



Safety Data Sheet

Conforms to the Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS) in Australia
Date of Revision: 09/28/2020 Revision: 01

Section 1 - Chemical Product and Company Identification

1.1 Product Name: **Roo100**

1.2 Synonyms: Blend

1.3 Manufacture: VP Racing Fuels, Inc., 7124 Richter Road, Elmendorf, TX 78112, 210.635.7744

1.4 Supplier: VP Racing Fuels Pty Ltd, Unit 24 85-115 Alfred Road, Chipping Norton, NSW 2170, Australia 02 9723 4233, **Emergency Telephone:** 0421 116 838.

1.5 Recommended Use: Racing Fuels

1.6 **RESTRICTIONS on USE** **THIS FUEL IS FOR RACING VEHICLE USE ONLY!**

NOT LEGAL FOR STREET DRIVEN MOTOR VEHICLE.

1.7 Emergency Response Number: **CHEMTREC 800-424-9300**

International Emergency Telephone Number: **+1-703-527-3887**

CHEMTREC Australia (Sydney) **+(61) 290372994**

1.8 Poison Control Centre: 13 11 26, 24 hours a day from anywhere in Australia.

Section 2 - Hazards Identification

2.1 GHS HAZARD

Hazard Classes

Hazard Categories

Highly Flammable liquid/vapor

Category 2

Specific Target Organs toxicity single exposure

Category 3

Specific Target Organs toxicity repeated exposure

Category 2

Eye Irritation

Category 2A

Skin Irritation

Category 2

Mutagenicity

Category 2

Carcinogen

Category 1B

Reproductive Toxicity

Category 2

Aspiration Hazard

Category 1

Toxic to Aquatic Life long Lasting Effects

Category 2

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2.2 Signal Word: **Danger**



2.3 Pictograms:

2.4 Hazard Statements

PHYSICAL HAZARDS:

H225: Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

HEALTH HAZARDS:

H304: May be fatal if swallowed and enter the airway.

H315: Causes skin irritation.

H319: Causes serious eye irritation.

H335: May cause respiratory irritation.

H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H341: Suspected of causing genetic defects.

H350: May cause cancer.

H361: Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

H373: May causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS:

H411: Toxic to aquatic life with long-lasting effects.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS:

P102: Keep out of reach of children.

P201: Obtain special instructions before use.

READ SDS BEFORE USE.

P202: Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P210: Keep away from sparks and open flames-
No smoking.

P233: Keep the container tightly closed.

P240: Ground or bond container and receiving equipment.

P241: Use explosion-proof equipment.

P242 Use only non-sparking tools.

P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

P260: Do not breathe vapors.

P264: Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

P270: Do not eat, drink, or smoke when using this product.

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P271: Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P273: Avoid release to the environment.

P280: Wear protective gloves, clothing, and eye protection.

RESPONSE STATEMENTS:

P301 +P310+ P331: IF SWALLOWED:

Immediately call a poison center or doctor. DO NOT induce vomiting.

P303+P361+P353: IF ON SKIN: Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water.

P305+ P338+P351: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for at least 15 minutes. If present remove contact lenses if safe to do so and continue rinsing.

P308+P313: If exposed or concerned, get medical attention.

P313+P332+P337: If skin or eye irritation persists, get medical attention.

H314: Get medical attention if you feel unwell.

P362+P363+P364: IF ON CLOTHING, take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

**P370+P378: In case of fire use foam, carbon dioxide, dry chemical to extinguish a fire
P391 Collect spillage.**

STORAGE STATEMENTS:

P403+P235: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

P405: Store locked up.

DISPOSAL STATEMENTS:

P501: Dispose of content and container following local, regional, national or international regulations

2.5 Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC) or not covered by GHS: AUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness and cracking.

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Section 3 - Composition / Information on Ingredients

3.1

CAS#	EC#	Chemical Names	Percent	Classifications
N/A	N/A	Blend of Aliphatic and Aromatic Hydrocarbons C-2 to C-20	87-93	None
109-87-5	203-714-2	Formal	6 -9	Flam. Liq. 2 H225, Acute Tox 4 H302, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, Eye Irrit. H319A, STOT SE 2 H371
64-17-5	200-661-7	1-Hydroxyethane	1- 4	Flam. Liq. 2 H225, Eye Irrit. 2 H319

3.2 Blend Contains

Chemical Names	CAS#	EC#	GHS Harmonized Classification
Ligroine	8032-32-4	232-453-7	Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, Eye Dam.1, H318, STOT SE 3 H335+H336
Phenylmethane	108-88-3	203-625-9	Flam. Liq. 2 H225, Asp. Tox. 1 H304, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, Eye Irrit 2, H319, STOT SE 3 Central nervous Sys Inhalation H336, Repr. 2 H361, STOT RE 2 Central nervous sys H373
2, 2, 4-Trimethylpentane	540-84-1	208-759-1	Flam. Liq. 2 H225, Asp. Tox. 1 H304, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, Eye Irrit 2, H319, STOT SE 3 H336, Aquatic Chronic 1 H410, Aquatic Acute 1 H400
2-Methylbutadiene	78-79-5	201-143-3	Flam. Liq. 1 H224, Muta 2 H341, Carc.1B H350, Aquatic Chronic 2 H411

3.3 Trade Secret Provision and Chemical Concentration Disclosure: In accordance with GHS Regulations, we have withheld specific percentages of the chemicals in this mixture. The chemical concentrations have been disclosed as a blend and apply to the hazards as identified in this Safety Data Sheet.

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Section 4 - First Aid Measures

4.1 Eye: Contact with the eyes can cause serious irritation. Symptoms may include discomfort or pain and redness. Severe overexposure can result in swelling of the conjunctiva along with tissue damage.

Eyes: Flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Get medical aid.

4.2 Skin: Prolonged and repeated liquid contact can cause defatting and drying of the skin and can lead to irritation and dermatitis.

Skin: Flush skin with plenty of soap and water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical aid immediately and wash clothing before reuse.

4.3 Ingestion: Liquid ingestion can cause inebriation, headache, gastrointestinal pain, nausea, and vomiting leading to central nervous system depression. Aspiration of liquid into the lungs must be avoided as even small quantities in the lungs can produce chemical pneumonia, pulmonary edema, and even death.

Ingestion: Do NOT induce vomiting. Get medical aid immediately.

4.4 Inhalation: Prolonged breathing of high vapor concentrations can produce headaches, dizziness, nausea, and impaired vision. Extreme overexposure can cause central nervous system depression, loss of consciousness, liver damage, and death resulting from respiratory failure.

Inhalation: Remove from exposure to fresh air immediately. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult and **IF TRAINED**, give oxygen. Get medical aid. Do NOT use mouth-to-mouth resuscitation without protection.

4.5 After first aid, get appropriate paramedic or community medical support. The severity of outcome following exposure may be more related to the time between the exposure and treatment, rather than the amount of exposure. Therefore, there is a need for rapid treatment of any exposure.

4.6 Note to Physicians: If you determine that a medical emergency exists and the specific chemical identity is necessary for emergency or first-aid treatment, we will immediately disclose the specific chemical identity. Call CHEMTREC 800-424-9300 or 703-527-3887. We will require a written statement of need and confidentiality agreement, in accordance with OSHA's Trade Secret Regulations as soon as circumstances permit. In non-emergency situations, we will, upon written request, disclose a specific chemical identity.

Section 5 - Fire-Fighting Measures

5.1 General Fire Hazards: Use water to cool containers exposed to fire.

5.2 Hazardous Combustion Products: Avoid fumes of burning products.

5.3 Extinguishing Media: Carbon dioxide, dry chemical, foam.

5.4 Fire Fighting Equipment/Instructions: Firefighters should wear full-face, self-contained breathing apparatus and impervious protective clothing. Firefighters should avoid inhaling any combustion products.

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Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures

6.1 Spill /Leak Procedures: Ventilate area highly flammable. Spillages of the liquid product will create a fire hazard and may form an explosive atmosphere. Keep all sources of ignition away from the spill.

6.2 Spills: Avoid direct contact with the material. Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from the spill area. Prevent entry into sewers or waterways. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material such as sand, earth, vermiculite, or diatomaceous earth and place in a container for disposal.

Section 7 - Handling and Storage

7.1 Handling Precautions: Wash hands and exposed skin thoroughly after handling. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Use with adequate ventilation. Avoid ingestion and contact with eyes, skin, or clothing. Keep the container tightly closed. Avoid inhalation.

7.2 Storage Requirements: Store in a tightly closed container in a cool, dry, and well-ventilated area.

Section 8 - Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

8.1

Chemical Names	ACGIH- TLV	OEL
Blend of Aliphatic and Aromatic Hydrocarbons C-2 to C-20	2-300 ppm TWA	2-300 ppm TWA
Formal	1000 ppm TWA	1000 ppm TWA
1-Hydroxyethane	1000 ppm TWA	1000 ppm TWA

8.2

ACGIH® = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists. TLV® = Threshold Limit Value.

OEL = Occupational Exposure Limits.

NOTE: TWA Means "TWA is the employee's average airborne exposure in any 8-hour work shift of a 40-hour workweek which shall not be exceeded.

8.3 Ventilation: Provide general or local exhaust ventilation systems to maintain airborne concentrations below TLV/PELs. Local exhaust ventilation is preferred because it prevents contaminant dispersion into the work area by controlling it at its source.

8.4 Contaminated Equipment: Separate contaminated work clothes from street clothes and launder before reuse. Remove this material from your shoes and clean personal protective equipment.

8.5 Personal protective equipment

8.5.1 Respiratory protection

Where risk assessment shows, air-purifying respirators are appropriate use a full-face respirator with multi-purpose combination (US) or type AXBEK (EN 14387) respirator cartridges as a backup to engineering controls. If the respirator is the sole means of protection, use a full-face supplied-air respirator. Use respirators and components tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or CEN (EU).

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8.5.2 Hand protection

Handle with gloves. Gloves must be inspected before use. Use proper glove removal techniques to avoid skin contact with this product. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use. Select gloves tested to the **ANSI/ISEA 105-2011** or European EN374 Standard.

Full contact: Viton

Splash contact: Viton

Registered trademark of The Chemours Company FC, LLC.

8.5.3 Eye protection

Face shield and safety glasses Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU).

8.5.4 Skin and body protection

Impervious clothing flame retardant antistatic protective clothing, the type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace.

8.6 Protective Clothing Pictograms



Splash Goggles



Gloves



Protective Apron



Vapor Respirator

Section 9 - Physical and Chemical Properties

9.1

Physical State: Liquid

Appearance: Various

Odor: Aromatic Hydrocarbon Odor

Vapor Pressure: Not Available

Vapor Density (Air=1): >1

Specific Gravity (H₂O=1,): 0.7.1

Relative Density: Not Available

Odor Threshold: Not Available

Flammability (solid, gas): Not applicable.

Evaporation rate: Not Available

Partition coefficient octanol/water: Not Available

Water Solubility: Insoluble

Flash Point: -40 °C

Boiling Point/Range: 35 °C

Freezing/Melting Point:: Not Available

Viscosity: Not Available

Autoignition Temperature: Not Available

LEL: 1%

UEL: 9%

Viscosity: <20.5mm²/s @104°F 40°C

Decomposition temperature: Not Available

pH: None

Section 10 - Stability and Reactivity

10.1 Stability: Stable under ordinary conditions of use and storage.

10.2 Polymerization: Hazardous polymerization has not been reported.

10.3 Chemical Incompatibilities: Strong oxidizing agents.

10.4 Hazardous Decomposition Products: Combustion produces carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide.

10.5 Conditions to Avoid: Avoid heat, sparks, open flames, and other ignition sources.

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Section 11- Toxicological Information

11.1

Acute Toxicity Estimate for this blend (ATE)

ATE (Oral): 7857 mg/kg

ATE (Dermal): 12500 mg/kg

ATE (Inhalation vapor/mist): 25 mg/l vapor

11.1.1 OECD Guideline Test results found in the European Chemical Agency Data Base shows that no components of this product to cause Toxic Oral Toxicity.

11.1.2 OECD Guideline Test results found in the European Chemical Agency Data Base shows that no components of this product to cause Harmful Dermal Toxicity.

11.1.3 OECD Guideline Test results found in the European Chemical Agency Data Base shows that no components of this product to cause Harmful Inhalation Toxicity.

11.2 Route of Entry: Inhalation, Ingestion, Absorption, Skin, and Eye Contact.

11.3 Aspiration Hazard: European Chemical Agency Data Base shows that components of this product may be fatal if swallowed and enters the airways.

11.4 Mutagenicity: OECD Guideline Test results found in the European Chemical Agency Database show components of this product to cause genetic defects.

11.5 Skin Corrosion/Irritation: OECD Guideline Test results found in the European Chemical Agency Data Base shows that components of this product to cause skin irritation. Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

11.6 Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: OECD Guideline Test results found in the European Chemical Agency Data Base shows that components of this product to cause serious eye irritation.

11.7 Reproductive toxicity: OECD Guideline Test results found in the European Chemical Agency Database show components of this product to cause damage to fertility or the unborn child.

11.8 Skin Sensitization OECD Guideline Tests results found in the European Chemical Agency Database show no components of this product to cause skin sensitivity.

11.9 Respiratory Sensitization OECD Guideline Test results found in the European Chemical Agency Database show no components of this product to cause respiratory sensitivity.

11.10 Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure): European Chemical Agency Data Base shows that components of this product may cause damage to the central nervous system (CNS).

11.11 Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated Exposure): Contains chemicals that may cause damage to the following organs: kidneys, lungs, liver, upper respiratory tract, skin, eyes, central nervous system (CNS).

11.12 Signs and Symptoms: Effects due to exposure may include: Headache, Dizziness, Drowsiness, Metabolic Acidosis, Coma, Seizures. Symptoms may be delayed

11.13 Carcinogenicity: OECD Guideline Test results found in the European Chemical Agency Data Base shows that components of this product to cause cancer.

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Section 12 - Ecological Information

12.1

Product Name	Results	Species	Exposure
Blend of Aliphatic and Aromatic Hydrocarbons C-2 to C-20	It is expected to be toxic to aquatic organisms. May cause long-term adverse effects in the environment		
Formal	LC50 6990 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
1-Hydroxyethane	LC50 9640 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
1-Hydroxyethane	EC50 6851 mg/l	Daphnia	24 hours

Toxicity: OECD Guideline Test results found in the European Chemical Agency DataBase show components of this product to cause long-term toxicity to aquatic life.

12.2 Mobility: Floats on water.

12.3 Persistence/degradability: Inconclusive technical data.

12.4 Bioaccumulation: Inconclusive technical data.

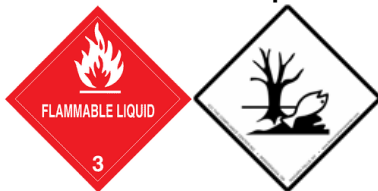
12.5 Other adverse effects: Inconclusive technical data.

Section 13 - Disposal Considerations

13.1 Disposal: DO NOT REUSE EMPTY CONTAINER! The container should be completely emptied before discard. Contact a licensed contractor for detailed recommendations. Follow applicable federal, state, and local regulations.

Section 14 - Transport Information

14.1 Australian Transport Information



ID No.: UN 1203

Shipping Name: Gasoline

Hazard Class: 3

Packing Group: II

Label: Flammable

Placard: Flammable

Marking: MARINE POLLUTANT 2, 2, 4-Trimethylpentane

HAZCHEM Code: 3YE, HIN 33

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14.2 IMDG Transport Information



ID No.: UN 1203

Shipping Name: GASOLINE

Hazard Class: 3

Packing Group: II

Flash Point: (-4°C c.c.)

EmS Number: F-E, S-E

Label: Flammable

Placard: Flammable

Marking: Marine Pollutant 12, 2, 4-Trimethylpentane

14.3 UN Dangerous Goods Transport Information



ID No.: ID No.: UN1203

Shipping Name: Gasoline

Hazard Class: 3

Packing Group: II

Label: Flammable

Placard: Flammable **Marking:** Marine Pollutant 2, 2, 4-Trimethylpentane

Section 15 - Regulatory Information

15.1

Australian manufacturers' and importers' obligations under the WHS Regulations: All components of this product are on the Inventory or are exempt from Inventory requirements.

Section 16 - Other Information

16.1 Disclaimer: The information presented in this Safety Data Sheet is based on data believed to be accurate as of the date this Safety Data Sheet was prepared. HOWEVER, NO responsibility is assumed for any damage or injury resulting from abnormal use or from any failure to adhere to recommended practices. The information provided above is furnished on the condition that the person receiving them shall make their own determination as to the suitability of the product for their particular purpose and on the condition that they assume the risk of their use.

16.2 References: CHEMpendium database of the Canadian Centre for Occupational Health and Safety (CCOHS), JJ Keller online, European Chemical Agency Data Base, and MSDS and SDS of chemicals in this mixture.

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16.3 SDS Preparation Date 09/01/2017

SDS Previous issue Date: None

SDS Revision Date: 09/28/2020

Revised Sections: 1,2,3,8,9,11,12,13,14,15,16

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END OF SAFETY DATA SHEET



SJC Compliance Education
YOUR GUIDE THROUGH THE MAZE