

Page 1 of 7

CND-N-001

Prepared to OSHA, ACC, ANSI and WHMIS Standards MSDS Revision Date 11/01/02									
1. PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION									
1.1	1.1 Product Name:								
1.2									
1.3	ALCOHOL SOLUTION Synonyms:								
1.4	4 Trade Names:								
1.5	Product Use:								
1.6	FOR PROFESSIONAL OR SUNDRY USE ONLY Manufacturer's Name:								
1.7	CREATIVE NAIL DESIGN, INC. Manufacturer's Address:								
1.8	1125 JOSHUA WAY, VISTA, CA Emergency Phone:	92083							
1.0	ROCKY MOUNTAIN POIS		ENTER:	1-303	-623-5716	5			
1.9	Business Phone: 1-877-CND-NAIL (263-6245), 1-	760-599-2900							
		2. COMPOSI					N		
	A			INGREDI			LIMITS IN AIF	8	
				AC	GIH		OSHA		OTHER
	CHEMICAL NAME(S)	CAS NO.	%	TLV ppm	STEL ppm	PEL ppm	STEL ppm	IDLH ppm	
	40B (ETHANOL)	64-17-5	< 98.0	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	
ACRY	LIUC ESTER MONOMER	21282-97-3	2 - 4	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	
	Not Available; ND = Not Deterr								ms Used
	E: all WHMIS required informatio								1113 0360



Hazard Identification:

3.1

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

Page 2 of 7

CND-N-001

Prepared to OSHA, ACC, ANSI and WHMIS Standards

MSDS Revision Date 11/01/2002

PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

SKIN

EYES

В

3. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

WARNING! Extremely flammable. Keep away from all heat sources and open flame. Keep out of reach of children. Use only in a well ventilated work area. A table unit fume extractor that expels vapors from the building is strongly recommended. Discontinue use immediately if redness, rash, or other allergic symptoms occur. Avoid eye contact. In case of emergency, contact your physician immediately. For emergency medical information, contact your local poison control center.

3.2								
	Routes of Entry:		Inhalation:	YES	Absorption:	YES	Ingestion:	YES
3.3	Effects of Exposure: INGESTION: Gastrointestinal irritation and central nervous system depression. EYES: Mild to moderate irritation. SKIN: Irritant and potential skin sensitizer. Prolonged or repeated contact may cause contact dermatitis (localize redness or rash). INHALATION: Central nervous system depressant.							
3.4	Symptoms of Overexpo INGESTION: EYES: SKIN: INHALATION:	YES: Mild irritation, redness, and watering. KIN: Contact dermatitis, characterized by localized red or puffy dry skin and itching.						
3.5	Acute Health Effects: INGESTION: Gastrointestinal irritation and central nervous system depression. EYES: Mild to moderate irritation. SKIN: Irritant and potential skin sensitizer. Prolonged or repeated contact may cause contact dermatitis (localized redness or rash). INHALATION: Central nervous system depressant. Irritating to the upper respiratory tract.							
3.6	Chronic Health Effects: INGESTION: EYES: SKIN: INHALATION:	Gastrointestinal irritation and central nervous system depression. Mild to moderate irritation. Irritant and potential skin sensitizer. Prolonged or repeated contact may cause contact dermatitis (localized redness or rash). Central nervous system depressant. Irritating to the upper respiratory tract.						
3.7 Target Organs: Eyes, skin and respiratory system.								
			4. FIRST A		SIIDES			
	First Aid: INGESTION: DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Contact Rocky Mountain Poison Control at 1-303-623-5716 or the nearest Poiso Control Center or local emergency telephone number for assistance and instructions. Seek immediate medica attention. If vomiting occurs spontaneously, keep victim's head lowered (forward) to reduce the risk of aspiration. EYES: Flush eyes thoroughly with copious amounts of water for at least 15 minutes, holding eyelid(s) open to ensur complete flushing. If irritation persists, seek immediate medical attention. SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing and wash affected areas with soap and water. If irritation persists, seek promp medical attention. Do not wear contaminated clothing until after it has been properly cleaned.				JUNES			
4.1	EYES: SKIN:	Control Center or loc attention. If vomiting Flush eyes thoroughly complete flushing. If i Remove contaminate medical attention. Do	MITING. Contact Ro al emergency teleph occurs spontaneously with copious amou mitation persists, seek ad clothing and wast o not wear contaming	cky Moun none numl y, keep vic unts of wa immediat n affected ited clothin	tain Poison Contr oer for assistance tim's head lowere ter for at least 15 e medical attentic areas with soap o ng until after it has	and instruct d (forward) t minutes, ho n. and water. I been proper	ons. Seek immedi o reduce the risk of Iding eyelid(s) ope f irritation persists, s ly cleaned.	ate medi aspiration en to ens seek pror
	EYES: SKIN: INHALATION:	Control Center or loc attention. If vomiting Flush eyes thoroughly complete flushing. If i Remove contaminate medical attention. Do Remove victim to fres medical attention. If t	MITING. Contact Ro al emergency teleph occurs spontaneously with copious amou irritation persists, seek ad clothing and wast o not wear contaming th air at once. If bre	cky Moun none numl y, keep vic unts of wa k immediat n affected nted clothin athing is d	tain Poison Contr oer for assistance tim's head lowere ter for at least 15 e medical attentic areas with soap o ng until after it has ifficult, administer	and instruct d (forward) t minutes, ho n. and water. I been proper	ons. Seek immedi o reduce the risk of Iding eyelid(s) ope f irritation persists, s ly cleaned.	ate medi aspiration en to ens seek pror
	EYES: SKIN: INHALATION: Medical Conditions Ag	Control Center or loc attention. If vomiting Flush eyes thoroughly complete flushing. If i Remove contaminate medical attention. Do Remove victim to fres	MITING. Contact Ro al emergency telepl occurs spontaneously with copious amou irritation persists, seek ad clothing and wast not wear contaming th air at once. If bre preathing stops, perfo	cky Moun none numl y, keep vic unts of wa k immediat n affected nted clothin athing is d	tain Poison Contr ber for assistance tim's head lowere ter for at least 15 e medical attentio areas with soap o ag until after it has ifficult, administer al respiration.	and instruct d (forward) t minutes, ho n. and water. I been proper	ons. Seek immedi o reduce the risk of Iding eyelid(s) ope f irritation persists, s ly cleaned.	ate medi aspiration en to ens seek pror
4.1	EYES: SKIN: INHALATION: Medical Conditions Ag	Control Center or loc attention. If vomiting of Flush eyes thoroughly complete flushing. If i Remove contaminate medical attention. Do Remove victim to fres medical attention. If the gravated by Exposure:	MITING. Contact Ro al emergency telepl occurs spontaneously with copious amou irritation persists, seek ad clothing and wast not wear contaming th air at once. If bre preathing stops, perfo	cky Moun none numl y, keep vic unts of wa k immediat n affected nted clothin athing is d	tain Poison Contr ber for assistance tim's head lowere ter for at least 15 e medical attentic areas with soap o ng until after it has ifficult, administer al respiration.	and instruct d (forward) t minutes, ho n. and water. I been proper supplement	ions. Seek immedi o reduce the risk of olding eyelid(s) ope f irritation persists, s ly cleaned. al oxygen and seel	ate medi aspiration en to ens seek pror < immedi



Page 3 of 7 CND-N-001

Prepared to OSHA, ACC, ANSI and WHMIS Standards

	5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES						
5.1	Flashpoint & Method: 57.2°F (14.0°C) TCC						
5.2	Autoignition Temperature:						
5.3							
5.4	Fire & Explosion Hazards:	• • • • •	•		RED = FLAMMA		
	Vapors are heavier than air. If involved i	n a fire, toxic gases can form.			BLUE = HEALTH		
5.5	Extinguishing Methods:	_		3	YELLOW = REAG		
<i></i>	CO ₂ , Foam, Halon, Dry Chemical, and we	ater spray.		2 0		~	
5.6	Firefighting Procedures: Fire should be fought from a safe distance. Keep containers cool until well after the						
	fire is out. Prevent runoff from fire co				2= SLIGHT HAZA 3 = MODERATE		
	drinking water supply, or any natural wa	•		\sim	4 = SEVERE HAZ		
	contained breathing apparatus (MSH)	A/NIOSH approved or the equ	vivalent) and	~			
	impervious protective clothing.						
	6	ACCIDENTAL RELEAS	MFASUR	FS			
6.1	Spills:						
0.1	Before cleaning any spill or leak, individu	uals involved in spill cleanup mus	t wear approp	riate Personal Protective	Equipment.		
	For small spills (e.g., <1 gallon) wear ap	propriate personal protective eq	uipment (e.g.,	goggles, gloves). Maxi	mize ventilat	ion (open	
	doors and windows) and secure all sour	ces of ignition. Remove spilled	material with c	bsorbent material and j	place into ap	opropriate	
	closed container(s) for disposal. Dispose						
	and outside of container with plenty of warm water and soap. Remove any contaminated clothing and wash thoroughly before						
	reuse. For spills ≥ 1 gallon, deny entry to all unprotected individuals. Dike and contain spill with inert material (e.g., sand or earth). Use ONLY						
	non-sparking tools for recovery and cl						
	separate containers for proper disposal.			wash affected skin area	s with soap c	and water.	
	Keep spills and cleaning runoffs out of municipal sewers and open bodies of water.						
	7. HANDLING & STORAGE INFORMATION						
7.1	Work & Hygiene Practices:						
	Wash hands thoroughly after using this product and before eating, drinking, or smoking.						
7.2	Storage & Handling:						
	Use and store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated location (e.g., local exhaust ventilation, fans). Keep away from excessive heat, open flames, sparks, and other possible sources of ignition. Keep away from incompatible materials listed in Section 10. Do not store in						
	damaged or unmarked containers or storage devices. Keep containers securely closed when not in use. Open slowly on a level,						
	stable surface.						
7.3	Special Precautions: Empty containers may retain residual amounts of product.						
	8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS & PERSONAL PROTECTION						
8.1	Ventilation & Engineering Controls: Use in a chemical fume hood. Use with adequate ventilation (e.g., open doors and windows, local exhaust ventilation). Ensure appropriate decontamination equipment is available (e.g., sink, safety shower, eye-wash station).						
8.2	Respiratory Protection:						
	None required, when used with adequat	e ventilation.					
8.3	Eye Protection:						
0.1	Safety glasses with side shields should be	e used with this product.					
8.4	Hand Protection: None required under normal conditions	of use Hewever may cause skin	irritation in sou	no consitivo individuale			
	When handling large quantities (e.g., ≥ 1	• •					
8.5	Body Protection:	gaion, wear tobber of plastic if	1961 11003 GIOV	-3.			
0.0	No apron required when handling small	avantities.					
	No apron required when handling small quantities. When handling large quantities (e.g., ≥ 1 gallon), eye wash stations and deluge showers should be available. Upon completion of						
	work activities involving large quantities						



Page 4 of 7 CND-N-001

Prepared to OSHA, ACC, ANSI and WHMIS Standards

	I	9. PHYSICAL & CHEMICAL PROPERTIES		
9.1	Density:	0.8 (water=1)		
9.2	Boiling Point:	174°F (79°C) @ 20mmHg		
9.3	Melting Point:	-130°F (-90°C)		
9.4	Evaporation Rate:	2.0 (n-BuAc=1)		
9.5	Vapor Pressure:	25 @ 70°F		
9.6	Molecular Weight:	NA		
9.7	Appearance & Color:	Clear, colorless liquid with a mild alcohol odor		
9.8	Odor Threshold:	NE		
9.9	Solubility:	Complete		
9.10	рН	7-9		
9.11	Viscosity:	Mobile liquid		
9.12	Other Information:	1.6 (Air=1) vapor density		
		10. STABILITY & REACTIVITY		
10.1	Stability:	Stable under normal conditions of use (see section 7).		
10.2	Hazardous Decomposition Products:	Irritating vapors and toxic gases (e.g., carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide) when involved in fire.		
10.3	Hazardous Polymerization:	Will not occur.		
10.4	Conditions to Avoid:	Use or storage near open flames, sparks, high heat (>100°F) or other heat sources, and proximity to incompatible substances and heavily trafficked areas.		
10.5	Incompatible Substances:	Strong oxidizing agents, nitrates, strong acids and bases.		
		11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION		
11.1	Toxicity Data:	This product has not been tested on animals to obtain toxicological data. There are toxicology data		
		for the components of this product, which are found in the scientific literature. These data have not been presented in this document.		
11.2	Acute Toxicity:	See section 3.5		
11.3	Chronic Toxicity:	See section 3.6		
11.4	Suspected Carcinogen:	NE		
11.5	Reproductive Toxicity:	None		
	Mutagenicity:	This product is not reported to produce mutagenic effects in humans.		
	Embryotoxicity:	This product is not reported to produce embryotoxic effects in humans.		
	Teratogenicity:	This product is not reported to produce teratogenic effects in humans.		
	Reproductive Toxicity:	This product is not reported to produce reproductive effects in humans.		
11.6	Irritancy of Product:	See Section 3.3		
11.7	Biological Exposure Indices:	NE		
11.8	Physician Recommendations:	Treat symptomatically.		
		12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION		
12.1	Environmental Stability:	This product will slowly volatile from soil. Components of this product will slowly decompose into organic compounds.		
12.2	Effects on Plants & Animals:	There is no specific data available for this product.		
12.3	Effects on Aquatic Life:	Releases of large volumes of this product are expected to be harmful or fatal to overexposed aquatic life.		
		13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS		
13.1	Waste Disposal:			
	Dispose of in accordance with federal, state or local regulations.			
13.2	Special Considerations:			
	U.S. EPA WASTE NUMBER: D001	(characteristic - ignitable)		



Page 5 of 7 CND-N-001

Prepared to OSHA, ACC, ANSI and WHMIS Standards

	14. TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION					
	basic description (proper shipping name, hazard class & division, ID Number, packing group) is shown for each mode of transportati itional descriptive information may be required by 49 CFR, IATA/ICAO, IMDG and the CTDGR.					
14.1 49 CFR (GND): CONSUMER COMMODITY, ORM-D (≤ 1.0 L) ETHANOL SOLUTION, 3, UN1170, II (> 1.0 L) ORM-D						
14.2	IATA (AIR): CONSUMER COMMODITY, ORM-D (≤ 0.5 L)					
14.3	ETHANOL SOLUTION, 3, UN1170, II (> 0.5 L) IMDG (OCN): ETHANOL SOLUTION, 3, UN1170, II, LTD QTY (≤ 1.0 L) ETHANOL SOLUTION, 3, UN1170, II (> 1.0 L)					
14.4	TDGR (Canadian GND): MARK PACKAGE "LIMITED QUANTITY" or "QUANTITÉ LIMITÉE" or "LTD QTY" or "QUANT LTÉE" (≤ 1.0 L) ETHANOL SOLUTION, 3, UN1170, II (> 1.0 L)					
	15. REGULATORY INFORMATION					
15.1	SARA Reporting Requirements:					
	Not applicable.					
15.2	SARA Threshold Planning Quantity:					
	Not applicable.					
15.3	TSCA Inventory Status:					
	All chemical substances of this product are listed on the TSCA inventory or are otherwise exempt from inventory status.					
15.4	CERCLA Reportable Quantity (RQ):					
15.5	Other Federal Requirements:					
	This product complies with the appropriate sections of the Food and Drug Administration's 21 CFR Subchapter G, (Cosmetics).					
15.6	Other Canadian Regulations					
	This product has been classified according to the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the MSDS contains all of the information required by the CPR. The components of this product are listed on the DSL/NDSL. None of the components of this product are listed on the Priorities Substances List. Class B2 Flammable Liquid.					
15.7	State Regulatory Information:					
	Ethanol is covered under specific state criteria.					



Page 6 of 7 CND-N-001

Prepared to OSHA, ACC, ANSI and WHMIS Standards

	16. OTHER INFORMATION					
16.1	Other Information: WARNING: EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE! Precisely follow directions and MSDS (available through your supplier) for use. KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN. Avoid all skin contact. If redness or other signs of adverse reaction occur, discontinue use immediately and seek medical attention. Avoid eye contact. Do not ingest. If swallowed, do not induce vomiting; seek medical attention. FOR PROFESSIONAL USE ONLY					
16.2	Terms & Definitions:					
	See page 6 of this MSDS.					
16.3	government regulations must be review knowledge, the information contained h are not guaranteed and no warranties relates only to the specific product(s).	ered pursuant to OSHA's Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR §1910.1200. Other wed for applicability to this product. To the best of ShipMate's & Creative Nail Design's herein is reliable and accurate as of this date; however, accuracy, suitability or completeness of any type, either expressed or implied, are provided. The information contained herein If this product(s) is combined with other materials, all component properties must be n time to time. Be sure to consult the latest edition.				
16.4	Prepared for: Creative Nail Design, Inc. 1125 Joshua Way Vista, CA 92083 800-833-NAIL (6245) phone 760-599-4005 fax http://www.creativenaildesign.com/	CREATIVE NAIL DESIGN ⁴				
16.5	Prepared by: ShipMate, Inc. 18436 Hawthorne Blvd., Suite 201 Torrance, CA 90504 310-370-3600 phone 310-370-5700 fax http://www.shipmate.com/	ShipMate Damgerous Goods Training & Consulting				



Page 7 of 7 CND-N-001

Prepared to OSHA, ACC, ANSI and WHMIS Standards

MSDS Revision Date 11/01/2002

DEFINITIONS OF TERMS

A large number of abbreviations and acronyms appear on a MSDS. Some of these which are commonly used include the following:

CAS #: This is the Chemical Abstract Service Number that uniquely identifies each constituent.

EXPOSURE LIMITS IN AIR:

ACGIH – The American Conference on Governmental Industrial Hygienists, a professional association that establishes exposure limits.

TLV – Threshold Limit Value – an airborne concentration of a substance that represents conditions under which it is generally believed that all workers may be repeatedly exposed without adverse effect. The duration must be considered, including the 8-hour Time Weighted Average (TWA), the 15-minute Short Term Exposure Limit, and the instantaneous Ceiling Level (C). Skin absorption effect must also be considered.

OSHA - U.S. Occupational Safety and Health Administration

PEL – Permissible Exposure Limit – This exposure value means exactly the same as TLV, except that it is enforceable by OSHA. The OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits are based in the 1989 PELs and the June 1993 Air Contaminants Rule (Federal Register: 58: 35338-35351 and 58: 40191). Both the current PELs and the vacated PELs are indicated. The phrase "Vacated 1989 PEL," is placed next to the PEL which was vacated by Court Order.

IDLH – Immediately Dangerous to Life and Health – This level represents a concentration from which one can escape within 30-minutes without suffering escape-preventing or permanent injury. The **DFG** – **MAK** is the Republic of Germany's Maximum Exposure Level, similar to the U.S. PEL. NIOSH is the National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health, which is the research arm of the U.S. Occupational Safety and Health Administration (**OSHA**). NIOSH issues exposure guidelines called Recommended Exposure Levels (**RELs**) When no exposure guidelines are established, an entry of **NE** is made for reference.

FIRST AID MEASURES:

CPR: Cardiopulmonary resuscitation. Method in which a person whose heart has stopped receives manual chest compressions and breathing to circulate blood and provide oxygen to the body.

HAZARD RATINGS:

HAZARDOUS MATERIALS IDENTIFICATION SYSTEM: This rating system was developed by the National Paint and Coating Association and has been adopted by industry to identify the degree of chemical hazards. Health Hazard: 0 (minimal acute or chronic exposure hazard); 1 (slight acute or chronic exposure hazard); 2 (moderate acute or significant chronic exposure hazard); 3 (severe acute exposure hazard; onetime overexposure can result in permanent injury and may be fatal); 4 (extreme acute exposure hazard; onetime overexposure can be fatal). Flammability hazard: 0 (minimal hazard); 1 (materials that require substantial pre-heating before burning; 2 (combustible liquids or solids; liquids with a flashpoint of 38-93C [100-200F]); 3 (Class 1B and 1C flammable liquids with flash points below 38C [100F]; 4 (Class 1A flammable liquids with flash points below 23C [73F] and boiling points below 38C [100F]. Reactivity Hazard: 0 (normally stable); 1 (materials that can become unstable at elevated temperatures or which can react slightly with water); 2 (materials that are unstable but do not detonate when initiated or which can react violently with water); 3 (materials that can detonate when initiated or which can react explosively with water); 4 (materials that can detonate at normal temperatures or pressures). PPE Rating B: Hand and eye protection is required for routine chemical use.

NATIONAL FIRE PROTECTION ASSOCIATION: <u>Health Hazard</u>: 0 (material that on exposure under fire conditions would offer no hazard beyond that of ordinary combustible materials); 1 (materials that on exposure under fire conditions could cause irritation or minor residual injury); 2 (materials that on intense or continued exposure under fire conditions could cause temporary incapacitation or possible residual injury); 3 (materials that can on short exposure could cause serious temporary or residual injury); 4 (material that under very short exposure could cause death or major residual injury).

<u>Flammability Hazard and Reactivity Hazard</u>: Refer to definitions for "Hazardous Materials Identification System." FLAMMABILITY LIMITS IN AIR:

Much of the information related to fire and explosion is derived from the National Fire Protection Association (NFPA). <u>Flash Point</u> – minimum temperature at which a liquid gives off sufficient vapors to form an ignitable mixture with air. <u>Autoignition Temperature</u>: The minimum temperature required to initiate combustion in air with no other source of ignition. LEL – the lowest percent of vapor in air, by volume, that will explode or ignite in the presence of an ignition source. UEL – the highest percent of vapor in air, by volume, that will explode or ignite in the presence of an ignition source.

TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION:

Human and Animal Toxicology: Possible health hazards as derived from human data, animal studies, or from the results of studies with similar compounds are presented. Definitions of some terms use dint his section are: LD50 - Lethal Dose (solids & liquids) which kills 50% of the exposed animals; LC50 - Lethal concentration (gases) which kills 50% of the exposed animals; ppm - concentration expressed in parts of material per million parts of air or water; mg/m³- concentration expressed in weight of substance per volume of air; mg/kg quantity of material, by weight, administered to a test subject, based on their body weight in kg. Other measures of toxicity include TDLo, the lowest dose to cause a symptom and TCLo the lowest concentration to cause a symptom; TD0, LDLo, and LDo, or TC, TCo, LCLo, and LCo, the lowest dose (or concentration) to cause lethal or toxic effects. Cancer Infromation: The sources are: IARC - the International Agency for Research on Cancer; NTP - the National Toxicology Program, RTECS - the Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances, OSHA and CAL/OSHA. IARC and NTP rate chemicals on a scale of decreasing potential to cause human cancer with rankings from 1 to 4. Subrankings (2A, 2B, etc.) are also used. Other Information: BEI -ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices, represent the levels of determinants which are most likely to be observed in specimens collected from a health worker who has been exposed to chemical to the same extent as a worker with inhalation exposure to the TLV. Ecological Information: EC is the effect concentration in water. BCF - Bioconcentration Factor, which is used to determine if a substance will concentrate in life forms that consume contaminated plant or animal matter. TL_m - median threshold limit; Coefficient of Oil/Water Distribution is represented by log Kow or log Koc and is used to assess a substance's behavior in the environment.

REGULATORY INFORMATION:

U.S. and CANADA: This section explains the impact of various laws and regulation of the material. **EPA** is the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency. WHMIS is the Canadian Workplace Hazardous Material Information System. **DOT** and **TC** and the U.S. Department of Transportation and the Transport Canada, respectively. Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA); the Canadian Domestic/Non-Domestic Substance List (DSL/NDSL); the U.S. Toxic Substance Control Act (TSCA); Marine Pollutant status according to the DOT; the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA or Superfund); and various state regulations. This section also includes information on the precautionary warnings which appear on the material's package label.

EUROPEAN and INTERNATIONAL: EC is the European Community, formerly known as the EEC, European Economic Community). **EINECS:** This is the European Inventory of Now-Existing Chemical Substances. **AICS** is the Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances. **MITI** is the Japanese Minister of International Trade and Industry. **ECL** is the Korean Existing Chemicals List. **IMO** is the International Maritime Organization and **IATA** is the International Air Transport Association. The **ARD** is the European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road and the **RID** are the International Regulations Concerning the Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail.

