## TOP TANZANITE

## DETERMINING YOUR RING SIZE

1. PRINT THIS CHART. Prior to printing, ensure that Page Scaling is set to "None" on your print dialog box. (To open the print dialog box, press CTRL +P ).

## 2. CONFIRM THAT YOU PRINTED THE CHART CORRECTLY.

|  | $1 / 2$ | 1 in |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 0 | 10 | 20 | 30 mm |

Measure One Of The Bars In This Box Using A Ruler. This Bar Must Measure To Be Exactly 1 Inch (or 30 Mm ) Long. If The Bar On The Left Is Not Exactly 1 Inch (or 30 Mm ) Long. You Have Not Printed This Chart Correctly. Please Go Baack To Step 1 And Try Again Before Proceeding To Step 3.

## 3. FIND YOUR RING SIZE BY USING ONE OR BOTH METHODS BELOW.

## METHOD A :- TO MEASURE AN EXSITING RING SIZE

1. Select a ring that properly fits finger you intend to size. The "ring finger" is the finger between your middle and pinky fingers.
2. Place the ring over the circles below, make sure to match the INSIDE edge of the ring to the circle nearest in size.

This type of measuring measure the diameter of the ring.
3. If the ring falls between two different ring sizes, always go with the large size.
as it is easier it size down. However, We can create Quarter ( 0.25 ) sizes.


## METHOD B:- MEASURE YOUR FINGUER

Cut out the ring sizer. cut small slit that is marked with an arrow. Place ring sizer comfortably around finger by slipping pointed end through the slit, numbers facing out. Secure the ring sizer by pulling the pointed end snugly around your finger like a belt, but allow some room for movement. make sure that you can still slide the ring sizer over your knuckle at the same size. your apporoximate ring sizer should be the number that appears where it says "Read Size Here". if you are between sizer, order the larger size.


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## INTERNATIONAL RING SIZE CHART

| Circumference (mm) | $\begin{gathered} \text { Diameter } \\ (\mathrm{mm}) \end{gathered}$ | United States \& Canada | UK, Europe, \& Australia | china/Singapore/Japan |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 44.2 | 14.1 | 3 | F | 4 |
| 44.8 | 14.3 |  | $\mathrm{F}^{1 / 2}$ | 5 |
| 45.5 | 14.5 | $31 / 2$ | G |  |
| 46.1 | 14.7 |  | $\mathrm{G}^{1 / 2}$ | 6 |
| 46.8 | 14.9 | 4 | H | 7 |
| 47.4 | 15.1 |  | $\mathrm{H}^{1 / 2}$ |  |
| 48.0 | 15.3 | $41 / 2$ | I | 8 |
| 48.7 | 15.5 |  | J |  |
| 49.3 | 15.7 | 5 | J1/2 | 9 |
| 50.0 | 15.9 |  | K |  |
| 50.6 | 16.1 | 51/2 | K $1 / 2$ | 10 |
| 51.2 | 16.3 |  | L |  |
| 51.9 | 16.5 | 6 | L $1 / 2$ | 11 |
| 52.5 | 16.7 |  | M | 12 |
| 53.1 | 16.9 | 61/2 | $\mathrm{M}^{1 / 2}$ | 13 |
| 53.8 | 17.1 |  | N |  |
| 54.4 | 17.3 | 7 | N $1 / 2$ | 14 |
| 55.1 | 17.5 |  | O |  |
| 55.7 | 17.7 | $71 / 2$ | $\mathrm{O}^{1 / 2}$ | 15 |
| 56.3 | 17.9 |  | P |  |
| 57.0 | 18.1 | 8 | P $1 / 2$ | 16 |
| 57.2 | 18.2 |  |  |  |
| 57.6 | 18.3 |  | Q |  |
| 58.3 | 18.5 | $81 / 2$ | Q ${ }^{1 / 2}$ | 17 |
| 58.9 | 18.8 |  | R |  |
| 59.5 | 19.0 | 9 | R1/2 | 18 |
| 60.2 | 19.2 |  | S |  |
| 60.8 | 19.4 | 91/2 | S $1 / 2$ | 19 |
| 61.4 | 19.6 |  | T |  |
| 62.1 | 19.8 | 10 | T $1 / 2$ | 20 |
| 62.7 | 20.0 |  | U | 21 |
| 63.4 | 20.2 | $10^{1 / 2}$ | $\mathrm{U}^{1 / 2}$ | 22 |
| 64.0 | 20.4 |  | V |  |
| 64.6 | 20.6 | 11 | $\mathrm{V}^{1 / 2}$ | 23 |
| 65.3 | 20.8 |  | W |  |
| 65.9 | 21.0 | $111 / 2$ | W $1 / 2$ | 24 |
| 66.6 | 21.2 |  | X |  |
| 67.2 | 21.4 | 12 | $\mathrm{X}^{1 / 2}$ | 25 |
| 67.8 | 21.6 |  | Y |  |
| 68.5 | 21.8 | $12^{1 / 2}$ | Z | 26 |
| 69.1 | 22.0 |  | Z1/2 |  |
| 69.7 | 22.2 | 13 |  | 27 |
| 70.4 | 22.4 |  | Z+1 |  |
| 71.0 | 22.6 | $13^{1 / 2}$ |  |  |

