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Automated Purification of Genomic DNA from Tissue with the Macherey-Nagel NucleoMag[®] Tissue Kit on the ep*Motion*[®] 5075

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Abstract

The purification of genomic DNA from tissue samples with the NucleoMag 96 Tissue Kit is designed for manual or automated small-scale preparation of highly pure genomic DNA from tissue, cells or bacteria pellets. Here we show the implementation of the NucleoMag Tissue Kit from Macherey-Nagel on the ep*Motion* 5075t/m. The combination allows a walk away purification in less than 120 minutes for untreated cells and less than 100 minutes for prelysed tissue and bacteria pellets.

Introduction

The procedure of the NucleoMag 96 Tissue kit is based on reversible adsorption of nucleic acids to paramagnetic beads under appropriate buffer conditions.

Different samples, like tissue, cells or bacteria pellets are lysed with lysis buffer T 1 and Proteinase K. DNA is then bound to the magnetic beads. Contaminants are removed through a series of washing steps with different wash buffers. Finally, remaining salts are removed with an additional 80 % ethanol wash step. The purified DNA is eluted and can be used directly as a template for qPCR, next generation sequencing, or any kind of enzymatic reactions. This application note describes the configuration and preparation of the ep*Motion* 5075 to automate this kit.

Materials and Methods

Required Labware

Eppendorf ep*Motion* 5075t or 5075m Dispensing Tool TM 1000-8 Dispensing Tool TM 300-8 Reservoir Rack Reservoirs 30 mL/ Reservoirs 100 mL Reservoir 400 mL

NucleoMag Sep (Magnetic separator) NucleoMag 96 Tissue Kit

Required Consumables:

epT.I.P.S.[®] Motion 1000 μ L with filter epT.I.P.S. Motion 300 μ L with filter Square-well Block as processing plate Microtiterplate to collect the eluates

Samples

Tissue, cells or bacteria pellets

Method

This protocol is developed to process up to 96 samples in parallel on the ep*Motion* 5075m or 5075t workstation. This kit is suitable for up to 20 mg tissue, up to 10^6 cells or bacteria pellets from up to 1 mL overnight culture. For tissue

purification 225 µL cleared lysate (external lysis step at 56°C for 1-3 hours or overnight, followed by centrifugation), for cell purification 200 µL suspension in T1 lysis buffer (without Proteinase K, which will automatically be added in the first epMotion step) is prefilled into each well of the separation plate. All subsequent steps are automated and will be carried out in this plate. This includes dispensing of buffers and beads, removal of the supernatants as well as transport and mixing steps. After the lysis step magnetic beads and binding buffer are added. During mixing and incubation step the DNA is bound to the magnetic beads. Magnetic beads are separated with the NucleoMag SEP and the supernatant is removed. Unspecifically bound contaminats are removed through several washing steps with wash buffers MB3 and MB4. Remaining salts are removed with an additional 80 % ethanol wash step, which replaces the MB5 buffer. After the last washing step residual ethanol is removed in a drying step of 15 minutes at 70°C on the integrated TMX module of the epMotion. Finally, the eluate is be transferred to a dedicated elution plate. Both versions of the purification (for tissue or for cells and bacterias) are available as preprogrammed methods.

A purification process with 96 tissue samples with re-use tips for the wash steps requires 240x 1000 μL tips and 104x 300 μL tips.

For the method the following positions of the worktable are occupied:

Position	Labware	Comment
A2	300 μL filtertips	
A3	300 μL filtertips	
ТМХ	Separation Plate (Lysed samples)	
B1	1000 μL filtertips	
B2	1000 μL filtertips	
B3	1000 μL filtertips	
C2	Liquid Waste (400 mL reservoir)	
C3	NucleoMag_Sep	
C4	Reagent reservoirs	
C5	Elution Plate	

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Figure 1: ReservoirRack Layout for cell purification



Figure 3: Worktable allocation for all purification versions

Binding Buffer 100 mL Rese Wash Buffer 100 mL Rese Wash Buffer 100 mL Rese Ethanol 80 100 mL Rese 30 mL Reser 30 mL Reser 30 mL Reser 30 mL Reser
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Results and Discussion

Purification results from tissue: Genomic DNA resulting from the aforementioned method was analyzed by gel electrophoresis of 10 μ L eluate or PCR product via 1% TAE agarose gel; Yield and purity were determined by UV spectroscopy. Furthermore a qPCR with SensiFast[®] Probe Lo-Rox Kit (Bioline[®]) on an Applied Biosystems[®] 7500 was used to check for the absence of PCR inhibitors.

Purification of cells

HeLa cells in the range of 10⁶ down to 10³ were tested.



Figures 4 and 5: Results from cultured eukaryotic cells. DNA yield and purity determination with SynergyTM HT Multi-detection microplate reader (BioTek®)



Figure 6: 4 µL of randomly selected eluates from all extracted cell numbers underwent a quantitative PCR with a Taqman® probe for beta-Actin and 250bp amplicon size using the SensiFast Probe Lo-Rox Kit (Bioline) on an Applied Biosystems 7500 instrument

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Mousetails

DNA isolation from 20 mg mousetails



Figures 7 and 8: DNA yield from 95 individual prelysed mousetail samples determined with Synergy HT Multi-detection microplate reader, Biotek.

20 mg mousetail												
	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8
	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8
	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8
Purity (260/280 nm)	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8
	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.7	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.7	1.8
	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8
	1.8	1.7	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.7	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8
	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	Blank
MEAN	1.8											
STDEV						0	.0					

Figure 9: Purity of 95 mousetail samples. A 260 / 280 ratio of 1.8 indicates DNA of optimal purity. The absorption was determined with Synergy HT Multi-detection microplate reader, Biotek.

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Other tissues



Figure 10: Purified gDNA from 4 different input amounts of mouse liver samples. 10 μL eluate respectively per lane of an agarose gel (1 %)

		Mous	e liver		Mouse lung					
	25 mg	20 mg	15 mg	10 mg	25 mg	20 mg	15 mg	10 mg		
	29.2	25.9	20.5	16.8	14.1	12.3	9.5	7.1		
	27.0	25.8	20.7	16.9	14.8	12.1	10.4	7.7		
	28.1	25.7	20.9	16.9	14.6	12.9	10.0	7.9		
DNA yield	29.6	25.3	20.7	16.9	14.3	12.6	10.1	7.6		
(µg)	29.4	24.3	20.0	16.5	15.1	12.0	10.0	7.8		
	29.2	22.4	21.7	16.6	15.7	12.0	11.0	8.1		
	28.9	24.9	19.3	17.8	14.8	11.3	10.9	7.0		
	29.1	24.2	19.4	16.2	14.0	11.6	9.9	7.2		
MEAN	28.8	24.8	20.4	16.8	14.7	12.1	10.2	7.6		
STDEV	0.9	1.2	0.8	0.5	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.4		

Figure 11: DNA yield from several amounts of mouse liver and mouse lung, respectively

		Mous	e liver		Mouse lung					
	25 mg	20 mg	15 mg	10 mg	25 mg	20 mg	15 mg	10 mg		
	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9	2.0	1.9	1.9		
	1.8	1.8	1.7	1.9	1.9	2.0	2.0	1.9		
Purity (260/280 nm)	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9	2.0	1.9	1.9		
	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9	2.0	2.0	1.9	2.0		
	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9	2.0	1.9	2.0	2.0		
	1.8	1.9	1.9	1.9	2.0	2.0	1.9	1.9		
	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9	2.0	2.0	1.9	1.9		
	1.8	1.9	1.9	1.9	2.0	2.0	1.9	1.9		
MEAN	1.8	1.9	1.8	1.9	2.0	2.0	1.9	1.9		
STDEV	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1		

Figure 12: The 260 / 280 ratio of at least 1.8 indicated highly pure DNA extracted from different starting amounts of mouse liver and mouse lung, respectively.



Figure 13: Results from pig kidney.



Cross contamination

The cross contamination determination was done with mousetail samples in a checker board patter. No amplification for empty wells proves the absence of cross contamination.

DNA yield [µg] of 20 mg mousetail												
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Α	20.2	0.0	20.8	0.0	20.2	0.0	20.3	0.0	21.7	0.0	22	0.0
в	0.0	20.7	0.0	20.3	0.0	21.1	0.0	20.8	0.0	21.9	0.0	21.5
С	19.1	0.0	19.6	0.0	20.7	0.0	21.5	0.0	21.7	0.0	21.1	0.0
D	0.0	20	0.0	20.6	0.0	20.8	0.0	21.7	0.0	22.2	0.0	21.9
Е	18.3	0.0	19.6	0.0	20.3	0.0	21.8	0.0	21.7	0.0	22.1	0.0
F	0.0	20.3	0.0	20.3	0.0	20.8	0.0	20.9	0.0	22.4	0.0	21.7
G	20.2	0.0	20.1	0.0	20.5	0.0	21	0.0	21.7	0.0	21.8	0.0
н	0.0	20.8	0.0	20.8	0.0	21.3	0.0	20.9	0.0	22.7	0.0	20.2

Figure 14: No PCR amplification was observed with eluates from negative controls.



Conclusion

The purified DNA is suitable for a full range of downstream methods. The results from the electrophoresis analysis, qPCR as well as photometric measurements show the performance of the described procedure. The run time

for the automated extraction of 96 samples is between 100 and 120 minutes depending on the sample material. The use of epT.I.P.S. in SafeRacks along with the re-use tips function, has a direct impact on cost.

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Description	Order no. internationa
epMotion [®] 5075t	5075 000.302
ep <i>Motion</i> ® 5075m	5075 000.305
ReservoirRack	5075 754.002
TM 1000-8 Dispensing tool	5280 000.258
TM 300-8 Dispensing tool	5280 000.231
epT.I.P.S. [®] Motion 1000 μL SafeRack with filter	0030 014.650
epT.I.P.S. [®] Motion 300 μL with filter	0030 014.456
Reservoir 30 mL	0030 126.505
Reservoir 100 mL	0030 126.513
Reservoir 400 mL	5075 751.364

NucleoMag [®] 96 Tissue	REF 744400
NucleoMag [®] SEP	REF 744900
Square well block	REF 740481

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