## **CYTONIX**

**CytoPel** 

# **CytoPel Properties**

- Two versions 400 and 500
- Liquid solution
- Fluorinated or organic solvents
- Customizable:
  - improve adhesion to select substrates and modify mechanical properties through addition of these functional groups:
    - Epoxy
    - Silane
    - Other

### Applications:

Microfluidic devices
Printed circuit boards
Pipette tips and tubes
Earphones and headphones

Conformal coatings

### Other properties:

Minimal masking
Low dielectric constant
High glass transition temperature
Low surface energy

Low water absorption

High solvent resistance

## **CytoPel Properties II**

| Property                    | CytoPel 500<br>Concentrate                 | CytoPel 400<br>Concentrate                 |
|-----------------------------|--|--|
| Cost                        | 6X   | 1X   |
| Shipping                    | Any  | Ground or Sea,<br>Warning-<br>Flammable!   |
| Appearance                  | Clear, Odorless,<br>Colorless film         | Clear, Odorless,<br>Colorless Film         |
| Contact Angle (Water)       | >110°                                      | >100°                                      |
| Contact Angle (Oil)         | >60°                                       | >50°                                       |
| Hardness                    | >H pencil                                  | >H pencil                                  |
| Film Flammability           | Non-Burning                                | Non-Burning                                |
| Solvent<br>Flammability     | Non-Burning                                | Flammable                                  |
| Tracer                      | UV tracer for quality control (at request) | UV tracer for quality control (at request) |
| Heat Stability Continuous   | 150°C                                      | 150°C                                      |
| Max heat stability (1 hour) | 250°C                                      | 250°C                                      |

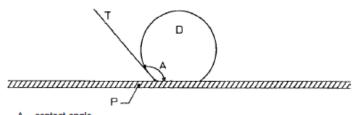




| Property                     | CytoPel 500                     | CytoPel 400                     |
|------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
|                              | Concentrate                     | Concentrate                     |
| Refractive Index Surface     | ~1.34                           | ~1.34                           |
| Toxicity                     | HMIS Rating<br>Health = 1       | HMIS Rating Health = 1          |
| Ease of Application          | Very Good                       | Very Good                       |
| Solvent/Chemical Resistance  | Good                            | Excellent after curing          |
| Transparent                  | Yes                             | Yes                             |
| Electrical<br>Conductivity   | Yes (at <0.5 µm film thickness) | Yes (at <0.5 µm film thickness) |
| Ease of Dry                  | Room Temperature in <5 minutes  | Room Temperature in <5 minutes  |
| Low Labor                    | May not require masking         | May not require masking         |
| Removable                    | Easily Removable                | Yes                             |
| Solder-Through<br>Repairable | Yes                             | Yes                             |

## **Data Analysis: Contact Angle**

# Standard Practice for Surface Wettability of Coatings, Substrates and Pigments by Advancing Contact Angle Measurement: <u>ASTM standard D7334-08</u>



- A = contact angle D = drop of liquid
- P = specimen
- T = tangent at specimen surface

FIG. 1 Measuring Angle of Contact

Schematic extracted from ASTM standard



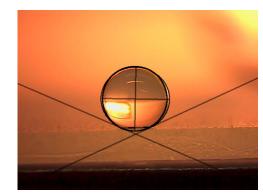
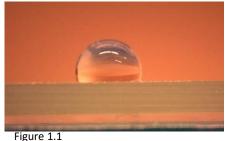


Image before analysis (left) and after (right).

#### Description of Method:

A coated substrate is placed onto a balanced stage where a 5  $\mu$ L droplet is deposited onto the substrate via a hypodermic needle. The drop is released 3mm above the substrate and the image is taken within 30 seconds. At least two samples are analyzed per coating in at least 6 different locations on the substrate. Images are analyzed, data is averaged, and the data is documented.

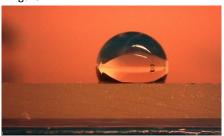
## Contact Angle: CytoPel 500 and Water





0.5% Concentration **Average Contact Angle:** 112.1°



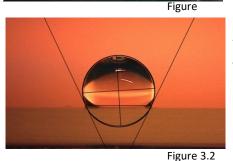




1.0% Concentration Average Contact Angle: 113.3°

Figure 2.1





2.0% Concentration Average Contact Angle: 113.3°

exhibits contact angles >110° for water.

CytoPel 500

Figure 3.1



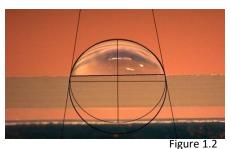


4.0% Concentration Average Contact Angle: 113.1°

Figure 4.1 Figure 4.2

# **Contact Angle: CytoPel and Oil**





0.5% Concentration Average Contact Angle: 78.9°







1.0% Concentration Average Contact Angle: 80.5°

CytoPel 500

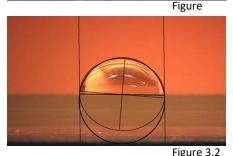
exhibits contact

for oil.

angles >80°







2.0% ConcentrationAverage Contact Angle:82.0°

Figure 3.1



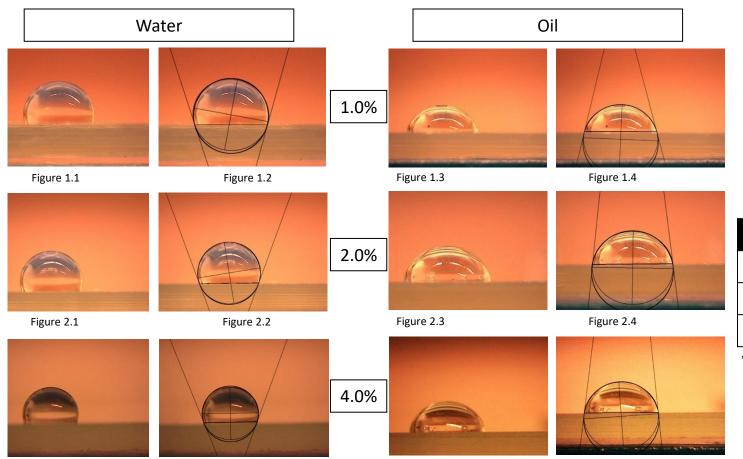


4.0% Concentration Average Contact Angle: 82.8°



Figure 4.2

## **Contact Angle: CytoPel 400**



|      | Water | Oil  |
|------|-------|------|
| 1.0% | 104.8 | 77.1 |
| 2.0% | 109.6 | 79.8 |
| 4.0% | 108.1 | 79.9 |

\*Diluted with Ethyl Acetate

CytoPel 400 exhibits contact angles of >100° for water and contact angles of >75° for oil.

Figure 3.2

Figure 3.1

Figure 3.3

Figure 3.4

## **ASTM Standard D3363-05**

### **Standard Test Method for Film Hardness by Pencil Test**

Description of Method:

A coated substrate is placed onto a firm horizontal surface. A pencil with a blunt, flat lead is pushed away at a 45° angle for a distance of 6.5mm.

#### Based on Visual Observation:

- Pencil Hardness: Pencil Mark Present: Indicated with "M"
- Scratch Hardness: Scratch Mark Present: Indicated with "H"

| <u>Sample</u><br><u>Concentration</u> | <u>#</u> | <u>4H</u> | <u>3H</u> | <u>2H</u> | <u>H</u> | <u>F</u> | <u>HB</u> | <u>B</u> | <u>2B</u> | <u>3B</u> | <u>4B</u> | <u>Pencil</u><br><u>Mark</u> | <u>Pencil</u><br><u>Hardness</u> |
|---------------------------------------|----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|----------|----------|-----------|----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| 0.05%                                 | 1        | Н         | Н         | Н         | Н        | M        | M         | M        | M         | M         | М         | F                            | Н                                |
| 0.05%                                 | 2        | Н         | Н         | Н         | Н        | M        | M         | M        | M         | M         | M         | F                            | Н                                |
| 1%                                    | 1        | Н         | Н         | Н         | Н        | M        | M         | M        | M         | M         | M         | F                            | Н                                |
| 1%                                    | 2        | Н         | Н         | Н         | Н        | M        | M         | M        | M         | M         | M         | F                            | Н                                |
| 2%                                    | 1        | Н         | Н         | Н         | Н        | M        | M         | M        | M         | M         | M         | F                            | Н                                |
| 2%                                    | 2        | Н         | Н         | Н         | Н        | М        | M         | M        | M         | M         | M         | F                            | Н                                |
| 4%                                    | 1        | Н         | Н         | Н         | Н        | M        | M         | M        | M         | M         | M         | F                            | Н                                |
| 4%                                    | 2        | Н         | Н         | Н         | Н        | M        | M         | М        | М         | M         | M         | F                            | Н                                |

| Sample<br>Concentration | <u>#</u> | 4H | 3H | <u>2</u><br>H | <u>H</u> | F | <u>HB</u> | В | 2B | <u>3B</u> | 4B | Pencil Mark | Pencil Hardness |
|-------------------------|----------|----|----|---------------|----------|---|-----------|---|----|-----------|----|-------------|-----------------|
| 1%                      | 1        | Н  | Н  | Н             | Н        | M | М         | М | M  | M         | M  | F           | Н               |
| 1%                      | 2        | Н  | Н  | Н             | Н        | М | М         | М | М  | М         | М  | F           | Н               |
| 2%                      | 1        | Н  | Н  | Н             | Н        | М | М         | М | М  | М         | М  | F           | Н               |
| 2%                      | 2        | Н  | Н  | Н             | Н        | М | М         | М | М  | М         | М  | F           | Н               |
| 4%                      | 1        | Н  | Н  | Н             | Н        | М | М         | М | М  | М         | М  | F           | Н               |
| 4%                      | 2        | Н  | Н  | Н             | Н        | М | М         | М | М  | М         | М  | F           | Н               |

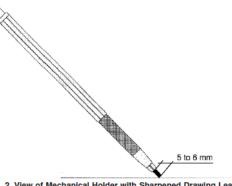
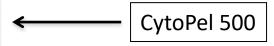
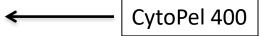


FIG. 2 View of Mechanical Holder with Sharpened Drawing

Schematic extracted from ASTM standard





Pencil Hardness Scale extracted from ASTM standard:

$$\frac{6B - 5B - 4B - 3B - 2B - B - HB - F - H - 2H - 3H - 4H - 5H - 6H}{\text{Softer}}$$

The 500-Series and 400-Series coatings have pencil hardness ratings of "H."

## **Data Analysis: ASTM Standard 3359-09**

# **Standard Test Methods for Measuring Adhesion by Tape Test**

| Classification | % of Area<br>Removed | Surface of Cross-cut Area From Which<br>Flaking has Occured for 6 Parrallel Cuts &<br>Adhesion range by % |
|----------------|----------------------|---|
| 5B             | 0%<br>None           |   |
| 4B             | Less than<br>5%      |   |
| 3В             | 5 - 15%              |   |
| 2B             | 15 - 35%             |   |
| 1B             | 35 - 65%             |   |
| 0B             | Greater than<br>65%  |   |

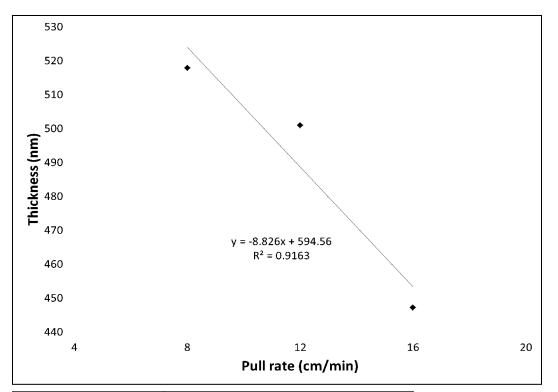
#### **Description of Method:**

A coated substrate is secured onto a firm, horizontal surface. A razor is used to create the grid pattern. Packing tape is smoothed over the pattern and removed at a 180° angle. At least two samples are evaluated for each coating.

| Co   | oating:   | 500<br>0.50% | 500<br>1.00% | 500<br>2.00% | 500<br>4.00% | 400<br>1.00% | 400<br>2.00% | 400<br>4.00% |
|------|-----------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| Test | Substrate | Rating       |
| S1S1 | Glass     | 5B           |
| S1S2 | Glass     | 5B           |
| S2S1 | Glass     | 5B           |
| S2S2 | Glass     | 5B           |
| S1S1 | Aluminum  | 5B           |
| S1S2 | Aluminum  | 5B           |
| S1S1 | Copper    | 5B           |
| S1S2 | Copper    | 5B           |
| S1S1 | PC        | 5B           |
| S1S2 | PC        | 5B           |
| S1S1 | ABS       | 5B           |
| S1S2 | ABS       | 5B           |

Both versions at all concentrations exhibit 5B, the highest adhesion rating.

## Withdrawal Rate vs. Coating Thickness

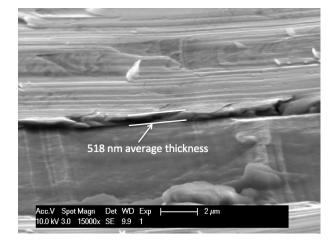


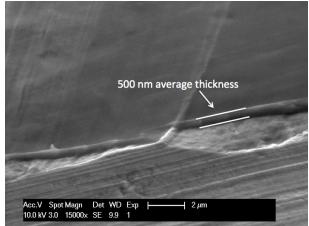
| Thickness (nm) | Withdrawal Rate (cm/min) |
|----------------|--------------------------|
| 518            | 8                        |
| 500            | 12                       |
| 447            | 16                       |

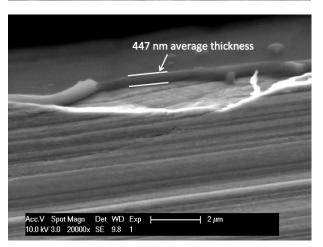
A linear relationship is demonstrated in the model:

$$Y = -8.826x + 594.56$$

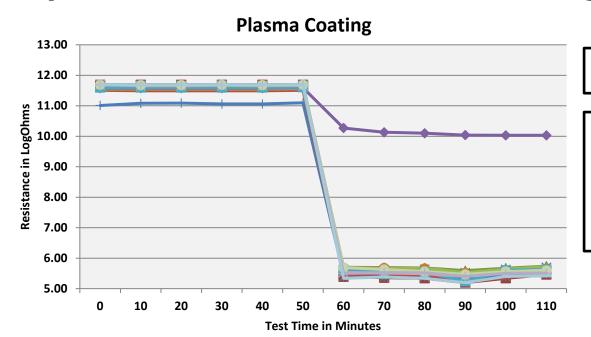
**Increasing withdrawal rate decreases coating thickness** 







## CytoPel 500 vs. Plasma Coating

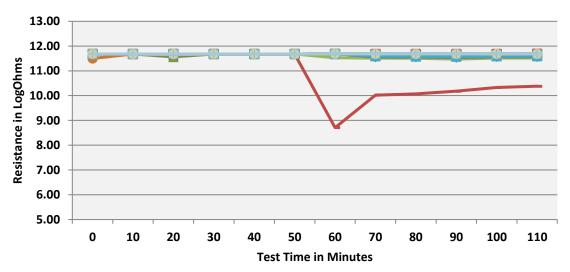


### **Water Immersion Test**

- At 50 minutes the boards were submerged in water
- Each line of data represents a different component on the board

#### CytoPel 500 at 4% concentration

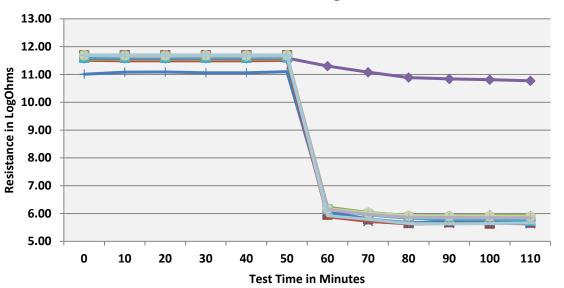
The CytoPel 500 survives the water immersion test, whereas the plasma coating fails.



<sup>\*</sup>These results were obtained from one of our customer's R&D trials involving a third party testing facility.

## CytoPel 500 vs. Plasma Coating





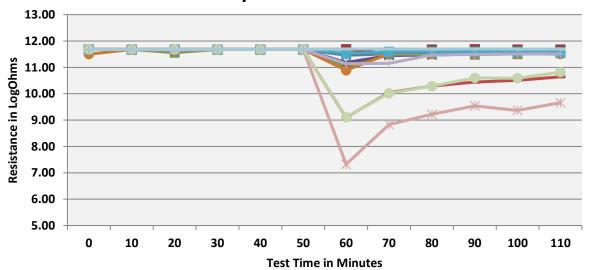
Coca-Cola Immersion Test

At 50 minutes the boards were submerged in Coca-Cola

Each line of data represents a different component on the board

#### CytoPel 500 at 4% concentration

The CytoPel 500
survives the Coca-Cola
immersion test,
whereas the plasma
coating fails.



<sup>\*</sup>These results were obtained from one of our customer's R&D trials involving a third party testing facility.

## **Implementation into Manufacturing**

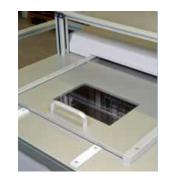




Coating systems are available that are specifically designed for fluoropolymer coating solutions.

It is possible that a conformal coating machine that your company has already acquired will also work with our liquid solution by making minor control adjustments.





These coating systems will offer a low cost, automated turnkey solution.





- •Full automation available
- Filtration system available
- Specifically designed for highly volatile solvent systems
- •Cooling trap to collect condensed liquid and cycle it back into the system
- •Water is separated and removed
- Low Waste
- Efficient
- Cost Effective





## **Coating Process in Manufacturing**

### **Step 1: Preparation & Cleaning**

- IPA, compressed air, or both







# Step 2: Masking if Necessary

- Optical lenses
- Microphones
- Speaker assemblies possible



#### Step 3: Load PCB's

-coating tray recommended 90° for optimal coating



### **Step 4: Immersion**

- Immerse components in bath for a total of 30-45 seconds (test speed starting with 15cm/min)



#### **Step 5: Cure**

- CytoPel 500: Heat cure optional
- CytoPel 400: Heat cure at 60°C for 10 minutes





### **Step 8: Quality Control**

UV tracer additive can be added for quality control purposes

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## Conclusions

| COHCIUSIONS                |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|----------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Transparency               | Visually Undetectable  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Thickness                  | 400 – 500 nanometers   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Reworkable                 | Easily Reworkable  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Thermal<br>Dissipation     | Does not trap heat allowing for the coating to withstand high temperatures                   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Easy Application           | Dip, Spray, Syringe  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| No large<br>Start-Up Costs | Large, expensive, noisy equipment is not necessary - liquid solution                         |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Easy to<br>Implement       | Can be used in common conformal coating equipment by adjusting the control settings          |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Customizable               | Concentrations, additives, solvent systems - we work R&D teams to find a solution that works |  |  |  |  |  |  |

