



2024 Deciduous Tree List

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ACERS/MAPLES

Easily grown in well drained soils with a certain amount of moisture in spring and summer. They are valued for their foliage, which may be variegated or have good autumn colour, which can only be described as brilliant, particularly the Japanese varieties. Some also have attractive bark. Grow large maples as specimen trees, smaller trees and those of shrubby habit are excellent for growing in containers, although doing so will restrict their growth. You may come across some Latin words – for example:

Dissectum – Deeply cut or divided into segments. Palmatum – Leaves which are lobed like a hand with outspread fingers.

Platanoides – Resembling the plane tree. Rubrum – Red.

VARIETY	ORDERED		DESCRIPTION
ARATAMA <i>Dwarf Japanese Maple</i>			This rare and desirable dwarf is slow growing with elegant thin branches. The five-lobed leaves begin as brick red in spring, turn purple, red and green in summer then finally turn gold and orange late autumn. Plant in a sheltered spot in the garden or grow in a container. Grows 1.5m x 1.5m
Acer rubrum AUTUMN GLORY <i>Red Maple/October Glory</i>			Fast growing compact upright grower with deep green leaves. A brilliant display of red autumn leaves giving a prolonged display into winter. Shallow root system. Grows approx 12m x 6m.
Acer shirasawanum AUTUMN MOON <i>Full Moon Maple</i>			Leaves are light yellow-green to rusty-green in shaded parts of the plant. Exposed leaves are a wonderful burnt orange giving a two toned effect. 5m.
Acer palmatum BENI-OTAKE <i>Japanese Maple</i>			A beautiful oriental look with bamboo-like leaves. New leaves are bright-red all season. Deeply-dissected, narrow-lobed foliage that glows in the sun. Leaves turn scarlet in autumn. A small, spreading tree that is perfect for a smaller garden. Deciduous tree that grows at a moderate rate to reach 3m (H) x 3m (W).
Acer palmatum BENI-KOMANCHI			A dwarf form with red dissected foliage eventually turning green with purple tones. Red autumn tones. Plant with protection from afternoon sun and wind. Deciduous. Grows to H 1.5m x W 1.5m
Acer palmatum BLOODGOOD <i>Japanese Maple</i>	3MI 5TG		Deep maroon red/purple foliage throughout the season. Showy red seeds. Sheltered site with well drained soil best. Deciduous. Small neat upright tree to 4m. Red foliage that holds its colour well. One of the most popular reds
Acer palmatum BURGUNDY LACE <i>Japanese Maple</i>	5MI		American cultivar with deeply-divided leaves like lace. Burgundy-wine leaves through summer turn scarlet in autumn. A small, spreading shade tree that is perfect for smaller gardens. Grows at a moderate rate to reach 4m (H) x 3m (W) in 10 years.
Acer BUTTERFLY	5CAV		Compact cultivar. Leaves emerge muted green with white variegation; pink margins become more obvious as they mature, before turning red in Autumn. Suited to a sunny, sheltered, and well-drained position. Cold hardy. 2.4m x 3.6m.
Acer palmatum CHISHIO <i>Japanese Maple</i>	5TG		Compact, Brilliant crimson spring growth which turns almost green in the summer. Scarlet-crimson autumn colour. Upright. 3.5m.
Acer palmatum CRIMSON PRINCESS 50cm Low Work	5CAV 5CAV	60CM 1M	Rounded to mound-forming, deciduous shrub or small tree with palmate leaves divided into five deeply lobed leaflets, bright red in spring, reddish-purple in summer, and scarlet in autumn. Inconspicuous, reddish-purple flowers in spring are followed by winged, red-flushed, green seed pods.
Acer palmatum dissectum CRIMSON QUEEN <i>Laceleaf Japanese Maple</i>	5GS 10MI 5TG 10HA	1M	Finely cut deep purplish-red leaves. It retains this colouring throughout the season. Scarlet autumn colours. Hardy grower. A top selling purple weeping maple.

CRIMSON KING <i>Norway Maple</i>	5TG	TOP	Hardy with ruby-red to purple coloured foliage throughout Summer that is a fast-growing, medium sized tree. Best grown in full sun or light shade in most types of soils that are free-draining.. Grows 15m x 10m.
EARTHFIRE <i>Japanese Maple</i>	5TG		This is a small but gorgeous lace leaf that has an interesting green-red thing happening on it's new growth. The very dissected leaves display various shades of red throughout summer and autumn. Prefers filtered light in a sheltered position. Great for container growing. Grows 1.5m x 1.5m.
Acer palmatum dissectum EMERALD LACE <i>Laceleaf Japanese Maple</i>	2MI 5CAV	60CM	Very finely-cut, lime-green spring leaves that darken in summer. Dark-red leaves in autumn. A strong, vigorous grower. Excellent for containers. Grows approx 3m in 10 years.
Acer palmatum FJELLHEIM <i>Coral Bark Maple/Dwarf Senkaki</i>	5TG		Soft, lime-green, red-margined foliage in spring. Mid-summer green leaves, and bright-gold leaves in autumn. Outstanding brilliant red bark in winter and spring. Grows to1.5m in 10 years.
Acer palmatum FIREGLOW	5TG 3MI 5MI	LW	Has slender, pointed lobes, opening pink-red in spring, developing to a dark-red to purple in summer, and turning purple-red in autumn. Looks best in locations where the autumn foliage can be back-lit by the sun for a beautiful effect. Prefers moist, well-drained soils. May suffer leaf scorch from excess sun, wind, and drought. Cold hardy and great for bonsai.
Acer japonicum GREEN CASCADE	6CAV 4CAV	1M 60CM	Green weeping form with heavier foliage than a palmatum variety. Deeply dissected. Great autumn colour yellow-orange.
Acer dissectum GREEN MIST	5TG		Hardy, vigorous growing dissectum. It forms a cascading mound with deeply dissected leaves.
Acer GRISEUM <i>Paperbark Maple</i>	5HA		Noted for the distinctive, papery, orange-brown bark that peels off in curled sheets. The dark green leaves are a pale, grey-green on the undersides and assume stunning autumn shades of orange, red and yellow. A highly regarded small tree that is easily grown in most gardens. Slender growth habit. Grows 6m.
Acer palmatum HEARTBEAT <i>Weeping Red Japanese Maple</i> High Work	5CAV	1M	An Australian bred cultivar of the "Weeping Japanese Maple". Bright red to bronze red foliage in spring and becomes more of a bronze colour in summer before turning a glowing red in autumn. It forms a very neat mounding shrub and makes a lovely feature in the garden or in a patio pot.
Acer INABE SHIDARE <i>Weeping</i>	5MI		A gorgeous little weeping Maple with delicate, lacy, purple foliage on graceful pendulous branches. Use as a focal point either in the garden or a special container. Happiest in morning sun or semi-shade with protection from harsh wind. Delicious and deciduous. This ancient cultivar from the 1800's is more tolerant of the sun than many thought we still recommend a sheltered position. The name refers to the cascading leaves.
Acer Negundo KELLY'S GOLD			Golden-yellow spring leaves that turn lime-green in summer and pale-yellow in autumn. It has a tidy, upright growth habit and is ideal for brightening up dark areas. It is hardy and grows quickly, producing small yellow-green flowers in early to mid-spring. It does not tolerate shade or strong winds and its seeds are toxic to horses. However, it can tolerate air pollution, drought, and occasionally water-logged soils once established. It is also cold hardy. Acer negundo is deciduous and native to south-central Canada, much of the United States, and Guatemala. Learn more about Acer negundo. Acer negundo 'Kelly's Gold' was raised in New Zealand before 1989. Grows 5m x 4m.
Acer JEFFERSRED <i>Freeman Maple</i>	5HA		Large, green leaves with silver undersides. Striking red-orange leaves in autumn. A medium-sized, vase-shaped tree that is wind and drought tolerant. Can be pruned as a narrow wind screen. Selection of a cross between Acer rubrum and Acer saccharinum. Grows at a fast rate to reach 12m (H) x 5m (W) in 10 years.

Acer palmatum KATSURA	2MI		Spring growth striking pale yellow suffused light golden orange with deeper margins. Green leaves in summer turning yellow-orange in autumn. 2.5x2m
Acer palmatum diss. LIONHEART <i>Weeping Maple</i>			Purple spring foliage turning bronze, then green. Strong grower, tending upwards and outwards rather than weeping. Deciduous. 1.5 x 2m Wide.
Acer palmatum MIKAWA YATSUBUSA <i>Natural Dwarf Habit</i>	5MI		Multi-stemmed with dense, overlapping foliage. In spring, the new leaves are yellow-green in colour, darkening as matures, in autumn they turn to bright shades of orange and scarlet. Grows well in full sun or partial shade where soil is rich in organic matter, moist and free-draining Grows 1.5m x 1.5m.
Acer MITRE	5MI		Leaves emerge in early spring, they are brown with some green & red mixed in, they then turn mostly green with bronze undertones late in summer. Grows 4-5m.
Acer palmatum MOONFIRE			A handsome maple, Acer palmatum 'Moonfire' is similar to the better known 'Bloodgood' but with leaves that are usually more bright purple/red in the summer.
Acer dissectum ORANGEOLA	5MI 5HA	90-120	Unusual weeping form with interesting reddish bronze new growth and rich green summer foliage on cascading branches. Not as wide as other weeping maple forms. Ideal for restricted areas.1m.
Acer palm dissectum ORNATUM VARIEGATA			Branches that weep down to the ground, forming a rounded mound. During spring, the new growth appears in an orange-red color, which matures to green during the summer. The leaves display bright orange-red autumn colors. It is an excellent option for container planting and prefers moist, well-drained soils. However, it may experience leaf scorch if exposed to excess sunlight, wind, or drought. Additionally, Acer palmatum var. dissectum 'Orangeola' is cold-hardy and suitable for use in bonsai. Acer palmatum is deciduous and native to Japan, Korea, China, eastern Mongolia, and southeast Russia. Grows 3m x 2m.
Acer palmatum OSAKAZUKI	5MI		Bright green young foliage. Colouring in autumn to fiery orange or crimson scarlet. Considered by some to be the best maple for autumn colour. 4 x 2.5m
Acer PALMATUM Common Japanese Maple			A very versatile tree that fits into any landscape situation and provide all-year round interest. Young spring growth is glowing red, summer leaves are soft green. Autumn turns them rich orange-scarlet. Ideal for pots and containers. Useful for bonsai training. 5m X 4m.
Acer palmatum PEACHES & CREAM	5TG		Emerges in the spring with one of the more brilliantly unique color patterns found in the acer world. This amazing leaf on this Japanese maple is highlighted by bright green veins that make sharp contrast to the elegant shades of pink-to-rose over a cream background. A small upright Japanese maple that may reach 10 ft in height. Evening shade is recommended with this cultivar to achieve best coloration. The multi-colored reticulated leaves make a stunning addition to any garden and are bound to catch the eye!
Acer palmatum PIXIE	5TG		Pretty "Pixie" could also be called "Lady in Red" as the new spring foliage is a rich vibrant red gradually maturing to a deeper black red. In autumn the leaves are a showy bright red. Use as a stand out contrast plant.
Acer palmatum RED DRAGON <i>Laceleaf Japanese Maple</i> High Work			Holds deep purple colour in shade better than other red dissectums. Habit and form is similar to other dissectum palmatus/, perhaps slower growing than the most vigorous red dissectums. In spring bright scarlet in colour, becoming rich burgundy in summer, turning fiery red in the fall. Excellent small garden, rock garden or bonsaid plant. Sun/part shade
Acer palmatum RED EMPEROR	3MI 5MI	40/60 LW	Finely-serrated, purple-red leaves. Retains leaf-colouring all season. Brilliant red autumn foliage. Small, upright, spreading grower. Ideal

<i>Japanese Maple</i>			for the smaller garden. Protect from strong winds. Grows approx 4m in 10 years.
Acer RED PYGMY	5CAV		The new foliage are a rich burgundy-red in spring but as they mature they turn to an olive-green colour, then in autumn they become golden-yellow and orange. Plant in a sheltered situation that has either full sun or partial shade. Average type soils that are moist and free-draining. Grows 2m x 2m.
Acer rubrum RED SUNSET			Large, fresh-green leaves that turn to a spectacular orange-crimson in autumn. Forms a broad, columnar head. Deciduous tree that grows at a fast rate to reach 8m (H) x 5m (W) in 10 years.
Acer SACCHARUM <i>Sugar Maple</i>			Source of maple sugar. Large, green, lobed leaves with spectacular autumn colours in colder regions of red, orange, and yellow. Compact crown with up-swept branches. Deciduous tree that grows at a fast rate to reach 10m (H) x 6m (W) in 10 years.
Acer palmatum SCOLOPENDRIFOLIUM			Has bright-green leaves that are distinctively long and drooping. A tall, slim, and elegant grower. Autumn leaves are apricot and orange coloured. Ideal for a narrow space. Deciduous tree that grows at a moderate rate to reach 5m (H) x 4m (W) in 10 years.
Acer palmatum SEIRYU			Acer Palmatum 'Seiryu' it grows to around 3m (118") tall and produces golden yellow leaves in Spring and then later they start to turn a red-orange colour in Autumn before finally losing its leaves in winter. The only upright growing cultivar of the dissectum group of Japanese maples. Ideal for protected courtyards and small gardens.
Acer palmatum SENKAKI <i>Syn SANGO-KAKU</i> <i>Red Stemmed Maple</i>	3MI 5TG 5MI	LW	Distinctive red-coral coloured bark, particularly striking in winter. Green foliage turns bright yellow in autumn. Less cold and wind tolerant than other cultivars, requiring a protected planting location and annual maintenance. The effect of the bark is unsurpassed and worth the extra effort. In winter the branching patterns are delicate and intricate with bold upward arching trunks and weeping stems. Autumn foliage is colourful, and even the fallen leaves are attractive on the ground.
Acer palmatum SHAINA	5MI 5MI	40/60 LW	Distinctive bright red new foliage maturing to deep maroon in summer. Upright compact plant, becoming denser with maturity. Grows: 3m x 2m.
Acer palmatum SHIDAVA GOLD	5TG		A beautiful dwarf Japanese. New leaves emerge light-green in spring, turn yellow-green during summer, and change to a golden-yellow in autumn. During winter, the beautiful green bark lightens up otherwise dull areas. Grows to 2m (H) x 1m (W) in 10 years.
Acer palmatum SHIN-DESHOJO	5MI	LW	Outstanding, flaming-scarlet spring leaves that turn a blended green-pink in summer and go a flaming-scarlet again in autumn. A small, spreading grower. Deciduous tree that grows at a moderate rate to reach 3m (H) x 2m (W) in 10 years.
Acer palmatum SHIRAZ	5TG		Has lovely, variegated foliage changing through shades of crimson-scarlet to red-orange margins on a green leaf. Brilliant red autumn leaves. Prefers moist, well-drained soils. May suffer leaf scorch from excess sun, wind, and drought. Cold hardy and great for bonsai.
Acer palmatum SKEETERS BROOM	5MI	LW	Well-branched small tree with dark red foliage. Spring growth is maroon red and deepens to brick red in summer.
Acer palmatum dissectum STELLA ROSEA			Weeping form with fine, lacy leaves. Deep pink-red new growth followed by dark purple-red leaves through summer. Holds colour well. Bright-red autumn leaves. Grows at a moderate rate to reach approximately 3m in 10 years (graft height will determine the ultimate height).
Acer dissectum TAMUKEYAMA High Work	5MI 5TG 5MI	40/60 HW 90- 120	Excellent strong growing weeping red maple. Deeply dissected leaves with more width to the center lobe, making each leaf appear slightly bolder.
			An upright form with lobed leaves that have distinctive orange tones as they emerge in spring. Gradually the leaves mature to a pale

Acer UENO YAMA	5CAV		green. Orange-red in autumn. Plant in a sheltered position away from harsh wind and afternoon sun.
ACER dissectum VIRIDIS High Work	5TG 10MI 5TG 5TG	PATIO 1M HW TOP	Soft green foliage in spring. deeper through summer, becoming golden yellow and orange in autumn. Strongly cascading branches form a dome-shaped plant at maturity.
Acer WINTER FLAME <i>Coral Bark Maple</i>			Acer palmatum 'Winter Flame' is a superb Coral Bark Maple for small gardens or planted in a container. It's very much like the well known Acer palmatum Sango Kaku but a smaller size. Pink tinged young shoots and leaves mature to the freshest lime green colour, then the foliage turns gold in autumn like a winter flame! Triggered by a cold spell, the stems and bark turn coral red throughout winter, making a stunning focal point. Grows 3m x 2m.

AESCULUS

HORSE CHESTNUT. Bold foliage trees with showy heads of flowers, some producing large spiny fruits containing Chestnuts or Conkers. Aesculus prefers moist, cool soil conditions and freedom from constant severe winds.

Aesculus Carnea BRIOTII <i>Red Horse Chestnut</i>			More compact and deeper coloured form comparable to the most handsome trees with its bold, handsome leaves and rosy crimson flowers in bid upright 22cm clusters appearing after new leaves in spring. Perfect for a lawn specimen for summer shade, or avenue plantings. 6m X 5m.
Aesculus CARNEA <i>Pink Horse Chestnut</i>			Rose-pink flowers in panicles up to 20cm long. Very attractive shade tree. One of the most beautiful flowering British trees. Smaller and more compact than the white flowered horse-chestnut, Briottii has the same leaf shape, although a shade darker green. It is a round headed tree that is ideal for avenue planting at a spacing of 6-7 metres. It thrives in all soils. Tolerates air pollution.
Aesculus HIPPOCASTANUM <i>Horse Chestnut</i>	3MA		Majestic, spreading tree with large leaves providing dense shade. Large, creamy-white flowers in spring, producing prickly oval fruits (conkers). Best on moist, infertile soils. Cold hardy. Grows 15m when mature.

AMELANCHIER

Also known as shadbush or Canadian Serviceberry, is a genus of about 20 species of deciduous-leaved shrubs and small trees in the rose family (Rosaceae).

CANADENSIS	5HA		Small, neat tree with a rounded head. Bronze new spring leaves turn a stunning red in autumn. Lacy, white, drooping flower clusters in spring. Edible red to purple berries in early-summer. Grows to 4m (H) x 3m (W) in 10 years.
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ALBIZZIA

The perfect shade tree or screen tree for outdoor living areas. Decorative, rich green ferny leaves are light sensitive and fold up at night. During summer, rounded, fluffy brushes of pink stamens just like the fuzz of silk appear in great masses above the leaf canopy. Leaves fall early winter to reveal welcome sunlight and expose a picturesque pattern of bare branches. And a real bonus is if the Silk Tree can be located where it can be seen from above and the full beauty of the flowers can be appreciated. Staking, tying and removal of lateral growths will train the tree to a magnificent, single trunk shade canopy. Revels in hot dry areas once established.

Albizzia julibrissen RED SILK	5MI		Luxurious feathery foliage and dense heads of fluffy red flowers in summer. Ideal for summer shade. Late to leaf, so does not block out early spring sun. 3m x 4m.
Albizzia julibrissen ROSEA <i>Pink Silk Tree</i>	5MA 5MI 5MA		Luxurious feathery foliage and dense heads of fluffy pink flowers in summer. Ideal for summer shade. Late to leaf, so does not block out early spring sun. Grows approx. 3m x 4m.

<h3>ALNUS</h3> <p>Hardy deciduous trees that belong to the birch family. They make remarkably rapid growth and have a love of moisture. Ideal shade tree for moist lawns, swampy ground or river banks. An interesting display of tassel-like greenish yellow male flower catkins appear in clusters before the leaves. Female flowers develop into small woody cones, quite decorative on bare branches and valued for floral art.</p>			
Alnus CORDATA <i>Italian Alder</i>	10MA 5MI 10GS		Splendid medium to large tree. Fast growing in any soil. Hardy to most positions. 12m.
Alnus GLUTINOSA <i>Black Alder</i>	5MA		Grows best in moist or wet soils. Deep-rooted and nitrogen-fixing. Tolerates salt winds, wet clays and marshlands. Timber is suitable for furniture and fuelwood. Space at 1.5 – 4m centres for shelter. Cold hardy. Grows approx. 5m after 5 years, 15m when mature. Semi-evergreen (so on both lists)
Alnus JORULLENSIS	10SS		Fast-growing alder that holds its' leaves in warmer climates. Dark-green serrated leaves. Drought-tolerant, nitrogen-fixing with broadly conical form. Good shelter on mild sites. Semi-evergreen. Frost tender in the first year.
<h3>BETULA</h3> <p>BIRCH. Grows in average garden conditions, but thorough ground preparation will give them the best start. Frequent deep watering during dry spells for the first couple of years is essential. More young birches die of thirst than any other reason. Planted singly or in groups, their silvery-white trunks contrasted against grass always looks good.</p>			
Betula pendula BLACK PRINCE <i>Purple Silver Birch</i>			Small, narrow-growing tree with cascading, slender branches. The rich-purple leaf-colouring holds well through the season. Almost black stems & branches are an added feature. Protect from strong winds. Grows at a moderate rate to r4m x 2m.
Betula DAZZLIER	10MI		A stunning specimen tree. This is a superior selection with amazing snow-white bark. Larger green leaves than its' parent. Turns a brilliant gold in Autumn. Very effective in avenues or groups. Deciduous. Hardy.
Betula utilis JACQUEMONTII <i>Sweet Birch</i>	10MA 5MI		Selected for its very white bark. An attractive medium sized tree from West Nepal, which has a neat erect habit. One of the better birches. 8m x 5m
Betula PAPYIFERA <i>Paper Birch</i>	5MI		Broadly conical spreading. White bark peeling in thin layers, pale pinkish-orange when freshly exposed. Large leaves turn bright yellow in autumn. Yields hard white timber. 20m
Betula PENDULA <i>White Silver Birch</i>	10MI		Narrowly weeping. White bark, developing dark rugged cracks at base. Tough vigorous species. Yellow autumn colours. Yields white hard timber. 8m
Betula pendula YOUNGII <i>Youngs Weeping Birch</i>			Slender side branches droop straight down to the ground. On maturity forms a dome or mushroom-shaped head with distinct and graceful appearance. 2m.
Betula utilis WHITE SPIRES	15HA		Strikingly white trunk at an early age. Grey birch grows nicely in full sun or partial shade on almost any soil, tolerating the poorest, driest soils to wet, stream side locations. It often forms pure stands in nature from seedlings and root suckers. It might be a good tree for planting along highways, interchanges and other low maintenance places...
Betula Nigra SUMMER CASCADE			Has gently-weeping, pendulous branches and pink, peeling bark. The foliage is dark-green throughout spring and

<i>River Birch</i>			summer, but takes on a striking yellow colour in autumn. Grows approx. 3m (H) x 2m (W) in 10 years.
<h3>CARPINUS</h3> <p>European Hornbeam. A great specimen or screening tree, perfect for formal gardens. Makes a fantastic hedge.</p>			
Carpinus BETULUS Hornbeam.	5HA		A small to medium-size <u>tree</u> reaching heights of 15 m and often has a fluted and crooked <u>trunk</u> . The bark is smooth and greenish-grey, even in old trees. The leaves have prominent veins giving a distinctive corrugated texture, and a serrated margin. The <u>fruit</u> is a small 7-8 mm long <u>nut</u> and matures in autumn.
<h3>CEDRELLA</h3> <p>Chinese Toon Tree. This is a very tall and thin trunk deciduous tree which has the most fantastic pink leaves in the Spring. Plants are tolerant of a wide range of soil types.</p>			
Cedrella sinensis FLAMINGO			The slender, erect branches bear pinnate leaves of rich warm-pink in early-spring. Leaves become cream-pink and mature to green by summer. Can be halved in height or pruned to the ground to encourage a profusion of new stems. Orange-yellow autumn leaves. Deciduous tree that grows at a fast rate to reach 4m (H) x 3m (W) in 10 years.
<h3>CERCIDIPHYLLUM</h3>			
Cercidiphyllum JAPONICUM	5HA		Cercidiphyllum japonicum is able to tolerate wet positions and prefers moist growing conditions. In the spring, it produces striking red-purple new leaves that add a burst of color to the landscape. As the season progresses, the leaves transition to a blue-green color and continue to provide visual interest throughout the summer months. In the autumn, the leaves of Cercidiphyllum japonicum turn a bright yellow, orange, and red, adding a beautiful array of colors to the landscape. One unique aspect of Cercidiphyllum japonicum is that the autumn leaves have a pleasant cinnamon to burnt-sugar smell when they first fall from Cercidiphyllum japonicum. Overall, Cercidiphyllum japonicum is a hardy and visually interesting option that is well-suited for a range of growing conditions. Native to China and Japan.
<h3>CERCIS</h3> <p>Delightful flowering trees forming a shapely, multi-branched structure which in spring becomes a profusion of small pea-shaped flowers on bare twigs and branches. A tree with year-round interest of spring flowers, summer foliage, autumn leaf colour and picturesque bare branch pattern plus seeds pods in winter. Grows readily in most reasonable soil conditions with the addition of lime. Young Cercis may need staking and training to a single main stem.</p>			
Cercis AVONDALE <i>Chinese Redbud</i>	2MI		Upright-growing tree. Large, light-green, heart-shaped leaves turn bright-yellow in autumn. A profusion of deep cerise-pink, pea-shaped flowers stud the bare branches for an extended period in early-spring. Ideal for small spaces. Grows approx. 3m x 2m in 10 years.
Cercis HEARTS OF GOLD <i>Golden Redbud</i>	5MI		Small round headed tree with large heart shaped leaves which in spring are golden bronze. Leaves mature to butter gold and hold this colour through the season. Autumn colours are

			bright yellow/orange. Bare branches in spring are smothered in pale rose-pink flowers. Grows 5m x 5m.
Cercis RUBY FALLS			Stunning red heart shaped leaves which look so wonderful with sunlight behind, turning a vivid array of reds and oranges in the autumn. A pendula form that makes such an architectural statement either in the garden or a patio container. It also has an excellent display of pink flowers in the spring. Deciduous. Grows approx 2m x 2.5m.
Cercis FOREST PANSY <i>American Redbud</i>	2MI 15GS		Forest Pansy grows rapidly into a delightful small tree or large shrub with deep red heart shaped foliage throughout the spring and summer. Early spring sees the emergence of small mauve pink flowers from the stems branches and even the trunk that only add to the appeal of this popular deciduous plant.
Cercis SILVER LINING			A unique variety of Redbud with masses of pink flowers that appear straight from the bark. After flowering, the green and white variegated foliage begins to emerge. A small, slow growing tree that is ideal for smaller gardens. Prefers partial shade and free-draining soils. May need protection from frost when younger.
Cercis CAN TEXAS WHITE <i>Texas Whitebud</i>			Forms a small round headed tree with large handsome heart shaped leaves of shining green. They turn bright yellow in autumn. A profusion of pure white pea shaped flowers stud the bare branches in spring. Grows approx 4m x 3m.
CORNUS			
DOGWOOD. Provides garden interest year-round with beautiful flowers, foliage and stems. Plant them in deep, rich, well-drained acid soil conditioned with peat moss. Avoid hot windswept locations and keep the roots cool and moist. Frequent watering and mulching with bark or peat moss will help with this.			
Cornus florida CHEROKEE CHIEF <i>Flowering Dogwood</i>	5MI		Deepest red flowering Dogwood. Large flat four petalled flowers in spring on bare branches. New spring growth bronzy red. Deep green glossy leaves through summer. Yellow, scarlet and wine coloured leaves through autumn. Excellent street tree. Grows approx 4m x 3.5m.
Cornus florida CHEROKEE SUNSET <i>Flowering Dogwood</i>	5MI		Variegated new leaves with creamy yellow and pink margins. Summer leaves are broadly margined with yellow. Large purplish red flat flowers appear with spring leaves. Autumn leaves of rose pink, red and purple. 3m x 3m.
Cornus CLOUD NINE <i>Flowering Dogwood</i>	5MI		Gives a massed display of large, flat, white flowers with overlapping bracts and prominent green eyes in spring from an early age. Flowers well in warmer climates. Strong-grower with an erect form. Yellow, scarlet, orange, and purple autumn leaves. Excellent street tree. Grows approx. 4m x 3m in 10 years.
Cornus CONTRAVERSA <i>Giant Dogwood</i> <i>Wedding Cake Tree</i>	5MI		Picturesque, horizontal, sweeping branches in layered tiers. Glossy, dark-green leaves are glaucous beneath. They glow rich purple-red in autumn and this colour persists well into winter. Cream-white flowers sit atop the branches in summer. Blue fruit follows which birds relish. Grows approx. 8m x 6m in 10 years.
Cornus EDDIES WHITE WONDER <i>Flowering Dogwood</i>	5MI 10HA		Small upright growing tree, tiered semi weeping branches giving the tree a graceful habit. Large flat lime green flowers age to white. Small red fruit in autumn until eaten by birds. Flowers well in warmer regions. Stunning autumn leaves of burnt orange and scarlet. Excellent street tree. Grows 4m x 3m.
Cornus GREENVALE	3HA		Small, upright tree with large, green-tinged cream flowers which adorn the tree for many weeks in late spring/summer, followed by strawberry-like fruits which attract birds. Prefers good drainage and

			a warm sunny site. Evergreen, although semi-deciduous with red autumn colour in cooler climates.
Cornus MOONBEAM <i>Chinese Dogwood</i>	5MI		Bears huge, flat flowers of cream-white with pink tips in spring and summer. Red fruit follow which birds relish. Forms a rounded tree well-suited to the smaller garden. Stunning red and maroon autumn leaves. Grows 4m x 3m in 10 years.
Cornus florida PENDULA <i>Flowering Dogwood</i>	3MI		Slow growing form with stiffly weeping branches to the ground. Forms layers of these branches. In spring the creamy white flat flowers flow down these branches. Very beautiful and desirable. Autumn leaves of deep purple and scarlet. Grows approx 2m x 1m.
Cornus florida RAINBOW <i>Flowering Dogwood</i>	5GMI		Pyramidal small tree with horizontal branch structure. Large golden leaves are splashed with green and golden margins. Brilliant autumn leaves in all the hues of the rainbow pink to carmine red, lavender blue to purple red. White flowers appear with the new leaves. Excellent street tree. Grows 3m x 2m.
Cornus kousa SATOMI <i>Chinese Dogwood</i>			Vigorous grower. Becomes smothered with large, flat, four-petalled, pink-red, star-shaped flowers in early-summer. Red, strawberry-like fruit follow, which birds relish. Spectacular red and purple autumn leaves. Excellent street tree. Grows approx. 3m x 2m in 10 years
Cornus alba SIBERICA <i>Siberian Dogwood</i>			A spreading shrub with dark-green leaves that provide great autumn colour in shades of orange and red, then drop to expose brilliant red stems in winter. Clusters of small, creamy-white flowers in summer. Best stem colour is in full sun. Deciduous. Hardy. Grows approx. 2m x 2m.
Cornus florida SPRING SONG <i>Flowering Dogwood</i>			Small, round-headed tree with a slender trunk and spreading branches. Large, rose-pink, four-petalled, flat flowers in spring. Vivid autumn leaves of orange, red, and wine-purple. Excellent street tree. Grows approx 4m (H) x 3m (W) in 10 years.
Cornus florida STOKES PINK <i>Flowering Dogwoods</i>			Strong grower forming an elegant small tree with ascending branch structure. Clear rich pink four petalled flowers smother the branches in spring. Flowers well in warmer regions. Autumn leaves are rich red and purple. These persist well into winter. Excellent street tree. Grows approx 4m x 3m.
Cornus controversa VAREIGATA <i>The Wedding Tree</i>	5MI 5CAV		Beautifully tiered branches in layers have bluish green leaves broadly margined with cream. White flowers top the branches in summer. Slow growing small tree which is spectacular as a specimen tree. Grows approx 5m x 4m.
CRATAEGUS			
HAWTHORN. Hawthorn trees have an attractive shape and clusters of flowers that bloom in spring. Birds love hawthorns too – they will enjoy the berries in autumn/winter. Plant in full sun with well-drained soil.			
Crataegus laevigata PAUL'S SCARLET			Small, upright tree with a compact, rounded head. Impressive heads of double crimson-red flowers smother the tree in late-spring. Tolerant of strong winds. Does not set fruit. Excellent street tree. Grows approx 5m (H) x 3m (W) in 10 years.
Crataegus laevigata ROSEO PLENA			Small, upright tree with a compact, rounded head. Impressive heads of double salmon-pink flowers smother the tree in late-spring. Tolerant of strong winds. Does not set fruit. Excellent street tree. Grows approx 5m (H) x 3m (W) in 10 years.
DAVIDIA			
Dove Tree, Handkerchief Tree, Ghost Tree. Forms a stately specimen tree with robust branches and a rounded crown.			
Davidia INVOLUCRATA			Beautiful medium sized tree, which drapes itself with conspicuous large white bracts, giving its name of the handkerchief or dove tree. Shelter from strong winds. 5x3m

EDGEWORTHIA

YELLOW DAPHNE. Grows in any well-prepared, acid garden soil conditioned with peat moss. Mulch with peat moss or granulated bark and water deeply during dry spells.

EDGEWORTHIA
GRANDIFLORA

5HA

A special and unique plant from China that adds winter interest to the garden. Tightly clustered buds on stout stems open to reveal fragrant tubular flowers shaded bright yellow around August. Handsome grey green foliage follows.

FAGUS

DECIDUOUS BEECH. Available in upright or weeping forms, comes in a spectacular range of colours – greens, golds, bronze and copper. In April and May as the tree prepares for winter the leaves display a wonderful array of brilliant reds, oranges and golds before they fall. The Beech is a slow growing tree, that will grow in most NZ conditions.

Fagus sylvatica
DAWYCK GOLD
European Beech

Tall, columnar tree which broadens with maturity. Bright, golden-green leaves with a shiny sheen in spring. Pale-yellow leaves through summer. Cinnamon-brown autumn leaves which drop cleanly. Ideal where space is limited. Excellent street tree. 8m x 3m.

Fagus sylvatica
PURPUREA
Copper Beech

5HA

Young coppery foliage turns rich almost black in summer. Ideal specimen tree. 8m.

Fagus sylvatica
RIVERSII
Black English Beech

Select form. Deep rich purple-black foliage. Deeper in spring. Specimen tree. 8m

Fagus
SYLVATICA
English Beech

5HA

Beautiful bold fan shaped branches gives tree a noble form. Ideal specimen tree. 8m.

FRAXINUS

Fraxinus is the English Ash, which is a genus in the olive and lilac families. The leaf of an Ash can vary - some, like the Olive leaf, are narrow and long; other varieties have an ovate or cordate leaf not unlike a Lilac. Leaf colours also vary with many new cultivars now available. These large stately English trees are fairly fast growing and grow well in New Zealand. **Some Ash are evergreen!**

Fraxinus
AUREA
Weeping Golden Ash

5MI

Large, yellow, pinnate leaves through summer. These deepen bright-gold through autumn before dropping to reveal smooth golden bark and black buds. Side branches weep gracefully to the ground. Deciduous tree that grows at a moderate rate to reach 3m (H) x 3m (W) in 10 years.

Fraxinus excelsior
PENDULA
European Ash

Old weeping form with rounded or umbrella shape with branches that cascade down to the ground. The flowers are insignificant but range in colour from green/cream/purple.

Fraxinus
OXYCARPA RAYWOODII
Claret Ash

5MA
3MI

Elegant, pyramidal growth habit, popular to use where space is limited but height is required. Bright-green, handsome pinnate leaves turn purple-red over an extended period from late-summer and well into winter. Excellent as an avenue, driveway, or street tree. Deciduous tree that grows at a fast rate to reach 10m in 10 years.

GINGKO

CHINESE MAIDENHAIR TREE. This is one of the world's oldest living tree species having been around 350 million years ago! This ancient tree is also known as the Chinese Maidenhair Tree, as the leaves are similar in shape to the maidenhair fern. As well as being a source of food – the fruit yields a nut meat that's edible in small quantities - parts of the plant are used in traditional Chinese medicines. An attractive, hardy specimen tree.

Gingko BILOBA <i>Maidenhair Tree</i>	5MI		Forms a pyramidal tree with whorls symmetrical branches. The tree is an amazing sight in autumn. The display persists well into winter, the fall to the ground to lay a rich carpet of gold. Ginkgos are world famous for its golden autumn foliage. Very hardy and easy to grow. 7m X 4m
Gingko biloba AUTUMN GOLD	5MI		Selected male form of Maidenhair tree with a symmetrical broadly conical upright habit. The soft summer green foliage turns into strikingly brilliant golden autumn foliage. Very spectacular as a specimen tree. 7m.
Gingko biloba LITTLE WEEPER	2MI		Branches grow up before arching and allowing the outer branches to cascade to the ground, creating a unique appearance. The soft-green leaves in the spring provide a lush and vibrant look to the landscape, while the golden-yellow leaves in the autumn add a warm and cozy feel to the surroundings. An excellent choice for adding beauty and visual interest.
Gingko JADE BUTTERFLIES			Semi-dwarf form. Rich bluish green leaves changing to soft yellow in autumn. Ideal for the smaller garden. 3m.

GLEDITSIA

HONEY LOCUST. A lovely choice for a feature or shade tree in the garden or in a large open space. Dainty fern-like leaves emerge in spring giving a gentle weeping form; leaves come in varying shades of green through to soft golds, depending on the variety. Gleditsias are fast growing, easy to grow and tolerant of most conditions, avoid very strong winds. Deciduous.

Gleditsia triacanthos EMERALD CASCADE	3MI		Beautiful finely divided, deep green foliage cascades to the ground in dramatic style. Golden autumn shades complete the picture. Tolerant of wind and pollution. 3m X 3m.
Gleditsia triacanthos RUBY LACE	3MI		Purplish young growth & greenish purple foliage through summer. Stands dry. 6x5m
Gleditsia triacanthos SUNBURST	5MI		A popular shade tree with bright, golden-yellow leaves in spring, darkening to lime-green over summer. Lacy, feathery foliage gives pleasant dappled shade. Tolerates hot, dry, and infertile conditions. Hardy. Grows approx. 4m after 5 years, 6m when mature.

IDESIA

THE WONDER TREE. A most handsome tree, with horizontal branch structure and broad crown. Thick heart-shaped leaves up to 20cm long on 12cm stems, medium green with reddish veins that turn yellow in autumn prior to falling. Inconspicuous flowers appear in summer.

Idesia FEMALE <i>Wonder Tree</i>			A very handsome tree, native to China and Japonicum, with tiered horizontal branch structure and a broad crown. The female form will develop clusters of green berries in the summer which will turn brilliant red in the autumn and hold on long after the leaves have fallen in Autumn. Berries are more prolific if both male and female are planted
Idesia MALE <i>Wonder Tree</i>			Wonder Tree - Male. A handsome deciduous tree with a horizontal branch structure and a broad crown of thick heart-shaped green leaves. As this is the male form it does not produce the bright red berries that are so decorative on the female. The male is essential however for pollination.

JUGLANS

WALNUT TREE. Walnut trees are any species of tree in the plant genus Juglans, the type genus of the family Juglandaceae, the seeds of which are referred to as walnuts.

Juglans NIGRA <i>Black Walnut</i>			Large, handsome fast-growing tree with a single erect trunk & broad crown. Dark brown edible nuts and highly valued dark timber. Intolerant of clay and poor drainage. Needs a sheltered site with good soil. Deciduous. Hardy.
Juglans REGIA Fruiting Walnut			A fast-growing, stately tree with large ornamental leaves, sought after as specimen trees. Seedling trees produce sweet, edible nuts. There will be natural variation between trees. Timber is valued for furniture. Hardy. Grows approx. 5m in 5 years, 15m when mature.

KOELREUTERIA

GOLDEN RAIN TREE. Impressive small, spreading tree with foliage that is red in spring and vibrant yellow in autumn. Makes a great shade tree, especially for hot, dry sites.

Koelreuteria paniculate KOELREUTERIA			Small tree with open, spreading form clothed in pinnate leaves. Soft-pink spring leaves mature green and then turn yellow in autumn. Panicles of golden-yellow flowers in early-summer are followed by dangling, rose-red, papery capsules. Grows best in hot summers and cold winters. Excellent street tree. Grows approx to 5m (H) x 4m (W) in 10 years.
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LABURNUM

GOLDEN CHAIN TREE. This will be the star of your garden when it is in flower. Small, airy and graceful, the tree decks itself out in springtime with golden, wisteria-like flower panicles that droop from every branch. Do take care as every part of it is toxic.

Laburnum alpinum PENDULUM <i>Weeping Scotch Laburnum</i>			Weeping tree with beautiful golden-yellow blossoms in summer. Grows best with full sun in soil that won't dry out over summer. Can be grown over an archway. Grows approx 2.5m in 10 years.
Laburnum x watereri VOSSII			In November slender deep golden racemes of bloom up to 45cm long, hang through the leafless branches. A graceful specimen tree. 3x3m

LIQUIDAMBER

SWEET GUM. Good as shade trees or planted in informal groves, their star-shaped leaves turn red, yellow, orange or purple in autumn. The round spiny fruits are shaped like the maces that medieval knights once carried. Their fruits contain the gummy sap that inspired their common name, Sweet Gum. Ridged bark resembles cork. They tolerate coastal conditions if sheltered from strong winds. Water deeply during dry spells to promote growth and deep roots. Shallow roots can crack pavement. Iron chlorosis is a problem in high pH soils.

Liquidambar BURGUNDY	5MA		Selected clone with a very narrow pyramidal form. Larger maple-shaped leaves which emerge earlier than varieties. Rich red burgundy autumn leaves which persist well into winter. Colours well in all climates. Excellent street tree.
Liquidambar styraciflua GOLD TREASURE	4THI	90CM	A distinctively different cultivar with conspicuously variegated foliage. The outer margins of the bright green leaves are edged with a deep yellow. In autumn this margin is suffused with shades of purple. Quite apt that this tree was introduced from Australia. Deciduous. 10 year height.
Liquidambar styraciflua GUMBALL	5MA	75CM	A dwarf Liquidambar which can be grown as a dense shrub reaching only about 1-2 metres (3-6.5') tall, Gumball is often grafted onto an ordinary Liquidambar rootstock about 1.5 metres (4-5') high. The result is a fantastic, tight ball of shrub on a tall stick, which makes a good focal point in a paved area or courtyard. Autumn foliage is a beautiful burgundy-red colour.

Liquidambar styraciflua LANE ROBERTS	10MA		This selected clone is particularly reliable for autumn colour, which is a distinctive rich, blackish, crimson-red. A neat pyramidal habit and bark that is somewhat smoother than normal completes the uniqueness of this tree. Good as shade trees or planted in informal groves, their star-shaped leaves turn red, yellow, orange or purple in autumn. The round spiny fruits are shaped like the maces that medieval knights once carried. Their fruits contain the gummy sap that inspired their common name, Sweet Gum. Ridged bark resembles cork. They tolerate coastal conditions if sheltered from strong winds. Water deeply during dry spells to promote growth and deep roots. Shallow roots can crack pavement. Iron chlorosis is a problem in high pH soils.
Liquidambar SUMMER STORM	5MA		This selected clone is particularly reliable for autumn colour, which is a distinctive rich, blackish, crimson-red. A neat pyramidal habit and bark that is somewhat smoother than normal completes the uniqueness of this tree. Grows approx.
Liquidambar STYRAFLUA <i>Sweet Gum</i>	5MI		A medium-sized tree, growing to 20m tall, with a trunk up to 2 m diameter. The leaves are palmately lobed, looking somewhat similar to those of some maples. They have five sharply pointed lobes, but are easily distinguished from maples in being glossy and leathery in appearance, and arranged alternately, not in opposite pairs. They are a rich dark green and glossy, and in most cases turn brilliant orange, red, and purple colours in the autumn.
Liquidambar WORPLESTON	5MA		Upright, pyramidal shape, and its outer branches droop gracefully. Its leaves are similar in shape to those of a maple tree, with fine cuts and deep lobes. In the autumn, the leaves of Liquidambar styraciflua 'Worplesdon' are a striking mix of purple, red, orange, and yellow. When grown in dry soil, Liquidambar styraciflua 'Worplesdon' develops a taproot that helps to reinforce it against wind. However, when grown in wetter soil, Liquidambar styraciflua 'Worplesdon' only produces superficial roots and is not able to tolerate strong winds. Liquidambar styraciflua is native from central and eastern United States to Central America.
Liquidambar VERA	5MA		A handsome selection chosen for its almost evergreen habit. Foliage turns through purple, scarlet and flame.
LIRIODENDRON			
TULIP TREE. Ornamental shade tree with a straight, tall trunk and tulip-shaped leaves. In backyards it grows up to 80 feet (24 m.) tall and 40 feet (12 m.) wide. If you have one tulip tree on your property, you can propagate more. Propagation of tulip trees is either done with tulip tree cuttings or by growing tulip tree from seeds. Read on for tips on tulip tree propagation.			
Liriodendron tulifera ARNOLD			Soft bright leaves transform into brilliant yellow in autumn. This is the fastigiated form of the Liriodendron Tulipifera. These specimens make a fantastic height dimension with their narrow columnar growth habit.
Liriodendron TULIFERA	3MI		
Liriodendron tulifera SNOWBIRD			Forms a perfect pyramid of up-swept branches. Strikingly variegated large green leaves are heavily bordered with creamy white. Colour is more muted through summer but intensifies through autumn. Will lighten up any dull area. Excellent for lining avenues and driveways. Planted as a street tree it remains very compact and upright in form.
Liriodendron tulifera VARIEGATA			Strikingly variegated large green leaves are heavily bordered with rich golden yellow. Colour is more muted through summer but

			intensifies through autumn. Very large tree with a straight trunk and broad crown making it an ideal shade tree where space permits. Produces yellow and green tulip-shaped flowers in summer months from approx 10 years old. Grows approx 15 x 8m.
<h1>MAGNOLIA</h1> <p>There is a wonderful range of shapes, sizes and colours available. Be sure to check their mature size & habit because some grow very large, some upright & some spreading. Magnolias like moisture-rich, free-draining soil. If your soil is not up to scratch, fill your planting hole with rich compost and add gypsum to clay soils, then add plenty of mulch around the tree to lock in moisture over summer. It is crucial to water them through their first spring as they are leafing up. In the north of New Zealand, deciduous magnolias will flower from July until September, whereas in the south they'll flower later. Evergreen magnolias flower from summer to autumn.</p> <p>Magnolias don't really like being pruned. If you must prune, only do it when the tree is young as large branches can struggle to heal from cuts.</p>			
Magnolia BABY BIRD			Another compact growing Magnolia bred by the talented Vance Hooper. 'Baby Bird' grows to only 3.5x1.5m making it ideal for smaller gardens due to its compact, columnar habit. Free flowering from a young age, the creamy yellow cup shaped blooms are a feature in spring and summer. Easy and reliable grower with elegant, healthy foliage.
Magnolia BLACK TULIP			A stunning upright growing magnolia, cup-shaped, tulip-like blooms of deepest wine red to burgundy. Not a large flower, it has a lovely tulip form and very heavy, dark petals which gives it good weather hardiness. Like all Magnolias, Black Tulip enjoys well-drained fertile, slightly acid soil and full sun. 6m x 4m
Magnolia BRIXTON BELLE	5MI		An exciting new hybrid born and bred in the district of Brixton, North Taranaki, New Zealand. Early flowering, Brixton Belle sets flowers in the first year from grafting. This variety is ideal if you have to downsize your garden when moving, and can't wait for Magnolia campbellii or 'Charles Raffill' to take 6-8 years to flower.
Magnolia brooklynensis WOODSMAN			Grows from a shrub into a small tree with a broad, ovoid to flat-topped spherical crown with a height of about 4m. The flower buds only develop in spring, so they cannot freeze in the winter. Depending on the temperature, the fragrant flowers open around mid-April. They are up to 15 cm in diameter and have an unusual but extremely attractive colour pattern. The outer petals are soft greenish-yellow to light olive green and the inner petals are a soft purplish pink. The inside of the leaves is cream.
Magnolia BURGUNDY STAR	5GS		Narrow upright habit making it perfect for those awkward corners that need something special. The deep, burgundy wine flowers have a generous quantity of long narrow petals in a most attractive 'star' arrangement. Bred in NZ! 5m x 1.5m
Magnolia CHURCH MOUSE			Graceful, dainty and prolific sums up 'Church Mouse', a lovely selection from NZ breeder Glyn Church. 'Church Mouse' was recently reclassified from being a Michelia to a Magnolia and is a dwarf form of the old Michelia yunnanensis. The combination of classic cream petals and furry, plush, tan-brown buds set against dark green foliage give 'Church Mouse' a timeless grace. A wonderful talent of 'Church Mouse' is to flower and flower and flower. This is achievable due to flower buds being set all the way down the stems, at nearly every leaf axil, not just on the tips. Its smaller stature makes 'Church Mouse' a stunning container plant as well as a good hedge option for smaller gardens.
Magnolia CLEOPATRA	3MI		A new Magnolia soulangeana hybrid. Features the most amazing rich purple blooms with a crystalline or metallic sheen. A Great compact form makes this tree ideal for all gardens or containers. Flowers from a young age. Cleopatra forms an upright rounded

			small tree with a rounded habit and in sheltered conditions will reach approximately 4m in 10 years A must for all magnolia lovers. Hardy.
Magnolia stellata DAWN <i>Star Magnolia</i>			One of the best pink-flowering star magnolias. The flowers are pink in bud, opening blush-pink, and fading to white-pink. Has lighter-pink flowers than Magnolia stellata 'Jane Platt'. A strong, vigorous grower. Flowers early-spring in great abundance. Grows approx 2.5m in 10 years.
Magnolia DENUDATA <i>Yulan Magnolia or Lily Tree</i>	5HA		A small rounded tree covered with Pure white cup shaped flowers in early spring that are fragrant while beautiful and thick with a citrus-lemon fragrance. 5m x 4m.
Magnolia FELIX JURY	10MG		
Magnolia FELIX JURY			Bred in New Zealand by leading Magnolia breeders, Felix and Mark Jury, Felix® Magnolia produces magnificent 12-inch, highly fragrant hot pink flowers in early spring. Foliage is lighter green than other Magnolia hybrids. Grows well in most climates, tolerating all but the coldest temperatures. Upright stout pyramidal-shaped tree is suitable for smaller gardens or featured in larger landscape plantings. Mature tree displays up to 100 flowers.
Magnolia GENIE			Sensational black-red buds open to small globular tulip-shaped blooms of deep rich maroon-purple on both surfaces, with nicely reflexed tepal tips paling to a lighter magenta rose shade. Lightly scented blooms from early spring to early summer, and mid to late summer where conditions are not too dry. Long blooming season. A compact tree with an upright growth habit. 3.5m x 2m.
Magnolia HEAVEN SCENT	5HA		Chalice-shaped flowers are rose pink to purple, are paler on the tips and white inside.. Profuse flowering and fragrant, grows to 15m x 4m.. A prolific bloomer.
Magnolia HONEY TULIP			Another gorgeous hybrid from the Jury breeding programme. Large rounded goblet shaped blooms in a soft shade of honey yellow. The petals are of good substance and the flowers appear early spring on bare branches. Plant in a sheltered position in acid soil for best results. 6m x 4m.
Magnolia IOLANTHE	5MI		A NZ hybrid. Large cup-shaped flowers of pink, tinged lavender, opening from huge, furry buds in mid-spring. Extremely prolific, and a very impressive sight when in full flower. Commences flowering early. 8m X 5m.
Magnolia KOBAN DORI	5MI		Small upright poised canary yellow cupped blooms open as growth commences in the spring and produced freely on a small compact tree of upright graceful habit. Regarded as the best yellow variety for the home gardener. 3m X 2m.
Magnolia lilliflora NIGRA <i>Lily Magnolia</i>			Lots of long erect pansy-black curved buds open to dark maroon-purple, with lighter purplish-black interiors gradually open wide like a waterlily. Good for picking. Flowers commence to open in spring and continue into summer. Smaller growing Chinese variety, developing into a low, many-branched shrub, slowly increasing its width. An ideal variety for shrub borders. 2m x 1.5m.
Magnolia MARGARET HELEN	5MI		
Magnolia MILKY WAY	5HA		Another star from the Jury family bred right here in NZ. A medium sized deciduous tree with a free compliment of big beautiful cup shaped blooms in mid spring. The flowers are white with a blush of pink at the base. Happiest in a sheltered spot in nice acid soil. 5m x 3.5m.
Magnolia OLD PORT	5MI		This variety was raised at Duncan and Davies by Vance Hooper about 1993. The elegant red flowers have a white interior with a

			purplish mark at the base. The perfume is quite strong and pleasantly distinctive.
Magnolia RED AS	5HA		A new red flowering magnolia. A small growing plant that usually flowers in the first year. Flowers are upright goblets of red-purple on the outside and slightly paler inside. Price includes a royalty to the breeder.
Magnolia stellata ROSEA			Usually a big shrub but sometimes grafted onto a trunk to generate a small tree with a round crown. The slow growth means that it takes many years to develop into a tree of any size. Branches very densely, eventually becoming 3 - 4 m wide. The mid-green leaf is slightly glossy. The teardrop-shaped flower buds have soft hairs. They are visible on the plant before winter. The star-shaped flowers consist of 12 - 20 petals, bright pink on opening and becoming light pink to nearly white. Even young plants bear many flowers. Suitable for use in parks and gardens. Grows approx. 4-6m.
MAGNOLIA ROYAL PURPLE			A small upright tree of slender habit with cup shaped blooms of strong rose-purple. Early to mid season flowering. Bred in New Zealand by Mr Peter Cave. One of the best "purple" magnolias. Deciduous. Height estimated at 4 metres in 10 years (width 1.5 metres)
Magnolia ROYAL STAR <i>Hybrid</i>	2MI		Compact densely branched spreading bush with larger flowers and more vigour than M. stellata. Pink buds open to starry blooms of palest pink then mature white. Withstands extreme winter cold. Grows 16enudat 2.5m x 2.5m.
Magnolia SENTRY	5MG		Spicy-scented, tulip-shaped, rich pink-purple blooms with white interior. Early to mid season flowering from a young age. Hardy, small, deciduous tree with a very narrow, columnar habit ideal for smaller gardens. Easy reliable grower with healthy foliage. Grows approximately 3.5m tall x 80cm wide.
Magnolia SOULANGEANA <i>Saucer Magnolia</i>			A hybrid between M. 16enudate and M. liliiflora. Slow-growing, large shrub that can sometimes grow into a multiple-stemmed tree. At first it has a spreading vase shape, but when maturing it spreads more, generating an ovoid crown. In the case of low branches, old branches can bend onto the ground. The spread may be as large as the height. It is one of the richest flowering Magnolias. Grows approx 4-6m.
Magnolia STELLATA DAWN Star Magnolia	5MI		Considered one of the best pink-flowering star magnolias. Its flowers are pink in bud, opening to a blush-pink color and fading to white-pink. The flowers have between 40 to 45 tepals and are a lighter pink shade than those of Magnolia stellata 'Jane Platt'. Magnolia stellata 'Dawn' is a strong and vigorous grower, and it produces an abundance of flowers in early spring. Magnolia stellata is deciduous and native to Japan. Grows 3m x 2m.
Magnolia STELLATA ROSEA Star Magnolia			A popular variety with star-shaped, light pink flowers with a lovely scent. As it blooms on bare branches early in the spring it looks amazing when placed in front of an evergreen shrub, e.g. holly, escallonia, griselinia or any bright green conifer, to fully expose the beauty of its flowers. Ideal as a free-standing specimen. 1.5m
Magnolia STELLATA <i>Star Magnolia</i>			A Magnolia is a Symbol of Beauty and Sweetness. Its Planet is Venus and its Power is Fidelity. One of the earliest magnolias to bloom. They need a sheltered spot and fertile, well-drained, acid soil. A small bushy tree bearing fragrant star shaped white flowers with many petals opening from silky buds in spring. Very beautiful and suitable for a small garden. Grows approx. 1.5m x 1.5m.
Magnolia STAR WARS			Bushy, upright, compact grower. A profusion of large, rose-pink buds open out to fragrant, wide, broadly-petalled stars of firm

			texture. Flowers from an early age in spring. Excellent street tree. Grows approx 5m x 4m.
Magnolia SUMMER MAGIC	3MG		This one flowers twice a year – in spring and again in the summer. Summer Magic has been bred by Vance Hooper in Taranaki and is described as the having elegant narrow healthy foliage and is almost willow like when it's not in flower. These trees have been admired for their foliage alone when not in flower. The best summer flowering Magnolia we've seen. Can be expected to grow quite slender and tall - the parent tree at 10 years old is 4m tall and 1.8w.
Magnolia stellata WATERLILLY	2MI 5HA		Large semi-double flowers with many petals, opening from palest pink buds to starry white with a pink blush on the outside. Vigorous, medium size, compact, densely branched shrub. Beautifully scented. 2m X 2m.
Magnolia VULCAN	5GS		Spectacular large deep magenta red fragrant beautifully cupped blooms up to 25cm wide in such a mass the entire tree is covered with blooms! One of the new generation NZ bred Jury hybrid Magnolias. Smaller growing and make a truly stunning specimen tree for your garden A magnificent specimen tree. Will perform its best protected from harsh wind. Deciduous. 5 x 4m.
Magnolia YELLOW LANTERN			A larger flowering hybrid with a slight hint of pink in the base of the flowers. Grows to a small rounded tree approx. 3.5m.
MALUS			
<p>CRAB APPLES. Easy to grow in a sunny sheltered position. They are tolerant of most soil types except for water logged soil. If you feel that your soil is a little poor then spread some slow release fertilizer around the tree in spring, perhaps adding some mulch or compost at the same time. Remember to leave space between the trunk of the tree and the start of the mulch layer. Any pruning should be done in winter on a dry day. Basically prune for the first couple of years to get a nice open shape with 3 main branches that form a V - or what is known in horticulture as a vase shape. After that you can pretty much let the tree alone and just enjoy. Warning: some Crab Apples to have quite sharp spurs so if you are working under or around the tree take care not to meet one of these head on or you will in danger of becoming a crabby apple yourself!</p>			
Malus ARROW GOLD			Bunches of large, white-pink blossoms in mid-spring. An autumn profusion of large, clear-yellow crabapples are borne on branches. Can be made into jelly. Excellent variety to pleach or espalier. Grows approx. 3m x 3m in 10 years.
Malus AUTUMN GOLD			Pyramid shape, grows approx. 20 - 25 ft and spreads approx. 15 – 20 ft. Glossy green foliage that turns yellow in autumn and has white flowers.
Malus BALLERINA			The world's most compact crabapple trees! Ballerina® trees have a columnar habit that makes them ideal for a host of planting situations. Fully grown they naturally grow to no more than four metres in height and 30cm across! Ballerina® trees can be grown practically anywhere- in borders, lawns, containers, lining paths and driveway, against fences, planting in a row as a screen etc. Ballerina® trees produce abundant crops of crabapples. A certain talking point and feature in any garden!
Malus ELLERSLIE			Excellent tree. Red new leaves turn bronze through summer. Dark-red buds open to soft-crimson flowers in spring, followed by small, red crabapples in autumn. These persist until eaten by birds in winter. Grows approx. 3m x 3m in 10 years.
Malus FLORIBUNDA	5MI		Crimson buds open into white or pale pink flowers on long arching branches. Red and yellow small fruits. A remarkably beautiful tree. Possibly the earliest of the crab apples to bloom. 3 x 2.5m
Malus GOLDEN HORNET	5HA		Crab Apple. Upright pyramidal habit. White spring blossoms and clusters of small shiny golden ornamental fruit borne in great profusion. Retaining well into winter. Top variety. 2x2m.

Malus GORGEOUS <i>Ideal crab apple jelly variety</i>	5MA 5MI		Small deep crimson fruits weigh down the branches in autumn and winter. One of the best fruiting varieties. A popular and spectacular sight in any garden. 2.5x2m.
Malus IOENSIS PLENA	5MA 5MI		Really a large shrub with an angular branch patterning, perfect for oriental gardens. The last Crab to flower in November with large pink buds opening to double blush very fragrant blossom. Fragrance said to smell of violets. Gorgeous red and yellow autumn leaves. Small greenish yellow fruit
Malus JACK HUMM	5MA 5LE		Hundreds of brilliant red crab apples flushed yellow and orange give a magnificent display right into winter. Our variety is on dwarf rootstock. 2x2
Malus JELLY KING			Tall upright tree. Pink buds opening to pure white flowers late season. The fruit are large 3cm round orange yellow overlaid with medium red. Fantastic jelly. Untouched by birds until late autumn. 3 x 2.5m.
Malus LAMBADA 1.8m standard			This spectacular new release is ideal as a shade and flowering specimen. Its uniqueness is in the strong, tidy horizontal growth that makes it a perfect tree for sitting or playing under. The tree is delightful in spring with masses of rosy red spring buds that open to a striking display of pink blooms nestled amongst complimentary emerging bronze foliage. Has good disease resistance. Grows 4m
Malus PROFUSION	5LE		Starts to flower profusely from a young age and puts on a 'profuse' display of deep wine red blossom in spring. The flowers are followed by small red Crab Apples. The coppery new leaf growth which turns fresh green for summer. Easy to grow in the sun. Grows 3m x 2.5m.
Malus TOM'S ORANGE			In autumn, Malus 'Tom's Orange' yields beautiful orange fruit that are a favorite of birds, and the crabapples are also perfect for making jelly. Furthermore, in spring, Malus 'Tom's Orange' produces stunning single white blossoms. Malus 'Tom's Orange' is deciduous, not native to New Zealand, and was developed by Matthews Nurseries in Whanganui. Grows 3m x 2m.
Malus WRIGHTS SCARLET			Large clusters of 50mm flattish deep crimson fruits, highly ornamental and excellent for jelly. Spectacular through winter. Good winter feed for the birds. 3x3m.

MELIA

INDIAN LILAC OR BEAD TREE. Rounded canopy and glossy foliage, native to northern and eastern parts of Australia, and South East Asia. Belongs to the Mahogany family (Meliaceae). Prefers a sunny position in well-draining soil. Copes well with partial shade & coastal conditions. Adaptable to a wide range of conditions, but sensitive to waterlogged soils. Can handle considerable drought. Prune for shape to encourage a good branching structure. Melia azedarach has a shallow root system and is best planted at some distance from hard surfaces.

Melia AZEDARACH Persian Lilac, Chinaberry			Quick-growing tree with a stout trunk. Open form with wide-spreading branches to give light shade. Pinnate leaves appear with the caramel-scented panicles of lilac-pink flowers in late-spring. Clear-yellow autumn leaves. Withstands strong winds and drought. Excellent street tree. Grows approx 7m (H) x 6m (W) in 10 years.
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MORUS

BLACK MULBERRY. Quick growing large shade tree with lush green leaves. Produces a copious quantity of delicious red/black berries for a short period over summer. Deciduous tree that grows at a moderate rate to reach 8m (H) x 6m (W) in 10 years.

Morus alba PENDULA <i>Weeping Mulberry</i>	3HA		Large glossy deep green leaves, makes a striking small tree of dense habit. The white mulberries turn pink through summer. Ideal for use in pots on patios or decking or just as garden plant. 2 x 3m
<h3>NYSSA</h3> <p>BLACK GUM TREE/CHINESE TUPELO. One of the showiest trees for autumn colour. Growth rate is slow to moderate, pyramidal when young, spreading, irregular and rugged with age. Angular branches and twigs with dark red bark present a dramatic picture against the winter sky.</p>			
Nyssa SYLVATICA	5MA 5HA		Tupelo, Black Gum or Sour Gum. One of the showiest trees for spectacular autumn colour. Lower branches have a semi-weeping habit and summer leaves are a glossy dark green, turning to fiery tones of scarlet, orange and yellow. While deciduous the branches and twigs display an attractive deep red colouring. Well suited to damp conditions. Small greenish-yellow flowers and blue-black fruits. Ideal lawn specimen. 5m X 3m
Nyssa sylvatica SHEFFIELD PARK			A variety specially selected in UK for its gorgeous autumn tints. Very hardy and will withstand wet soils. A handsome slow growing medium sized tree. 6m X 4m.
<h3>PARROTIA</h3> <p>PERSIAN WITCH HAZEL. One of the first small trees for autumn colour – gives a dramatic show. Slow growing, densely foliated with lustrous, dark green, oval or diamond shaped leaves, colours more intense in areas with dry summers and cold winters. Hardy, tolerates any soil and withstands more dry conditions and exposure than most deciduous trees.</p>			
Parrotia PERSICA <i>Persian Ironwood</i>			Small tree with neat, erect growth habit and ornamental, picturesque branching habit. Crimson-red, tassel-like flowers sit in woolly brown bracts and are carried in profusion over late winter to early spring. Attractive, flaking bark on older trunks, beautiful crimson and gold autumn colours. 6m X 4m.
<h3>PAULOWNIA</h3> <p>Princess Tree, Empress Tree. This magnificent looking tree is grown extensively in Japan for the production of high quality paper. It can be cut back hard each year and will re-grow quite quickly and produce enormous leaves but no flowers.</p>			
Paulownia TOMENTOSA			Broad-spreading tree with a stout trunk and horizontal branches. Huge, tropical-looking, hairy leaves. Large, showy, fragrant, violet-blue flowers with darker spots and yellow throats adorn the bare branches in spring. Withstands moderate frosts and inland salty gales, but not right on the coast. Grows 8m x 6m.
<h3>PISTACIA</h3> <p>Handsome small tree with elegant glossy green pinnate leaves. Upright grower with spreading branches, which makes a perfect small shade tree. Vivid scarlet, crimson, and orange leaves in autumn. Tolerant of alkaline soils. Excellent street tree. Deciduous tree that grows at a fast rate to reach 6m (H) x 5m (W) in 10 years.</p>			

Pistacia CHINENSIS <i>Chinese Pistachio</i>			Small tree cultivated for the Pistachio nut. Elegant green and glossy leaves, colour beautifully in autumn in scarlet, crimson, orange and often yellow, intense even in warmer areas. A good shade tree for corners, lawns and patios. 6m x 5m.

PLATANUS

LONDON PLANE TREES. Handsome small tree with elegant glossy green pinnate leaves. Upright grower with spreading branches, which makes a perfect small shade tree. Vivid scarlet, crimson, and orange leaves in autumn. Tolerant of alkaline soils.

Platanus ACERIFOLIA	5MA		Grows rapidly to form a round headed tree with clean smooth cream coloured bark which eventually turns grey and often peels off in flakes. The leaves are large, deep green and glossy. London Planes are often seen as street trees and pollarded to create a dense low canopy. Extremely hardy. Grows approx. 7m x 5m.
Platanus HISPANICA			Also known as Plantanus Acerifolia. London Plane Tree. A well-known fast growing tree, which forms a round-head tree with a lovely clean trunk that eventually flakes to leave a mottled effect. Large maple-like leaves. A very hardy tree tolerant of the extremes. Withstands heavy pruning. 10m.
Platanus ORIENTALIS <i>Oriental Plane</i>	5MA		Grows rapidly to form a large, round-headed tree. Bark peels off in large flakes to give a dappled appearance. Where space permits, forms a shade tree. Perfect for large lawns, parks, avenues, and streets. Can be pruned heavily. Tolerant of pollution. Grows approx 9m (H) x 6m (W) in 10 years.

POPLAR

Poplars grow quickly and are effective for soil conservation, stock shelter, shade, fodder, and they are used as ornamental trees in cities and rural settings. Some varieties can grow up to 30m high.

Poplar CHIBA	5MA		narrow, fastigate form, making it great for use in shelter belts. It is highly resistant to poplar leaf rust, and its leaves turn yellow in the autumn. Populus 'Chiba' is tolerant of frost and wind, but it prefers moist soil conditions and does not do well in coastal areas or dry soils. Populus 'Chiba' is deciduous. 10 year height 10m x 3m.
Poplar CROWSNEST	5MA		Populus 'Crows Nest' has a narrow, fastigate form and is well-suited for use in shelter belts. Its new leaves are red-orange, maturing to a dark-green color on the upper surface and light-green below with a red midrib. It can tolerate some drought, and it has a low to moderate resistance to poplar leaf rust. Its leaves turn yellow in the autumn. Populus 'Crows Nest' is deciduous. 10year height 10m x 3mW.

PRUNUS

FLOWERING CHERRY. Flowering Cherry trees are actually quite easy to grow but need space to appreciate their true beauty. They are tolerant of most soils but will be happiest in deeply worked well drained soil. They will not tolerate "wet feet" so if you have a really heavy clay soil that stays moist for long periods you will need to work it well by adding peat, sand and/or gypsum to ensure your tree stays healthy.

The Flowering Cherry is remarkably wind tolerant but as you can imagine harsh wind can be detrimental to the delicate blossoms, so consider this when choosing your planting spot. With all Flowering Cherry trees it is important to remove any shoots that come up from below the graft. Just rub off when small, or if they get a bit wayward, cut off with sharp

<p>secateurs. If you have planted a weeping Cherry (and why wouldn't you) then remove any shoots that appear below the head of the tree.</p> <p>If you particularly want to attract birds to the garden then choose a form of <i>Prunus campanulata</i>. Tui and other nectar loving birds will love both you and the bright pink bell shaped blossoms that smother the branches from August onward. Usually, once a tree is discovered by Tui, then repeat annual visits can be guaranteed.</p>			
Prunus ACCOLADE <i>Flowering Cherry</i>	5MA	1.6M	Small tree with a vase-shaped form and spreading branches. Yellow and orange autumn leaves. Semi-double, frilled, rich-pink flowers hang in clusters. Early-spring flowering. Excellent street tree. Protect from strong winds. Grows approx 5m in 10 years.
Prunus AMANOGAWA <i>Flowering Cherry</i>	5MA		Fragrant clusters of semi-double, white to pale-pink flowers with deep margins. Flowers in mid to late-spring. Orange and yellow autumn leaves. A tree for narrow spaces where height is required. Also for lining avenues and driveways. Excellent street tree. Grows 6m x 2m in 10 years.
Prunus AVIUM PENDULA <i>Weeping Cherry</i>			Weeping cherry would look fabulous as a feature tree with its semi pendulous habit & abundance of white/pink cup-shaped flowers borne in clusters. Impressive in full bloom. Grows 1.5m x 3m.
Prunus yedoensis AWANUI <i>Hybrid Yoshino cherry</i>	5HA 5HA	1.2M 1.5M	Has an erect vase shape and is a spreading grower. In mid-September, becomes smothered in fragrant, blush pink single blossoms, from deeper pink buds. An avenue of this cherry in full flower is an unforgettable sight. Yellow and orange autumn leaves. Excellent street tree. Also available as <i>Prunus yedoensis</i> 'Awanui' – (serrula interstem), which is a graft of <i>Prunus</i> 'Awanui' onto a beautiful reddish-brown <i>Prunus serrula</i> interstem. Grows at a fast rate to reach 5m (H) x 5m (W) in 10 years.
Prunus BLIRIEANA <i>Flowering Plum</i>			Fragrant double rich pink blooms in august. Foliage rich metallic coppery-purple. 4m.
Prunus CAMPANULATA <i>Taiwan Cherry</i>			If you particularly want to attract birds to the garden then choose a form of <i>Prunus campanulata</i> . Tui and other nectar loving birds will love both you and the bright pink bell shaped blossoms that smother the branches from August onward. Usually, once a tree is discovered by Tui, then repeat annual visits can be guaranteed.
Prunus subhirtella FALLING SNOW	2MI 2MA	1.2M 1.8M	Slender weeping tree, building up tiers of arching and gracefully pendant branches. Branches are smothered in mid-spring with pink buds opening to small single blush pink flowers. Yellow and orange autumn leaves. Deciduous tree that grows at a fast rate to reach approximately 2m x 2m (depends on graft height)
Prunus campanulata FELIX JURY <i>Hybrid Formosan Cherry</i>	5MI 5MI 5MA 5HA	1.2MI 1.5MI 1.6M 1.5M	A special selection producing large very deep claret red blossom in early spring. Popular with Tuists and Wax eyes. Upright habit. 5x3m.
Prunus JIM'S DELIGHT	3MI		A vase-shaped tree with a slight spreading habit. Small, single, pink flowers in spring. Great for driveways or as a street tree. Grows approx. 3m x 2m in 10 years.
Prunus 21pprox.21e KANZAN <i>Flowering Cherry</i>	5MA 2MI	1.6M 1.5M	The most popular prunus. Young trees have a narrow, erect, vase-shaped growth habit, but spread out as they mature. Maroon buds open to large, fully-double, deep-pink flowers held in drooping clusters. Bronze leaves emerge with the flowers to contrast nicely. Flowers in mid to late-spring. Red, orange, and yellow autumn leaves. Perfect for lining avenues and driveways. One of the wind-hardest flowering cherries. Grows 6m.
Prunus KIKU-SHIDARE ZAKURA	2MI 2MI 5HA	1.2M 1.8M 1.8M	Branches arch before cascading to ground. Large double, frilly deep pink flowers are borne in clusters in early October. Bronze spring leaves are green through summer and scarlet in autumn. Deciduous tree that grows at a fast rate to reach approximately 3m (H) x 3m (W) (graft height will determine ultimate height).

Prunus persica MUME THE GEISHA <i>Flowering Apricot</i>	3HA		Flowers from mid-winter to early-spring. Delightfully-fragrant, rose-pink, semi-double flowers with numerous central stamens appear on the bare branches. Forms a small, rounded bush. Grows 3m.
Prunus persica PERSICA CASCADE			Weeping Blossom Peach. A simply beautiful blossom tree with glistening white, fully double, frothy blossom, on graceful arching branches. Fresh green summer foliage. Plant in a sunny well drained spot in nice deep loam for best results.
Prunus PINK CLOUD <i>Taiwan Cherry</i>			Delightful rounded, neat-headed tree with spreading branches. Great shade tree for a smaller garden. Clusters of soft-pink, single flowers hang from the branches from late-winter to early-spring. Blossoms are full of nectar to the delight of birds. Copper-green leaves all spring and summer. Excellent street tree. Grows 5m x 4m.
Prunus serrulata PINK PERFECTION <i>Japanese Flowering Cherry</i>	2MI 3MI	1.5M 1.8M	Considered the most perfect pink of all the flowering cherries. Red buds open to deep pink double blooms. Older trees take on a fountain like shape. Award winner. 5x3m
Prunus sub pendula ROSEA <i>Weeping Rosebud Cherry</i>	3MA 12MI 2MI 2MA	1M 1.2M 1.5M 1.8M	Slender willowy graceful arching pendulous branches completely clothed with sprays of dainty pale-pink single flowers, giving a fountain or mushroom effect. 2.5m
Prunus SERRULATA <i>Japanese Flowering Cherry</i>			Medium sized tree growing to 50-75' tall in its native habitat. It features non-fragrant white flowers in spring, pea-sized blackish fruits in late summer and ovate to lanceolate green leaves (to 5" long). Flowers come in single, semi-double or double form and may be fragrant or non-fragrant. New leaves may be tinged with bronze. Fall color varies from interesting shades of bronze and red to undistinguished drab yellows.
Prunus serr SHIMIDSU SAKURA <i>Japanese Flowering Cherry</i>	10MI 10MA	1.5M 1.6M	One of the loveliest flowering cherries which grows into a small spreading tree with gracefully arching branches to form a flat top tree. Late October flowering. Pink buds open to fully double flowers of palest pink which fade to white, in pendulous clusters. Orange and red autumn leaves.
Prunus serr SHIROTAI (Mt Fuji) <i>Japanese Flowering Cherry</i>	2MI 10MA	1.5M 1.6M	Large single semi-double snow-white flowers bursting from the soft young green foliage in long drooping clusters. A vigorous tree with wide spreading branches. 4x4m
Prunus cerasifera NIGRA <i>Black Cherry Plum</i>			Rich, deep purple foliage and stems which can appear almost black. In Sept-Oct erupts in a mass of single pink flowers which are popular with bees and contrast beautifully with the emerging bronze leaves. The foliage colours to a blackish purple and then in autumn it takes on shades of red and orange. Has a rounded form and will grow to an estimated height and spread of 5 x 3m.
Prunus yeodensis PURPENDENS <i>Weeping</i>			This weeping tree even looks good naked but in spring it's all dressed up with pale pink to white single blossoms that smother the branches. The tree forms a broad umbrella of green foliage in summer. Vivid autumn display. A must have! Plant in a sunny well drained spot for best results.
Prunus campanulata SUPERBA <i>Taiwan Cherry</i>	5MI 5MA	1.5M 1.6M	Hybrid which flowers from late-winter to early-spring. Profuse display of deep rose-red, single blossoms in pendulous clusters. Blossoms are full of nectar to the delight of birds. Forms a small, pyramidal, upright tree. Perfect for the smaller garden and lining driveways. Excellent street tree. Grows approx 4m in 10 years.
Prunus TAI HAKU <i>Great White Cherry</i>	2MI	1.8M	Tall spreading tree with a rounded crown. The very large pure white, slightly fragrant flowers are borne in large clusters in early October. The large leaves mature deep green through summer, turning yellow and orange in autumn. Spectacular blossom tree. Deciduous tree that grows at a fast rate to reach 8m (H) x 7m (W) in 10 years.
Prunus UKON			Vase shaped tree with upright spreading branches. Soft pink buds open lime green and age to an antique green and pink colouring.

<i>Green Flowering Cherry</i>			Large double flowers are very unique and nestle among the emerging bronze coloured leaves. Flowers late September. Orange red to plum red autumn leaves. Deciduous tree that grows at a fast rate to reach 5m (H) x 5m (W) in 10 years.

PYRUS

ORNAMENTAL PEAR. Most elegant, gracefully weeping stems with silvery grey bark and narrow, silvery, willowlike foliage. Creamy white spring flowers, followed in autumn by small, top-shaped brownish fruit. Most effective when seen against a dark background. Very hardy.

Pyrus Calleryana ARISTOCRAT			Ideal for avenue plantings, shade or an accent tree. Showy white spring flowers, lush wavy, cupped foliage, strong pyramidal growth habit and yellow to red autumn tonings. 6m x 4m.
Pyrus calleryana BRADFORD <i>Ornamental Pear</i>	3MI		Pyramidal tree with densely-packed branches. White, early-spring blossoms is a stunning feature. Glossy leaves turn red, orange, and maroon in autumn. Excellent street tree. Grows 7m x 4m.
Pyrus calleryana KEA			A multi-branched tree with a dense, bushy growth habit. Glossy, green leaves turn to a blend of burgundy and green over summer. This colouring intensifies to red through autumn. Tolerates both dry and heavier wet soils. White spring flowers. Grows approx. 6m x 4m in 10 years.
Pyrus salicifolia PENDULA <i>Weeping Silver Pear</i>	10MI 5MI	1.2M 1.7M	The small to medium sized trees with narrow green to silvery-green willow like leaves, & white flowers in spring with graceful pendulous branches look nice. 2x2m.

QUERCUS

THE MIGHTY OAK! An Oak is a tree or shrub in the genus Quercus; there are approximately 600 living species of Oak, they may be deciduous, semi-deciduous or evergreen. The classic and much loved English Oak grows into a large, spreading tree with pale gray bark and shallowly-lobed green leaves that turn golden yellow prior to leaf fall. Its fruit, the acorn, is much loved by wild-life, especially ducks.

Quercus COCCINEA <i>Scarlet Oak</i>	5MA		Large spreading tree with handsome green leaves turning bright scarlet in autumn. Very hardy and withstands drought once established. Good shade tree. 10x10m
Quercus PALUSTRIS <i>Canadian Pin Oak</i>	10MA		Pyramidal habit when young then becomes more open as the tree matures. Lower branches tend to droop almost to the ground. Brilliant autumn foliage of scarlet, yellow, and reddish bronze. Looks good when bare. 8m X 6m.
Quercus ROBUR <i>English Oak</i>			The classic oak tree. Usually found in parks and public places. Has a short trunk, wide open head and rugged branches. Leaves turn yellow in autumn, hold on well into the winter and fall after turning brown. 8m X 5m.
Quercus robur FASTIGATA <i>English Oak</i>			Neat tight columnar habit, like a Lombardy Poplar. Perfect for restricted spaces where height is required. Dark green leaves turn yellow and copper in autumn, then brown in winter. Plant as a screen, to line avenues and driveways, or as a focal point. Excellent street tree. Grows at a moderate rate to reach 6m x 2m.
Quercus RUBRA <i>Northern Red Oak</i>	5MA		Sometimes listed as Quercus Borealis. Forms a large specimen with broad, spreading branches and round topped crown. Large leaves. New leaves rich red in spring, dull green through summer, turning dark red, ruddy brown or orange in autumn. Have stout more horizontal branches. An ideal choice for lawn specimens. A good tree for gardening under. 10m X 7m.

ROBINIA			
BLACK LOCUST. A small genus of fast growing trees characterised by their attractive pinnate leaves and pendulous pea-flowers. Hardy, drought resistant and suitable for most soils.			
Robinia BELLA'S GOLD <i>Black Locust</i>			A smaller, more compact grower. Golden-yellow leaves contrast against new red stems. Can be clipped into a topiary form. Long, white, pea-like flowers in early-summer. Grows 4m in 10 years.
Robinia pseudoacacia FRISIA <i>Black Locust</i>			Brilliantly-coloured, yellow-foliaged trees. Forms a neat, rounded head on a sturdy trunk. Golden-yellow colour is maintained until leaf-drop. Tolerant of heat, drought, and pollution. Ideal for the smaller garden. Excellent street tree. Sometimes has long, white, pea-like flowers in early-summer. Grows approx. 5m x4m.
Robinia pseudoacacia LACE LADY <i>Black Locust</i>	5MA 5MA	LW 30CM	Rich blue-green pendulous leaves cover stems which are uniquely contorted and twisted. This upright small tree fits into oriental inspired gardens as feature plants. Ideal for container planting. Soft yellow autumn leaves. Tolerates heat and drought. Deciduous tree that grows at a slow rate to reach 2m in 10 years.
Robinia MOP TOP	5GS 5HA 5GS	1.5M 1.7M 1.8M	A ball 2 to 3m in diameter of fresh thorn less green lustrous foliage. Bold and sought after architectural tree sure to make a statement in any garden. Ideal hot areas 3x3m
SALIX			
WILLOW. Salix (willow) are easy to grow and are fast growing and are best located where they can show off! Consider the varieties habits, before deciding on a garden location. The leaves are generally small and range from in colour from yellow-green to blue-green; the flowers (catkins) are also small, appearing before the leaves in spring.			
Salix CHRYOSOCOMA <i>Weeping Golden Willow</i>			Distinct golden-green pendulous branches and stems with narrow green foliage. Great for providing shade in a paddock or large garden. Fast growing, tolerates wet soil. Useful for animal fodder, erosion control and also attracts bees. Hardy, has a mature height of about 8m to 10m.
Salix KILMARNOCK <i>Kilmarnock Willow</i>	10HA		A dwarf, weeping tree with dark green leaves with grey-green undersides. In mid- to late spring, the bare branches are covered in golden male catkins, which superb in cut-flower arrangements. An ideal tree for the small garden or even planted in a pot.
Salix vitellina PENDULA AUREA <i>Golden Willow</i>			Graceful tree with arching, wide-spreading branches, weeping to the ground. Golden-yellow branches are covered with slender, soft-green leaves. Wonderful shade tree. Looks great planted next to water. Golden autumn leaves. 8m x 8m.
Salix vitellina TWISTI AUREA <i>Golden Twist Willow</i>	5MA		A magnificent tree when given room to develop. Twisted branches with beautiful yellow foliage. Grows approximately 4m tall. Full sun with rich, moist, well drained soil.
Salix vitellina PENDULA AUREA <i>Golden Willow</i>	5MA		Fast-growing medium-sized tree with a broadly domed shape. Graceful arching and weeping branches. Golden yellow shoots. Bright green young leaves becoming darker.
Salix caprea PENDULA <i>Kilmarnock Willow</i>			A weeping, umbrella form grafted on a stout trunk. Excellent small tree for moist areas and small gardens. Large, silver catkins adorn the bare branches in late-winter. Large, green, coarse leaves are blue-green underneath. Leaves turn yellow in autumn. Grows approx 2m (H) x 2m (W) in 10 years.
SOPHORA			
WEeping JAPANESE KOWHAI. This is an attractive medium to tall tree with a rounded canopy.			

Sophora japonica PENDULA <i>Weeping Pagoda Tree</i>			A stunning weeping tree with branches that cascade to the ground. The deep green oval leaflets turn soft yellow in autumn. In summer creamy white pea like flowers appear in large clusters on mature trees. A feature tree for the garden or a container.

SORBUS

MOUNTAIN ASH/ROWAN TREE. Bees, birds and other insects flock to the pretty little flowers and berries.. Sorbus are hardy ornamental trees and shrubs that grow best in areas that have cold winters. They like a sunny spot and deep soil that does not completely dry out in summer.

Sorbus ARIA LUTENSSENS <i>Silver Whitebeam</i>			Compact tree with bold leaves. Upper surfaces covered in dense creamy-white woolly hairs creating an outstanding sight in spring and early summer. Upright growth and wind-resistant. Deciduous. Hardy. Grows approx. 10m x 6m.
Sorbus AUCUPARIA <i>Rowan or Mountain Ash</i>			Broadly conical, deciduous tree, bearing white flowers then clusters of red berries, rich in Vitamin C for jelly and herbal remedies. Foliage becomes a rich gold colour in autumn. Grows to about 8m x 6m
Sorbus aucuparia EASTERN PROMISE <i>Mountain Ash or Rowan</i>	3HA		'Eastern Promise' is a small deciduous tree with an oval crown, an upright habit with pinnate leaves that turn purple and orange-red in autumn and clusters of small white flowers followed by rose-pink berries. Grows a25pprox.. 8m.
Sorbus aucuparia SCARLET KING	3HA		Upright form of Mountain Ash, grey-green foliage with the large bunches of scarlet berries through summer & autumn. Berries best in cooler districts. 5m X 2m

TAMARIX

SPRING TAMARISK. Tamarix is a dense forming shrub or small tree that is deciduous with arching branches and racemes of small pink flowers from late spring to mid-summer.

Tamarix JUNIPERINA <i>Spring Tamarisk</i>			A large shrub or small tree with dainty foliage in plumes, clothing itself in masses of pink bloom mid spring before leafing up. This is a saline hardy shrub/small tree and can tolerate dry also making it a wonderful choice for coastal situations. Prune after flowering for shape and size.

TAXODIUM

SWAMP CYPRESS. Deciduous conifer that grows in moisture retentive soil but naturally grows in very wet sites like swamps or around streams and ponds.

Taxodium DISTICHUM			Shapely pyramidal tree with soft green feathery spring leaves. The leaves turn russet and gold in autumn and persist well into winter. Will grow in up to 0.6m depth of water but thrives in marshy ground and ordinary garden soil as well. Grows at a moderate rate to 10m x 5m in 10 years.
Taxodium distichum McLAREN FALLS <i>Swamp Cypress</i> <i>Weeping</i>	5HA		A unique deciduous conifer that has attractive green ferny foliage that turns golden brown before leaf fall. Interesting fibrous bark and 'knobbly knees' that grow from the roots. This form has pendulous side branches giving the tree a naturally graceful habit. Grows happily in moist to wet soils but will also tolerate growing in normal garden soil as long as it does not completely dry out in summer. Named for where it was discovered – McLaren Falls in the Kaimai Ranges. 3m x 1m.

TILIA

Lime. Very large noble tree widely planted in England and Europe. Superb pleached or used in avenue plantings Hardy, will grow in all types of soils and situations. Fragrant summer flowers followed by berries.			
Tilla CORDATA <i>Small-leaved Lime, Little-Leaf Linden</i>	5HA		Green leaves through summer, yellow in autumn. Forms a dense, pyramidal tree with masses of pale-yellow, sweetly-scented flowers in summer that attract bees. The pliable branches can be trained along wires for pleaching. Also can be grown as a hedge.
Tilla PLATYPHYLLOS <i>Large-leaved Lime, Big-Leaf Linden</i>			Forms a large, umbrella-shaped tree with broad, green, heart-shaped leaves, turning yellow in autumn. Produces a mass of pale-yellow flowers in summer which attract bees. Great park tree, for large avenues, and driveways. Can be used for pleaching. Grows 8m x 5m in 10 years.
ULMUS			
ELM. Smooth oval-shaped leaves, with serrated edges that form alternately along the stems – these smallish leaves give the large Elm tree its soft appearance. Elms are attractive as a specimen tree, to line a driveway or as a landscape accent tree; they offer shade and allow dappled light to filter to the ground below			
Ulmus FRONTIER <i>Hybrid Chinese Elm</i>			Vase shaped tree with a small rounded head. Small dark green leaves turn glowing burgundy in autumn and persist well into winter. Does not produce seeds. Tolerant of moderate coastal winds and drought. Perfect shade tree for the smaller garden. Grows fast, 6m x 5m.
Ulmus glabara HORIZONTALIS <i>Horizontal Elm</i> 180cm standards.	3MA		Horizontal Elm. Excellent, small, wide spreading shade tree often seen in parks and large gardens. Makes an excellent lawn shade tree. Grafted on non-suckering rootstock. Usually 3m X 5m.
Ulmus glabara LUTESCENS <i>Golden Elm</i> <i>SYN Van Houte</i>	5HA 5HA 5HA	1.5m 1.7m 2m	Golden Elm. A very lovely and magnificent specimen. Unbeatable for avenue, single specimen, or as a shade tree. The golden yellow foliage right through spring to autumn. It is fairly wind tolerant, and it is our opinion that this golden elm is one of the best of the deciduous trees for planting in paddocks or exposed areas. They are very drought resistant. 6m x 6m.
Ulmus glabara PENDULA <i>Weeping Elm</i>	3MA		Popular lawn shade specimen, quickly forming beautiful natural umbrella. Grafted on non-suckering rootstock. 3m X 3m. Very hardy.
Ulmus LOUIS VAN HOUTTE <i>Golden Elm</i> <i>SYN glabara Lutescens</i>	3MA 40GS		Vase-shaped tree with a large, spreading canopy. Large, light-green to yellow leaves through summer turning golden-yellow in autumn. Excellent specimen tree. Grows approx 6m (H) x 5m (W) in 10 years.
Ulmus carpinifolia VARIEGATA			Unique foliage is randomly blotched and speckled creamy-white, with the base colour of the leaves on the same tree ranging from almost completely cream to totally green. Fantastic specimen or shade tree. Hardy. Grows approx. 4m in 5 years, 14m when mature.



We recommend adding in some ican 24-Plus Slow Food at planting time. This will provide your plants with 24 months of balanced feeding as and when they need it— it carries on feeding when you forget. The controlled release fertiliser acts with temperature to provide more fertiliser when the plant growth is active and less when it's not. No Mess – No Fuss – No Waste

Updating or creating a new garden?

PLAN BEFORE YOU PLANT!

We have lots more helpful Descriptive Lists on our website www.gardenbarn.co.nz:
Roses, Camellias, Rhododendrons, Deciduous Shrubs, Fruit Trees, Feijoas, Olives + more