

FAIR LADY CAPE EASY 10MM (15US) NEEDLES

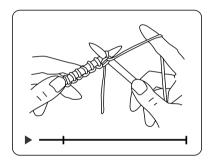


RECIPE FOR SUCCESS

1	GET YOUR TOOLS READY. Everything you need to get making.
2	FAMILIARISE YOURSELF WITH THE TECHNIQUES. Everything from the stitches used to the finishing touches for your project.
3	GET TO KNOW YOUR YARN. Before you start your piece, play around with your new yarn to get used to it, and to check your tension.
4	WOOL SCHOOL Pick up your needles & yarn and make the magic happen! For a little extra help, check out our Wool School at: www.woolandthegang.com/t/how-to

5

#WOOLANDTHEGANG When you're done - let the world know. The Fair Lady sweater is somewhere between a jumper and a cape. To be worn over a top or shirt, it has discreet slits on the arms and the sides to give it a beautifully chic shape. Wear it for instant Audrey Hepburn style.



HELP'S ONLY A STITCH AWAY

Watch the video tutorials online at www.woolandthegang.com

LET'S GET KNITTING

TOOL KIT

6 balls of Crazy Sexy Wool

- 1 pair of 10mm (15US) needles
- 1 Fair Lady Cape pattern
- 1 knitter's sewing needle

THE TECHNIQUES Cable Cast On

Create a slip knot on the left hand needle. Knit on one stitch, creating two stitches on the left hand needle. Now insert the right needle between the two stitches, wrap and bring through. Transfer the newly created stitch onto the left hand needle. Repeat until you have cast on the number of stitches indicated in the pattern. You can also cast on new stitches at the end of the row (for instance, to work a neck opening or sleeves) - this is done in exactly the same way.

Stocking stitch

A basic stitch pattern where all the stitches of the first row is knitted, and on the second row they are purled. These two rows are repeated to make the pattern. The 'right' side of the fabric looks like a series of 'Vs'. The 'wrong' side of the fabric looks like a series of 'waves'.

Garter stitch

A reversible stitch pattern where all stitches are knitted on every row. Both sides of the fabric look like a series of 'waves'.

Adding in a new ball of yarn

When your ball of yarn runs out, tie a loose knot on to the tail with the new ball of yarn and slide it up to the needle. Tighten the knot. Continue knitting with the new yarn.

Cast off

When you complete your project, you need to cast off your last row of stitches in order to make an edge that won't unravel. For your final row, knit the first two stitches. Using the tip of the left needle, lift the first stitch up and over the second stitch and the slip off the right needle. Now you will have only one stitch on your right needle. Knit another stitch from the left needle and do the same again. Do this with each stitch until there are no stitches on the left needle and just one stitch on the right needle. Cut the yarn, leaving a 15cm (6") end. With your fingers, gently pull the tail through the last stitch and pull the yarn tight to secure.

You can also cast off stitches in the middle of a row (for instance, to create a neck opening). This is done in the same way - when you get to the place in your row where you want to cast off, knit the next two stitches, then lift the first of the stitches over the last stitch worked, and off the needle. To continue casting off, knit the next stitch, then lift the previous stitch over it and off the needle. Repeat this last step until you have cast off the required number of stitches.

Work! Work! Work!

There are two main ways to 'work' stitches: they can be knitted or purled. When the pattern asks you to 'work' a number of stitches/rows/cm, it will always specify which stitch pattern to work in.

TENSION SQUARE

To ensure your knitting has the same measurements as the pattern, you need to knit a tension square before you start knitting your project. A tension square is a small sample of your knitting where you count the stitches and rows and check them against the measurement (cm/in) given. If your tension sample does not match the tension square measurements, then you should try to knit either tighter or looser depending on whether your sample was too big or too small.

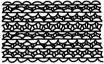
Stocking stitch

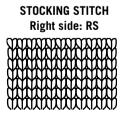
10cm/4" = 8.5 stitches 10cm/4" = 12 rows

Garter stitch

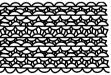
10 cm/4" = 8.5 stitches10 cm/4" = 16 rows







STOCKING STITCH Wrong side: WS



HOW TO KNIT YOUR FAIR LADY CAPE

The Fair Lady Cape is knitted all in one giant piece, starting at the front bottom edge and ending at the lower back edge - so there is almost no sewing up to be done! We love that!

Let's talk tension: for this design, it is more important to work to the measurements given rather than to work a certain number of rows. So, if your row tension doesn't match the one given in the pattern, work to the given length instead. (If you need to work more or fewer rows, make sure you add or remove an even number of rows, in order to keep the stitch pattern correct.)

- 1 Cast on 44 stitches using the cable cast on technique.
- **2** Work 31 rows (26 cm/10") in stocking stitch, starting with a knit row.

You will now start working in garter stitch.

- **3** Knit 44 stitches, then cast on 24 new stitches at the end of your row, using the cable cast on. You now have 68 stitches.
- 4 Knit to the end of the row, then cast on 24 new stitches as before you now have 92 stitches.
- **5** Work another 26 rows in garter stitch (or until your piece measures 44 cm/17.5" from the cast on edge).

You will now make the neck opening.

- 6 Knit 32 stitches, then cast off the next 28 stitches: knit the next two stitches, then lift the first of these two stitches over the last stitch worked, and off the needle. To continue casting off, knit the next stitch, then lift the previous stitch over it and off the needle. Repeat this last step until 31 stitches remain on your left needle. Knit to the end of the row.
- 7 Knit 32 stitches, cast on 28 stitches using the cable cast on technique, then knit to the end of the row. You will now have 92 stitches again.
- **8** Work another 26 rows in garter stitch (until your piece measures 62 cm/24.5").
- **9** Cast off the first 24 stitches of the row, then knit to the end of the row.
- **10** Repeat step 9 (44 stitches remaining).
- **11** Purl 1 row.
- **12** Work 30 rows in stocking stitch (or until you have worked the same number of rows as for the front stocking stitch section).

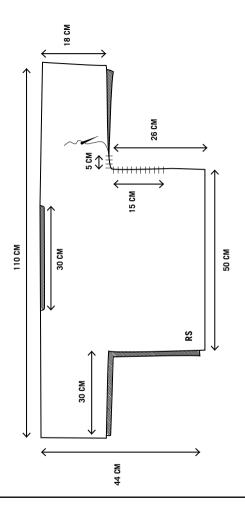
13 Cast off.

ASSEMBLING AND FINISHING

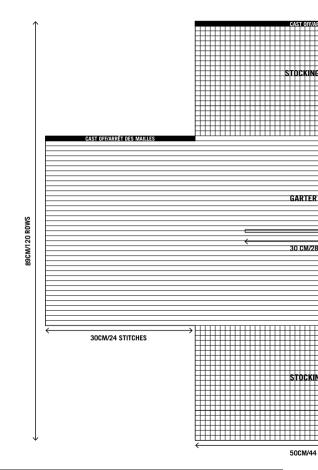
- 1 Fold your knitted piece in half, with the fold going along the top of the shoulders and neck opening and the right sides of the fabric facing out.
- 2 Thread the knitter's sewing needle with a long strand of yarn. Using the vertical invisible seam technique, start at the armhole and sew only half-way down the sides, leaving long slits below the seams.
- **3** Start at the armhole again, use the horizontal invisible seam technique to sew the sleeves together for 5 cm.
- 4 Sew up the other side in the same way.

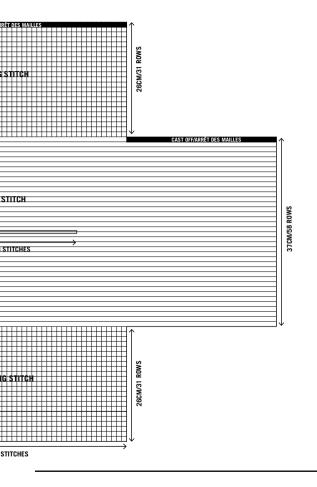
#MADEUNIQUE

Sew on your Wool and the Gang bead!



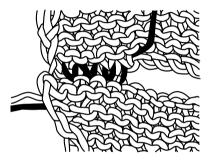
GRAPH





JOINING Horizontal invisible seam technique

Align the 2 edges together, line up stitch by stitch, insert the knitter's sewing needle under a V stitch and then under the corresponding V stitch on the other side. Continue in this way until the seam is complete.



VERTICAL INVISIBLE SEAM TECHNIQUE

Vertical invisible technique is used to join the edges of two pieces together when the V's on the right side are running the same direction on both pieces. Place the two knitted pieces of fabric side by side with the right sides up.



1

Insert your knitter's needle under the first horizontal bar between the first two stitches on the edge you want to join.

2

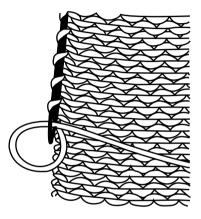
Pull the yarn through and insert the knitter's needle through the opposite horizontal bar on the other piece.

3

Sew back and forth through the horizontal bars along the edge. To tighten the stitches, pull the yarn gently... then they will disappear.

WEAVING IN ENDS

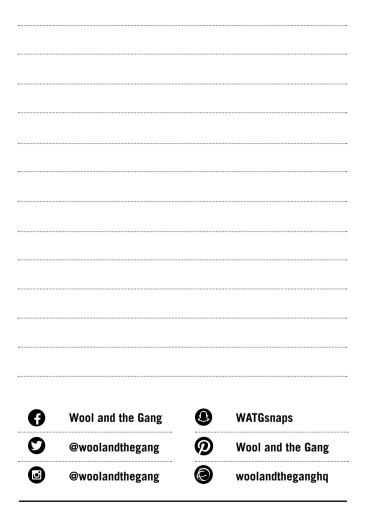
Weave the ends of your yarn into your knitting to finish it off and stop it from unravelling.



Thread the tail onto the small knitter's needle. Weave the yarn along the edge of your knitting as shown in the diagram. Where you have started a new ball, weave one tail in one direction and the other tail in the opposite direction. Once you have weaved in approximately 15cm/6" then cut the tail.

MAKING MEMOIRS

STARTED ON
FINISHED ON
WHERE I MADE IT
-
-
-
MADE FOR
□ Me □
COLOUR COMBO
THIS PROJECT WAS
() easy peasy () nice () challenging () hardcore
I FEEL 🙂 🙂 🙁 🙁
OTHER THOUGHTS



YOUR PROJECT DESERVES SOME SEXY YARN



CRAZY SEXY WOOL 100% Peruvian Wool



SUGAR BABY ALPACA 100% Baby Alpaca



WOOL ME TENDER 100% Peruvian Wool



IFRSEY BE GOOD 98% Cotton 2% Flastane



MIXTAPF YARN 80% Cotton 20% Polvester



BILLIF IFAN 100% Upcycled Denim



SHINY HAPPY COTTON 100% Peruvian Pima Cotton



WOOLY BULLY ALPACA 80% Superfine Alpaca 20% Merino Wool



SHEEPACA YARN 50% Baby Alpaca 50% Merino Wool





70% Baby Alpaca

TAKE CARE MOHAIR 78% Kid Mohair 13% Wool / 9% Polyamide 7% Merino / 23% Nylon

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