

1. IDENTIFICATION

Product Name Mineral Turpentine

Other Names Turpentine substitute; White Spirit

UsesIndustrial solvent.Chemical FamilyNo Data AvailableChemical FormulaUnspecifiedChemical NameMineral TurpentineProduct DescriptionNo Data Available

Contact Details of the Supplier of this Safety Data Sheet

Organisation Location Telephone

Aurora Cleaning Supplies F1 / 5 Bungaleen Court 03 9768 2669

Dandenong South VIC 3175

Emergency Contact Details

Organisation

For emergencies only; DO NOT contact these companies for general product advice.

Location

 Chemcall
 Australia
 1800-127406 +64-4-9179888

 Chemcall
 Malaysia
 +64-4-9179888

 Chemcall
 New Zealand
 0800-243622

+64-4-9179888
National Poisons Centre New Zealand +64-4-9179888

CHEMTREC USA & Canada 1-800-424-9300 CN723420

+1-703-527-3887

Telephone

2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

Poisons Schedule (Aust) Schedule 5

Globally Harmonised System

Hazard Classification Hazardous according to the criteria of the Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of

Chemicals (GHS)

Hazard Categories Flammable Liquids - Category 3

Skin Corrosion/Irritation - Category 2

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure) - Category 3

Aspiration Hazard - Category 1

Long-term Hazard To The Aquatic Environment - Category 2

Pictograms









Signal Word Danger

Hazard Statements H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary Statements Prevention P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. No smoking.

P261 Avoid breathing mist/vapours/spray.

P235 Keep cool.

P240 Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.

P241 Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting and all other equipment.

P242 Use non-sparking tools.

P243 Take action to prevent static discharges.P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Response P370 + P378 In case of fire: Use carbon dioxide (CO2), dry chemical or foam for extinction.

P301 + P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.

P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water/...

P312 Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.

P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin

with water [or shower].

P332 + P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Storage P403 + P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P405 Store locked up.

Disposal P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local / regional / national /

international regulations.

National Transport Commission (Australia)

Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

Dangerous Goods Classification Dangerous Goods according to the criteria of the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods

by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

Environmental Protection Authority (New Zealand)

Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Amendment Act 2015

HSNO Classifications Physical 3.1C Flammable liquid - medium hazard

Hazards

Health 6.1E Substances that are acutely toxic -May be harmful, Aspiration hazard

Hazards

6.3A Substances that are irritating to the skin

6.9B Substances that are harmful to human target organs or systems

Substances that are ecotoxic in the aquatic environment

Environmental 9.1B

Hazards

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Ingredients

Chemical Entity	Formula	CAS Number	Proportion
Naphtha, petroleum, hydrodesulfurized heavy	Unspecified	64742-82-1	65 - 70 %
Solvent naphtha, petroleum, light aromatic	Unspecified	64742-95-6	30 - 35 %
Contains: Benzene, 1,2,4-trimethyl-	C9H12	95-63-6	- %
Contains: Benzene, 1,3,5-trimethyl-	C9H12	108-67-8	- %
Contains: Xylene, mixed isomers	C8H10	1330-20-7	- %

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of necessary measures according to routes of exposure

Swallowed IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth, then give a glass of water to drink. Do NOT induce vomiting. Immediately call a

Poison Centre or doctor/physician for advice. If vomiting occurs, lean patient forward or place on left side (headdown position, if possible) to maintain an open airway and prevent aspiration. Never give anything by mouth to an

unconscious person.

IF IN EYES: Immediately flush eyes with running water for several minutes, holding eyelids open and occasionally Eve

lifting he upper and lower lids. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing for at least 15

minutes. If eye irritation persists, get medical advice/attention.

Skin IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove and isolate contaminated clothing and shoes. Immediately flush skin and hair with

running water for at least 15 minutes. If skin irritation occurs, get medical advice/attention. In case of gross contamination, drench contaminated clothing and skin with plenty of water before removing clothes. For skin burns,

cover with a clean, dry dressing until medical help is available. If blistering occurs, do NOT break blisters.

Inhaled IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a Poison Centre

or doctor/physician for advice. Give artificial respiration if victim is not breathing. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method

if victim ingested or inhaled the substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a

one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Administer oxygen if breathing is difficult. **Advice to Doctor**

Treat symptomatically. Keep victim calm and warm. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s)

involved and take precautions to protect themselves.

Medical Conditions Aggravated

by Exposure

No information available.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

General Measures If safe to do so, move undamaged containers from fire area. Cool container with water spray until well after fire is out.

Avoid getting water inside containers.

Flammability Conditions HIGHLY FLAMMABLE LIQUID: Low flashpoint - Will be easily ignited by heat, sparks or flames at ambient

temperatures.

Extinguishing Media

Use dry chemical, Carbon dioxide (CO2), foam or water spray for extinction - Do not use water jets.

*Caution: Use of water spray when fighting fire may be inefficient.

Fire and Explosion Hazard Risk of violent reaction or explosion! Vapours will form explosive mixtures with air. Vapours will travel to source of

ignition and flash back. Many vapours are heavier than air and will collect in low or confined areas. Vapours from runoff may create an explosion hazard. Heating can cause expansion or decomposition leading to violent rupture of

containers.

Hazardous Products of

Combustion

Fire may produce irritating and/or toxic gases, including oxides of Carbon and Nitrogen, smoke and other toxic

fumes

Special Fire Fighting

Instructions

Contain runoff from fire control or dilution water - Runoff may pollute waterways; Vapours from runoff may create an

explosion hazard.

Personal Protective Equipment Wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Structural firefighters protective clothing will

provide thermal protection but provides only limited chemical protection.

Flash Point 38 °C [Abel Closed Cup]

Auto Ignition Temperature No Data Available

Hazchem Code 3Y

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

General Response Procedure Ensure adequate ventilation - Ventilate enclosed spaces before entering. ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking,

flares, sparks or flame); All equipment used in handling the product must be earthed. Do not touch or walk through spilled material - Slippery when spilt. Avoid accidents, clean up immediately! Avoid breathing vapours and contact

with eyes, skin and clothing.

Clean Up Procedures Absorb spill with earth, sand or other non-combustible material. Use clean, non-sparking tools to collect material and

place it in suitable containers for later disposal (see SECTION 13).

Containment Stop leak if safe to do so – Prevent entry into waterways, drains or confined areas.

Decontamination No information available.

Environmental Precautionary

Measures

Spillages and decontamination runoff should be prevented from entering drains and watercourses. contamination of

crops, sewers or waterways has occurred advise local emergency services.

Evacuation Criteria Spill or leak area should be isolated immediately. Keep unauthorised personnel away. Keep upwind and to higher

ground

Personal Precautionary

Measures

Wear protective equipment to prevent skin and eye contamination and the inhalation of vapours (see SECTION 8).

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling Safety showers and eyewash facilities should be provided within the immediate work area for emergency use. Ensure

adequate ventilation - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Avoid breathing mist/vapours/aerosols and contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Do not ingest. Wear protective gloves/eye protection/face protection (see SECTION 8). Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources - No smoking. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures

against static discharge.

Storage Storage Store in a cool, dry and well-ventilated place, out of direct sunlight. Keep container standing upright and tightly

closed when not in use - Check regularly for leaks. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources - No smoking. Keep away from food/feedstuffs and incompatible materials (see SECTION 10).

Store locked up.

Container Keep in the original container.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

General For Mineral Turpentine:

- Safe Work Australia Exposure Standard: TWA = 480 mg/m3.

Exposure Limits No Data Available

Biological Limits No information available.

Engineering Measures A system of local and/or general exhaust is recommended to keep employee exposures as low as possible. Local

exhaust ventilation is generally preferred because it can control the emissions of the contaminant at its source, preventing dispersion of it into the general work area. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment.

Personal Protection Equipment

- Respiratory protection: In case of inadequate ventilation or if an inhalation risk exists, wear respiratory protection. Recommended: organic vapour/particulate respirator meeting the requirements of AS/NZS 1715 and AS/NZS 1716.

- Eye/face protection: Wear appropriate eye protection to avoid eye contact. Recommended: Safety glasses.

- Hand protection: Wear protective gloves. No recommendation.

- Skin/body protection: Wear appropriate personal protective clothing to avoid skin contact. Recommended:

Overalls, safety shoes.

Special Hazards Precaustions No information available.

Work Hygienic Practices Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Always wash hands before smoking, eating, drinking or using

the toilet. Wash contaminated clothing and other protective equipment before storing or re-using.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical StateLiquidAppearanceLiquidOdourHydrocarbonColourClear

pH No Data AvailableVapour Pressure No Data Available

Relative Vapour Density4.3 Air = 1Boiling Point150 - 193 °CMelting PointNo Data AvailableFreezing PointNo Data AvailableSolubilityInsoluble in waterSpecific GravityNo Data Available

Auto Ignition Temp

Flash Point 38 °C [Abel Closed Cup]

No Data Available

Evaporation Rate No Data Available **Bulk Density** No Data Available **Corrosion Rate** No Data Available **Decomposition Temperature** No Data Available **Density** 810 kg/m3 (typical) **Specific Heat** No Data Available **Molecular Weight** No Data Available **Net Propellant Weight** No Data Available **Octanol Water Coefficient** No Data Available Particle Size No Data Available **Partition Coefficient** No Data Available Saturated Vapour Concentration No Data Available **Vapour Temperature** No Data Available Viscosity No Data Available **Volatile Percent** No Data Available **VOC Volume** No Data Available **Additional Characteristics** No information available.

Potential for Dust Explosion Not applicable.

Fast or Intensely Burning

Characteristics

Risk of violent reaction or explosion!

Flame Propagation or Burning

Rate of Solid Materials

No information available.

Non-Flammables That Could Contribute Unusual Hazards to a Fire

No information available.

Properties That May Initiate or Contribute to Fire Intensity

HIGHLY FLAMMABLE LIQUID: Low flashpoint - Will be easily ignited by heat, sparks or flames at ambient

Reactions That Release Gases or Vapours

Fire or heat may produce irritating and/or toxic gases, including oxides of Carbon and Nitrogen, smoke and other

toxic fumes

Release of Invisible Flammable Vapours and Gases

Vapours will form explosive mixtures with air

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

General Information No known hazardous reactions.

Chemical Stability This material is thermally stable when stored and used as directed.

Conditions to Avoid Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.

Materials to Avoid Incompatible/reactive with oxidising agents.

Hazardous Decomposition

Products

Fire or heat may produce irritating and/or toxic gases, including oxides of Carbon and Nitrogen, smoke and other

No information available. **Hazardous Polymerisation**

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

General Information

- Acute toxicity: This material has been classified as non-hazardous. Swallowing can result in nausea, vomiting and irritation of the gastrointestinal tract. May cause lung damage if swallowed.
- Skin corrosion/irritation: Causes skin irritation.
- Eye damage/irritation: May be an eye irritant.
- Respiratory/skin sensitisation: Not a respiratory or skin sensitiser.
- Germ cell mutagenicity: This material has been classified as non-hazardous.
- Carcinogenicity: This material has been classified as non-hazardous.
- Reproductive toxicity: This material has been classified as non-hazardous.
- STOT (single exposure): Material may be an irritant to mucous membranes and respiratory tract. May cause headaches, nausea, drowsiness or dizziness; Inhalation exposure may result in depression of the central nervous system, which can lead to loss of coordination, impaired judgement and if exposure is prolonged, unconsciousness.
- STOT (repeated exposure): This material has been classified as non-hazardous.
- Aspiration toxicity: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Small amounts of liquid aspirated into the respiratory system during ingestion or vomiting may cause broncho-pneumonia or pulmonary oedema.

Acute

Ingestion Acute toxicity (Oral):

- Acute toxicity estimate (ATE): >2,000 mg/kg (based on ingredients).

Inhalation Acute toxicity (Inhalation):

- Acute toxicity estimate (ATE): >20 mg/L (based on ingredients).

Other Acute toxicity (Dermal):

- Acute toxicity estimate (ATE): >2,000 mg/kg

Carcinogen Category

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity Aquatic toxicity:

- Acute toxicity estimate (based on ingredients): >100 mg/L.
- Chronic aquatic toxicity: Non-rapidly or rapidly degradable substance for which there are adequate chronic toxicity

data available OR in the absence of chronic toxicity data, Acute toxicity estimate (based on ingredients): 1 - 10 mg/L,

where the substance is not rapidly degradable and/or BCF = 500 and/or \log Kow = 4.

Persistence/Degradability

No information available.

No information available.

Environmental Fate Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects - Avoid release to the environment.

Bioaccumulation Potential No information available.

Environmental Impact No Data Available

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

General Information If possible, material and its container should be recycled. If material or container cannot be recycled, dispose of in

accordance with local/regional/national regulations.

Special Precautions for Land Fill Persons conducting disposal, recycling or reclamation activities should ensure that appropriate personal protection

equipment is used (see SECTION 8 of this SDS).

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Land Transport (Australia)

ADG Code

Proper Shipping NameTURPENTINE SUBSTITUTEClass3 Flammable LiquidsSubsidiary Risk(s)No Data Available

EPG 14 Liquids - Highly Flammable

 UN Number
 1300

 Hazchem
 3Y

 Pack Group
 III

Special Provision No Data Available

Land Transport (Malaysia)

ADR Code

Proper Shipping NameTURPENTINE SUBSTITUTEClass3 Flammable LiquidsSubsidiary Risk(s)No Data Available

EPG 14 Liquids - Highly Flammable

 UN Number
 1300

 Hazchem
 3Y

 Pack Group
 III

Special Provision No Data Available

Land Transport (New Zealand)

NZS5433

Proper Shipping NameTURPENTINE SUBSTITUTEClass3 Flammable LiquidsSubsidiary Risk(s)No Data Available

EPG 14 Liquids - Highly Flammable

UN Number 1300

Hazchem 3Y Pack Group III

Special Provision No Data Available

Land Transport (United States of America)

US DOT

Proper Shipping Name TURPENTINE SUBSTITUTE

Class 3 Flammable Liquids
Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available

ERG 128 Flammable Liquids (Non-Polar / Water-Immiscible)

UN Number 1300

Hazchem No Data Available

Pack Group

Special Provision No Data Available

Sea Transport

IMDG Code

Proper Shipping Name TURPENTINE SUBSTITUTE

Class 3 Flammable Liquids
Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available

UN Number 1300

Hazchem No Data Available

Pack Group

Special Provision No Data Available

EMS F-E, S-E **Marine Pollutant** Yes

Air Transport

IATA DGR

Proper Shipping Name TURPENTINE SUBSTITUTE

Class 3 Flammable Liquids
Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available

 UN Number
 1300

 Hazchem
 3Y

 Pack Group
 III

Special Provision No Data Available

National Transport Commission (Australia)

Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

Dangerous Goods Classification Dangerous Goods according to the criteria of the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods

by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

General InformationNo Data AvailablePoisons Schedule (Aust)Schedule 5

Environmental Protection Authority (New Zealand)

Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Amendment Act 2015

Approval Code HSR002650

National/Regional Inventories

Australia (AIIC) Listed

Canada (DSL) Not Determined

Canada (NDSL) Not Determined

China (IECSC) Not Determined

Europe (EINECS) Not Determined

Europe (REACh)Not Determined

Japan (ENCS/METI) Not Determined

Korea (KECI) Not Determined

Malaysia (EHS Register) Not Determined

New Zealand (NZIoC) Listed

Philippines (PICCS) Not Determined

Switzerland (Giftliste 1) Not Determined

Switzerland (Inventory of Notified

Substances)

Not Determined

Taiwan (NCSR) Not Determined

USA (TSCA) Not Determined

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Related Product Codes MITURP1000, MITURP1001, MITURP1002, MITURP1003, MITURP1004, MITURP1005, MITURP1006,

MITURP1007, MITURP1500, MITURP2000, MITURP2400, MITURP2500, MITURP2501, MITURP3000, MITURP3010, MITURP3011, MITURP3012, MITURP3020, MITURP3030, MITURP3040, MITURP3050, MITURP3060, MITURP3070, MITURP3090, MITURP3100, MITURP3500, MITURP4000, MITURP4001, MITURP6000, MITURP6001, MITURP6500, MITURP6501, MITURP7700, MITURP8000, MITURP8020,

MITURP8030, MITURP8100, MITURP8500, MITURP9000

Revision 4

Revision Date 14/02/2023

Key/Legend < Less Than > Greater Than

AICS Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

atm Atmosphere

CAS Chemical Abstracts Service (Registry Number)

cm² Square CentimetresCO2 Carbon DioxideCOD Chemical Oxygen Demand

deg C (°C) Degrees Celcius EPA (New Zealand) Environmental Protection Authority of New Zealand

deg F (°F) Degrees Farenheit

g Grams

g/cm³ Grams per Cubic Centimetre

g/I Grams per Litre

HSNO Hazardous Substance and New Organism

IDLH Immediately Dangerous to Life and Health

immiscible Liquids are insoluable in each other.

inHg Inch of Mercury

inH2O Inch of Water

K Kelvin

kg Kilogram

kg/m³ Kilograms per Cubic Metre

Ib Pound

LC50 LC stands for lethal concentration. LC50 is the concentration of a material in air which causes the death of 50% (one half) of a group of test animals. The material is inhaled over a set period of time, usually 1 or 4 hours. **LD50** LD stands for Lethal Dose. LD50 is the amount of a material, given all at once, which causes the death of 50% (one half) of a group of test animals.

Itr or L Litre

m³ Cubic Metre

mbar Millibar

mg Milligram

mg/24H Milligrams per 24 Hours

mg/kg Milligrams per Kilogram

mg/m³ Milligrams per Cubic Metre

Misc or **Miscible** Liquids form one homogeneous liquid phase regardless of the amount of either component present.

mm Millimetre

mmH2O Millimetres of Water

mPa.s Millipascals per Second

N/A Not Applicable

NIOSH National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

NOHSC National Occupational Heath and Safety Commission

OECD Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

Oz Ounce

PEL Permissible Exposure Limit

Pa Pascal

ppb Parts per Billion

ppm Parts per Million

ppm/2h Parts per Million per 2 Hours

ppm/6h Parts per Million per 6 Hours

psi Pounds per Square Inch

R Rankine

RCP Reciprocal Calculation Procedure

STEL Short Term Exposure Limit

TLV Threshold Limit Value

tne Tonne

TWA Time Weighted Average

ug/24H Micrograms per 24 Hours

UN United Nations

wt Weight