





## **Best Practice Advice**

**GUIDELINE PARAMETERS ONLY** - Actual parameters may vary depending on operating conditions

	Centre punch or pilot drill the surface for accurate hole start	6	Hardened or heat-affected materials may require higher torque, reduced RPM and feed rates and extra coolant
2	Follow guidelines to set correct RPM speed. Incorrect RPM can lead to poor life or tool breakage	7	When using a Magnet Drill regularly check that the slides, handles, arbors and movable parts have not vibrated loose over time.
3	Apply firm, steady feed pressure throughout the cut, applying the feed very slowly and cautiously during the start of the cut	8	Ensure a debris free surface of sufficient steel thickness for strong magnet hold when Magnet Drilling.
90°	Avoid lateral movement or tilting which can cause damage to the tool	9	For drilling holes in steel thicker than 1" it is recommended to ventilate the hole frequently to clear the swarf.
5	Ensure regular application of quality cooling lubricant, especially when drilling thick or hardened materials.	10	For thicker materials, predrill 1/4" pilot drill first and use then sprung pilot drill or pilot pin as a guide.

## Quick Guide

CONTON CHANGE		
1	Optimum life and performance when used with rotary pistol drills	
2	Good results from SDS Drills when used in Rotary-Only mode	
3	For best results pre-drill the pilot hole	
4	Use appropriate lubrication and correct RPM to achieve long tool life	