missing or defective. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame.
- Precautions for safe handling : Avoid prolonged and repeated contact with skin. Do not breathe gas/vapor/aerosol. Do not cut, weld, solder, drill, grind, or expose containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. . Do not spray on a naked flame or any incandescent material. Do not smoke while handling product. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Do not re-use empty containers. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Observe normal hygiene standards. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eat, drink or smoke and when leaving work. Do not discharge the waste into the drain. Handling this product may result in electrostatic accumulation. Use proper grounding procedures. Prevent the build-up of electrostatic charge. Use personal protective equipment as required.
- Hygiene measures : Wash thoroughly after handling. Use good personal hygiene practices.

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

- Technical measures : Pressurized container. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Take precautionary measures against static discharge.
- Storage conditions : Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Keep cool. Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/ 122 °F. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up.
- Incompatible products : Strong oxidizing agents. fluorine. Chlorine. Nitrates.
- Storage area : Aerosol 3.
- Special rules on packaging : meet the legal requirements.

### SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

#### 8.1. Control parameters

CARBON DIOXIDE (124-38-9)		
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	5000 ppm
ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	30000 ppm
ACGIH	Remark (ACGIH)	Asphyxia
2-propanol (67-63-0)		
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	200 ppm
ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	400 ppm
ACGIH	Remark (ACGIH)	Eye & URT irr; CNS impair

#### 8.2. Exposure controls

- Appropriate engineering controls : Ensure good ventilation of the work station. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. . Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. . Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure.
- Hand protection : Gloves.
- Eye protection : Chemical goggles or safety glasses. In case of splash hazard: face shield.
- Skin and body protection : Wear suitable protective clothing or Rubber apron.
- Respiratory protection : If permissible levels are exceeded use NIOSH mechanical filter / organic vapor cartridge or an air-supplied respirator.
- Thermal hazard protection : Use appropriate personal protective equipment when risk assessment indicates this is necessary.
- Consumer exposure controls : When using do not smoke. Use good personal hygiene practices. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eat, drink or smoke and when leaving work. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

### SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

#### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

- Physical state : Liquid
- Appearance : Aerosol. Colorless liquid.
- Odor : solvent odor
- Odor threshold : No data available
- pH : No data available

Melting point	: No data available
Freezing point	: No data available
Boiling point	: 438.64 °F Estimated
Flash point	: 229 °F Estimated
Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1)	: No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	: No data available
Explosion limits	: No data available
Explosive properties	: No data available
Oxidizing properties	: No data available
Vapor pressure	: No data available
Relative density	: No data available
Relative vapor density at 20 °C	: No data available
Specific gravity / density	: 0.826 g/cm <sup>3</sup> Estimated
Solubility	: No data available
Log Pow	: No data available
Log Kow	: No data available
Auto-ignition temperature	: 216.11 °C Estimated
Decomposition temperature	: No data available
Viscosity	: < 20 cSt
Viscosity, kinematic	: No data available
Viscosity, dynamic	: No data available
VOC content	: < 9 % Estimated

### SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

#### 10.1. Reactivity

The product is non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

#### 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

#### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

#### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Aerosol containers are unstable at temperatures above 49°C. Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point. . No flames, No sparks. Eliminate all sources of ignition.

#### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents. Chlorine. acids. Isocyanates.

#### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

### SECTION 11: Toxicological information

#### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity : Not classified

<b>hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, &lt; 2% aromatics (64742-47-8)</b>	
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 5000 mg/kg body weight (Rabbit; Literature)
<b>2-propanol (67-63-0)</b>	
LD50 oral rat	5045 mg/kg (Rat; OECD 401: Acute Oral Toxicity; Experimental value; 5840 mg/kg bodyweight; Rat)
LD50 dermal rabbit	12870 mg/kg (Rabbit; Experimental value; Equivalent or similar to OECD 402; 16.4; Rabbit)
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	73 mg/l/4h (Rat)
ATE CLP (oral)	5045.000 mg/kg body weight
ATE CLP (dermal)	12870.000 mg/kg body weight
ATE CLP (vapors)	73.000 mg/l/4h
ATE CLP (dust, mist)	73.000 mg/l/4h

Skin corrosion/irritation : Not classified

Serious eye damage/irritation : Not classified.

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Respiratory or skin sensitization	: Not classified
Germ cell mutagenicity	: Not classified
Carcinogenicity	: Not classified

<b>2-propanol (67-63-0)</b>	
IARC group	3 - Not Classifiable
Reproductive toxicity	: Not classified
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)	: Not classified
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)	: Not classified
Aspiration hazard	: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Symptoms/injuries after inhalation	: May be harmful if inhaled.
Symptoms/injuries after skin contact	: No effects known.
Symptoms/injuries after eye contact	: Direct contact with the eyes is likely irritating.
Symptoms/injuries after ingestion	: Swallowing the liquid may cause aspiration into the lungs with the risk of chemical pneumonitis.

### SECTION 12: Ecological information

#### 12.1. Toxicity

hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics (64742-47-8)	
LC50 fish 1	> 100 mg/l (Pisces)
EC50 Daphnia 1	> 100 mg/l (Invertebrata)
Threshold limit algae 1	> 100 mg/l (Algae)
2-propanol (67-63-0)	
LC50 fish 1	4200 mg/l (96 h; Rasbora heteromorpha; Flow-through system)
EC50 Daphnia 1	> 10000 mg/l (48 h; Daphnia magna)
LC50 fish 2	9640 mg/l (96 h; Pimephales promelas; Lethal)
EC50 Daphnia 2	13299 mg/l (48 h; Daphnia magna)
Threshold limit algae 1	> 1000 mg/l (72 h; Scenedesmus subspicatus; Growth rate)
Threshold limit algae 2	1800 mg/l (72 h; Algae; Cell numbers)

#### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics (64742-47-8)	
Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable in water. Adsorbs into the soil.
2-propanol (67-63-0)	
Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable in water. Biodegradable in the soil. Biodegradable in the soil under anaerobic conditions. No (test)data on mobility of the substance available.
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	1.19 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	2.23 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance
ThOD	2.40 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance
BOD (% of ThOD)	0.49 % ThOD

#### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics (64742-47-8)	
Log Pow	6 - 8.2
Bioaccumulative potential	High potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow > 5).
2-propanol (67-63-0)	
Log Pow	0.05 (Experimental value)
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4).

### SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste treatment methods	: Contents under pressure. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Do not allow into drains or water courses or dispose of where ground or surface waters may be affected. This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste.
Waste disposal recommendations	: Dispose of contents/container to comply with local/regional/national regulations. Do not discharge into the sewer.

Additional information : Do not re-use empty containers. Handle unclean empty containers as full ones.

### SECTION 14: Transport information

#### Department of Transportation (DOT)

Transport document description : UN1950 Aerosols (flammable, (each not exceeding 1 L capacity)), 2.1  
UN-No.(DOT) : UN1950  
Proper Shipping Name (DOT) : Aerosols  
flammable, (each not exceeding 1 L capacity)  
Transport hazard class(es) (DOT) : 2.1 - Class 2.1 - Flammable gas 49 CFR 173.115  
Hazard labels (DOT) : 2.1 - Flammable gas



DOT Packaging Non Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx) : None  
DOT Packaging Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx) : None  
DOT Special Provisions (49 CFR 172.102) : N82  
DOT Packaging Exceptions (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 306  
DOT Quantity Limitations Passenger aircraft/rail (49 CFR 173.27) : 75 kg  
DOT Quantity Limitations Cargo aircraft only (49 CFR 175.75) : 150 kg  
DOT Vessel Stowage Location : A  
DOT Vessel Stowage Other : 25 - Shade from radiant heat, 87 - Stow "separated from" Class 1 (explosives) except Division 14, 126 - Segregation same as for Class 9, miscellaneous hazardous materials

#### Additional information

Other information : This product may be eligible to be shipped as a Limited Quantity or Consumer Commodity ORM-D utilizing the exception found at 49 CFR 173.306.

#### ADR

No additional information available

#### Transport by sea

UN-No. (IMDG) : UN1950  
Proper Shipping Name (IMDG) : Aerosols  
Class (IMDG) : 2.1 - Flammable gases

#### Air transport

UN-No.(IATA) : UN1950  
Proper Shipping Name (IATA) : Aerosols, Flammable  
Class (IATA) : 2.1 - Gases : Flammable

### SECTION 15: Regulatory information

All components of this product are listed, or excluded from listing, on the United States Environmental Protection Agency Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) inventory.

Chemical(s) subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 or Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) of 1986 and 40 CFR Part 372.

2-propanol	CAS No 67-63-0	2.5 - 10
d-Phenothrin	CAS No 26002-80-2	0.1 - 1
TETRAMETHRIN	CAS No 7696-12-0	0.1 - 1

2-propanol (67-63-0)
Listed on SARA Section 313 (Specific toxic chemical listings)
d-Phenothrin (26002-80-2)
Listed on SARA Section 313 (Specific toxic chemical listings)

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TETRAMETHRIN (7696-12-0)	
Listed on SARA Section 313 (Specific toxic chemical listings)	

This chemical is a pesticide product registered by the Environmental Protection Agency and is subject to certain labeling requirements under federal pesticide law. These requirements differ from the classification criteria and hazard information required for safety data sheets and for work place labels of non-pesticide chemicals. Following is the hazard information as required on the pesticide label:

Caution: Harmful if absorbed through skin. Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, or using tobacco. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Avoid contamination of food and feedstuffs.

California Proposition 65 - This product does not contain substances known to the state of California to cause cancer and/or reproductive toxicity.

### SECTION 16: Other information

Training advice : Normal use of this product shall imply use in accordance with the instructions on the packaging.

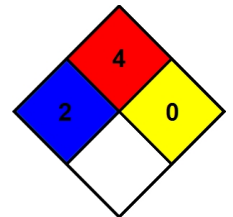
Full text of H-phrases:

Acute Tox. 4 (Dermal)	Acute toxicity (dermal) Category 4
Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation)	Acute toxicity (inhalation) Category 4
Acute Tox. 4 (Oral)	Acute toxicity (oral) Category 4
Asp. Tox. 1	Aspiration hazard Category 1
Compressed gas	Gases under pressure Compressed gas
Eye Irrit. 2A	Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2A
Flam. Aerosol 1	Flammable aerosol Category 1
Flam. Liq. 2	Flammable liquids Category 2
Flam. Liq. 4	Flammable liquids Category 4
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 3
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 3
H222	Extremely flammable aerosol
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapor
H227	Combustible liquid
H280	Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated
H302	Harmful if swallowed
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
H312	Harmful in contact with skin
H319	Causes serious eye irritation
H332	Harmful if inhaled
H335	May cause respiratory irritation
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness

NFPA health hazard : 2 - Intense or continued exposure could cause temporary incapacitation or possible residual injury unless prompt medical attention is given.

NFPA fire hazard : 4 - Will rapidly or completely vaporize at normal pressure and temperature, or is readily dispersed in air and will burn readily.

NFPA reactivity : 0 - Normally stable, even under fire exposure conditions, and are not reactive with water.



Prepared by: Technical Department

*This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product. No warranty is expressed or implied regarding the accuracy of this data or the results obtained from the use thereof. Our company assumes no responsibility for personal injury or property damage to the vendee, users or third parties caused by the material. Such vendees or users assume all risks associated with the use of this material.*