A SIMPLE, EFFECTIVE AND ECONOMICAL PROTOCOL FOR THE TREATMENT OF ACUTE AND CHRONIC WOUNDS

W. Herzig et al., Department of Surgery, Schwyz Cantonal Hospital, Switzerland Abstract for EWMA Conference 2014

OBJECTIVE/METHOD

Today, countless different wound care products and corresponding treatment concepts exist. The objective of this study was to evaluate if a simple, standardized protocol for the treatment of a wide range of acute and chronic wounds can increase the quality of wound healing and decrease the overall costs of wound care. Consecutive treatment of **all patients** with wounds that heal by secondary intention from November 2012 to October 2013 with the following simple protocol:

- 1 Treatment of the cause if possible.
- 2 Local wound therapy with ① in combination with a simple non-woven gauze or absorbent dressing.
- 3 The locally applied wound dressing is only changed if the wound does not show any sign of healing after a 4-6 weeks treatment even though the wound has the capacity to heal or if the patient suffers from an adverse reaction to the wound dressing.

RESULTS

TYPE OF WOUND	NUMBER OF PATIENTS	PREVIOUS TREATMENT DURATION	COMPLETE WOUND CLOSURE	AVERAGE TREATMENT DURATION	TREATMENT WITH ① DISCONTINUED
Abscess excision	60	na	100%	39 days	0
Pilonidal sinus	28	na	100%	56 days	0
Traumatic wound	12	na	75%	30 days	3
Ulcus cruris venosum	12	216 days	50%	68 days	6
Suture dehiscence	9	na	88%	67 days	1
Burn wound	8	29 days	88%	28 days	1
Diabetic foot ulcer	6	67 days	50%	72 days	2
Ulcus cruris arterial	4	34 days	50%	74 days	3
Other wounds	35	na	85%	60 days	5
TOTAL	174		87.3%		21



Reason due to application of	Number of patients	
Confirmed allergic reaction	2	
Irritation (no allergic reaction)	2	
Maceration	1	
Reason NOT due to application of 🕕	Number of patients	
Surgical intervention & primary closure	4	
Stagnation but NO healing with alternative wound dressing within 3 months	4	
Assistant doctor or patient non-compliance	6	
Other	2	

Chart: Success rate of the simple, standarized treatment protocol with (1) and a non-woven gauze or absorbent dressing



TESTIMONIAL



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"Only 5 out of 174 wounds (3%) that started with a simple and standardized treatment concept using (1) and a non-woven gauze or absorbent dressing required the change to an alternative wound dressing in order to achieve wound closure within 3 months."

"The results suggest that ① in combination with a simple secondary dressing adjusted to the wound exudate is an easy to handle, clinically efficient and cost-effective therapy for the secondary intention healing of acute and chronic wounds."