

# Safety Data Sheet No Skidding<sup>®</sup> ES-83-2 Cure

### **SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION**

ES-83-2 Cure

**Product Identifier** 

Other Means of Identification	Paint
Recommended Use	Industrial use only.
<b>Restrictions on Use</b>	Not applicable.
Manufacturer/Supplier Identifier	No Skidding Products, Inc. 266 Wildcat Road, Toronto, ON M3J 2N5 Canada
Emergency Phone No.	CANUTEC (24 Hours), (613) 996-6666
	No Skidding Products, Inc. (416) 667-1788
SDS No.	0385

# **SECTION 2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION**

Classified according to Canada's Hazardous Products Regulations (WHMIS 2015) and the US Hazard Communication Standard (HCS 2012).

### Classification

Flammable liquid - Category 3; Acute toxicity (Oral) - Category 5; Acute toxicity (Dermal) - Category 4; Acute toxicity (Inhalation) - Category 4; Skin irritation - Category 2; Eye irritation - Category 2B; Skin sensitization - Category 1B; Germ cell mutagenicity - Category 2; Carcinogenicity - Category 1B; Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) - Category 2; Aspiration hazard - Category 2

#### Label Elements



DANGER Flammable liquid and vapour. Harmful if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled. May be harmful if swallowed and enters airways. Causes mild skin irritation. May cause cancer. Harmful to aquatic life. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, and lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Wash hands and skin thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Avoid release to the environment. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection.

Product Identifier: ES-83-2 Cure Date of Preparation: March 22, 2017 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTRE or doctor.

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Rinse mouth.

Do NOT induce vomiting.

If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice or attention.

In case of fire: Use appropriate foam, carbon dioxide, dry chemical powder, water to extinguish.

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Dispose of contents and container in accordance with local, regional, national and international regulations. Other Hazards

None known.

# SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Mixture:			
Chemical Name	CAS No.	%	Other Identifiers
Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, reaction produ- with polyethylenepolyamines	cts 68410-23-1	20-30	
Nepheline syenite	37244-96-5	15-25	
Kaolin	1332-58-7	15-25	
Xylene (mixed isomers)	1330-20-7	10-15	
Ethylene glycol propyl ether	2807-30-9	4-6	
4-Nonylphenol, branched (mixed isomers)	84852-15-3	3-4	
Phenol, 2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)-	90-72-2	2-3	
Triethylenetetramine	112-24-3	1-2	
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	<1	
Fatty amine carboxylate complex	FA200002	1-2	
Bis(Dimethylaminomethyl)phenol	71074-89-0	<1	

# **SECTION 4. FIRST-AID MEASURES**

### **First-aid Measures**

### Inhalation

Remove source of contamination or move victim to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, properly trained personnel should begin artificial respiration or cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR) immediately. Obtain medical attention immediately.

### Skin Contact

Quickly and gently blot or brush away excess chemical. Wash gently and thoroughly with water and non-abrasive soap for 20 minutes or until chemical is removed. Under running water, remove contaminated clothing, shoes and leather goods (e.g. watchbands, belts). If irritation persists, repeat flushing. Obtain medical advice immediately. Completely decontaminate clothing, shoes and leather goods before re-use or discard.

### Eye Contact

Quickly and gently blot or brush away chemical. Immediately flush the contaminated eye(s) with lukewarm, gently flowing water for at least 5 minutes, or until the chemical is removed, while holding the eyelid(s) open. Obtain medical advice immediately.

#### **First-aid Comments**

If exposed or concerned, get medical advice or attention.

### Most Important Symptoms and Effects, Acute and Delayed

Central nervous system depressant. Vapour may cause headache, nausea, dizziness, drowsiness, unconsciousness and death. Causes skin irritation. Aspiration hazard. Swallowing or vomiting of the liquid may result in aspiration into the lungs.

#### Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment

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### **Special Instructions**

Provide general supportive measures (comfort, warmth, rest). Consult a physician and/or the nearest Poison Control Centre for all exposures except minor instances of inhalation or skin contact.

All first aid procedures should be periodically reviewed by a doctor familiar with the material and its conditions of use in the workplace.

### **SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**

#### **Extinguishing Media**

#### Suitable Extinguishing Media

Carbon dioxide, dry chemical powder, alcohol foam, polymer foam, water spray or fog.

#### **Unsuitable Extinguishing Media**

Water is not effective for extinguishing a fire. It may not cool product below its flash point.

#### Specific Hazards Arising from the Product

Flammable liquid and vapour. Can ignite at room temperature. Releases vapour that can form explosive mixture with air. Can be ignited by static discharge. May accumulate in hazardous amounts in low-lying areas especially inside confined spaces, resulting in a fire and/or health hazard. May travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back to a leak or open container.

In a fire, the following hazardous materials may be generated: irritating chemicals; very toxic carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide.

#### **Special Protective Equipment and Precautions for Fire-fighters**

Evacuate area. Fight fire from a safe distance or a protected location. Approach fire from upwind to avoid hazardous vapours or gases. Wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus. (SCBA) Structural firefighters' protective clothing will only provide limited protection.

· Wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).

• Structural firefighters' protective clothing will only provide limited protection.

# SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

#### Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment, and Emergency Procedures

Use nonsparking tools and explosion proof equipment. Restrict access to area. Ensure clean-up is conducted by trained personnel only. Wear adequate personal protective equipment. Remove all ignition sources. Ventilate area. **Environmental Precautions** 

Do not allow into any sewer, on the ground or into any waterway. If the spill is inside a building, prevent product from entering drains, ventilation systems and confined areas. Minimize the use of water to prevent environmental contamination.

#### Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning Up

Do not touch spilled material. Prevent material from entering sewers, waterways or confined spaces. Stop or reduce leak if safe to do so.

Small spills: Contain spill with earth, sand, or absorbent material which does not react with spilled material. Do not use combustible material such as sawdust. Shovel into clean, dry, labelled containers and cover. Keep containers closed. Flush area with water.

Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazards as the spilled product.

Large spills: Contact fire and emergency services.

# **SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE**

#### **Precautions for Safe Handling**

Avoid generation of excessive dust and dust inhalation during sanding and spraying operations. Use good housekeeping practices to avoid accidental ingestion. Keep away from food and feed products. Wash thoroughly after handling, and before eating or smoking Avoid skin contact. Protect your eyes. Avoid all ignition sources. Post NO SMOKING signs. Liquid can accumulate

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charge. Increase conductivity with additive designed for that purpose, reduce flowrate in transfer operations, increase time the liquid remains in transfer piping and/or handle at lower temperature. Electrically ground all drums, transfer vessels, hoses and piping. Ground clips must contact bare metal. When dispensing in other than a closed system, ensure dispensing container is bonded to receiving transfer equipment and container. Never perform any welding, cutting, soldering, drilling or other hot work on an empty vessel, container or piping until all liquid and vapours have been cleared. It is good practice to keep all areas where this material is handled clear of other materials which can burn.

#### **Conditions for Safe Storage**

Contaminated rags may catch fire spontaneously. Store under water in a closed container before cleaning. Remove from sources of ignition.

Do not reuse empty containers. Recondition or dispose of in the proper manner.

Use with adequate ventilation. Storage area should be clearly identified, well-illuminated, clear of obstruction and accessible only to trained and authorized personnel. Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials such as strong oxidizing agents (e.g. peroxides). Store away from all heat and ignition sources. Have appropriate extinguishing capability in storage area (e.g. sprinkler system, fire extinguishers). Inspect all incoming containers before storing to ensure they are undamaged and properly labelled. Store in sturdy containers made of compatible materials. Keep containers tightly closed and protect from damage. Avoid stacking containers on each other.

Keep empty containers in separate area. Empty containers can be hazardous due to residual material. Keep closed. Provide raised sills or ramps at doorways or create a trench which drains to a safe location. Keep absorbents for leaks and spills readily available. It is good practice to store combustible liquids away from process and production areas, away from elevators, building and room exits or main aisles leading to exits.

# SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### **Control Parameters**

	ACGIH T	LV®	OSHA	PEL	AIHA W	EEL
Chemical Name	TWA	STEL	TWA	Ceiling	8-hr TWA	TWA
Xylene (mixed isomers)	100 ppm A4					
Triethylenetetramine					1 ppm Skin	
Ethylbenzene	20 ppm A3		100 ppm			
Kaolin	2 mg/m3		15 mg/m3			

#### **Appropriate Engineering Controls**

Use adequate ventilation (general or local) to maintain the ambient concentration below the occupational exposure limit.

Local exhaust is recommended. The following medical procedures should be made available to each employee who is exposed to compounds at potentially hazardous levels: Initial medical screening. Employees should be screened for history of certain medical conditions; kidney disease; chronic respiratory disease; liver disease; which might place the employee at increased risk from exposure. Periodic medical exam: Any employee developing the above listed conditions should be referred for further medical examination.

#### **Individual Protection Measures**

#### Eye/Face Protection

If engineering controls and work practices are not effective in controlling exposure to this material, then wear suitable personal protective equipment including approved respiratory protection. Have appropriate equipment available for use in emergencies such as spills or fire.

#### **Skin Protection**

Nitrile, neoprene or rubber gloves and long sleeves should be worn to prevent skin contact.

#### Safety shower and eye bath should be available.

#### **Respiratory Protection**

A NIOSH approved organic vapour respirator with dust and mist prefilter may be required in the absence of adequate environmental controls, (when TLV exceeded). If respiratory protection is required, institute a complete respiratory protection program including selection, fit testing, training, maintenance and inspection.

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# **SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

Basic Physical and Chemical I	Properties
Appearance	Cloudy viscous liquid.
Odour	Aromatic (Stoddard Solvent)
Odour Threshold	Not available
рН	Not available
Melting Point/Freezing Point	Not available (melting); Not available (freezing)
Initial Boiling Point/Range	> 35 °C (95 °F)
Flash Point	~ 31 °C (88 °F) (closed cup)
Evaporation Rate	Not available
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not applicable
Upper/Lower Flammability or Explosive Limit	> 7% (estimated) (upper); > 0.9% (estimated) (lower)
Vapour Pressure	Not available
Vapour Density (air = 1)	Not available
Relative Density (water = 1)	~ 1.26
Solubility	Practically insoluble in water; Not available (in other liquids)
Partition Coefficient, n-Octanol/Water (Log Kow)	Not available
	Not available
Auto-ignition Temperature	
Decomposition Temperature	Not available
Viscosity	Not available (kinematic); Not available (dynamic)
Other Information	
Physical State	Liquid

# SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

#### Reactivity

Not reactive under normal conditions of use. Chemical Stability Normally stable. Possibility of Hazardous Reactions None expected under normal conditions of storage and use. Conditions to Avoid Open flames, sparks, static discharge, heat and other ignition sources. Incompatible Materials Not corrosive to metals. Hazardous Decomposition Products

During a fire, irritating and/or toxic substances, such as carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and reactive hydrocarbons may be generated depending on fire conditions.

# SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information presented below is for the entire product, unless otherwise specified. Likely Routes of Exposure Inhalation; skin contact; skin absorption; eye contact. Acute Toxicity

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Chemical Name	LC50	LD50 (oral)		LD50 (dermal)
Xylene (mixed isomers)	4550 ppm (male rat) (4-hour exposure)	3523 mg/kg	g (male rat)	
Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, reaction products with polyethylenepolyamines		> 2000 mg/	'kg (female rat)	> 2000 mg/kg (rat)
Triethylenetetramine		~ 1600 mg/k (vapour)	kg (mouse)	~ 550 mg/kg (rabbit) (vapour)
Phenol, 2,4, 6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)-		~ 2169 mg/k	kg (rat)	~ 1280 mg/kg (rat)
Ethylbenzene	~ 4000 ppm (rat) (4-ho exposure) (vapour)	our ~ 3500 mg/k	kg (rat) (vapour)	~ 15380 mg/kg (rabbit) (vapour)
Ethylene glycol propyl ether	~ 2025 ppm (mouse) (4-hour exposure)	~ 3089 (rat)		~ 875 mg/kg (rabbit)
4-Nonylphenol, branched (mixed isomers)	, i ,	~ 1246 mg/k	kg (rat) (vapour)	~ 2040 mg/kg (rabbit) (vapour)
Skin Corrosion/Irritation				
Irritating on contact.				
Serious Eye Damage/Irritation				
Animal tests show mild irritation	on.			
STOT (Specific Target Organ T	oxicity) - Single Exposu	re		
Inhalation				
May cause depression of	the central nervous sys	tem.		
Skin Absorption				
At high concentrations de	pression of the central r	nervous system.		
Ingestion				
May be harmful based on Ingestion of very large am				epression.
Aspiration Hazard				
No information was located.				
STOT (Specific Target Organ T				
May cause harmful effects on	the kidneys, harmful ef	fects on the liver, irr	itation of the res	piratory system. May cause
respiratory tract injury.	inction			
Respiratory and/or Skin Sensit		and an animal tasta		
Can cause an allergic reaction Carcinogenicity	I (SKIII SENSILIZALION) DA	sed on animal lesis		
Chemical Name	IARC	ACGIH®	NTP	OSHA
Xylene (mixed isomers)	Group 3	A4		
Triethylenetetramine	Not evaluated	Not Listed	Not Listed	
Ethylbenzene	Group 2B	A3	Not Listed	
Kaolin	Not evaluated	Not designated	Not Listed	

4-Nonylphenol, branched (mixed isomers)

Ethylene glycol propyl ether

IARC: Group 2B – Possibly carcinogenic to humans. ACGIH®: A3 – Confirmed animal carcinogen. May cause cancer based on animal studies.

Not Listed

Not Listed

Not Listed

Not Listed

Not evaluated

Not Listed

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Key to Abbreviations

IARC = International Agency for Research on Cancer. ACGIH® = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists.

Reproductive Toxicity
Development of Offspring
Conclusions cannot be drawn from the limited studies available.
Sexual Function and Fertility
Conclusions cannot be drawn from the limited studies available.
Effects on or via Lactation
Conclusions cannot be drawn from the limited studies available.
Germ Cell Mutagenicity
Conclusions cannot be drawn from the limited studies available.

Conclusions cannot be drawn from the limited studies available.

#### Interactive Effects

Exposure to this chemical and loud noise may cause greater hearing loss than expected from noise exposure alone.

# SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity Studies were not located. Persistence and Degradability No information was located. Bioaccumulative Potential No information was located. Mobility in Soil If released into the environment, this product is expected to move slowly through the soil, based on physical and chemical properties. Other Adverse Effects

This product contains volatile organic compounds.

# **SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

# **SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

Regulation	UN No.	Proper Shipping Name	Transport Hazard Class(es)	Packing Group
Canadian TDG 346 Environmental Hazards		NT, FLAMMABLE, CORROSIVE arine Pollutant	3 (8)	111
Special Precautions	U	ble II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code		
Guide No.				

### **SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

Safety, Health and Environmental Regulations Canada Domestic Substances List (DSL) / Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)

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All ingredients are listed on the DSL or are not required to be listed.

USA

#### Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Section 8(b)

All ingredients are on the TSCA Inventory or are exempt from TSCA Inventory requirements under 40 CFR 720.

### **SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION**

NFPA Rating SDS Prepared By Phone No. Date of Preparation Date of Last Revision Revision Indicators	Health - 2Flammability - 2Instability - 0No Skidding Products, Inc.14166671788March 22, 2017March 22, 2017REVISION 001The following SDS content was changed on May 18, 2017:Section 11 - Toxicological Information; Carcinogenicity.The following SDS content was changed on June 27, 2017:Section 11 - Toxicological Information; LC50/LD50 values.
Key to Abbreviations	ACGIH® = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists AIHA® = AIHA® Guideline Foundation. HSDB® = Hazardous Substances Data Bank IARC = International Agency for Research on Cancer NFPA = National Fire Prevention Association NIOSH = National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health NTP = National Toxicology Program OSHA = US Occupational Safety and Health Administration RTECS® = Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances
References Disclaimer	CHEMINFO database. Canadian Centre for Occupational Health and Safety (CCOHS). HSDB® database. US National Library of Medicine. Available from Canadian Centre for Occupational Health and Safety (CCOHS). NIOSH Pocket Guide database. National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health. Available from Canadian Centre for Occupational Health and Safety (CCOHS). Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances (RTECS®) database. Dassault Systèmes/BIOVIA ("BIOVIA"). Available from Canadian Centre for Occupational Health and Safety (CCOHS). This SDS was prepared using information provided by CCOHS Canwrite Software. The information in the Safety Data Sheet is offered for your consideration and guidance when
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