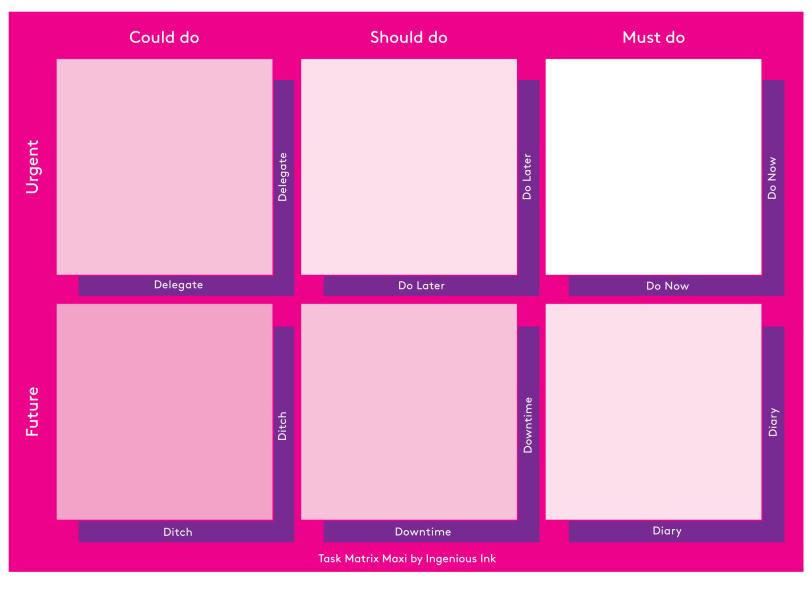
Task matrix maxi

Struggling to work out what to focus on next? Plot all your to do tasks on our Task matrix based on urgency and importance, then follow the instructions based on which box they ended up in.

- A5 sized (21.0 x 14.7 cm)
- 50 sheets per notepad
- Easy to write on
- Designed in Bristol, UK.
- Made in Germany

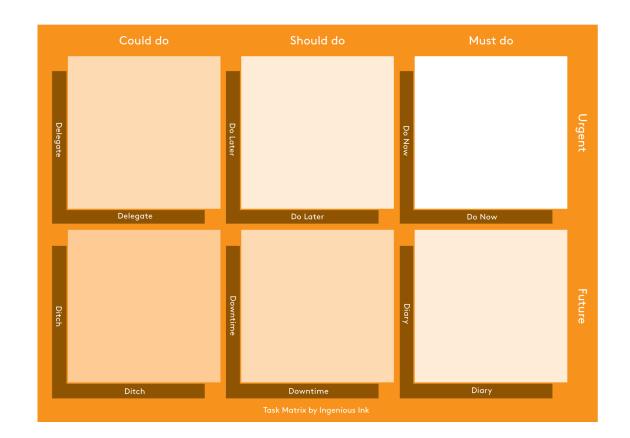


- 1. List all of the tasks that you have to do
- 2. Work out which ones have to be done today (urgent) and which ones can be done later (future)
- 3. Work out how important each task is (is it something you must, should, or could do)
- 4. Place each of your tasks on the grid according to where they scored
- 5. Take the action associated with the box they landed in

Task matrix

Struggling to work out what to focus on next? Plot all your to do tasks on our Task matrix based on urgency and importance, then follow the instructions based on which box they ended up in.

- A6 sized (10.5 x 14.7 cm)
- 50 sheets per notepad
- Easy to write on
- Designed in Bristol, UK.
- Made in Germany



- 1. List all of the tasks that you have to do
- 2. Work out which ones have to be done today (urgent) and which ones can be done later (future)
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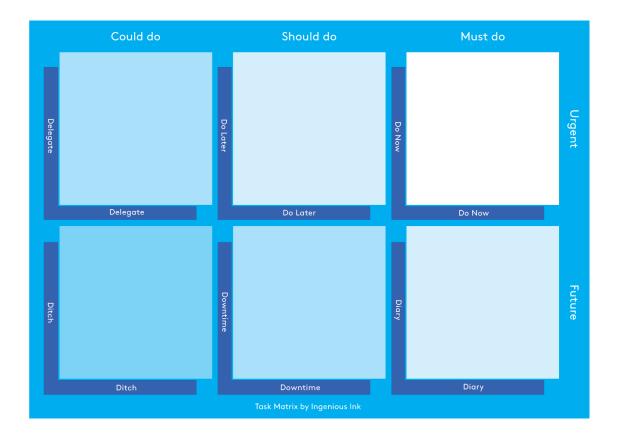
Task matrix extra

Task prioritisation Eisenhower matrix

Struggling to work out what to focus on next? Plot all your to do tasks on our Task matrix based on urgency and importance, then follow the instructions based on which box they ended up in.

LIMITED EDITION

- A6 sized (10.5 x 14.7 cm)
- 100 sheets per notepad
- Easy to write on
- Designed in Bristol, UK.
- Made in Germany

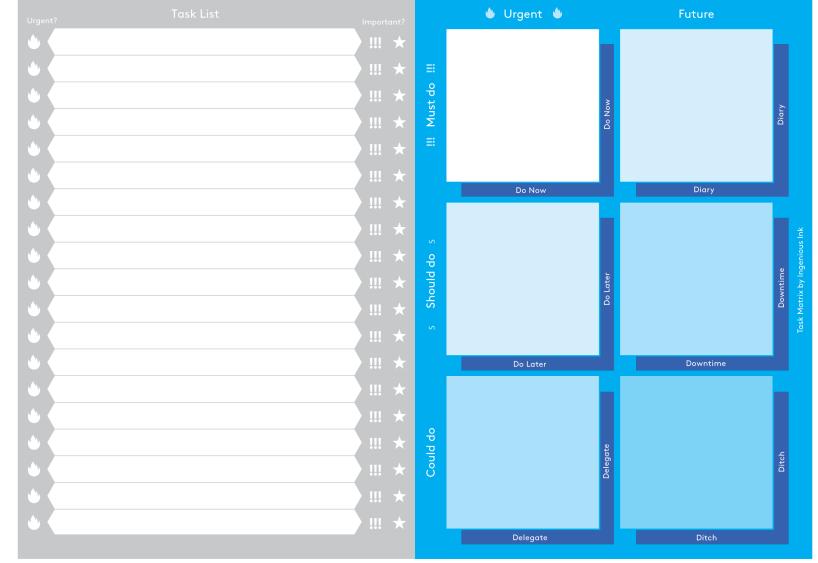


- 1. List all of the tasks that you have to do
- 2. Work out which ones have to be done today (urgent) and which ones can be done later (future)
- 3. Work out how important each task is (is it something you must, should, or could do)
- 4. Place each of your tasks on the grid according to where they scored
- 5. Take the action associated with the box they landed in

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Task matrix list

Task bucket is a modified version of the Eisenhower matrix method. The issue we had with the matrix method is that you always need a second piece of paper to list all of your tasks before you start categorising them. This design allows you to make the list first. The second issue that we had with the original matrix was that you often have to decide on urgency and important simultaneously, which can make distinguishing between the two a challenge. Here the two are physically on opposite sides of the list, so you score

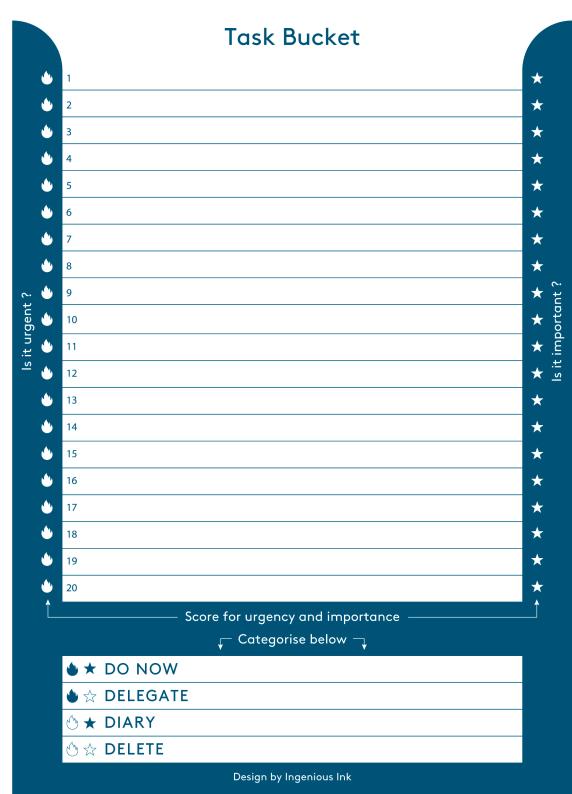


- 1. List all of the tasks that you have to do
- 2. If a task is urgent (needs to be done today) then colour in the fire symbol next to it
- 3. If the task is important, colour in the star on the right hand side
- 4. Categorise each of your tasks based on the symbols that you selected
- 5. Take the action associated with the box they landed in

Task bucket

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- 1. List all of the tasks that you have to do
- 2. If a task is urgent (needs to be done today) then colour in the fire symbol next to it
- 3. If the task is important, colour in the star on the right hand side
- 4. Categorise each of your tasks based on the symbols that you selected
- 5. Take the action associated with the box they landed in



Give me five

Write down all the things you have to do, then pick the five you are ACTUALLY going to do. The rest of the list becomes the 'avoid at all costs' list until you have finished the five most important things.

Give me five is based on Warren Buffet's "Pick five" rule. The rule involves creating a list of 25 career goals, circling the top five most important ones, and then focusing solely on achieving those five goals while ignoring the rest until they are accomplished.



- 1. Write down all the tasks that you could do
- 2. Pick five to focus on
- 3. The rest of your tasks are the 'must ignore' list. Don't do them until you finish your first five.

Frog

"Eat a live frog first thing in the morning and nothing worse will happen to you the rest of the day." - Mark Twain

Frogs are tasks that you've been putting off for a long time which somehow never get around to. "I must do that tomorrow" you think. Just as you thought yesterday, and the day before that.Keep track of your frogs and how old they're getting.



- 1. Write down the task that you keep putting off
- 2. Admit how long you have been putting this off
- 3. Identify the reason that you've been delaying it (maybe you're waiting on something else, maybe it just seems too big)
- 4. Work out what you canan do for 15 minutes to at least make a start

Task breaker

Big projects are hard to make a start on. Keep breaking down goals until they're arranged into manageable subtasks using this dinky little notepad. Ideally all tasks you undertake should be less than an hour, but we know that some of them will need a much larger chunk of time set aside to make progress



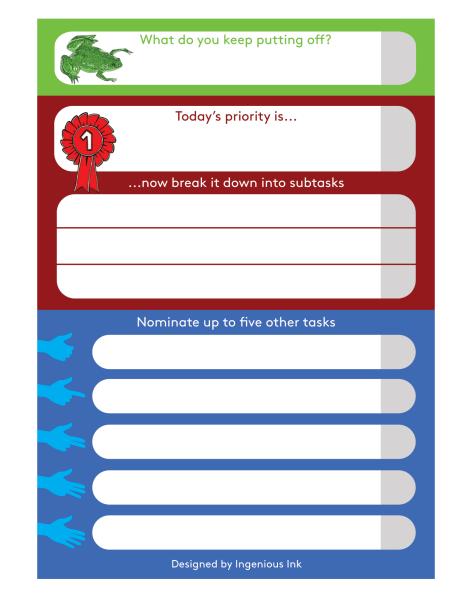
- 1. Write down your big task
- 2. Think aboout what the final result looks like (the answer as opposed to the problem)
- 3. Write down a small action that you can take to get you closer to your result

Paperthink

Paperthink's design is based on the idea that the space a task takes up on a page should be proportional to the importance of a task. One of the downfalls of to-do lists is that all the tasks are the same size, which encourages people to look for quick wins (crossing off the easy and simple tasks) rather than working on the most important ones.

Paperthink solves this by making you set one task as a priority for the day, and then forcing you to break it down so that it makes up more tasks on the page. You can add up to five extra non-related tasks to the list.

We also include a frog at the top, because ticking off something that you've been putting off for a while is a good habit to get into, and great for kickstarting motivation.



- 1. Pick one task that you want to acoplish today
- 2. Break that task down into smaller tasks
- 3. Add up to five tasks to do that day (once you're finished your priority)
- 4. Pick one short task that you've been putting off for a while to do first, to kickstart your day's motivation

Paperthink mini

Paperthink's design is based on the idea that the space a task takes up on a page should be proportional to the importance of a task. One of the downfalls of to-do lists is that all the tasks are the same size, which encourages people to look for quick wins (crossing off the easy and simple tasks) rather than working on the most important ones.

Paperthink solves this by making you set one task as a priority for the day, and then forcing you to break it down so that it makes up more tasks on the page. You can add up to five extra non-related tasks to the list.

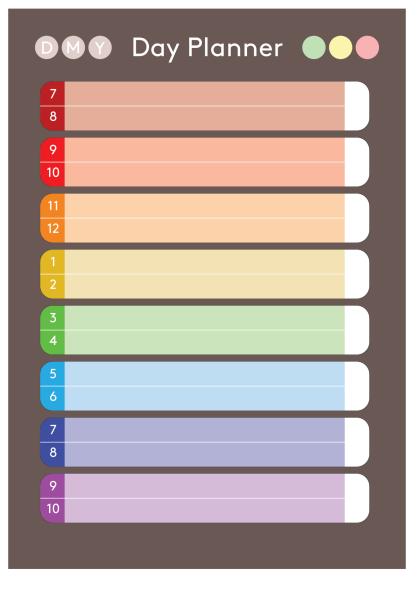
We also include a frog at the top, because ticking off something that you've been putting off for a while is a good habit to get into, and great for kickstarting motivation.

WHAT DO YOU KEEP PUTTING OFF?	
TODAY'S PRIORITY IS	
BREAK IT DOWN INTO SUBTASKS	
what else needs doing today?	
Ó	

- 1. Pick one task that you want to acoplish today
- 2. Break that task down into smaller tasks
- 3. Add up to three tasks to do that day (once you're finished your priority)
- 4. Pick one short task that you've been putting off for a while to do first, to kickstart your day's motivation

Walk

The walk planner lets you schedule your time in two hour blocks, colour coded to help you work out when you have the most energy in the day. If you're a morning person, don't try to do much after 9pm.

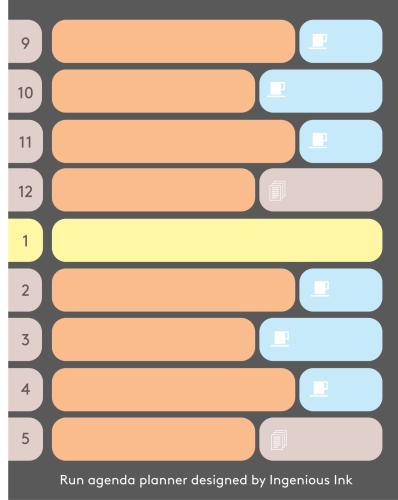


- 1. Decide what time of day you generally have the most energy for complex tasks
- 2. Schedule your most important tasks during this period
- 3. Schedule routine or repetitive tasks during the times when you have the least energy
- 4. Tick off tasks as they are completed

Run

We created Run Agenda for people who have full-on days who need to be reminded to take a break. Schedule your hourly appointments, then schedule what breaks you'll take in between. Perfect for those new to work-from-home who forget to take coffee breaks without co-workers around.

Agenda



- 1. Break down your day's tasks into subtasks that you can complete in around 50 minutes
- 2. Write down when you're going to do each task in the orange bars
- 3. Decide what you're going to do for breaks in the blue bars
- 4. Write down where you're going to go for your lunch break for a change of scenery
- 5. Plan some reflection at the end of the morning and afternoon

Paperthink agenda

A larger A5 notepad that helps you combine your tasks for the day with any other things that are scheduled in. Start your day by writing down all your timed commitments, then write down the tasks that you need to do that day.

How to use

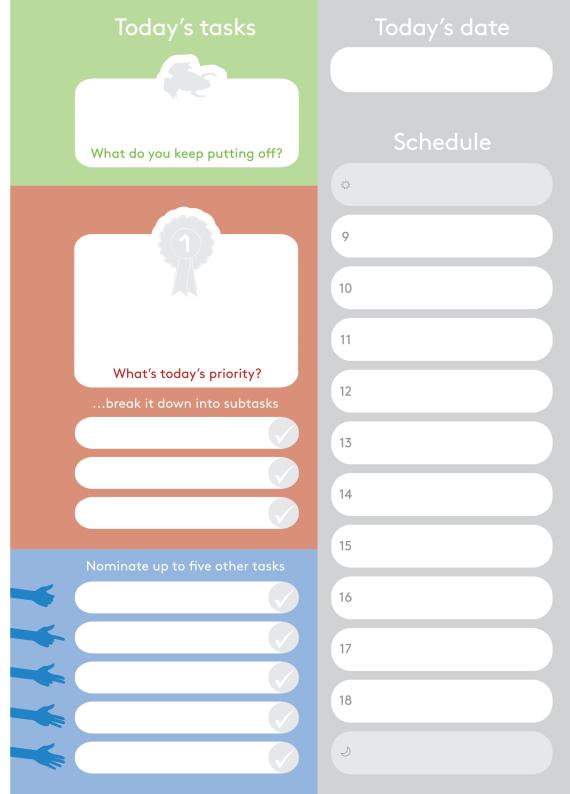
1. Write down any fixed appointments that you have during the day in the schedule

- 2. Decide on your priority task for the day
- 3. Break your priority down into three subtasks

4. List up to five other tasks that you need to get done that day

5. Schedule your priority tasks on the timeline

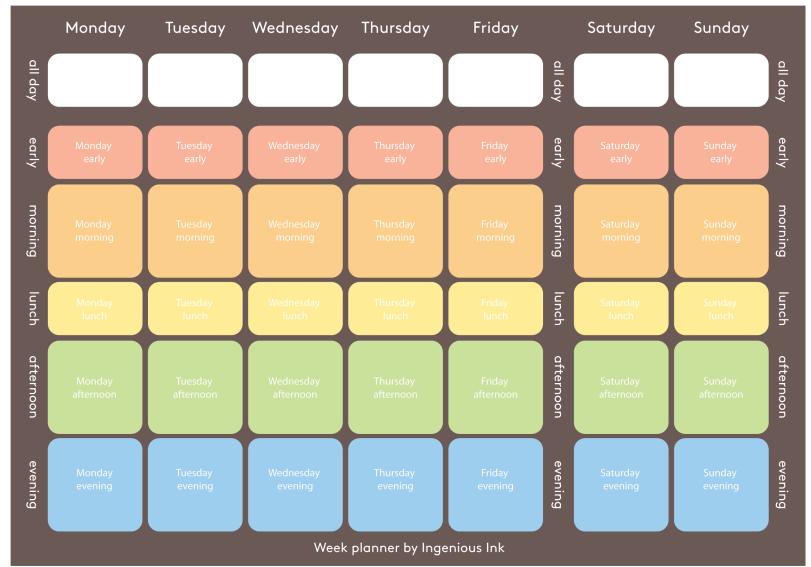
6. Pick a task that you've been putting off for a while to do first thing to kickstart your motivation



Week agenda

Get an overview of your week and plan ahead. This notepad organises your days into named parts of the day, morning, early, late, afternoon .etc. Different people divide up the day at different times so this makes it easier to jot down events that are still a bit up in the air.

- A5 sized (21.0 x 14.7 cm)
- 50 sheets per notepad
- Wholesale prices
- Easy to write on
- Designed in Bristol, UK
- Made in Germany



How to use

- 1. Write any fixed meetings or appointments onto your schedule
- 2. Decide what you want to do with the rest of the times (think big picture priority tasks)
- 3. Resolve to do any low focus repetitive tasks (like emails) in the downtime around fixed appointments

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Batch

Right place. Right time. Right task.

Some tasks require you to be in certain places or with certain people. These conditions can act as a roadblock as setting them up takes time and effort.

Batch encourages you to organise tasks with similar conditions onto the same list. Collect tasks over the course of a week and then breeze through them in one go.

Batch Tasks		
Conditions		
Location		
People		
Requirements		
Task	Date added	

- 1. Write a long list of all the small tasks that you need to do (on another sheet of paper)
- 2. Work out what these tasks have in common (a location, person, software)
- 3. File these tasks onto different sheets that have these requirements listed
- 4. When you need to do one of the tasks, take the other ones with you and get the whole sheet sorted

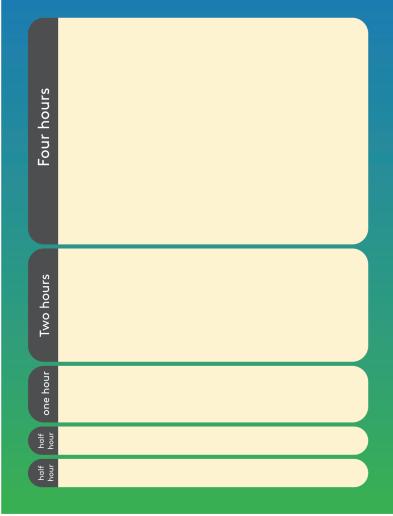
Zeno

Zeno's scheduler organises your day by making you do your longer tasks first when you have the most focus.

Get the longer deep work tasks done at the start of the day and work on shorter tasks towards the end as your attention span lapses.

Designed for people who like to organise their day by length of task, we named this one after Zeno's paradox.

Zeno's scheduler



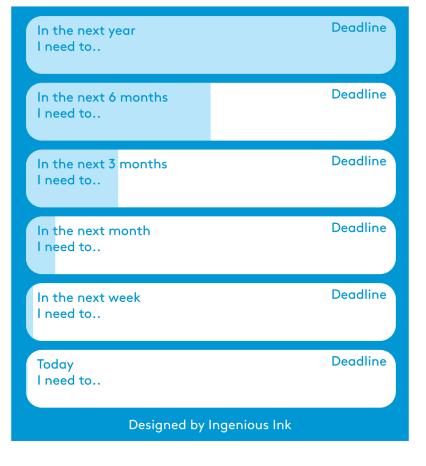
- 1. Pick one task that you want to focus on for the majority of the day. Make sure to break it down into at least four subtasks
- 2. Pick another task that shuold take two hours
- 3. Pick shorter tasks to do at the end of the day
- 4. Work through your tasks starting with the longer ones first.

Finisher

Finisher

In one year's time I want to finish...

Don't let your big goals overwhelm you. Focus on what the big goals are and break them down again and again until you're left with a little goal that you can get started on right away to get the ball rolling. Worry about the rest later, the most important thing is to get started.

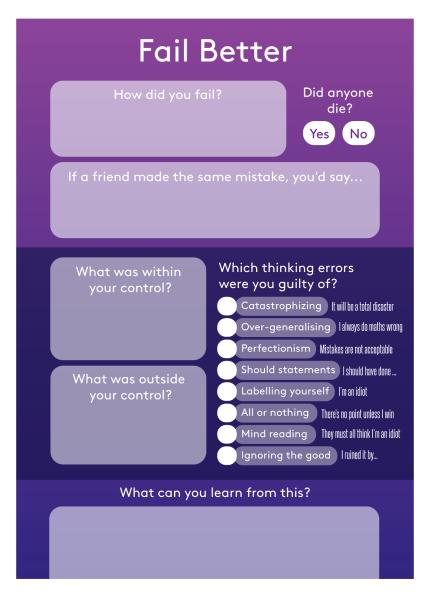


- 1. Decide which goal you want to finish in the next year
- 2. Write down what the finished result looks like and write down the deadline. An example would be run a marathon.
- 3. Decide on a halfway goal and write down the deadline. An example would be a half marathon
- 4. Decide on two other intermediate goals to get to your halfway goal. Maybe a 10k and a 5k.
- 5. Decide what you need to do to get to your intermediate goals. Pick one thing that you can do today.

Fail better

We all have memories of failure, some more epic that others. A failure is not a waste provided you learn something. You just need to get over the initial cringe in order to address it.

We designed this notepad to work through various issues sequentially. The first step was to get people to address that whatever their failure was, it probably wasn't as bad as they were making it out to be. The second step is to identify the source of the emotional feelings that are stopping you from confronting the failure. Maybe you're afraid that you're just destined to fail this way forever, maybe you're annoyed at yourself. Take a step back and try dispassionately reevaluating the situation. Finally focus on the things that you could control and work out how you could change these next time.



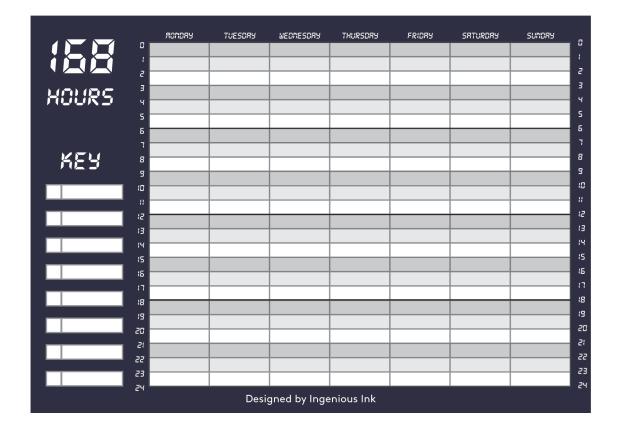
- 1. Write down how you failed, be specific
- 2. Evaluate what was your fault and what wasn't
- 3. Identify which thinking errors are making the failure seem bigger than it should be
- 4. Identify what you can learn from the experience, and focus on that instead

You have 168 hours in the week. Just like everyone else.

Work out where you spend your time over the course of a week.

Be honest. If you spend three hours getting distracted on social media, at least it's on record and you're in a position to do something about it.

The 168-hour rule, also known as the "no-limits" rule, is a principle that emphasizes the importance of managing time effectively in order to achieve one's goals and priorities. The rule is based on the idea that there are 168 hours in a week, and that each hour is equally valuable and available for use.



- 1. Create a colour key using highlighters for things you spend most of your time doing
- 2. Colour in the main activities in your week
- 3. Look at the spots that are left, and think about how you usually use this time
- 4. Decide if spending your time this way works for you, or whether you want to change things

Week focus

Hold yourself accountable to the changes you decide to make. If you decide you're going to focus on healthy eating this week, write down what you plan to do each day to work towards that goal.

This week I will focus on... 1 2 3 Here's my plan Here's my plan Here's my plan Мо Mo Mo Tu Tu Tu We We We Th Th Th Fr Fr Fr Sa Sa Sa Su Su Su Designed by Ingenious Ink

- 1. Pick up to three things to focus on for the week
- 2. For each day, write down a small task that you can complete to keep the ball rolling
- 3. At the end of the week, tick off the tasks that you managed to complete

Habit builder

Habits take time to bed in. Some people say 40 days, some people say ten weeks.

Focus on the minimum effort version first. Ideally this should be just enough to be a full task and mindset switch, but not so long that it feels overwhelming. Something that you can do in five minutes, but can't multitask, and naturally leads to a bit of extra effort, is a good option.

You're more likely to lace up your trainers for a run if you only have to do 10 minutes rather than 10k.

(Although if you do 10k - that's awesome)

Habit
builderWhat habit do you want to develop?What are the benefits?What are the benefits?What's the minimum required to tick a day?Multiple with the minimum required to tick a day?<t

Designed by Ingenious Ink

- 1. Decide which habit you want to focus on
- 2. State clearly WHY you want to develop this habit
- 3. Decide what's the minimum action you could take to tick off a day.
- 4. Tick off the days where you complete the minimum action

Meetings

Plan your meetings ahead of schedule to keep them on track. Note down specific questions consider possible solution in advance. Collect items from the whole team to build the meeting around the group.

)	
what is the problem?			
what is the solution?			
WHO DECIDES?			
	next ActionS		
OWNER			
WHO	WHAT	WHEN	√
	\sim		

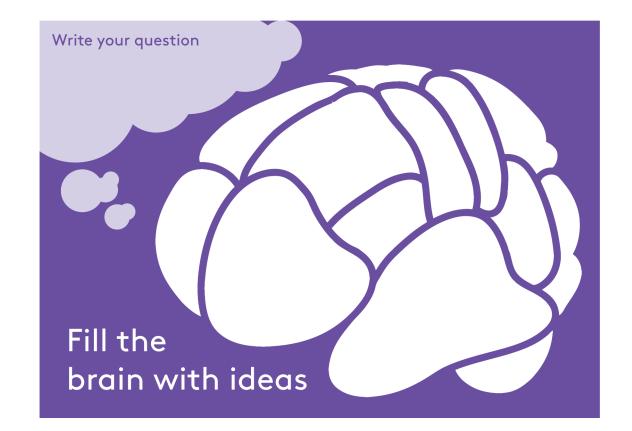
- 1. Write down problems that you want to discus at a meeting
- 2. Decide what needs to be agreed by the end of the meeting to take the next step
- 3. Decide who needs to be at the meeting to achieve this next step
- 4. During the meeting, decide what actions need to be taken next to make progress, and appoint someone to keep track
- 5. Stick the pad up and tick off items as they are done.

Brainstorm

The key to having good ideas is to have many ideas.

Want to come up with better ideas? Decide on a number of ideas to come up with and don't discount any until you've hit your target number. Brainstorm notepad has a set number of slots that you HAVE to fill before you're allowed to pass judgement.

Picking an endurance challenge? Let's see 'ultimate camel riding' alongside 'marathon' and 'cycling'.



- 1. Pick an area that you want to come up with ideas for. Phrase it as a question like 'what should I name my dog?'
- 2. Place each idea in a segment of the brain
- 3. Keep adding ideas until all the areas are filled, no matter how ridiculous they are
- 4. Once the brain is full, you can start evaluating your ideas

Goal compass

Goal compass is a notepad designed for people in a bit of a rut, or feeling a bit distracted and unsure what to focus on. Most of the time you won't need it, but it's particularly useful if you've just had a major setback, need to reorientate, or are feeling a bit lost.

It helps you decide what success means to you, by rephrasing it into different questions and situations. Work through them all and see what pops up. Your answers may surprise you.



- 1. Complete the sentences on the notepad
- 2. Read through your answers and see if any of them surprised you

SMARTER

You want to set yourself goals. Great. Have you checked that these goals are the best designed they could be? Use the SMARTER method to break down these goals and interrogate them to make sure you're not setting yourself up to fail.

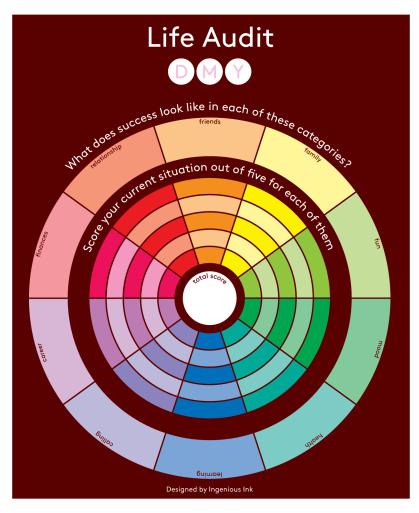
- A6 sized (10.5 x 14.7 cm)
- 50 sheets per notepad
- Easy to write on
- Designed in Bristol, UK
- Made in Germany



- 1. Write down your goal
- 2. Complete each sentence to check that your goal fits all of the SMARTER criteria
- 3. Write out your full goal as a paragraph that includes all of these

Life audit

Score your life in ten different categories to work out why you're feeling rubbish, and then pinpoint which area needs improvement. Maybe you need to go the gym more, go to evening classes, or just grab some beers with friends and have a massive Cards against humanity session.



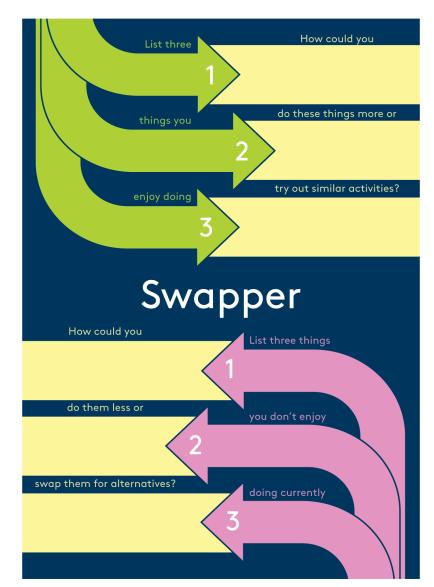
Out of all the things you could do today, which would boost your score the most?

- 1. Write down what success (or 5/5) looks like in each of those categories
- 2. Score your current status in each of the categories
- 3. Add up your total score
- 4. Identify your lowest scoring category and work out what you can do today to improve the score the most

Swapper

Identify three things you like doing and work out how to do them more. Then identify three things you don't like doing and work out how to do them less. Sometimes small changes make big differences. We've redesigned this one into a notepad rather than a set of cards.

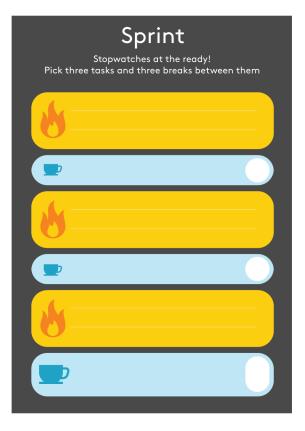
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- 1. List three things that you enjoy doing
- 2. Work out simple ways that you could do these more
- 3. List three things that you don't enjoy doing
- 4. Work out ways that you could do them less or swap them for something else

Sprint

Sprint is our approach to the Pomodoro technique. It's designed to help you blaze through shorter tasks (usually under 30 minutes) by committing to spending a certain amount of time on them, and rewarding yourself with a pre-planned break.



- 1. Write down three tasks that you really need to get done that will require intense concentration
- 2. Give yourself an estimate for how long each task will last (if the task is more than an hour, break it down)
- 3. Now write down what you'll do on your break between each one so that you actually give yourself a rest
- 4. Take an extra long break at the end