

# **Laboratory**



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# TEST REPORT

**FOR** 

## MIOOIM LLC

511 North 13th Street Philadelphia, PA 19123

# **Standard Test Method for Surface Burning Characteristics of Building Materials ASTM E84–14**

Test Report No: FH-2606\_R1

Assignment No: H-1174

Test Date: 08/28/2015

Report Date: 09/04/2015

Subject Material: FeltForms Tiles

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## **TEST REPORT REVISION HISTORY:**

DATE	SUMMARY		
September 3, 2015	Original issue date. Original NGCTS report FH-2606.		
September 4, 2015	Corrected reported flame spread index (pg. 3). Revised NGCTS Report FH-2606_R1		

#### INTRODUCTION:

This report presents the results of a specimen tested in accordance with the requirements of ASTM E84-14 Standard Test Method for Surface Burning Characteristics of Building Materials. This test method is also published under the designations UL 723, NFPA 255, and UBC 8-1.

The purpose of this test method is to determine the relative behavior of the material by observing the flame spread along the specimen. Flame spread and smoke developed indices are reported. However, there is not necessarily a relationship between these two measurements.

This standard is used to measure and describe the response of materials, products, or assemblies to heat and flame under controlled laboratory conditions. It should not alone be used for fire hazard or fire risk assessment of the materials, products, or assemblies under actual fire conditions.

## TEST SPECIMEN:

The test specimen was submitted for testing to NGC Testing Services (NGCTS) directly by MIOOIM LLC of Philadelphia, PA. The test specimen was identified by the client as:

## "FeltForms Tiles"

The test specimen was submitted as multiple, grey-colored acoustical tiles. The tiles had a "dimpled" (hexagonal-shaped dimples) front face, and a flat back face with double-sided adhesive strips around the face's perimeter. The dimpled front face of each tile was exposed to the burner flames during testing. Each tile measured 24 in. by 24 in. with a nominal maximum thickness of 1-7/8 in. (nominal minimum thickness of 1/4 in).

NGCTS personnel randomly selected twelve (12) of the submitted tiles for testing. Upon selection, the (12) test specimen tiles were placed in in a conditioning room where they remained in an atmosphere of 73.4  $\pm$  5°F and 50  $\pm$  5% relative humidity until tested.

## **MOUNTING METHOD:**

The (12) test specimen tiles were placed end-to-end, directly on the tunnel ledges (dimpled face exposed to the burner flames) and butted tightly together to achieve the required 24 ft. length. No additional support was required. Non-combustible, fiber-reinforced cement board (1/4 in. thick) was placed over the tiles as lid protection.



## **TEST RESULTS:**

The test results, computed on the basis of observed flame front advance and electronic smoke density measurements are presented in the table below.

The reported flame spread and smoke developed indices, as presented below, are the computed comparison to the standard calibration materials – mineral fiber-reinforced cement board and select grade red oak flooring. The cement board is used to establish relative 0 values for flame spread and smoke developed; red oak decks are used to establish relative 100 values for flame spread and smoke developed.

Testing of materials that melt, drip, or delaminate to such a degree that the continuity of the flame front is destroyed, results in low flame spread indices that do not relate directly to indices obtained by testing materials that remain in place.

TEST NO.	MATERIAL TESTED	SIDE EXPOSED	SUPPORT	CALCULATED FLAME SPREAD	CALCULATED SMOKE DEVELOPED
1	FeltForms Tiles	Dimpled Face	Self-Supporting	14.69	304.43
				FLAME SPREAD	SMOKE DEVELOPED
	MATERIAL TESTED	SIDE EXPOSED	SUPPORT	INDEX *	INDEX*
	RED OAK FLOORING	FINISHED	SELF-SUPPORTING	100	100
	REINFORCED CEMENT BOARD	SYMMETRICAL	SELF-SUPPORTING	0	0
1	FeltForms Tiles	Dimpled Face	Self-Supporting	15	300
			CLASSIFICATION	FSI	SDI
* Flame Spread / Smoke Developed Index is the result (or the			CLASS A or I	0 - 25	0 - 450
average of the results of multiple tests), rounded to the nearest			CLASS B or II	26 - 75	0 - 450
	<ol><li>Smoke developed results in exce the nearest multiple of 50.</li></ol>	ss of 200 are	CLASS C or III	76 - 200	0 - 450

## **FeltForms Tiles**

FLAME SPREAD INDEX 15 SMOKE DEVELOPED INDEX 300

#### **OBSERVATIONS:**

Ignition of the test specimen tiles was noted at 00:07 (min:sec). A maximum flame front advancement of 3.74 ft. occurred at 09:13 (min:sec). The test specimen tiles were observed to melt and drip to the tunnel floor, including well ahead of the maximum flame front. Burning of the melted material occurred on the tunnel floor, contributing to the recorded maximum flame front.



The following data sheet is an actual printout of the computerized data system which monitors the tunnel furnace. The sheet contains all calibration and specimen data needed to calculate the test results.

