



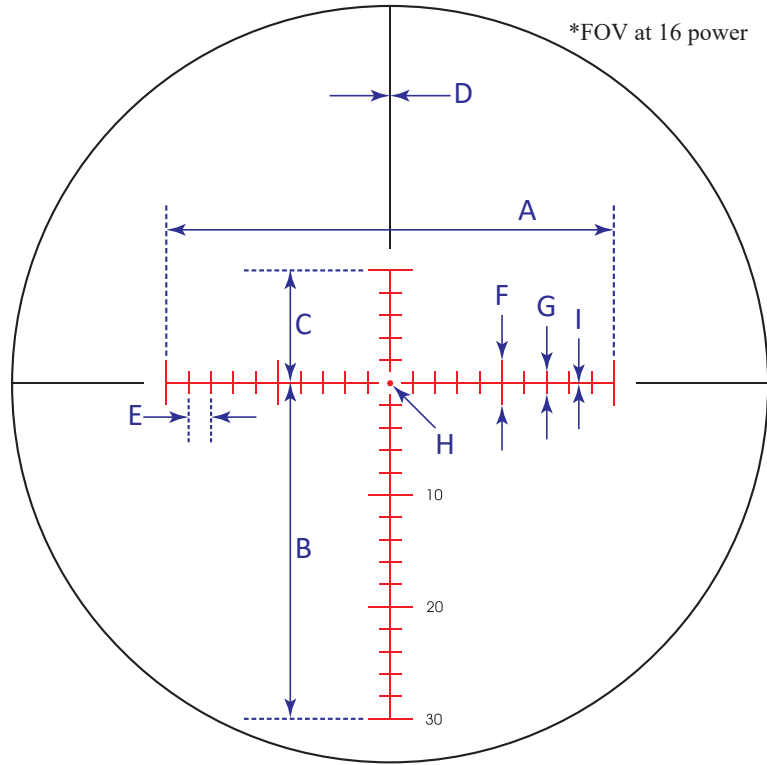
Using your S-TAC4-20X50FFPZSIRMOA-3 Reticle

One MOA (Minute of Angle) is equal to 1.047 inches at 100 yards.

MOA based reticles allow you to range targets to determine distance.

To determine the range of your target simply divide the size of the target in inches divided by the MOA on the reticle x 95.5

Example:
$$\frac{\text{Target Size in Inches} = 5 \text{ Inches}}{\text{Target Size in MOA} = 2 \text{ MOA}} \times 95.5 \text{ yards} = \frac{5 \text{ Inches}}{2 \text{ MOA}} \times 95.5 \text{ yards} = 238 \text{ yards}$$



*FOV at 16 power

**Illuminated
MOA-3 Reticle**

About First Focal Plane Reticles

In First Focal Plane scopes the Reticle Subtension remains the same throughout all magnifications.

First Focal Plane reticles change in size to maintain a constant subtension to the field of view.

First Focal Plane reticles can be used for ballistic holdover by matching the bullet drop of the load being used by the subtension on the reticle.

Resetting your Tactical Knobs to Zero / Resetting your Zero Stop
See on reverse side.

Data Valid for S-TAC4-20X50FFPZSIRMOA-3 Only

All values in MOA at 100 yards.

Dimension A	Left to Right Windage bars in MOA
Dimension B	MOA below center line
Dimension C	MOA above center line
Dimension D	Diameter of MOA bars
Dimension E	MOA distance of one spacing
Dimension F	Height and width of 10 MOA bars Windage and Elevation
Dimension G	Height and width of 2 MOA bars Windage and Elevation
Dimension H	Center Dot diameter in MOA
Dimension I	Diameter of W/E centerline in MOA

All Magnification

40
30
10
0.1
2
4
2
0.25
0.1