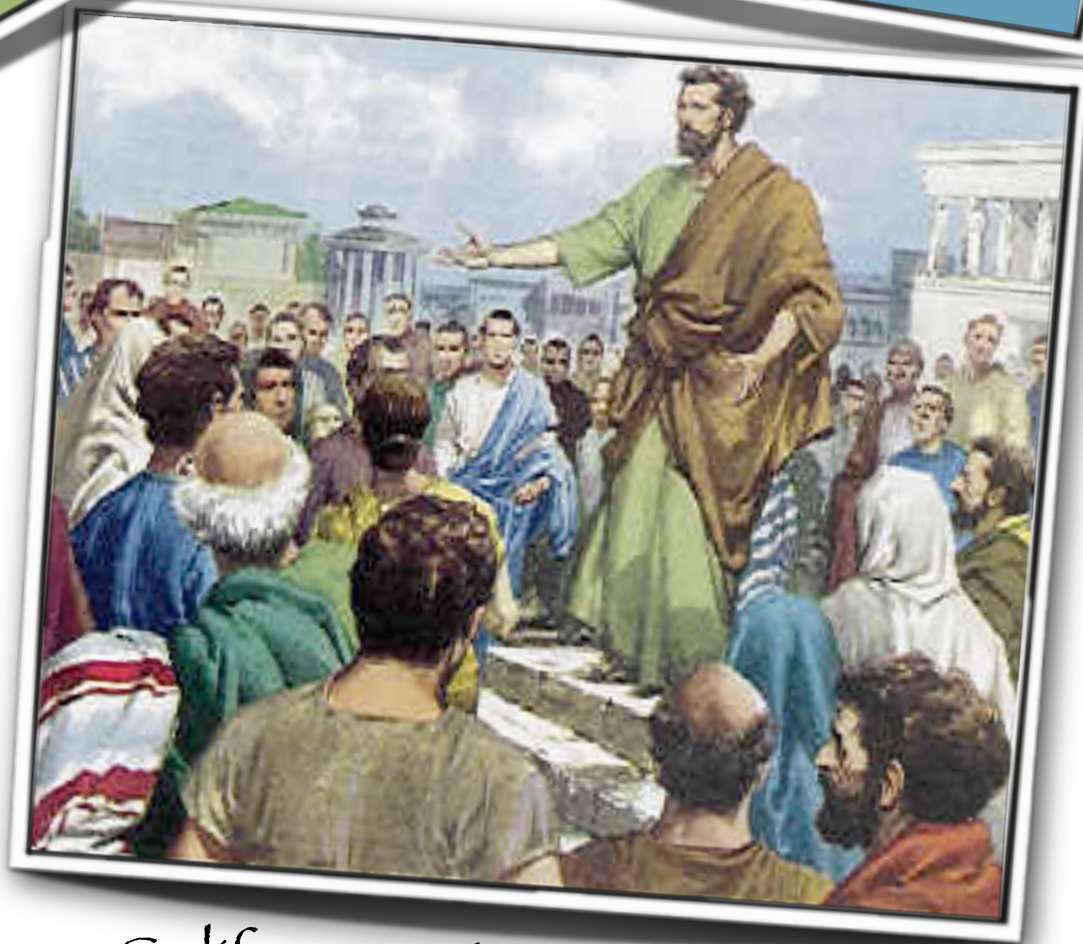


The Apostle Paul

Salvation unto the
ends of the earth

Junior Workbook

2010



California Christadelphian
Kid's Camp

Name: _____

Parent's

Signature: _____

~Parents, Please sign when workbook is completed.~

BIBLE STUDY

WELCOME TO YOUR STUDY OF PAUL!!!

What is the purpose of this book?

This workbook will help you to begin studying the book of Paul in order to prepare yourself for the week at Kid's Camp. This year we will see, through our studies of Paul, that God will provide "Salvation unto the ends of the earth" (Acts 13:47).

What if I don't understand something in the workbook?

Don't worry about it - there is ALWAYS more to learn! Nobody can understand everything their first time through. If you don't understand something, try rereading the passage or using another version of the Bible. Remember, this book was created using the King James version of the Bible, so that should be your primary source of information. If you are still stuck, ask your parents or aunts & uncles. You can also write down any questions you have and ask someone at camp!

What do I do when I finish my workbook?

When you have finished your book, go back through and make sure everything is clearly written and answered thoroughly. Don't forget to bring your work to camp and turn it into your counselor. There will be a prize awarded at camp for the best workbook!

Before You Begin...

Plan

- * You should be able to complete the workbook with time to spare by working on it for about 20 minutes per day.
- * Count the number of days from now until the week before camp _____
- * Now, divide that by the number of pages in your book _____
- * That is the minimum number of pages you need to do per day!
- * Example: If there are 60 days until the week before camp, and there are 60 pages: $60 \div 60 = 1$. The minimum you need to do in order to complete your workbook one week before camp is 1 page per day.

Set Goals

- * Use the goal chart on the next page to help you stay on track.
- * Fill in the chart using the guidelines above to help you set a weekly goal for how much you need and want to accomplish.
- * Review your goals with your parents at the beginning and end of each week.

Helpful Hints

- * Don't forget to pray to God before you begin. Make sure you ask for an open mind and heart so that you can understand what you are studying.
- * Use a **PENCIL** so that it is easier to correct mistakes.
- * Read, Re-read & ask questions so that you understand the passage you are studying.
- * Read everything in the workbook. Some questions may be easier to answer if you have read the passages given to you throughout the book.
- * Ask someone if you get stuck. You can always call or e-mail us (Uncle Jonathan & Aunt Tiffany Wisniewski) if you need to. You can reach us at tiffanywisniewski@gmail.com or (805) 991-4073. Make sure you let us know you are calling about the workbook and don't forget to leave a call back number when you leave a message!

What You Will Need...



- ☀ The King James Version of the Bible (You may find it helpful to have other versions available as well.)
- ☀ Strong's Concordance
- ☀ Bible Dictionary
- ☀ Dictionary
- ☀ [Dictionary of Biblical Similitudes](#)
- ☀ [The Miraculous Significance of Numbers & Colors as They Appear in the Holy Scriptures](#), by M.D. Stewart
- ☀ Maps of Paul's Journeys

How to Use Your Resources...

- ☀ **Strong's Concordance:** This one can be a bit tricky, so read carefully and ask for help!
 - * Step 1: Look up the word in the main concordance (the front section) just like you would do in a regular dictionary.
 - * Step 2: Use the location of the word in the Bible to link it up to the Strong's number in the main concordance.



- * Step 3: Use the number to look up the reference in the Greek dictionary which is found behind the main concordance.
- * HINT: You can also search for where words are found by looking up the word in the main concordance and looking at all the different occurrences!
- ☀ **Bible Dictionary:** This one is pretty easy! It's used just like a regular dictionary or encyclopedia. All you have to do is look up the subject ~ everything is listed in alphabetical order!

Method of Study

It's always best to have an organized method of doing any type of studying. We suggest starting with a prayer asking for God's guidance as you study His word. Once you do that, you can follow the steps outlined below.



Read the passage completely, without stopping.



Learn the passage by carefully reading it in small sections. The general questions in the workbook will be asked directly from these sections.



Look into It! Investigate what you have read by looking up the meanings of names and places as well as other instances in the Bible that may help you to understand what is happening in Paul's life. This is where your resource books will come in handy!



Mark It! These questions ask that you mark something in your Bible so that you can remember it later. You will be given the information to mark, as well as where to mark it - don't forget to underline the word in your Bible so you know what your note is referring to. It is also helpful to have lined paper to put behind your page to help you write in a straight line.



Think about It! These questions require some extra thought about the passage to help you find the lesson God is trying to teach us.



Map It! Mark Cities & Routes on the maps provided.



Bonus! The bonus questions are a little harder to answer because you need to dig deeper into other parts of Scripture or find out some history. Reference books are handy for these.


PAUL'S CONVERSION



Acts 9:1-31




Saul was a man that grew up at the feet of a person named Gamaliel. Here he learned the ways of Judaism and became a devout Pharisee. Although he was born in Rome, he wound up spending most of his days in Jerusalem so that he could learn the Jewish ways. We don't hear about Saul until the faithful follower of Christ, Stephen, is stoned. When this happened, all the people who witnessed Stephen's death laid down their coats at the feet of Saul. This meant that it was Saul taking responsibility, by agreeing with the death of Stephen. After this happened, Saul continued on with his persecution of the Christians. He went into the ecclesia that was in Jerusalem and persecuted them so much that many of the believers had to leave. Many decided to move to other places throughout Judaea and Samaria.

- 1)  Using the Bible Dictionary and the summary above, tell us who Saul was.




Acts 9:1-9 "The Road to Damascus"

- 2)  What do you think "breathing out threatenings and slaughter against the disciples of the Lord" means?

3) What did Saul want from the High Priest?

4) What city did Saul come near to?

5) Who is talking to Saul?

6)  What does it mean to “kick against the pricks?”


To kick against the pricks is something that an animal would do when a farmer used a goad (a sharp pointed stick) to force the animal in a certain direction. The goad was often used when the farmer was trying to plow the fields. When the animal wanted to go in the opposite direction that the farmer wanted it to go, then it would kick back against the goad. It was a sign of the stubbornness of the animal.

7) What happened to Saul physically as a result of his experience?

8) How did Saul get to Damascus?

9) Summarize what happened in verses 3 through 8.

10) How long was Saul without sight, food & drink?

11)  What are some other things that happened over 3 days and where are they found in the Bible?



Acts 9:10-25 "Saul Preaches in Damascus"

12) What happened to Saul while he was praying?

13) What had Ananias heard about Saul?

14) "But the Lord said unto him, Go thy way: for he is a _____ unto me, to bear my _____ before the _____, and kings and the children of _____: For I will show him how _____ things he must _____ for my _____ sake."

15)  What does the word great mean?

16) What did Ananias call Saul and what two things did he say Saul would receive?



17) What happened to Saul's eyes?


Saul spent his 3 days blind in prayer and fasting. Immediately after he was baptized. He took care of his spiritual needs before his physical needs. Some other people that did this were Jonah and Jesus.

18) What was Saul's first action after he received his sight?

19) What two things did Saul do after he was baptized?

20) What did Saul preach in the synagogues?


21) Why were the people that heard Saul amazed?

22)  If you heard Saul preach after he persecuted the early Christians, would you believe him immediately? Why or why not?

23) What did the Jews want to do to Saul?

24) Did Saul know about the Jews' plan?



25)  Who else was lowered down a wall in order to escape?



Acts 9:26-31 “Paul’s First Journey to Jerusalem”


26) What did Saul want to do in Jerusalem?

27) Did the apostles accept Saul after Barnabas explained what had happened to Saul?

28) “And he spake _____ in the name of the _____, and _____ against the _____; but _____ went about to _____ him.”

29) What did the brethren do when they found out more people wanted to kill Saul?

30) What five things happened to the churches in verse 31 because Saul was no longer persecuting them?

31)  What does the number 5 represent in Scripture?



PAUL'S FIRST MISSIONARY JOURNEY

 Acts 13:1-14:28

In the 12th chapter of Romans, we read that Saul and Barnabas returned from Jerusalem. We see that it is most likely that they returned to Antioch. Before they left Jerusalem, though, they joined up with John Mark, who was another disciple of Christ.



Acts 13:1-3 "Paul is Separated by the Holy Spirit"

32)



What type of place was Antioch? What was it known for?

33) Who spoke to the disciples in Antioch and what were they told to do?



Acts 13:4-13 "Paul's Journey to Antioch Pisidia"

34)




What is another name for Salamis?


35) "And when they were at _____, they _____ the word of _____ in the _____ of the _____: and they had also _____ to their minister."

It is important to remember that there are two places that are referred to as Antioch: Antioch in Syria and Antioch in Pisidia. The Syrian Antioch is about 16 miles from the Mediterranean, about 300 miles north of Jerusalem. This was a central point for the missionary journeys to begin and end. Antioch Pisidia was a city in the extreme north of Pisidia, east of Ephesus.

36) After leaving Salamis (Cyprus), where did Saul and Barnabas journey?

37) Why did Sergius Paulus call for Barnabas & Saul?

38)  How did Sergius Paulus know that he would hear the word of God from Barnabas & Saul? What lessons can we take from this situation?

39)  What does the name Saul mean?

40) What is Paul filled with?

BEING FULL OF SUBTILTY AND MISCHIEF IS NOT A GOOD THING. IN FACT, THE FIRST TIME THAT WE READ OF ANYONE BEING SUBTLE IS IN GENESIS 3:1 WHERE WE ARE TOLD ABOUT THE SERPENT. THIS THEME IS LATER PICKED UP WHEN CHRIST WAS SPEAKING TO THE PHARISEES AND TO OTHERS THAT WERE TRYING TO TRICK HIM. CHRIST CALLED THOSE PEOPLE A GENERATION OF SERPENTS. ELYMAS WOULD ALSO HAVE BEEN CONSIDERED TO BE A SERPENT BY CHRIST. IN FACT, ANYONE THAT TRIES TO TRICK US INTO SAYING OR DOING SOMETHING THAT IS AGAINST WHAT GOD WANTS IS OF THE SEED OF THE SERPENT. YOU SEE, THE SEED OF THE SERPENT IS ALWAYS GOING TO BE FIGHTING AGAINST THE SEED OF THE WOMAN, WHO ARE THE FOLLOWERS OF CHRIST. WE COULD BASICALLY CALL THE SEED OF THE SERPENT, ANY PERSON WHO LIVES THEIR LIVES TRYING TO MAKE THEMSELVES HAPPY INSTEAD OF TRYING TO MAKE GOD HAPPY.

41) What did Paul say Elymas was full of?

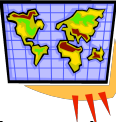
42) Describe what happened to Elymas in verse 11.



Note that Saul was not being mean, but wanted to convert the deputy. Saul had been converted by physical blindness. He may have been hoping that Elymas would also be converted. At a minimum, Paul was hoping to strengthen the faith of the deputy, Sergius Paulus.

43) Where did Paul travel to when he left Paphos?


44) After leaving Pamphylia, John went back to Jerusalem, but where did Paul and Barnabas go?

45)  Saul & Barnabas begin their first missionary journey from Antioch. They went through Seleucia to Salamis before going on to Paphos. From there, they went to Perga, Pamphylia and Antioch, Pisidia. Show these places on the “Paul’s First Missionary Journey” map (pg. 51) and connect them with a red line.



Acts 13:14-50 “Paul’s Visit to Antioch Pisidia”

46) What did Paul do in Antioch?

47)  After reading from the Law and the Prophets, the rulers asked if anyone would like to give an exhortation. What does the word exhortation mean?



Summary of Paul's exhortation in Acts


13:16-41 (Questions 50-53)

Paul exhorted the people in order to help them understand what was going to happen to them if they did not change from their wicked ways. Throughout Israel's history, the Jews went back and forth from being help captive by foreign nations, to being delivered by God. Paul shows the people in the temple the examples of Israel's deliverance from Egypt. After this, they wandered in the wilderness because of their sins before God brought them into the promised land. Then God delivered them into the hands of different nations. This went back and forth throughout all the Judges (450 years) until Israel turned on God and wanted a human king. Saul became king but was wicked so God delivered them from him by giving them David as a new king.



Fortunately, David was a man after God's own heart. It was through his lineage that Christ would be born. The people did not listen to John (who preached the coming of Christ) nor did they listen to Christ. They also did not believe that Christ was the Messiah and that through him our sins could be forgiven. The law could not make anyone just or righteous, but Christ can. Paul wanted the people to believe that.

If they didn't believe though, they would be delivered, just like their ancestors, into the hands of a different nation. God would make Rome the nation that would overrun Jerusalem for their unbelief and for their wickedness. And so Paul exhorted the people to believe and change from their wicked ways, or destruction would come upon them.

- 48)  Paul's exhortation to Antioch Pisidia is found in Acts 13:16-41. Mark this in your Bible by drawing a line down the outside margin of this passage.

Reference:	Verse:	Marginal Note:
Acts 13:16-41	"Then Paul stood up, and beckoning with his hand said..."	vv 16-41: Paul's Exhortation to the people of Antioch Pisidia.

49) Who did Paul give his exhortation to?

50) Who desired a king and who were they given to be a king?

51) Who became king after Saul?

52) What happens to those that believe that Jesus died and was resurrected?

53) What happens to those that do not believe?

54) What happened on the next Sabbath day?

55) What did the Jews do when they saw the multitudes?

56) What was the Gentiles' reaction to Paul's words?

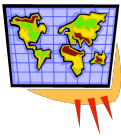




57) Where was the word of the Lord published?

58) What did Paul & Barnabas do when they were expelled out of coasts?

59) Upon leaving Antioch, Paul travelled to Iconium. Connect these cities on the “Paul’s First Missionary Journey” map using a red line.



Acts 14:1-5 “Paul Visits Iconium”

60) What happened when Paul & Barnabas spoke in the synagogue in Iconium?

61) What does it mean to “stir up” the people and make their minds evil affected?





62) Are there people or things in our lives that stir us up or make our minds evil affected? If so, what are they and how can we get rid of them?



63) What were Paul & Barnabas doing and why?

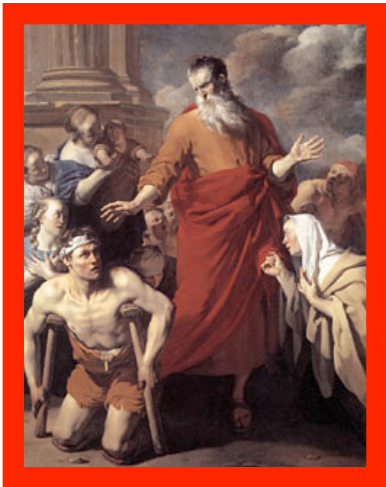
64) What did the Gentiles & Jews attempt to do in verse 5?



Acts 14:6-20 “Paul Visits Lystra”

65) What did they do when they were made aware of the attack?

66) What did they do in Lystra & Derbe?

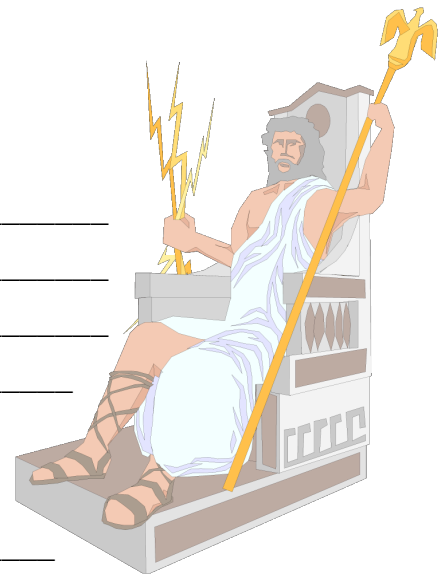


67) What was wrong with the man in Lystra?


68) What happened when the man heard Paul speak?

69) What did the people of Lycaonia call Barnabas & Paul after the man was healed?

70) What did the priest of Jupiter do?



71) How did Paul & Barnabas respond to this?

72)  The word “vanities” means “empty.” Mark this in the margin of your Bible.

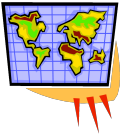
Reference:	Verse:	Marginal Note:
Acts 14:15	“...turn from these <u>vanities</u> unto the living God...”	v 15: vanities = empty

73) What reasons did Paul give for turning away from vanities to God?



74) What did the Jews from Antioch & Iconium do to Paul?

75) Was Paul really dead?

76)  After fleeing from Iconium, Paul travelled to Lystra & Derbe. Mark these cities on the “Paul’s First Missionary Journey” map, connecting them with a red line.



Acts 14:21-23 “Paul Confirms the Souls of Those in Lystra, Iconium & Antioch, Pisidia”

77) What did Paul do in Derbe?

78) Where did Paul go after Derbe?

79) What two things did Paul exhort on while confirming the souls of the disciples?

80) What other things did Paul do while in these cities?

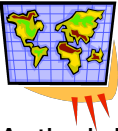


Acts 14:26-28 “Paul Journeys back to Antioch, Syria”

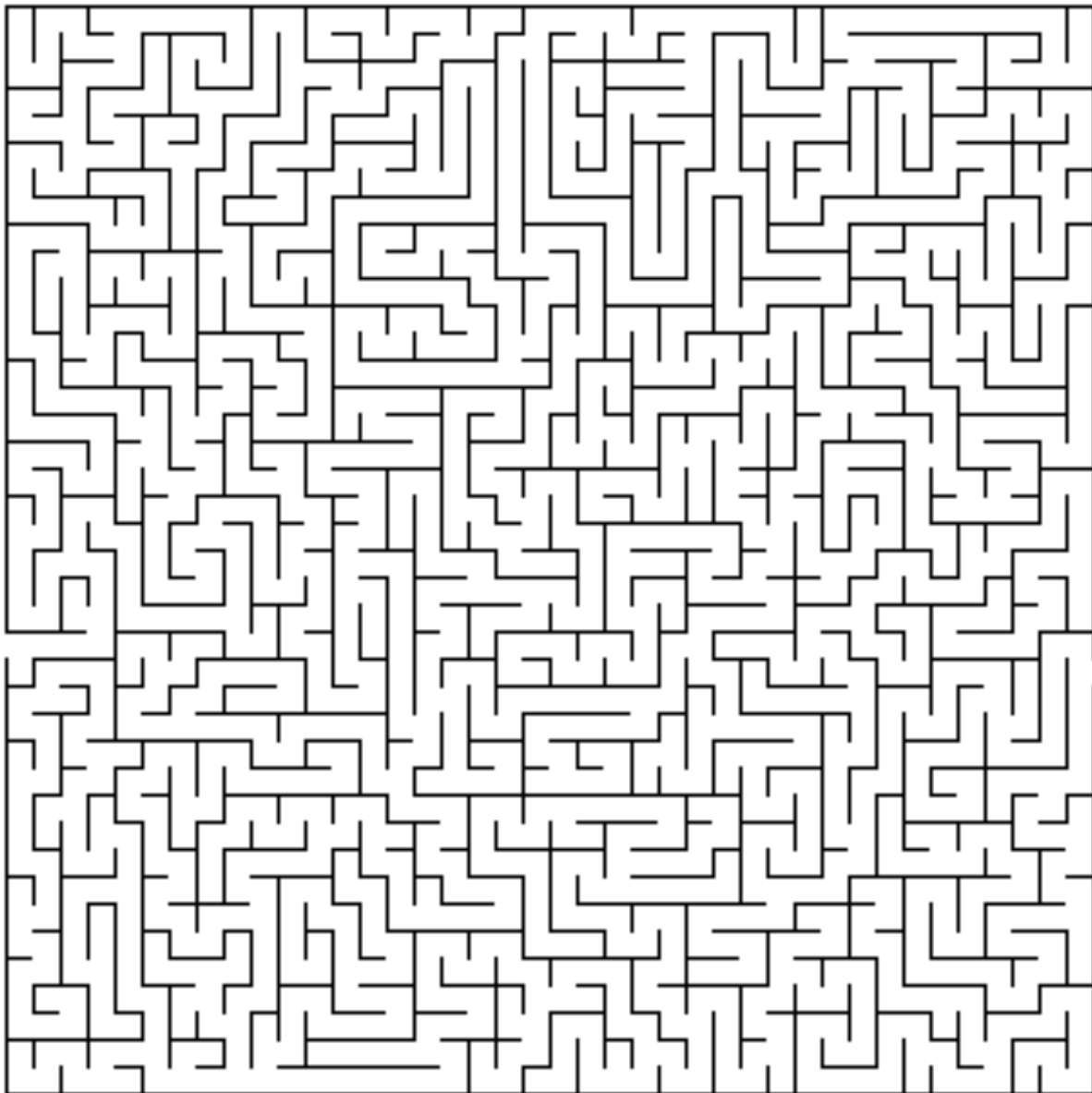
81) Why did Paul return to Antioch?

82) What did Paul do in Antioch?

83) "And there they _____ time with the _____."

84)  Paul begins his return journey from Derbe, travelling through Lystra, Iconium, Antioch Pisidia, Perga and Attalia before reaching Antioch in Syria. Using a red line, mark Paul's return trip on your "Paul's First Missionary Journey" map.

HELP PAUL FIND HIS WAY FROM ANTIOCH SYRIA TO ANTIOCH PISIDIA!!!



OVERCOMING FALSE TEACHING WITHIN THE ECCLESIA




Acts 15:1-39



Acts 15:1-2 “Dealing with False Teaching”

85) What were the men from Judaea teaching the brethren?

86)  Where was circumcision instituted and what does it represent?

THROUGHOUT THE LIFE OF PAUL, HE HAD MANY THINGS THAT HE HAD TO DEAL WITH. STARTING IN THIS 15TH CHAPTER OF ACTS, WE SEE THAT THE JUDAIZERS WERE CONTINUOUSLY FOCUSED ON THE LAW OF CIRCUMCISION. THIS IS ONE ASPECT OF THE LAW THAT PHYSICALLY CREATED A DIFFERENCE BETWEEN JEWS AND GENTILES. THE TRUE PROBLEM WASN'T JUST CIRCUMCISION THOUGH; THE PROBLEM WAS THAT THERE WERE CHRISTIAN JEWS THAT FELT IT WAS MORE IMPORTANT THAN ANYTHING ELSE TO FOLLOW THE LAW OF MOSES. THEY FAILED TO SEE THAT THE LAW OF GRACE, WHICH CAME ABOUT THROUGH CHRIST, WAS GREATER THAN THE LAW OF MOSES. YOU SEE, THE LAW OF MOSES CANNOT SAVE ANYBODY, BUT THE LAW OF GRACE CAN SAVE BOTH JEW AND GENTILE ALIKE. PAUL AND BARNABAS HELD THEIR GROUND, NOT BECAUSE IT WAS JUST A POINT OF DISPUTE, BUT BECAUSE THE JUDAIZERS WERE ACTUALLY SPEAKING LIES. THIS WAS UNACCEPTABLE. THE LESSON IN THIS FOR US IS THAT WE NEED TO FOLLOW CHRIST'S COMMANDMENTS. IF SOMEBODY THAT WE KNOW IS DOING SOMETHING WRONG, WE NEED TO BE STRONG AND NOT GIVE UP IN OUR DESIRE TO FOLLOW THE TRUTH.

87) What was decided as a result of the dispute between the other men and Paul?



Acts 15:3 “Paul Preaches on the way to Jerusalem”

88) Where did they travel through on the way to Jerusalem and what happened in these cities?



Acts 15:4-21 “The Jerusalem Conference”

89) What did Paul & Barnabas do when they arrived?


90) What were these Pharisees arguing for?

91) What did the apostles and elders do?


92) Who arose and spoke to the apostles & elders?



93) What did Peter say God’s choice was?

94)  What are some references in the Old Testament that speak of God knowing the heart or looking on the heart?

95) Was there any difference between the Gentiles that believed & the Jews that followed Christ? Why or why not?

96)  What do you think it means to have the heart purified by faith?


Remember what we learned in the previous summary: the Law of Moses could not save anybody. That is why it is called a yoke which nobody is able to bear.


97) How are we saved?

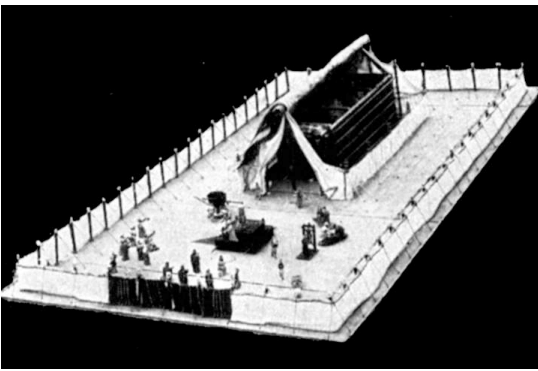
98) What did the multitude do?

99) What did Paul and Barnabas speak of?

100) Who addressed the people next?


101)  What does it mean that God wanted “to take out of them a people for his name?”

102)  What does the rebuilding of the tabernacle of David have to do with the Gentiles?
(Hint: Who is returning?)



103) Why would the tabernacle of David be rebuilt?

104) What does God know?

105)  What does the word trouble mean?

106) What four things did James think it was important for the Gentiles to abide by?




Acts 15:22-30 “Letters from the Conference in Jerusalem”


107) Who would accompany Paul & Barnabas to Antioch?

108) What were the certain men doing to the Gentiles? How were they doing this?

109) Did the apostles and elders approve of what was being said?

110)  The word “hazarded” means “surrendered, yielded.” Mark this in the margin of your Bible.

Reference:	Verse:	Marginal Note:
Acts 15:26	“Men that have <u>hazarded</u> their lives for the name of our Lord Jesus Christ.”	v. 26: hazarded = surrendered, yielded

111)  What are some ways that we can “hazard” our lives for the name of our Lord?

112) What were the believers supposed to abstain from?




Acts 15:31-39 “Back in Antioch, Syria”

113) Why did Paul stay in Antioch?

114) What did Paul want to do?

115) Why didn't Paul want to take John?

116)  What does the word contention mean?

117) What happened because of the contention?

DOUBLE PUZZLE!

Unscramble each of the clue words.

Copy the letters in the numbered cells to other cells with the same number.

LUAP

13			

MAJREUSEL CNFECNOREE

37				17			

27	12	34	30	38	40	24	7				

CAHTINO

2	10	23	36	4			

COCRICUISNMI

39	31			33	16	41	25	28	8					

WAL

22	26	6

TABRNEALEC

9	18	35	15	19	20	5				

SIODL

21	3		14	

RAKM

1	32		

SANRAABB

11		29					

1	2	3

4	5

6	7	8	9

								G	
10	4	11	12	13				4	

	y			
14	15	16	17	

18	19	3

20	21	22	23	24	25	26	

										G
27	28	29	30	31	32	33	23	34		

10	4	35

36	4	37	38	39	4	40	41			


PAUL'S SECOND MISSIONARY JOURNEY



Acts 15:40-18:22



Acts 15:40-41 "Paul Chooses Silas"

118)  Why do you think Paul was recommended by the brethren unto the grace of God?


119) Where did Paul go?



Acts 16:1-8 "Paul and Timothy Deliver the Decree from Jerusalem"

120) Where did Paul journey to next?

121) Who was there and what was his ancestry?

122)  In Jerusalem Paul argued that it was not required for the Gentiles to be circumcised. Why do you think it was important that Timothy be circumcised?



123) What did the decrees that Paul and Timothy delivered, say?

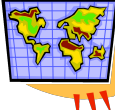


124) Where did Paul & Timothy travel to deliver the decrees?

125) What happened when they wanted to preach the word in Asia?

126) Where did Paul want to go from Mysia? Was he able to preach there? Why or why not?

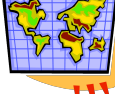
127) Where did they go from Mysia?

128)  Paul's second missionary journey begins from Antioch, Syria after he left the Jerusalem Conference. He first travels through Tarsus, Cilicia to Lystra & Derbe. From there he travels through Phrygia, Galatia & Mysia to Troas. Mark these places on the map labeled "Paul's Second Missionary Journey" and connect them with a purple line.



Acts 16:9-12 "Paul Must Go to Macedonia"

129) While in Troas, Paul had a vision. What happened as a result of the vision? Why?

130)  From Troas, Paul travels through Samothracia & Neapolis on the way to Philippi. Mark these on the map titled "Paul's Second Missionary Journey" and connect them with a purple line.





Acts 16:13-15 “Lydia and Her Household are Baptized”

131) Where did they go on the Sabbath day? Why?

132) Who heard Paul speak that day? How is she described?



133)  Lydia is described as having an open heart.

What do you think this means? What can we do to ensure that we have an open heart?

134) What did Lydia and her household do after they heard Paul speak?



Acts 16:16-19 “Paul Heals the Girl with the Spirit of Divination”

135) What did the damsel who was possessed with a spirit of divination say about Paul?

136)  What does it mean to be grieved?

137)What did the girl’s masters do when they realized they weren’t going to be able to make money because of her?



Acts 16:20-27 “Paul and Silas get put into Prison”


138)What two things did the men say Paul was doing?



139)  Who else in scripture received stripes? Where is this found?

140)What two things did the jailor do once Paul was put in prison?

141)What happened at midnight?

142)  What lesson can we learn from Paul and Silas in this situation?

143)What happened during the earthquake?

144)What did the jailor see when he woke up because of the earthquake?



145)What did he want to do because of this? What did he think had happened?



Acts 16:28-34 “The Keeper of the Prison and his House are Baptized”

146)What did Paul say when he saw what was happening?




147)What did Paul say to the jailor after being asked about what was needed to be saved?

148)What did Paul & Silas speak to the jailor and his house?

149)What two things did the jailor do for Paul & Silas?

150)What happened after the jailor was baptized?

151)  What does darkness represent in Scripture? What does light represent in Scripture? How do these representations apply to the situation with the jailor?



Acts 16:35-40 “The Magistrates Release Paul”

152) What did the magistrates do the next day?

153) “And the _____ of the _____ told this saying to _____, The _____ have sent to let you _____: now therefore _____, and _____ in _____.”

154) How does Paul respond to what the jailer has said?


155) What happened when the magistrates received Paul’s message? Why?

156) Where did Paul & Silas go when they left prison? What did they do here?



Acts 17:1-4 “Paul Preaches in Thessalonica”

157) How long did Paul preach in the synagogue?

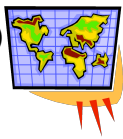
158)  What are some other occurrences of three days in the Bible? Where are they found?



159)What, specifically, was Paul preaching?


160)  Why was it important that Paul was saying that Jesus is the Christ?

161)Was Paul’s preaching effective? How do we know?

162)  Paul left Phillipi and travelled to Thessalonica. Mark these places on the “Paul’s Second Missionary Journey” map and connect them with a purple line.



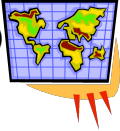
Acts 17:5-10 “Paul and Silas are Forced to Leave Thessalonica”

163)  Why do you think the Jews that didn’t believe were envious of Paul?

164)What did the Jews do?

165)What did Jason do after he was let go from dealing with the rulers?

166)Where did Paul & Silas go?


167)  After leaving Thessalonica, Paul travelled to Berea. Mark these on the map of “Paul’s Second Missionary Journey” and connect them with a purple line.



Acts 17:11-14 “Paul’s Words are Accepted in Berea”

168) How did the people of Berea receive the word?



169)  What important lessons can we take from the Bereans?


170) What did the brethren do? Who left and who stayed?




Acts 17:15-32 “Paul’s Exhortation on Mars Hill”

171) Where did Paul travel to next?

172) What stirred Paul’s spirit in Athens?

173)  What is Areopagus?

174) What did the philosophers ask of Paul?

175)  What does it mean to worship ignorantly? How can we avoid doing this?

176) In verses 24-26, Paul describes God. Summarize what he says.




Mars Hill

177) What does Paul say people should do?

178) “For in _____ we _____, and _____, and have our _____; as certain also of your own _____ have said, For we are also his _____”

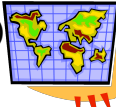
179) What are all men commanded to do?

180)  The word “repent” means “to think differently, reconsider, regret, to be sorry for.” Mark this in the margin of your Bible.

Reference:	Verse:	Marginal Note:
Acts 17:30	“...commandeth all men every where to <u>repent</u> ...”	v. 30: repent = to think differently, reconsider, regret, to be sorry for

181)What has God appointed?

182)How are men assured of this?

183)  From Berea, Paul travelled to Athens. Connect these cities on the “Paul’s Second Missionary Journey” map using a purple line.



Acts 18:1-6 “Paul’s Decision to Preach to the Gentiles”

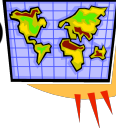
184)Who did he meet in Corinth? Where had they come from & why?



185)What did they have in common with Paul?

186)Who was Paul able to persuade when he spoke in the synagogue?

187)What did Paul say he was going to do next because the Jews had opposed and blasphemed?

188)  Upon leaving Athens, Paul travelled to Corinth. Mark these cities on the “Paul’s Second Missionary Journey” map and connect them with a purple line.



Acts 18:7-8 “Paul Preaches to the Corinthians”

189) Whose house did Paul go to? How are he and his house described?

190) What happened as a result of Paul’s teaching and the chief rulers’ beliefs?



Acts 18:9-11 “Paul Receives a Vision to Continue Preaching”

191) What did God tell Paul in the vision?

192) How long did Paul stay and what did he do?



Acts 18:12-18 “Paul Goes Before the Deputy”

193) What happened when Gallio was the deputy of Achaia?

194) What was Paul accused of?



195) Would Gallio judge between Paul & the Jews? Why or why not?

196) Who was Sosthenes and what happened to him?

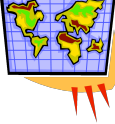
197) Who went with Paul when he left Corinth?



Acts 18:19-22 “Paul Stops at Ephesus Before Heading Back to Antioch, Syria”

198) What did the Jews want from Paul?

199) Why did Paul need to leave?

200)  When Paul left Corinth, he stopped in Ephesus before completing this journey in Antioch. Mark this route on the “Paul’s Second Missionary Journey Map” using a purple line.

Paul Makes a Decision!

Decode the message to find out what decision Paul made.

A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T	U	V	W	X	Y	Z
					22	21		2					11	17					16						

F **O** **N** **F O** **T** **I** **I** **G O**
 22 6 17 25 5 24 11 19 24 22 17 6 16 5 2 8 2 26 26 21 17
 N T O **T** **G** **N T I** .
 10 11 16 17 16 5 24 21 24 11 16 2 26 24 23

PAUL'S THIRD MISSIONARY JOURNEY



Acts 18:23-21:17

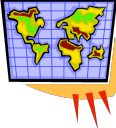


Acts 18:23-28 "Apollos Preaches in Ephesus"

201) Where did Paul travel after he was in Antioch? What did he do there?

202) Who heard Apollos and what did they do?

203) What did he use the scriptures to show?

204)  Paul begins his third journey from Antioch by travelling to Galatia and Phrygia. Mark these places on your map entitled "Paul's Third Missionary Journey" and connect them with a green line.



Acts 19:1-7 "The Brethren in Ephesus are Re-Baptized"

205) Why were these disciples baptized?

206) What two things did John preach?

207) What happened when Paul laid his hands upon them?



208) How many were baptized?

209) What does the number 12 represent in Scripture?



210) What are some other groups of 12 that you can think of?



211) Paul's next stop was Ephesus. Mark it on the "Paul's Third Missionary Journey" map and connect it to Phrygia with a green line.



Acts 19:8-12 "Preaching and Performing Miracles in Ephesus"

212) How long did Paul stay in Ephesus to preach?


213) The word "divers" means "some or any person or object." Mark this in the margin of your Bible.



Reference:	Verse:	Marginal Note:
Acts 19:9	"But when <u>divers</u> were hardened, and believed not..."	v. 9: Divers = some or any person or object

214) Why did Paul depart from these people?

215) What was Paul able to do with God's help?


216)  Who else did these types of miracles?



Acts 19:13-16 “The Vagabond Jews”

217) What did the vagabond Jews do?



218)  What does the number 7 represent in Scripture?

219) What did Sceva's sons do?

220) “And the _____ answered and said, _____ I know,
and _____ I know; but _____ are _____?”



Acts 19:17-22 “The Word of God Grew and Prevailed in Ephesus”

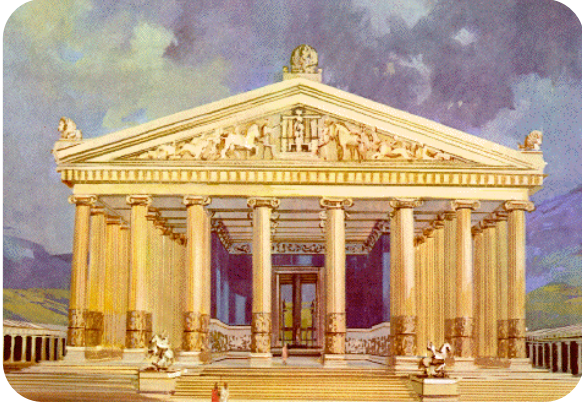
221) What three things happened as a result of these events?

222) “So _____ grew the _____ of _____ and _____.”

223) What three places did Paul want to travel to before going to Rome?



Acts 19:23-28 “A Few Greedy Men Try to Turn the Ephesians Away from God”



224)What did Demetrius make?

225)Why was Demetrius angry with Paul?

226)What two things were in danger because of Paul?

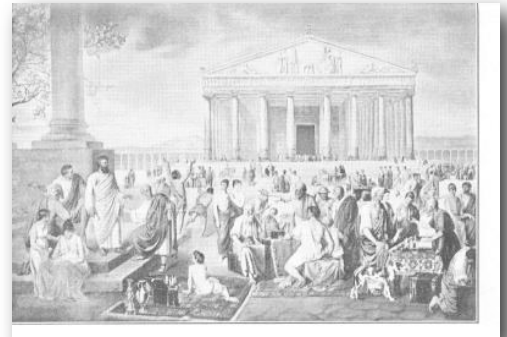
The Temple of Artemis (also known as the Temple of Diana) was one of the “Seven Wonders of the Ancient World.”



Acts 19:29-41 “The Uproar at Ephesus”

227)What happened when Paul wanted to go to the people?

228)What did the people say when they found out Alexander was a Jew?



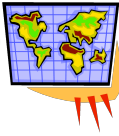
229)What two things did the town clerk suggest the people of Ephesus do?

230)What was the town clerk’s advice on how to handle the situation? Why did he say they should do it that way?



Acts 20:1-2 “Paul Visits Macedonia”

231) What did Paul do in Macedonia?



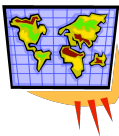
232) From Ephesus, Paul travels to Macedonia (probably Philippi). Mark these places and this route on your “Paul’s Third Missionary Journey” map using green.



Acts 20:3-5 “Paul Travels into Greece”

233) What happened after three months in Greece?

234) Who was waiting for Paul and where were they waiting?



235) Upon leaving Philippi, Paul travels down to Greece and resides in Corinth. He then returns to Philippi and sails to Troas. Mark this route on your “Paul’s Third Missionary Journey” map with a green line.

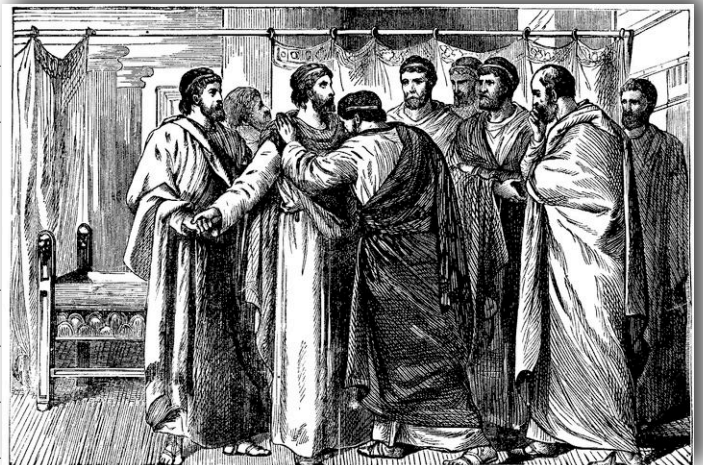


Acts 20:6-12 “Exhorting the Brethren in Troas”

236) When did Paul leave Philippi and travel to Troas?

237) How late did Paul speak?

238) Who sat in the window and what happened to him?



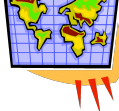


239)What did Paul say and do about Eutychus?

240)What four things happened before Paul departed?



Acts 20:13-15 “Paul Travels from Troas to Mitylene”

241)  Paul continues on from Troas to Assos, Mitylene, Chios, Samos (staying in Trogyllium) and Miletus. Mark these cities & islands on your map and connect them, using a green line.



Acts 20:16-38 “Paul Exhorts the Ephesians During his Final Visit”

242)Where did Paul want to go and what did he want to be there for?

243)How did Paul serve the Lord?


244)What two things did Paul testify to the Jews and Greeks?

245)“And now, behold, I go _____ in the _____ unto _____, not knowing the things that shall _____ me there: _____ that the _____ witnesseth in every _____, saying that _____ and _____ abide me.”

246)What was the ministry that Paul received of the Lord Jesus?

247)Why does Paul advise the elders to feed the church of God? (Hint: two reasons)

248)How long did Paul minister to them?

249)  Who else ministered three years?

250)Who and what did Paul commend them to?

Why?



251)What words of Jesus were they to remember?

252)What did Paul do when he was done speaking?

253)What did the elders do? Why?



Acts 21:1-5 “Paul Travels from Miletus to Tyre”

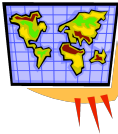
254) Where was the ship sailing?



255) How long were they in Tyre?

256) What did they do when they left the city?

257)



Paul continues his journey towards Jerusalem by traveling from Miletus to Coos, Rhodes, Patara and Tyre. Mark this portion of Paul’s journey on the “Paul’s Third Missionary Journey” map, connecting these places with a green line.

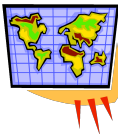


Acts 21:6-8 “Paul Travels to Visit Phillip”

258) Where did they stay for one day?

259) Where did they go after leaving Ptolemais? Who did they stay with?

260)



Paul continues on from Tyre, traveling to Ptolemais and then to Caesarea. Mark these places on the “Paul’s Third Missionary Journey” map and connect them with a green line.



Acts 21:9-14 “Paul is Warned of Going to Jerusalem”

261) What did Agabus do and what did he say would happen?



262) What did the disciples ask of Paul?

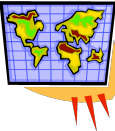
263) What did Paul say to this request?

264) "And when he would _____ be _____, we _____, saying, The _____ of the _____ be _____."



Acts 21:15-17 "Paul Ends his Third Missionary Journey in Jerusalem"

265) How were they received when they arrived in Jerusalem?

266)  From Caesarea Paul travels to Jerusalem, ending his third missionary journey. Mark this on your "Paul's Third Missionary Journey" map and connect these places using a green line.

WHAT DID PAUL SAY WHEN ASKED NOT TO GO TO JERUSALEM?

UNSCRAMBLE THE TILES TO FIND OUT!

E	P	E	B	W	E	R	I	F	T	A	M	,	B	O	B				
I	E	W	H	A	D	J	A	N	D	M	I	A	L	S	O	T	A	T	
L	E	M	N	O	R	E	E	A	K	T	M	H	E	A	E	O	U	T	
B	R	F	O	T	O	N	E	T	T	N	A	M	N	L	Y	A	D	Y	
D	O	F	O	E	S	U	Y	E	H	E	J	E	R	S	.	L	O	R	
O	D	E	A	N	T	O	R	T	O	U	N	R	T	?	H	E	U	S	A

PAUL'S JOURNEY TO ROME



Acts 21:18-28:31



Acts 21:18-23:33 & Summary "Tried in Jerusalem"

267) Why did the Jews want to kill Paul?

268) What does Paul do before being taken into the castle?

269) Who tries Paul in Jerusalem?

270) Why does Paul get transferred to Caesarea?



SUMMARY

At the end of Paul's third Missionary Journey, we see him arriving in Jerusalem. Unfortunately, as Paul had previously been warned by the Holy Spirit of going to Jerusalem (Acts 20:22-23), he did come across much trouble in that city. Therefore, while Paul was preaching in the Temple, the Jews came in and grabbed him to take him and kill him.

Amazingly, we can remember back that Paul had already been stoned once (Acts 14:19). This time, the Chief Captain and the soldiers saved Paul out of the people's hands (Acts 21:32). Prior to being taken away from the people and into the castle, Paul exhorts the Jews one last time concerning the faith of the Christians. Before the city wound up going into another uproar over Paul's saying that he was sent to preach to the Gentiles, the Chief Captain, whose name was Claudius Lysias (Acts 23:26) brought him into the castle.

The next day, Paul was brought before the chief priests and all their council (Acts 22:30). It was in this council that Paul was able to preach to both the Sadducees and the Pharisees regarding the one hope and the resurrection of the dead. This caused such an uproar that Paul had to be taken away by the Chief Captain and brought back to the castle. While in the castle, word was brought to the Chief Captain that there were a group of men who were conspiring to kill Paul (Acts 23:14). Therefore, in order to save Paul's life, Claudius Lysias, sent a letter to the Governor Felix in order to transfer Paul from Jerusalem to Herod's judgment hall (Acts 23:35) which was in Caesarea (Acts 23:33).



Acts 23:34-26:32 & Summary "Tried in Caesarea"

SUMMARY

While Paul was in Caesarea, we learn that he was tried by three different men. Their names were Felix (23:32-24:26), Festus (24:27-25:22) and King Agrippa (25:23-26:32). Both Felix and Festus were the governors in the region, while Agrippa was the King. It is amazing that while being tried by each of these men, we see that Paul continues in exhortation to them and to those assembled in the trial. While exhorting Felix, Paul reminds him of the writings in the law and in the prophets. In fact it was through his belief in these things that he was able to have a hope toward God and have faith in the Lord Jesus Christ, that through his death and resurrection, he in turn could hope to be resurrected to inherit the promises given to Abraham, Isaac and David. Even though Felix had an understanding of this way (religion), he kept him with hopes that he would get money from him, in order to be released (Acts 24:26). Meanwhile, Felix lost his position and Festus became the governor. We see that Festus wanted to please the Jews, and so he offered to send Paul back to Jerusalem (Acts 25:9), knowing that the Jews would then kill him. This in turn caused Paul to appeal to Caesar, and thus travel to Rome. Prior to travelling to Rome though, we read that King Agrippa came into Caesarea and that Festus wanted King Agrippa to meet Paul (Acts 25:13-22). Thus finally, Paul was able to meet with King Agrippa and provide exhortation to him. It was in this exhortation that Paul recapped the beginning of his life as a dedicated Pharisee, his conversion on the road to Damascus, and the faith and works of his dedication and belief in Christ, which ultimately culminated in the resurrection of the dead that was to be preached to all the world, both Jew and Gentile alike. It was on this note that King Agrippa interrupted Paul saying that "much learning had made Paul crazy" (Acts 26:24). Thus Paul ends his preaching stating that King Agrippa did indeed believe in the Prophets. In fact out of this preaching effort to King Agrippa, we see that Agrippa was almost persuaded to be a Christian (Acts 26:28). The only reason why Paul remained a prisoner after this time was because he had requested to be delivered to Caesar, and therefore he had to be taken to Rome.

271) What three rulers have trials

for Paul while he is in

Caesarea?

272) What does Paul exhort about

while he is being tried by Felix?

273) What was the conclusion of his

trial with Felix?

274) What was the conclusion of his

trial with Festus?

275)What did Paul exhort about when he was with Agrippa?

276)What happened as a result of Paul's exhortation to Agrippa?

277)What was the result of Paul's trial before King Agrippa?



Acts 27:1-28:31 "Paul's Boat Ride to Rome & Preaching in Prison"

When Paul left Caesarea, he had to take a boat in order to get into Rome (27:1-28:16). The boat ride that he was on had quite a few stops. In each of these places, and while on the boat, we see that Paul was able to visit his friends and that Paul continued to preach the word of God. Also, Paul was able to grow a great relationship with the centurion on the ship. In fact, when the ship was having a hard time sailing at the beginning of the trip Paul recommended that they turn in to land. But the centurion didn't believe Paul and so they kept on sailing (Acts 27:11). His belief in Paul quickly changed though, for when the ship was finally going to land, and the anchors were tossed overboard, the shipmates were going to leave the boat. But Paul told the centurion, that if anybody left, then they would not be saved. By this time, the centurion believed Paul so he and the soldiers did what Paul said and cut the ropes in order to ensure that no one left the boat (Acts 27:30-32). There was one more time where we see the growing relationship between Paul and the centurion. You see, when the ship was wrecked out at sea, the soldiers were going to kill all the prisoners so that none of them escaped. But the centurion stopped them from doing so, in order to save Paul (Acts 27:43). Not only did this relationship grow, but there is no doubt that the centurion grew spiritually as well, but most importantly, all of this was done by the hand of God. For when they finally got to Rome (28:17-31), the centurion delivered all to the captain of the guard to be kept in prison, but Paul was kept with a soldier (Acts 28:16) in his own hired house (Acts 28:30). This was of course by the providence of God, as within his house, for a period of two years (Acts 28:30) he was able to preach the "kingdom of God, and teach those things which concern the Lord Jesus Christ, with all confidence," (Acts 28:31) without having any man bother him.

278)What happened while Paul was on the ship heading to Rome?

279) What happened while the ship was wrecked at sea?



280) Where was Paul kept in Rome? Why?

281) What was he able to do because he was kept in this place?

WHO SAID WHAT?

Match Paul's exhortation to the ruler it was given to & match the ruler to the verdict.

PAUL'S EXHORTATION

RULER

VERDICT

WRITINGS IN THE OLD TESTAMENT, WHEN COMBINED WITH A BELIEF IN THE RESURRECTION THROUGH CHRIST, WILL LEAD TO AN INHERITANCE OF THE PROMISES.

CLAUDIUS LYSIAS

NO REASON TO HOLD PAUL BUT WAS HOPING TO RECEIVE MONEY IN ORDER TO RELEASE HIM.

NONE GIVEN

KING AGRIPPA

OFFERED TO SEND PAUL BACK TO JERUSALEM IN ORDER TO PLEASE THE JEWS.

STORY OF HIS LIFE AND CONVERSION LEADING TO A BELIEF IN CHRIST

FESTUS

REQUESTED TO TRANSFER PAUL TO HEROD'S JUDGEMENT HALL IN ORDER TO SAVE HIM FROM THE JEWS.

THERE IS ONE HOPE AND RESURRECTION OF THE DEAD

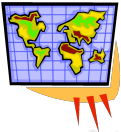
FELIX

NO REASON TO HOLD PAUL BUT HE HAD ALREADY APPEALED TO CAESAR



One Final Lesson!

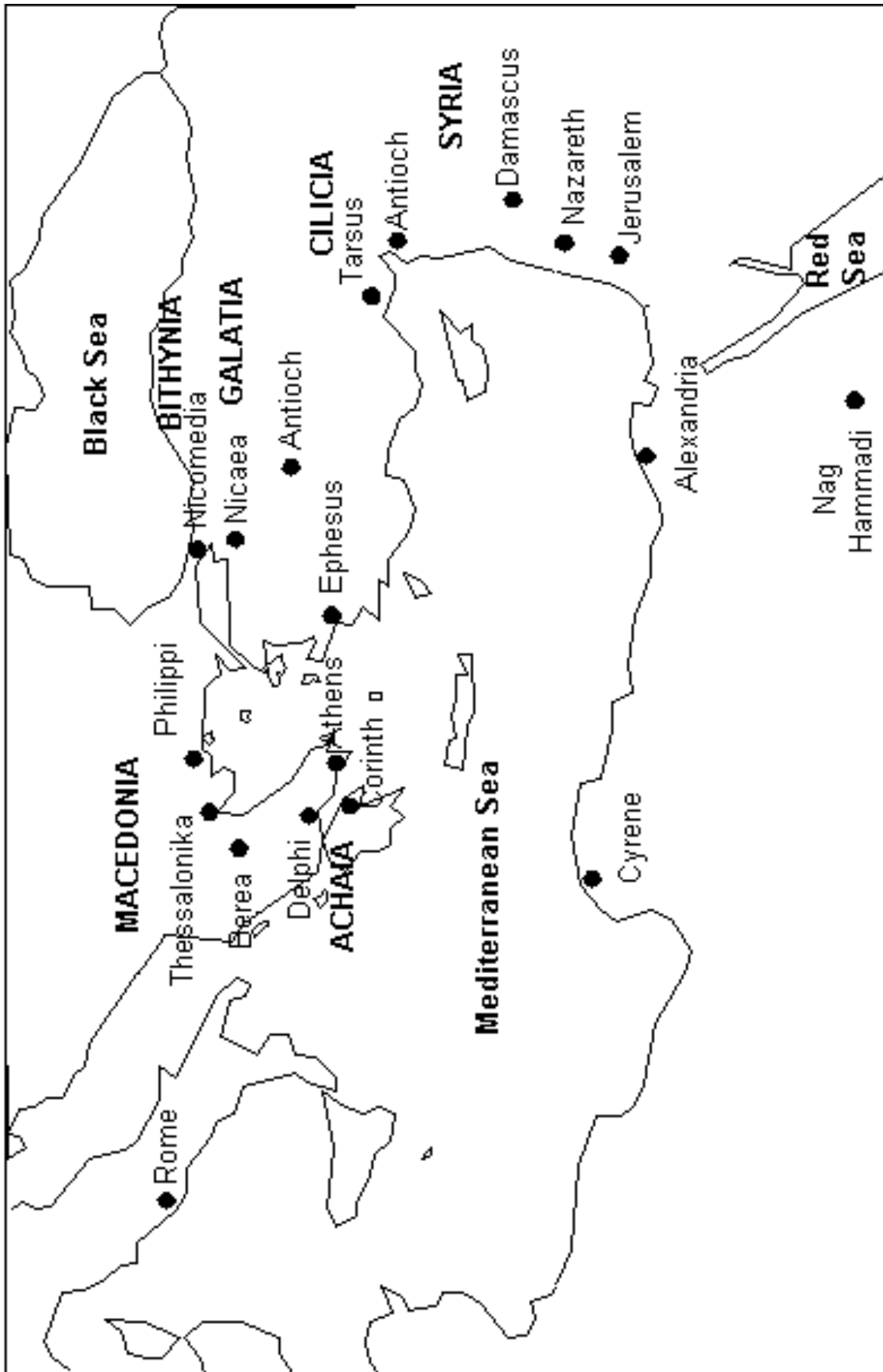
ONE OF THE AMAZING LESSONS THAT WE CAN LEARN FROM PAUL IS THAT IT DIDN'T MATTER WHAT SITUATION HE WAS IN, HE ALWAYS FOUND A WAY TO PREACH THE WORD OF GOD, THE GOOD NEWS OF THE GOSPEL AND THE RESURRECTION OF THE LORD JESUS CHRIST. THROUGHOUT HIS LIFE HE PREACHED IN THE TEMPLES, IN JAIL, ON BOATS, AND FINALLY IN PRISON. THIS IN ITSELF IS AN AMAZING THING, BUT IN ADDITION, HE DIDN'T EVER CHANGE HIS MESSAGE. HE MADE SURE THAT HIS WORDS WERE GOD'S WORDS AND THAT WHOEVER HE CAME INTO CONTACT WITH, WHETHER THEY WERE KINGS OR JUST REGULAR PEOPLE, THEY COULD LEARN GOD'S PLAN WITH THE EARTH, IF THEY LISTENED TO HIM. THIS REALLY MAKES PAUL AN AMAZING MAN, AND AN AMAZING EXAMPLE FOR US. WE NEED TO REMEMBER THE LIFE OF PAUL, SO THAT WE ALSO WILL CONTINUE IN OUR FAITH, CONTINUE IN OUR LEARNING OF GOD'S WORD AND CONTINUE IN OUR TALKING ABOUT GOD AND HIS PLAN WITH THE EARTH. THIS IS NOT SOMETHING THAT WE SHOULD DO ONLY WHEN WE FEEL LIKE IT, WE SHOULD DO IT ALL THE TIME. SO LET'S ALL LEARN, THROUGH THE STUDY OF THE LIFE OF PAUL, TO BE MORE LIKE HIM AND TO MAKE SURE THAT WE FOLLOW GOD'S COMMANDS, AND TELL ALL OUR FRIENDS AND FAMILIES ABOUT OUR FAITH AND THE HOPE THAT WE HAVE.



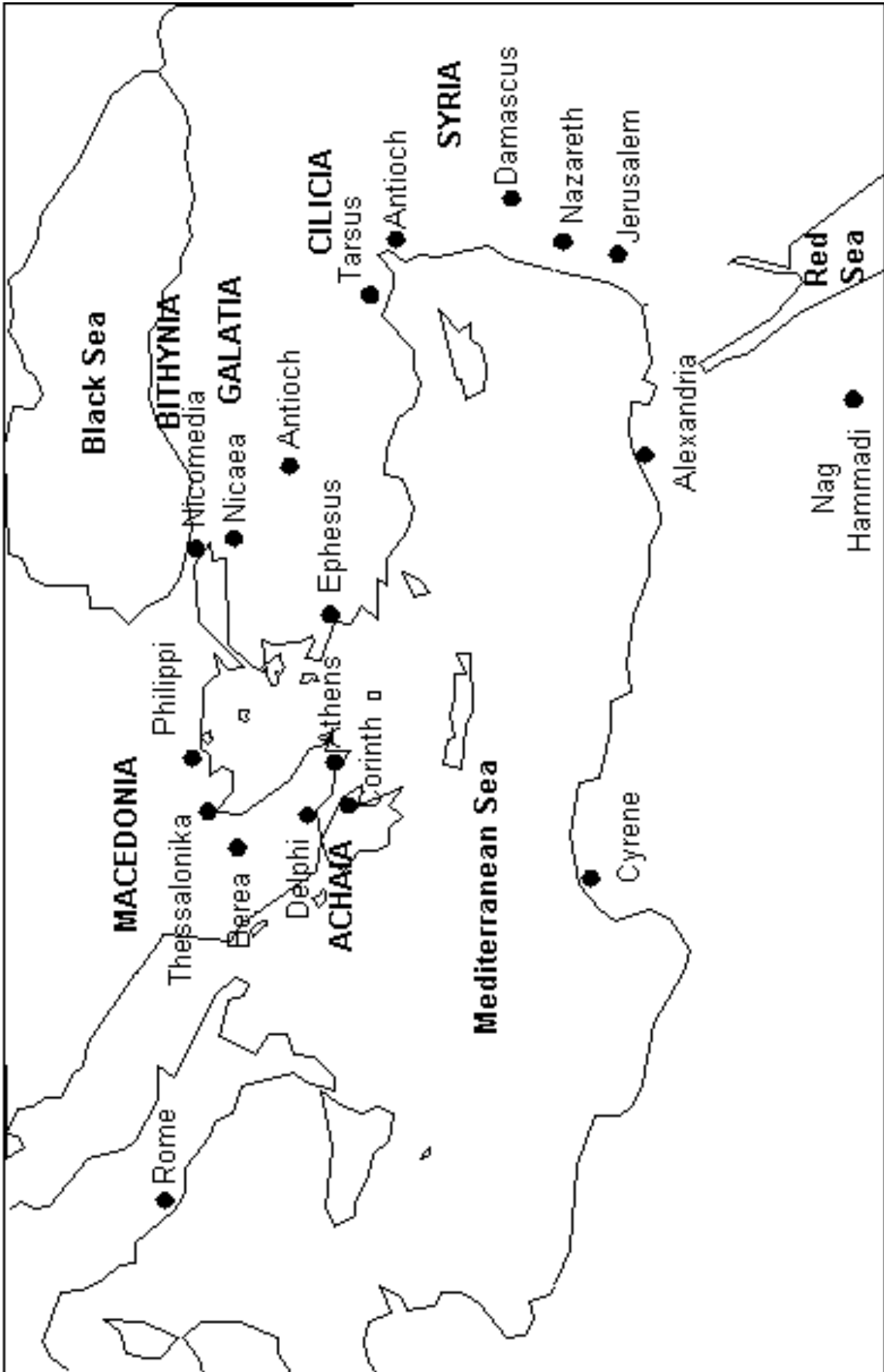
One Final Map!

NOW THAT YOU HAVE MAPPED ALL THREE OF PAUL'S MISSIONARY JOURNEYS IT'S TIME TO MAKE ONE FINAL MAP. TAKE THE LAST MAP, "PAUL'S MISSIONARY JOURNEYS" AND MARK PAUL'S THREE PREVIOUS ROUTES USING THE SAME COLORS YOU DID ON THE FIRST THREE (RED, PURPLE & GREEN). WHEN YOU ARRIVE AT CAMP, SHOW YOUR COUNSELOR IT HAS BEEN COMPLETED AND THEN PUT IT IN YOUR BIBLE. BY DOING THIS, YOU WILL HAVE A MAP WITH ALL THREE OF PAUL'S JOURNEYS IN ONE SPOT FOR EASY REFERENCE DURING CLASSES, BIBLE READINGS & DISCUSSION.

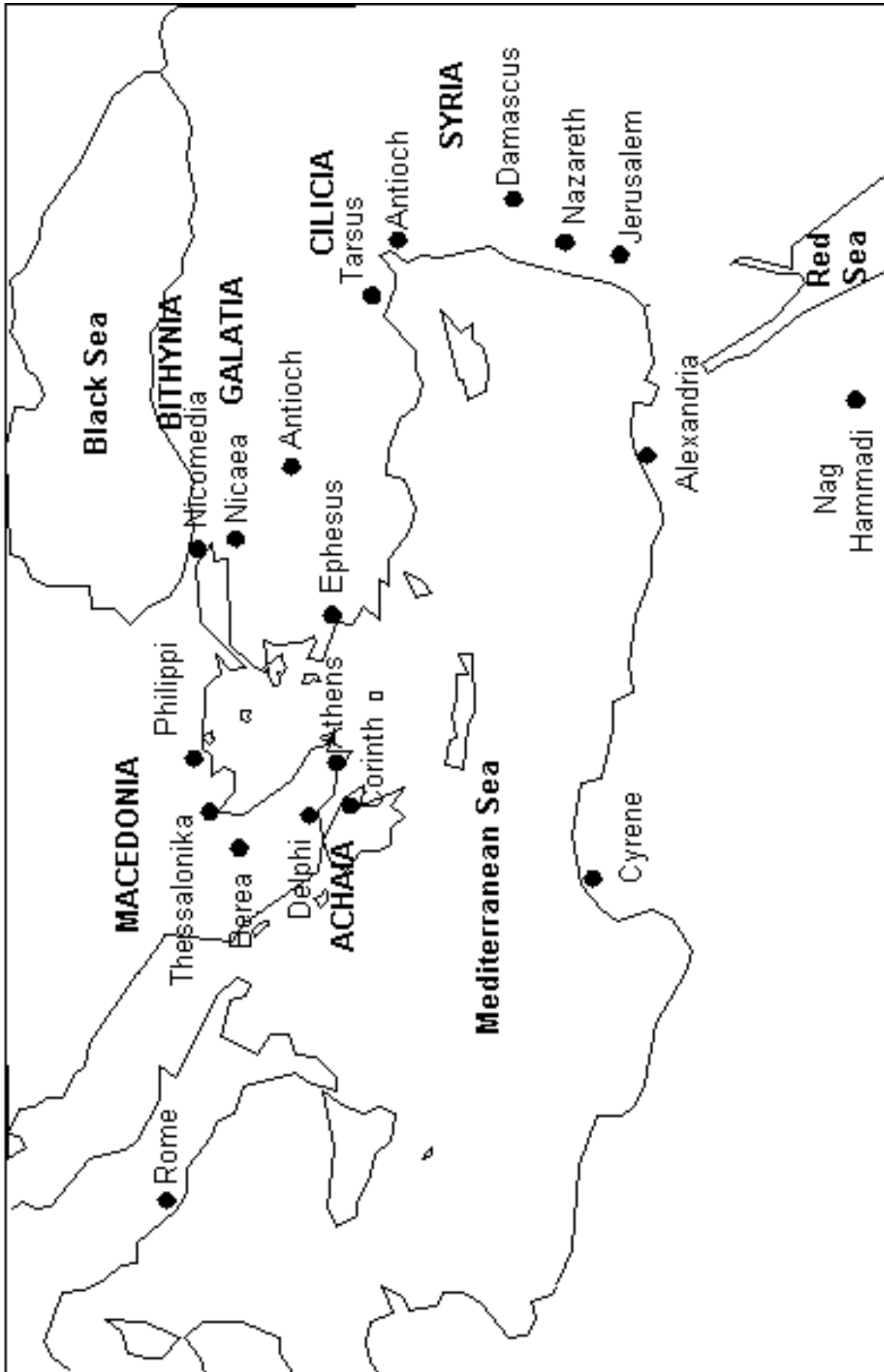
PAUL'S FIRST MISSIONARY JOURNEY



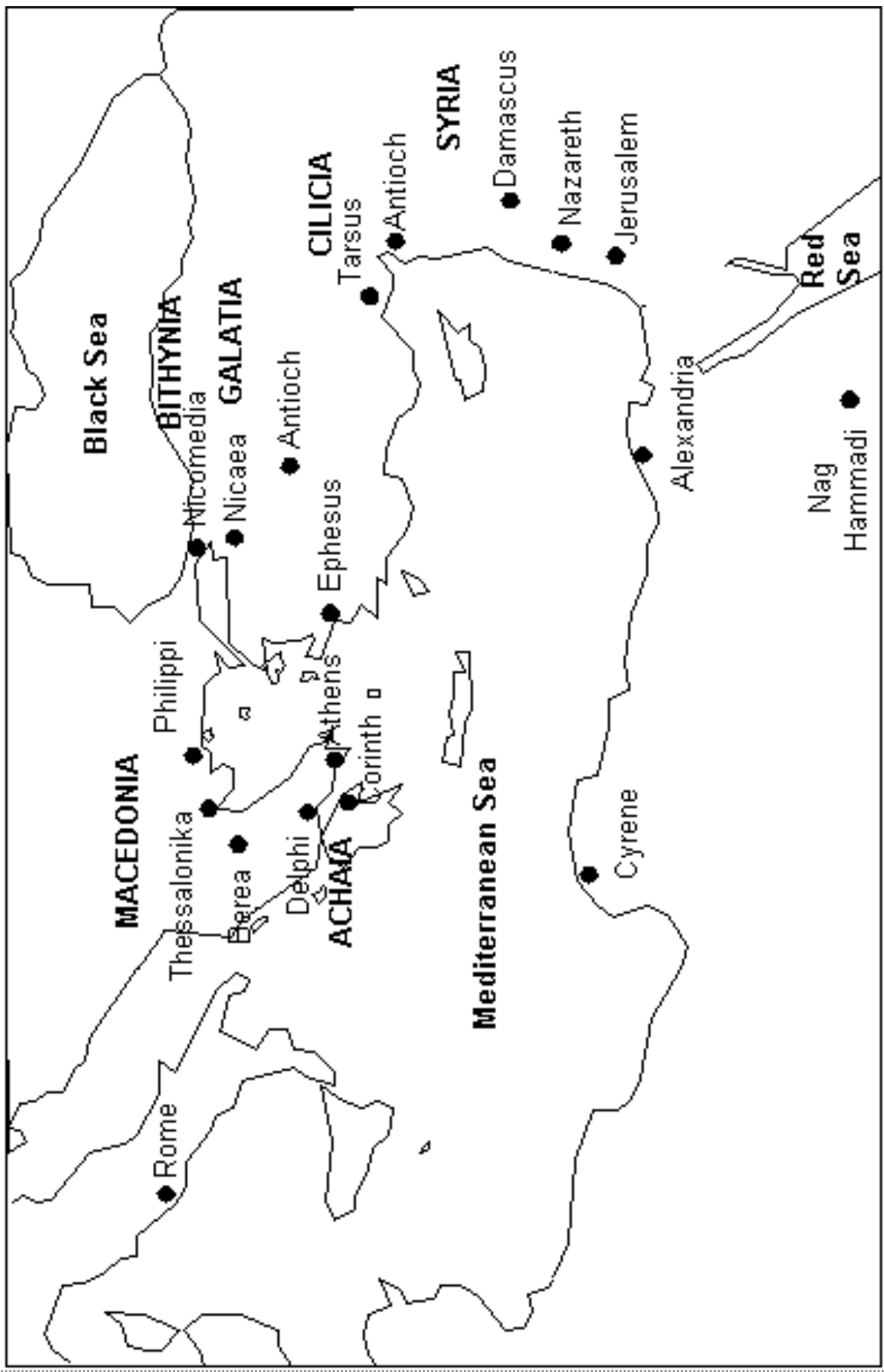
PAUL'S SECOND MISSIONARY JOURNEY



PAUL'S THIRD MISSIONARY JOURNEY



PAUL'S MISSIONARY JOURNEYS



Congratulations!

You have finished your Kid's Camp
Workbook for 2010!

Great job on all your hard work!

We look forward to seeing you at
camp!