

QD2302

PVC MEMBRANE ADHESIVE

QDEK® QD-2302 is a revolutionary high performance, plasticizer resistant adhesive with excellent temperature resistance and complies with stringent California VOC requirements (SCAQMD Rule 1168). QD-2302 is designed to bond PVC Membrane to traditional roofing substrates. Formulated with CO-REZ® Technology, which is an exceptional formulation incorporating a highly engineered resin and gas matrix. The result: Greater Coverage from Less Canister Weight.

ADVANTAGES

- Tenacious, High Strength Bond
- Extreme Heat Resistance
- Labor-Saving Spray-On Adhesive
- Highest Coverage of PVC Membrane Adhesive
 Canisters
- Low VOC California Compliant
- Fully Portable System





CHEMICAL TECHNICAL DATA

	TYPICAL PROPERTIES
Total Solids	64–70%
VOC Content	0 g/L
Color	Clear
System Flammability	Flammable
Solvent System	Methyl Acetate
Dry time	2-4 mins dependent on temp & humidity
Open time	20 minutes
Handling Strength Time	1 - 2 hours
Full Cure Time	1 - 3 days
Shelf Life	18 months from date of manufacture
Coverage	10 sq from 22 liter (1,000 sq ft)

	PACKAGING	
22L	Disposable Canister	

APPLICATION TOOLS

TOOL	PART NUMBER	
		22 L
Hoses	M180-12 (12')	х
	M180-18 (18')	х
Spray	M120 (Standard Gun) (Detail/Small Area Use)	х
Guns	M125 (18" Wand Gun) (Field Area Use)	х
Spray Tip	UniJet® 11002B (4"–16" Build Adjust. Spray)	х
Spray Cleaner	S800-AA (Spray Tip Cleaner	х

QUIN GLOBAL AMERICAS

+1 402 731 3636 | info.us@quin-global.com | qdekroofingadhesive.com 5510 F St, Omaha, NE 68117

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

QDEK® QD-2302 is designed as a portable, self-contained spray system for field or shop applications.

- Apply adhesive to both surfaces to be mated, at 80% to 100% coverage.
- Allow 3-5 minutes or until just slightly sticky, but not longer than 20 minutes before mating substrates.
- Parts should be mated with as much pressure as practical. Ensure 80-100% coverage with spray pattern.
- Within one to two hours, bond is strong enough to allow cutting or trimming, although ultimate strength is achieved in 1-3 days. Low ambient temperatures extend cure time.
- Canister system will spray adequately above 60° F.
 Surrounding temperature should be 25° F and rising.
- Canister system will spray adequately above 60° F. Surrounding temperature should be 25° F and rising. Canister system should be kept in warm area. In the event that the canister gets abnormally chilled, freezes or gives poor or sputtering spray, it should be warmed up before continued usage. Warming canister in warm water is recommended.
- Notice!!! Do not store at temperatures over 120° F.

CARE OF SPRAY TIP

Because Crosslinking Contact Adhesives will cure in the tip, if it is going to be more than 10 minutes between uses of the gun:

- Using Tensorgrip® S800 Point aerosol and gun away from yourself and wear safety glasses.
- Spray whole tip until tip is clean.
- Hold \$800 nozzle directly on or within 1/2" of the orifice of the tip.
- Spray Tensorgrip® S800 directly into the orifice until it is clear (1-3 seconds).

CANISTER STORAGE/CHANGE OVER

- When hose is connected, keep canister valve open and hose pressurized at all times. To avoid adhesive curing in hose, use within 30 days.
- Do not disconnect the hose until ready to connect to a new canister.
- Release pressure in hose before disconnecting from canister and reconnect immediately. Or if not connecting hose/gun to new canister immediately, connect hose to canister of cleaning solvent to clean out.

HANDLING AND STORAGE

- Consult Safety Data Sheet prior to use.
- Do not store at temperatures over 120°F/50°C.
- Avoid exposure to direct sunlight.
- Do not store directly on concrete floor.
- Always store above 60°F/15°C
- When connected, keep valve open and hose pressurized at all times.
- Always test our adhesives to determine suitability for your particular application prior to use in production.

DISCLAIMER OF WARRANTY: Quin Global makes neither warranty of merchantability or fitness for any use nor any other warranty, express or implied, in the sales of its products. Buyer assumes all risk and liability for the results obtained by the use of its products, whether used singly or in combination with other products.





QUIN GLOBAL AMERICAS



SAFETY DATA SHEET QDek QD2302 PVC Membrane Adhesive Canister

1. Identification		
Product identifier		
Product name	QDek QD2302 PVC Membrane Adhesive Canister	
Product number	USA, Nov 16 2021	
Recommended use of the che	emical and restrictions on use	
Application	Canister Spray Adhesive	
Details of the supplier of the s	afety data sheet	
Supplier	QDEK Roofing Adhesive	
	5510 F St, Omaha NE 68117	
	(402) 731 3636	
	(402) 731 1473	
	marketing.us@quin-global.com	
Emergency telephone number	<u>r</u>	
Emergency telephone	Chemtrec: 1 800 424 9300	
2. Hazard(s) identification		
Classification of the substance	e or mixture	
Physical hazards	Press. Gas, Compressed - H280 Flam. Liq. 2 - H225	
Health hazards	Acute Tox. 4 - H302 Acute Tox. 4 - H332 Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Irrit. 2A - H319 Resp. Sens. 1 - H334 Skin Sens. 1 - H317 Carc. 2 - H351 STOT SE 3 - H336 STOT RE 2 - H373	
Environmental hazards	Not Classified	
Human health	The liquid may be irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Headache. Dizziness. Nausea, vomiting.	
Label elements		
Hazard symbols		

Signal word

Danger

Hazard statements	H302+H332 Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled.
	H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
	H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapor.
	H315 Causes skin irritation.
	H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
	H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
	H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
	H351 Suspected of causing cancer.
	H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
	H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Precautionary statements	P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.
	P302+P352 If on skin: Wash with plenty of water.
	P304+P340 If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
	P305+P351+P338 If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact
	lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
	P314 Get medical advice/ attention if you feel unwell.
	P410+P412 Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C /122°F.
Contains	Methyl Acetate, Methylenediphenyl diisocyanate, Proprietary Propellant Mixture

Other hazards

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Methyl Acetate	
----------------	--

CAS number: 79-20-9

Classification

Flam. Liq. 2 - H225 Acute Tox. 4 - H302 Acute Tox. 4 - H312 Acute Tox. 4 - H332 Eye Irrit. 2A - H319 STOT SE 3 - H336

Methylenediphenyl diisocyanate

CAS number: 26447-40-5

Classification

Acute Tox. 4 - H332 Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Irrit. 2A - H319 Resp. Sens. 1 - H334 Skin Sens. 1 - H317 Carc. 2 - H351 STOT SE 3 - H335 STOT RE 2 - H373 10-25%

30-60%

5-10%

Proprietary Propellant Mixture

CAS number: ----

Classification

Press. Gas, Compressed - H280

The full text for all hazard statements is displayed in Section 16.

4. First-aid measures	
Description of first aid measure	es
General information	Remove affected person from source of contamination. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.
Inhalation	Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. When breathing is difficult, properly trained personnel may assist affected person by administering oxygen. Get medical attention.
Ingestion	Get medical attention immediately. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Do not induce vomiting. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.
Skin Contact	Remove affected person from source of contamination. Remove contaminated clothing. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.
Eye contact	Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Only remove contact lenses if the person is conscious, coherent and they can remove them themselves If adhesive bonding occurs, do not force eyelids apart. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes. If in doubt, get medical attention promptly. Show this Safety Data Sheet to the medical personnel.
Most important symptoms and	effects, both acute and delayed
Inhalation	May cause coughing and difficulties in breathing. May cause eye and respiratory system irritation. Overexposure may depress the central nervous system, causing dizziness and intoxication.
Ingestion	Aspiration hazard if swallowed. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Ingestion may cause severe irritation of the mouth, the esophagus and the gastrointestinal tract. May Cause the following effects: Gastrointestinal symptoms, including upset stomach. Central nervous system depression. Nausea, vomiting. Entry into the lungs following ingestion or vomiting may cause chemical pneumonitis.
Skin contact	May be absorbed through the skin. Product has a defatting effect on skin. The liquid is irritating to eyes and skin. A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Dryness and/or cracking.
Eye contact	Causes serious eye irritation. Burns can occur. A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Pain. Conjunctivitis, irritation, tearing. Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Irritation of eyes and mucous membranes. Prolonged contact causes serious eye and tissue damage.
5. Fire-fighting measures	
Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	Extinguish with alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide or dry powder.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Special hazards arising from t	he substance or mixture
Specific hazards	Pressurized container: Must not be exposed to temperatures above 50°C/120°F Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up. Vapors are heavier than air and may spread near ground and travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back.
Advice for firefighters	
Special protective equipment for firefighters	Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing.
6. Accidental release measure	95
Personal precautions, protecti	ve equipment and emergency procedures
Personal precautions	For personal protection, see Section 8. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage.
Environmental precautions	
Environmental precautions	Avoid discharge into drains. Contain spillage with sand, earth or other suitable non- combustible material.
Methods and material for cont	ainment and cleaning up
Methods for cleaning up	Stop leak if possible without risk. Eliminate all sources of ignition. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage. Provide adequate ventilation. Avoid the spillage or runoff entering drains, sewers or watercourses. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage.
7. Handling and storage	
Precautions for safe handling	
Usage precautions	Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Provide adequate ventilation. Avoid inhalation of vapors. Use approved respirator if air contamination is above an acceptable level. Container must be kept tightly closed when not in use. Use explosion proof electric equipment. Avoid discharge into drains or watercourses or onto the ground.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
Conditions for safe storage, in	cluding any incompatibilities
Storage precautions	Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Keep container tightly closed. Keep only in the original container. Pressurized container: Must not be exposed to temperatures above 50°C/120°F
Specific end uses(s)	
Specific end use(s)	The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.
8. Exposure controls/Persona	I protection
Control parameters	
Occupational exposure limits	
Methyl Acetate	
Long-term exposure limit (8-ho	
Short-term exposure limit (15-	minute): ACGIH 250 ppm pur TWA): OSHA 200 ppm 610 mg/m³
	e of Governmental Industrial Hygienists.

Exposure controls

Protective equipment



Appropriate engineering controls	This product must not be handled in a confined space without adequate ventilation. Avoid inhalation of vapors and spray/mists. As this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls should be used to keep worker exposure below any statutory or recommended limits, if use generates dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist.
Eye/face protection	Wear chemical splash goggles.
Hand protection	Use protective gloves.
Other skin and body protection	Wear appropriate clothing to prevent any possibility of liquid contact and repeated or prolonged vapor contact.
Hygiene measures	DO NOT SMOKE IN WORK AREA! Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Wash promptly with soap and water if skin becomes contaminated. Promptly remove any clothing that becomes contaminated. When using do not eat, drink or smoke.
Respiratory protection	Respiratory protection must be used if the airborne contamination exceeds the recommended occupational exposure limit. If exposure levels are likely to be exceeded, use a half face mask fitted with an organic vapor filter for short term low level exposures. For long term or high level exposures, a supplied air respirator should be used.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Information on basic physical and chemical properties		
Appearance	Aerosol.	
Color	Clear	
Odor	Characteristic.	
Odor threshold	No information available.	
рН	No information available.	
Melting point	No information available.	
Initial boiling point and range	55.8°C/132.4°F	
Flash point	-13°C/9°F	
Evaporation rate	No information available.	
Flammability (solid, gas)	Flammable Vapour	
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	Lower flammable/explosive limit: 3.0% Upper flammable/explosive limit: 16%	
Vapor pressure	No information available.	
Vapor density	No information available.	
Relative density	1.08	
Solubility(ies)	No information available.	
Partition coefficient	No information available.	

Auto-ignition temperature	No inforr	mation available.
Decomposition Temperatu	re No inforr	mation available.
Volatile organic compound	This proc	duct contains a maximum VOC content of 0 g/l.
10. Stability and reactivity		
Stability	Stable at	t normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended.
Conditions to avoid		eat, flames and other sources of ignition. Avoid contact with the following materials: g agents. Reducing agents.
Hazardous decomposition products		ates: Vapours/gases/fumes of: Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO2). en chloride (HCI). Nitrous gases (NOx).
11. Toxicological information	on	
Information on toxicologica	al effects	
Acute toxicity - oral	1 000 0	
ATE oral (mg/kg)	1,000.0	
Acute toxicity - dermal ATE dermal (mg/kg)	2,200.0	
Acute toxicity - inhalation		
ATE inhalation (vapours m	g/l) 17.97	
Toxicological information of	on ingredients.	
		Methyl Acetate
Acute toxicity	- oral	
Acute toxicity mg/kg)	oral (LD₅₀	5,000.0
Species		Rat
ATE oral (mg	/kg)	500.0
Acute toxicity	- dermal	
Acute toxicity mg/kg)	dermal (LD₅₀	2,000.0
Species		Rat
ATE dermal (mg/kg)	1,100.0
Acute toxicity	- inhalation	
Acute toxicity (LC₅∞ vapours		49.28
Species		Rat
ATE inhalatio mg/l)	n (vapours	11.0
		Methylenediphenyl diisocyanate

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Notes (inhalation	LC₅o) Harmful if inhaled.
ATE inhalation (v mg/l)	apours 11.0
Skin corrosion/irr	itation
Skin corrosion/irr	itation Irritating to skin.
Animal data	Dose: 0.5 mL, 4 hours, Rabbit Erythema/eschar score: Moderate to severe erythema (3). Edema score: Slight oedema - edges of area well defined by definite raising (2).
Serious eye dam	age/irritation
Serious eye damage/irritation	Causes serious eye irritation.
Respiratory sens	itization
Respiratory sens	itization Sensitizing.
Skin sensitization	<u>!</u>
Skin sensitization	Guinea pig maximization test (GPMT) - Guinea pig: Sensitizing.
Carcinogenicity	
Carcinogenicity	Suspected of causing cancer.
Specific target or	gan toxicity - single exposure
STOT - single ex	posure STOT SE 3 - H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
Target organs	Respiratory system, lungs
Specific target or	gan toxicity - repeated exposure
STOT - repeated exposure STOT RE 2 - H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.	
12. Ecological information	
Bioaccumulative potential	
Partition coefficient	No information available.
13. Disposal considerations	
Waste treatment methods	
Disposal methods	Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority.
14. Transport information	
Air transport notes	Cargo aircraft only. <75kg
UN Number	
UN No. (IMDG)	3501
UN No. (ICAO)	3501
UN No. (DOT)	3501
UN proper shipping name	
Proper shipping name (TDG)	Chemical Under Pressure, Flammable, N.O.S. (Methyl Acetate)

Proper shipping name (IMDG)	Chemical Under Pressure, Flammable, N.O.S. (Methyl Acetate)
Proper shipping name (ICAO)	Chemical Under Pressure, Flammable, N.O.S. (Methyl Acetate)
Proper shipping name (DOT)	Chemical Under Pressure, Flammable, N.O.S. (Methyl Acetate)
Transport hazard class(es)	
DOT hazard class	2.1

Transport labels



Packing group Packing group (International) Not applicable.

15. Regulatory information

National regulations	The Chemicals (Hazard Information and Packaging for Supply) Regulations 2009 (S.I 2009 No. 716).
Guidance	CHIP for everyone HSG228. Workplace Exposure Limits EH40. Safety Data Sheets for Substances and Preparations. Approved Classification and Labelling Guide (Sixth edition) L131.

US Federal Regulations

SARA (311/312) Hazard Categories

Present.

Methyl Acetate Fire Acute Chronic Health hazard

US State Regulations

California Proposition 65 Carcinogens and Reproductive Toxins

Present.

Methylenediphenyl diisocyanate

Massachusetts "Right To Know" List

Methyl Acetate Present

New Jersey "Right To Know" List

Methyl Acetate Present.

Pennsylvania "Right To Know" List

Methyl Acetate Present.

Inventories

Canada - DSL/NDSL

Methyl Acetate Present.

US - TSCA

Methyl Acetate Present.

16. Other information	
Revision date	2/18/2020
Revision	7
Supersedes date	12/28/2018
SDS No.	22417
Hazard statements in full	 H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapor. H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. H302 Harmful if swallowed. H312 Harmful in contact with skin. H315 Causes skin irritation. H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H332 Harmful if inhaled. H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H351 Suspected of causing cancer. H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
NFPA - health hazard	Irritation, minor residual injury. (1)
NFPA - flammability hazard	Ignites easily. (3)
NFPA - instability hazard	Unstable if heated. (1)
ACA HMIS Health rating.	Moderate hazard. (2)
ACA HMIS Flammability rating.	Extremely flammable. (4)
ACA HMIS Physical hazard rating.	Normally stable. (0)
ACA HMIS Personal protection rating.	В
DIRECTIONS FOR USE	
PRODUCTIOGO	

PRODUCT LOGO

The information in this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) is believed to be correct as of the date issued. The manufacturer MAKES NO WARRANTIES, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, ANY IMPLIED WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR COURSE OF PERFORMANCE OR USAGE OF TRADE. Given the variety of factors that can affect the use and application of this product, many of which are solely within the user's knowledge and control, the user is responsible for determining whether the usage of this product is fit for a particular purpose and suitable for the user's method of use or application. It is essential that the user, not the manufacturer, evaluates this product to determine whether it is fit for a particular purpose and suitable for the user's method of use or application.