



PAUL'S 2ND
MISSIONARY
JOURNEY & THE
LETTER TO THE
PHILIPPIANS



■ ROME
 ITALY
 MACEDONIA
 ■ Philippi
 Thessalonica ■
 (GREECE)
 ACHAIA
 ■ Corinth
 ■ Ephesus
 ■ Colossae
 GALATIA
 ASIA MINOR
 ASIA
 CILICIA
 Tarsus ■
 Syrian Antioch ■
 SYRIA
 CYPRUS
 Nazareth ■
 SAMARIA
 JUDEA
 JERUSALEM +

NAME: _____

PARENT'S SIGNATURE: _____

"I PRESS
TOWARD THE
MARK FOR THE
PRIZE OF THE HIGH
CALLING OF GOD
IN CHRIST
JESUS."



CALIFORNIA KIDS
CAMP
JUNIOR WORKBOOK
2016



This section is reserved for your counselors who will be reviewing and marking your work.

Overall Comments: _____

- All Questions Completed**
- All Bible Marking Completed**
- All Activities Completed**
- Project Completed**

The following questions were not completed or need more work. Please finish them, and return to your counselor. Let your teacher or counselor know if you need help.

Question #	Comments	Done

WELCOME TO THE 2016 CALIFORNIA KIDS CAMP!

We are so glad you have decided to join us this year as we look into Paul's 2nd Missionary Journey & the Letter to the Philippians.

We hope you enjoy your study. Remember, finishing the workbook is required to attend camp, but,
HOW MUCH YOU LEARN FROM YOUR STUDY IS UP TO YOU!



What is the purpose of this book?

This workbook will help you begin your study so that you can understand more about the things we will be discussing at camp. This will prepare you for your classes and discussions!

What if I don't understand something?

Don't worry, no one can understand everything their first time through...the goal is to learn! Try rereading the passage or using another version of the Bible. If you are still stuck, ask your parents or aunts & uncles!

What do I do when I'm finished?

When you are finished, go back and make sure everything is written neatly & answered thoroughly. Once you are sure you have done your best work, have your parents sign the cover.

How do I turn in my workbook?

Bring your workbook to camp and turn it into your counselor. There will be a prize awarded at camp for the best workbook!

Step 1: Let's Make a Plan

It's always important to
PLAN AHEAD!

If you start the workbook now,
you will be able to finish your
workbook with time to spare!

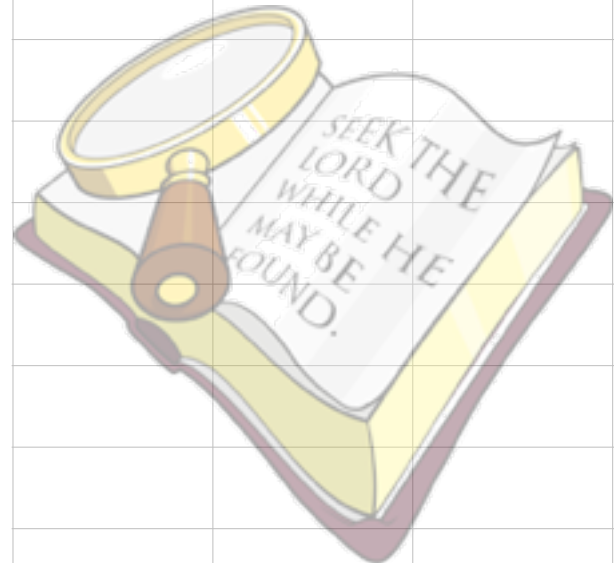
Use the chart to the right & the
calculations below to help you
set your goals. Then you can
check your progress to stay on
track!

How many pages should I do per day?

- 1) Decide when you want to finish your workbook.
- 2) Write the number of pages in the workbook in blank #1.
- 3) Count how many days from now until then and write that number in blank #2.
- 4) Divide Blank #1 by Blank #2 to find out how many pages you should do per day!

$$\frac{\text{Blank \#1}}{\text{Blank \#2}} = \text{Blank \#3}$$

By This Date:	I want to complete these pages:	and I actually finished these pages:
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Step 2: Get Ready to Begin

Now that you have a plan, it's a good idea to have all your resources handy! Here is what you will need:

2 - Strong's Concordance

This one can be a bit tricky to use so be sure to follow these steps & ask for help!

- 1) Look up the word in the main concordance (the front section) just like you would in a regular dictionary.
- 2) Use the location of the word in the Bible to link it up to the Strong's number in the main concordance.
- 3) Use the number to look up the reference in the Hebrew dictionary which is found behind the main concordance.
- 4) You can also search for where the words are found by looking up the word in the main concordance and looking at all the different occurrences.

1 - Your Bible

We used the King James to write the workbook, so most of the answers will come from there. We also recommend having the ASV or RSV to help understand what you are reading (you can find these online, but make sure you have your parents permission first!).

3 - Bible Dictionary

Use this just like a regular dictionary or encyclopedia. All you have to do is look up the subject - everything is listed in alphabetical order!

4 - Dictionary

Just a regular dictionary to help you understand what the words mean!

5 - Dictionary of Biblical Similitudes

This works like a dictionary but instead of giving a definition, it tells you what things represent in the Bible.

Step 3: Do the Workbook

IT'S ALWAYS BEST TO HAVE AN ORGANIZED METHOD TO DOING ANY KIND OF STUDY. WE SUGGEST STARTING WITH A PRAYER, ASKING FOR AN OPEN MIND AND HEART. THEN, USE THE SYMBOLS AS A GUIDE TO YOUR STUDY.



READ THE PASSAGE COMPLETELY. YOU MAY HAVE TO REREAD & ASK QUESTIONS TO UNDERSTAND THE READING.



LEARN THE PASSAGE BY CAREFULLY READING IT IN SMALL SECTIONS.

MOST OF THE QUESTIONS IN THIS WORKBOOK CAN BE ANSWERED BY FOLLOWING THE FIRST TWO STEPS. HOWEVER, SOME WILL REQUIRE A LITTLE MORE WORK!



LOOK INTO IT!

INVESTIGATE WHAT YOU HAVE READ BY LOOKING INTO THE MEANINGS OF NAMES PLACES, AND SYMBOLS. YOU MAY ALSO LOOK AT OTHER OCCURRENCES IN THE BIBLE THAT MAY HELP YOU UNDERSTAND WHAT YOU HAVE READ.



MARK IT!

THIS MEANS TO MARK SOMETHING IN YOUR BIBLE SO THAT YOU CAN REMEMBER IT LATER! YOU WILL BE GIVEN ALL THE INFORMATION - ALL YOU NEED TO DO IS TO COPY IT INTO YOUR BIBLE USING YOUR BIBLE MARKING TOOLS!



THINK ABOUT IT!

THESE QUESTIONS REQUIRE SOME EXTRA THOUGHT ABOUT THE PASSAGE TO HELP YOU FIND THE LESSONS THAT GOD IS TRYING TO TEACH US IN THE SCRIPTURES.

DON'T FORGET TO:

ALWAYS USE PENCIL

READ EVERYTHING IN THE WORKBOOK. SOME OF THE QUESTIONS ARE EASIER TO ANSWER WHEN YOU READ THE INFORMATION GIVEN.

ASK FOR HELP! YOU CAN ASK PARENTS, AUNTS & UNCLES OR US (UNCLE JONATHAN & AUNT TIFFANY WISNIEWSKI) BY EMAIL: TIFFANYWISNIEWSKI@GMAIL.COM.

Step 4: Complete the Projects

All of the Junior Kids Camp students are required to complete the following:

- 1) A minute meditation to present to your group on something that stuck out to you during your studies.
- 2) An individual project that will be turned into your counselor with your workbook so that it can be displayed in the Main Hall. Please choose 1 of the following projects:

BIBLE STUDY

Option 1:

Create a map of Paul's 2nd Missionary Journey. Include the following:

- Locations
- Who was with him
- The People that were converted in that place.

Option 2:

Recreate your favorite event from our studies.

Suggestions:

- Diorama
- Poster
- Model

Be creative - use anything you can think of (paint, pastels, clay, legos, etc.)!

Option 3:

Create a newspaper report detailing Paul's 2nd Missionary Journey.

Suggestions:

- Article Summarizing his travels
- Comic Strip
- Series of Small articles



THE JERUSALEM CONFERENCE

As we study Paul's 2nd Missionary Journey and his letter to the Philippians, we will learn how important it is to stand up for God's Truth. We will also be able to see that, in order to preach the Truth to those that we come into contact with, we need to live the Truth.

Living the Truth means that we always try our best to do what is right in God's eyes. It is amazing to read about how many people Paul was able to convert because he lived his life in this way. God willing, by the end of your studies, you will be excited about putting all your effort into glorifying God, just as Paul was.



Acts 15:1-2 Dealing with false teaching



Acts 15:1-39

In Acts 15:2, we see that "Paul and Barnabas, and certain other of them, should go up to Jerusalem unto the apostles and elders about this question." From this we can ask two questions:

- 1 - Where had Paul & the other men been?
- 2 - What is the question they were trying to answer?

We can answer the second question by looking at verse 1, where it tells us that there were arguments over circumcision. The first question takes a little more effort to answer because Paul had been traveling around preaching to the Gentiles on his first missionary journey. Fill in the following chart to see where Paul had been to preach.

Reference	Path	Location
Acts 13:1	They started in their home city in Syria:	
Acts 13:4	and first went to:	
Acts 13:4	then sailed to the island of:	
Acts 13:5	While on that island, they preached in the city of:	
Acts 13:6	Then they went to the other side of the island to:	
Acts 13:13	When they left there, they went to:	
Acts 13:14	and when they left there, they went to:	
Acts 13:51	Then they came to:	
Acts 14:6	but because of persecution, they fled to:	
Acts 14:6	and to:	
Acts 14:21	After they'd preached there, they returned to:	
Acts 14:21	then back to:	
Acts 14:21	and back to:	
Acts 14:25	After they'd passed through Pisidia, they went to Pamphylia and preached again in:	
Acts 14:25	After preaching there, they went down to the city of:	
Acts 14:26	They got on a ship to travel home to:	

1) What were the men from Judaea teaching the brethren?

2) Where was it decided that Paul, Barnabas and certain men should go because they could not agree on an answer?

Circumcision was a token of the covenant made between Yahweh and Abraham. It represents the need to cut off the flesh and join oneself to God. After Christ, this same idea is done through baptism, where we outwardly show that we have cut all ties to the flesh and instead have joined ourselves to the Lord Jesus Christ. Because Christ made it so that we are no longer under the law, the act of circumcision is no longer required.



Acts 15:3 – Paul Preaches on the Way to Jerusalem

3) Where did they travel through on the way to Jerusalem and what happened in these cities?



Acts 15:4-21 – The Jerusalem Conference

4) What did Paul & Barnabas do after they were received in Jerusalem?

5) Who believed that it was needful to be circumcised and to keep the law of Moses?

6) What did the apostles and elders come together for?

7) What did Peter say God's choice was?



8) Who knows the hearts of all people?


9) How are the believers hearts purified?

10) What do you think it means to have their hearts purified by faith?



The grace of the Lord Jesus Christ is what saves those who are baptized and put effort into glorifying out Heavenly Father. A good definition of grace is: receiving a reward when we do not deserve it.

11) How are we saved?

12)  What does it mean that God wanted “to take out of them a people for his name?”

13) Why would the tabernacle of David be rebuilt?

14) What does God know?

15) What four things did James think was important for the Gentiles to abstain from?




Acts 15:22-29 – Messages of Conference in Jerusalem

16) Who would accompany Paul & Barnabas to Antioch?




17) What did those who troubled the righteous with words say?

18) Did the apostles command that those things be said?

19)  In verse 26, the word hazarded means to surrender or yield. Mark this in your Bible.



Reference:	Verse:	Marginal Note:
Acts 15:26	“Men that have hazarded...”	hazarded: surrender, yield

20)  What are some ways that we can “hazard” our lives for the name of our Lord?

Acts 15:30-39 – Back in Antioch, Syria



21) After Paul and Barnabas gathered the multitude together, what did they do?

22) Who rejoiced when they heard Paul's words?



23) Who else exhorted the brethren with many words?

24) Who did it please to still abide with Paul & Barnabas?

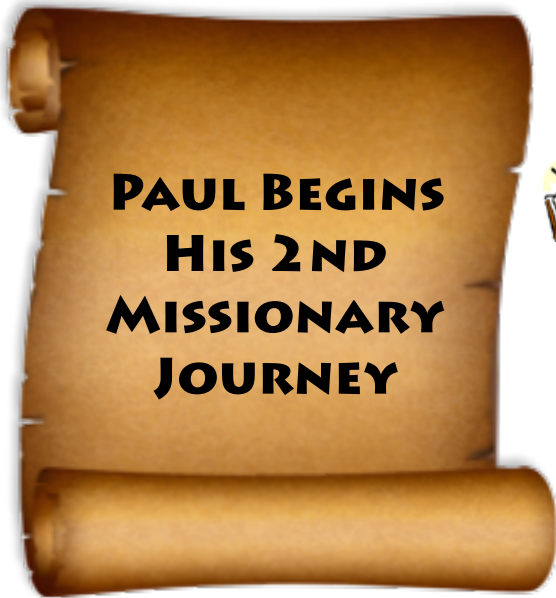
25) What did Paul and Barnabas continue to do in Antioch?

26) Why didn't Paul want to take John on his journey to every city where he had already preached the word of the Lord?

27) Who travelled with Barnabas unto Cyprus?

Unscramble the tiles to see what God did for the Gentiles in Acts 15:9.

S	B	I	F	Y	T	H	A	I	T	H	E	Y	F	E	I	R	I	N	G
A	R	T	P	U	R	H													



Acts 15:40-16:12



Acts 15:40-41 – Paul & Silas Begin Their Journey

The end of Acts 15 tells us that Paul is departing on another journey to preach. Let's take this opportunity to look at the big picture before you dive into the details. Fill in the chart below to figure out where Paul went during his travels.

Reference	Path	Location	Reference	Path	Location
Acts 15:35	They started in:		Acts 17:1	and:	
Acts 15:41	Paul & Silas preached throughout:		Acts 17:1	and:	
Acts 15:41	and:		Acts 17:10	After being persecuted, they snuck away and went to:	
Acts 16:1	Then he came to:		Acts 17:15	but it was dangerous for Paul there, so they brought him to:	
Acts 16:8	They passed by Mysid and came to:		Acts 18:1	After preaching there, Paul left and came to:	
Acts 16:11	They left Troas and went strait to:		Acts 18:18	After being there a long time, he shaved his head in:	
Acts 16:11	and:		Acts 18:19	He then came to:	
Acts 16:12	Then they went to the chief city in Macedonia:		Acts 18:22	When he sailed from there, he landed at:	
Acts 17:1	Then they passed through:		Acts 18:22	and went down to:	

28) Who did Paul choose to join him on his next missionary journey?

29) What two places did Paul and Silas travel to and what did they do on their journey?



Acts 16:1-8 – Paul and Timothy Deliver the Decree from Jerusalem

30) Where did Paul meet Timotheus?

It was necessary for Timothy to be baptized so that the Jews would not have any reason to look at him in a negative way. Because of this, they would be able to pay attention to what he said instead of losing their focus and judging him.

31) What two things happened to the ecclesias because Paul and Timothy delivered the decrees to them?

32) What happened when Paul and Timothy wanted to preach the word in Asia?



Acts 16:9-12 Paul Must Go to Macedonia

33) While in Troas, Paul had a vision, what happened as a result of the vision?

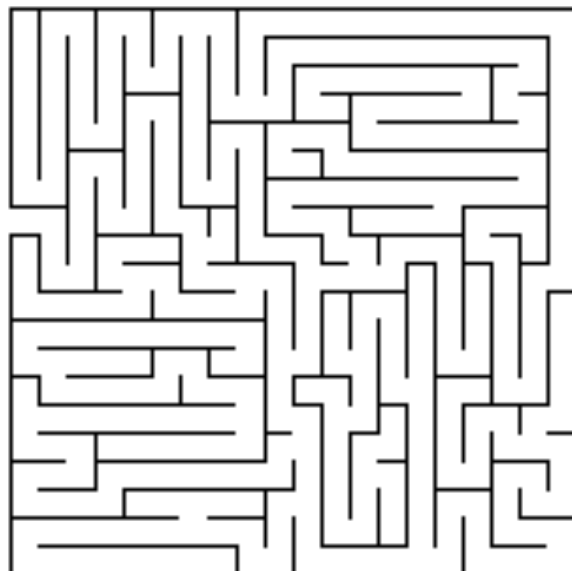
34) What had the Lord called Paul and Timothy to do?

35) What route did Paul take to Macedonia and where did he end up?

36) What two things are stated about the city of Philippi?



Philippi was a chief city because it was a major city in Macedonia. It was considered to be a Roman colony because it was ruled over by the Romans.





**THE ECCLESIA
IN PHILIPPI
IS CREATED**



Acts 16:13-40



Acts 16:13-15 Lydia and Her Household are Baptized

37) Where did they go on the Sabbath day? Why?

38) Who heard Paul speak that day? What two things are said about her character?

39) Lydia is described as having an open heart. What do you think this means? What can we do to ensure that we have an open heart?



40) What was the first thing that Lydia and her household did, after they heard Paul speak?



Acts 16:16-21 – Paul Heals the Girl with the Spirit of Divination

41) What did the damsel who was possessed with a spirit of divination say about Paul and those that were with him?

When the spirit of divination (prophesying) came on this damsel, it was believed that she could tell the future of whoever would pay her masters. When Paul healed her, she no longer acted in a strange way that was caused by her sickness and therefore her masters were no longer able to make money.

42) What does it mean to be grieved?



43) What happened to the girl who had the spirit of divination?





44) What did the girl's masters do when they realized they weren't going to be able to make money because of the girl?

45) What two things did the men say Paul and Silas were doing?




Acts 16:22-27 – Paul and Silas Get Put into Prison

46)  What does stripes mean?

47)  Who else in scripture received stripes?

48) Where did the jailor put Paul and Silas?

49) What happened at midnight?

50)  What lesson can we learn from Paul and Silas in this situation?

51) What happened during the earthquake?

52) What did the jailor want to do because he saw that the prison doors were open and why did he want to do it?



Acts 16:28-34 – The Keeper of the Prison and His House are Baptized


53) What did Paul say when he saw what was happening?

54) What did Paul say to the jailor after being asked about what was needed to be saved?



55) What did the jailor do after he believed on the Lord Jesus Christ?

56) What happened after the jailor was baptized?

57)  What does darkness represent in Scripture? What does light represent in Scripture?



Acts 16:35-40 – The Magistrates Release Paul

58) What did the magistrates do the next day?

59) How does Paul respond to what the jailer has said?

60) What happened when the magistrates received Paul's message? Why?

IT WAS IMPORTANT TO NOTE THAT PAUL WAS A ROMAN CITIZEN. AS A ROMAN HE SHOULD HAVE BEEN PROVIDED WITH A FAIR TRIAL INSTEAD OF JUST THROWING HIM INTO PRISON. THIS COULD HAVE GOTTEN THE RULERS IN TROUBLE AS THEY MISHANDLED PAUL AND THE OTHER ROMANS.

61) Where did Paul & Silas go when they left prison and what did they do here?

LYDIA AND HER FAMILY, ALONG WITH THE JAILER AND HIS FAMILY, MADE UP THE ECCLESIA IN PHILIPPI AT THIS TIME. THIS IS EXTREMELY EXCITING TO SEE AS THESE ARE SOME OF THE MAIN PEOPLE THAT PAUL IS WRITING TO IN HIS LETTER TO PHILIPPI.

*Unscramble the letters.
Then fill in the boxes at the bottom to find out what we must do to be saved.*

PALU
2

SAILS
4 5

LDYIA

JIELAR
1

QARUEHEAKT
3

B
1 2 3 4 5 M

**PAUL
FINISHES HIS
2ND
MISSIONARY
JOURNEY**



Acts 17 & 18



Acts 17:1-4 – Paul Preaches in Thessalonica

62) How long did Paul preach in the synagogue?

63)



What is the purpose of the Sabbath and where do we find this information?

64) What was Paul preaching?

65) How do we know that Paul's preaching was effective?



THE WORD CONSORTED MEANS TO BE JOINED TOGETHER OR TO ASSOCIATE WITH SOMEONE. THIS MEANS THAT CERTAIN OF THOSE WHO LISTENED TO PAUL, CHOSE TO LEAVE THE SYNAGOGUE AND INSTEAD BELIEVE IN THE TRUTH WHICH PAUL PREACHED.



Acts 17:5-10 – Paul and Silas are Forced to Leave Thessalonica

66) What did the Jews do in order to turn the people against Paul and Silas?

67) Who did the men of the city draw out of their house when Paul and Silas could not be found?

68) What was said that troubled the people and the rulers of the city?

69) Who sent Paul and Silas away by night and where did they go?



Acts 17:11-14 – Paul's Words are Accepted in Berea

70) How did the people of Berea receive the word?

71) How often did the brethren in Berea search the scriptures?

72)  What lesson can we learn from the Bereans?

73) In addition to many of the Bereans that believed, who else believed?

74) Who came and stirred up the people in Bearea after they heard that Paul perched there?

75) What did the brethren do? Who left and who stayed?



Acts 17:15-32 – Paul’s Exhortation on Mars’ Hill

76) Where did Paul travel to next?

77) Why was Paul’s spirit stirred in Athens?

78) Who did Paul dispute with in the synagogue and in the market?

79) What two things was Paul accused of preaching?

80)  What is Areopagus? (Hint: use a Bible Dictionary)

81) What did the philosophers ask of Paul when they brought him to Areopagus?

82) Where did Paul stand in the midst of?




83) Who did the men of Athens worship?

84) In verses 24-26, Paul describes God. Summarize what he says.

85) Who does Paul say people should seek after?

86) What three things are we able to do because of our Heavenly Father?

87) What are all men commanded to do?

88)  In verse 30, the word repent means to think differently, reconsider, regret, to be sorry for. Mark this in your Bible.

Reference:	Verse:	Marginal Note:
Acts 17:30	"...commandeth all men everywhere to <u>repent</u> ."	Repent: to think differently, reconsider, regret, to be sorry for

89) What has God appointed for a specific day?



Acts 18:1-6 – Paul's Decision to Preach to the Gentiles

90) Who did Paul meet in Corinth?

91) Why did Aquila and Priscilla come to Italy?

92) What did they have in common with Paul?

93) Who was Paul able to persuade when he spoke in the synagogue?

94) What did Paul testify of when Silas and Timotheus came from Macedonia?

When Paul preached that Jesus was Christ, it means that he spoke about how Jesus was the Savior that many verses in the Old Testament talk about. Christ is who the Jews were waiting for, and in fact are still waiting for today because most of them do not believe that Jesus was the son of God, the Christ, their savior.

All people can be classified into two groups. We are either a Jew or a Gentile (non-Jew).

95) Who did Paul say he was going to next because the Jews had opposed and blasphemed?



Acts 18:7-8 – Paul Preaches to the Corinthians

96) Whose house did Paul go to?

97) How is Justus described?

98) What happened with the chief ruler and the Corinthians as a result of Paul's teaching?



Acts 18:9-11 – Paul Receives a Vision to Continue Preaching

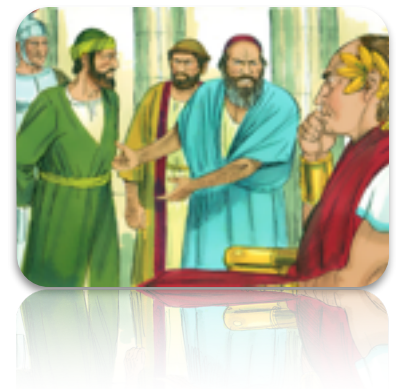
99) What did God tell Paul in the vision?

100) How long did Paul stay and what did he do?



Acts 18:12-18 – Paul Goes Before the Deputy

101) What happened when Gallio was the deputy of Achaia?



WHEN THE PEOPLE MADE INSURRECTION AGAINST PAUL, IT MEANS THAT THEY AGREED TO SET PAUL UP AND ACCUSE HIM FALSELY.

102) What was Paul accused of?

103) Would Gallio judge between Paul & the Jews? Why or why not?

104) Who was Sosthenes and what happened to him?

105) Who went with Paul when he left Corinth?



Acts 18:19-22 – Paul Stops at Ephesus Before Returning to Antioch, Syria

106) Where did Paul & his companions travel next?

107) Why did Paul need to leave Ephesus?

108) Where did he travel to from Ephesus?

Antioch, Syria served as Paul's "home ecclesia." Returning there ends the 2nd Missionary Journey.



Across

2. Who did Paul preach about?

3. Who came with Silas from Macedonia?

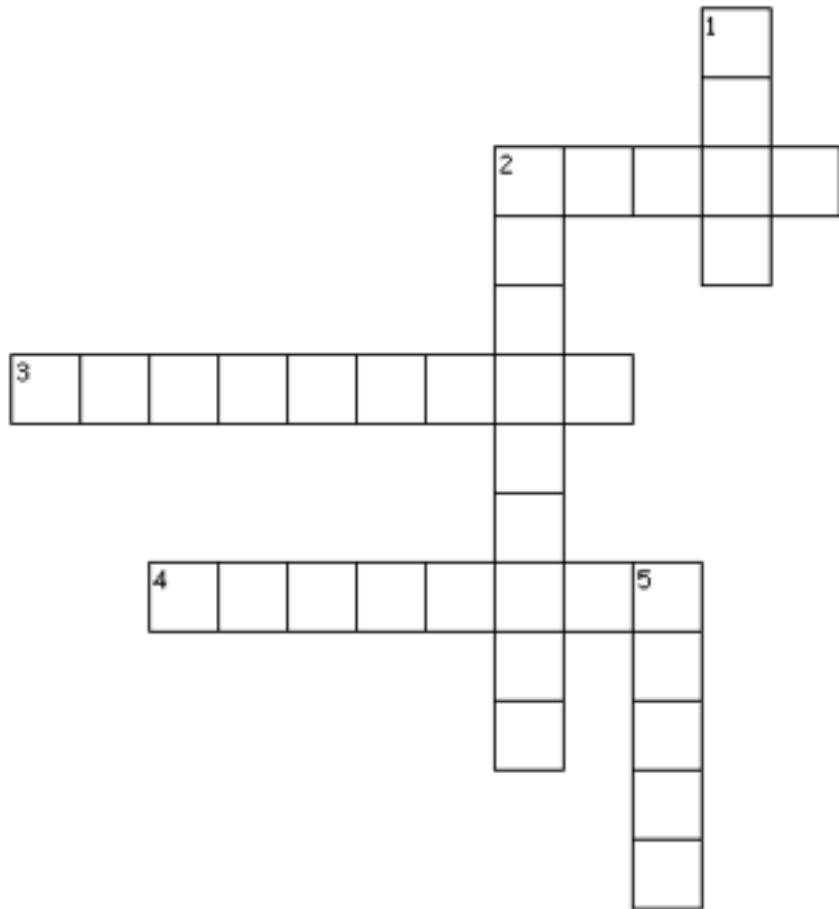
4. What group of people did Paul preach to?

Down

1. Who was a missionary to the Gentiles?

2. Where did Paul want to keep the feast?

5. Who was preaching with Paul?





Acts 26 & 27

After spending some more time in Antioch, Syria, Paul decided to start his 3rd Missionary Journey. He ended this journey in Jerusalem, where he was arrested for preaching the Truth. Fill in the chart to find out where Paul went on his 3rd Journey.

Reference	Path	Location	Reference	Path	Location
Acts 18:23	After Paul had spent some time in Antioch, he left and went to:		Acts 20:15	and arrived at:	
Acts 18:23	and:		Acts 20:15	They stayed at:	
Acts 19:1	Next he came to:		Acts 20:15	and then went to:	
Acts 20:1	He departed for:		Acts 21:1	After preaching to the brethren, they sailed to:	
Acts 20:2	After exhorting there, he went to:		Acts 21:1	and left the next day for:	
Acts 20:3	He returned through:		Acts 21:1	They they went to:	
Acts 20:6	For the days of unleavened bread, he was in:		Acts 21:3	They sailed into Syria and landed at:	
Acts 20:6	and left for:		Acts 21:7	They then came to:	
Acts 20:14	Paul met up with his company in:		Acts 21:8	After that, they came to:	
Acts 20:14	and sailed to:		Acts 21:15	Then he went to :	
Acts 20:15	The sailed near:		Acts 21:33	Paul is arrested & put on trial for preaching in Jerusalem.	



Acts 26:1-5 – Paul Builds Credibility with Agrippa

109) Who was Paul being accused by?

110) What 2 things did Paul state that King Agrippa was an expert in?

111)What was Paul known for by those which knew him from the beginning?



Acts 26:6-11 – Paul’s Past Sins Against the Saints

112)What hope was Paul being judged for?

113)Who did Paul shut up in prison?

114)Where did Paul punish the saints?



Acts 26:12-18 – Paul’s Vision on the Road to Damascus

115)What did Paul see at midday while on the road to Damascus?



116)Who spoke unto Paul at midday?

117)What was Paul going to be a minister and a witness for?

118)Who was Paul sent to?

119)What 2 things did Christ want the Gentiles to receive when they listened to Paul’s teachings?



Acts 26:19-23 – Why the Jews Wanted to Kill Paul

120)What cities and people did Paul preach to that they should repent and turn to God, and do works meet for repentance?

121)Who also said that Christ would suffer and rise from the dead?

122)Why did Christ rise from the dead?



Acts 26:24-29 – King Agrippa Almost Believed

123) When Paul answered Festus, what reasons did he give for speaking his words?

124) What did Paul know about King Agrippa?

125) What did Paul almost persuade King Agrippa to do?

126) Who, besides King Agrippa, did Paul wish would believe and become Christians?



Acts 26:30-32 – Paul Could Have Been Set At Liberty

127) What did the king, the governor and Bernice say between themselves?

128) What would have happened to Paul if had not appealed unto Caesar?



Acts 27:1-8 – Paul Sets Sail to Rome

129) Who was Paul and certain other prisoners delivered unto?

130) What did Julius give Paul liberty to do?



131) In verse 3, the phrase gave him liberty means to allow, permit or give freedom to. Mark this in your Bible.



Reference:	Verse:	Marginal Note:
Acts 27:3	"...and gave him liberty to go..."	Gave him liberty: to allow, permit or give freedom to

132) What place did Paul come unto after passing Salmone?




Acts 27:9-20 – “The Centurion Fails to Believe Paul”

133) What does admonish mean?

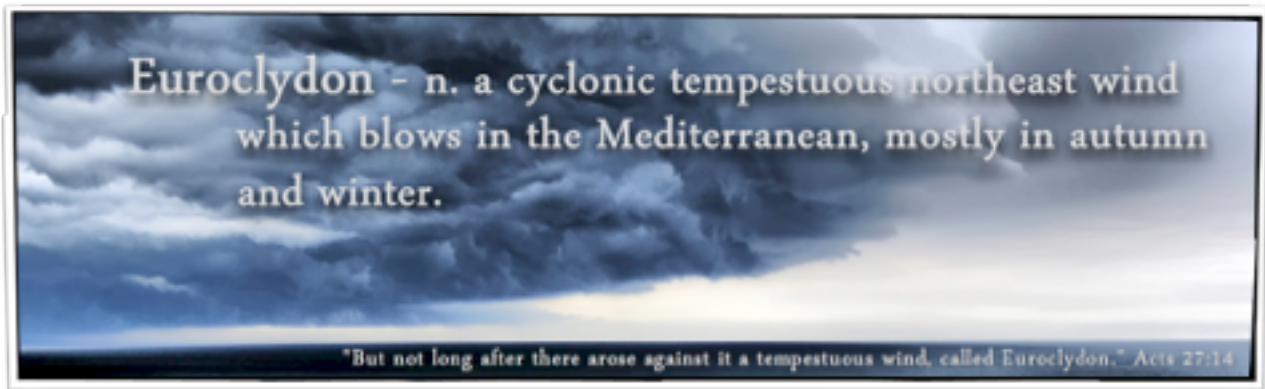


134)What would would hurt and damage come to during the voyage?

135)  In verse 12, the word commodious means well set or convenient. Mark this in your Bible.

Reference:	Verse:	Marginal Note:
Acts 27:12	"...the haven was not <u>commodious</u> ..."	Commodious: well sent, convenient

136)What was the tempestuous wind that arose, called?



137)What did Paul and the shipmates cast out with their own hands on the 3rd day?

138)What was taken away when neither sun nor stars appeared for many days?



Acts 27:21-26 – Be Of Good Cheer

139)What did Paul exhort unto them?

140)Why should they be of good cheer?

141)Who stood by Paul on that night?

142)Who would Paul be brought before?

143) What did 2 things did Paul believe?




Acts 27:27-36 – They Took Meat and Were Of Good Cheer

144) Who was about to flee out of the ship?

145) What was the only way that all the people would be saved?

146) Why did Paul say that the shipmen should take meat?

147)  Paul took bread, and gave thanks to God and broke it and ate. Who else did this in the Bible?

148) What happened when all the men took some meat?



Acts 27:37-44 – They Escaped Safely to Land


149) How many souls (people) were in the ship?

150) What happened to the forepart of the ship after it ran aground?

151) What happened to the hinder (rear) part of the ship?

152) What did the soldiers counsel to do?

153) Why did the centurion keep the soldiers from killing the prisoners?

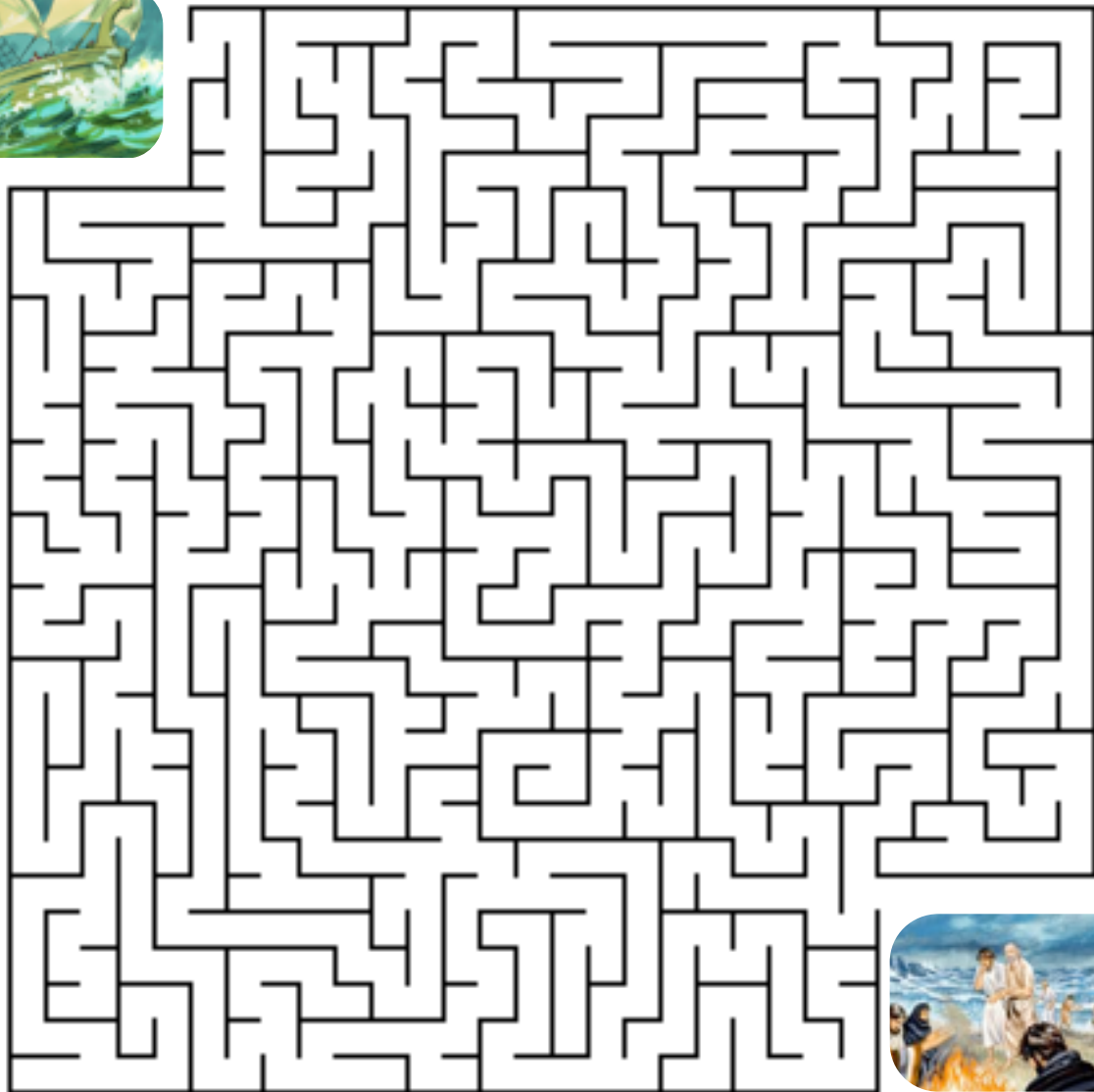
154)  What does this tell us about the effect that Paul and his preaching had on the Centurion?



155) How did those on the ship get to land?

156) Did all the people escape safely to land as Paul had said?

HELP PAUL GET FROM JERUSALEM TO THE ISLAND OF MILETA



**PREACHING
GOD'S TRUTH
DURING
DIFFICULT
TIMES**




Acts 28



Acts 28:1-6 – The Barbarous People of Miletia

At this point in his journey, Paul had been arrested for preaching the Truth and was sailing to Rome for another trial. While on the way, the boat became shipwrecked. At this time, he saved the prisoners by stopping the soldiers from killing them. Instead, he was able to bring them to dry land.

157) What was the name of the island where Paul and the other prisoners landed on?

158)  What does barbarous mean?

159) Why were Paul and the other Prisoners received (welcomed)?



160) What came out of the fire when Paul laid a bundle of sticks on the fire?

161) What did the barbarians say when they saw that Paul was bit by a viper?

162) When Paul shook the viper off his hand and the barbarians saw that he was fine, they changed their thoughts about Paul. What did they think about him now?



Acts 28:7-15 – Paul Continues the Journey to Rome

163) Who was the chief man of the island?

164) How long did he lodge Paul and the other prisoners?

165) Can you think of at least two other times when three days is mentioned in the Bible?

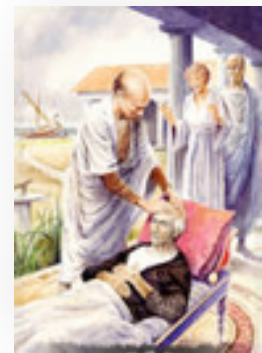


166) Who was sick of a fever and bloody flux?

167) What did Paul do to Publius' father?

168) Did other people on the island hear about the healing of Publius' father? How do you know that?





169) What did the people on the island laden Paul and the prisoners with?

170) Where did Paul and the prisoners depart in a ship to?

171) How long did they tarry in Syracuse?

172) What wind blew after one day?

173) Who desired that Paul would tarry for 7 days?

174) What benefit did Paul get from seeing the brethren as he journeyed to Rome?

175) What lesson should we learn from the brethren that went to find and spend time with Paul?






Acts 28:16-20 – Paul Explains His Appeal to Caesar

176) After arriving in Rome, where did Paul dwell that was different from the other prisoners?

177) Who did Paul call together?


178) In the words of Paul, why was Paul being delivered as a prisoner from Jerusalem into the hands of the Romans?

179)  What does examined mean?


180) Why was Paul about to be let go?

181) Who did Paul appeal to?

The phrase "no cause of death" means that Paul was innocent.

182)  What does appeal mean?

183) Why was Paul bound with chains?


184)  Where else is the hope of Israel mentioned?

The hope of Israel is the hope that all who are faithful to Yahweh and the Lord Jesus Christ will be part of the Kingdom when everyone will glorify Yahweh as we see in Numbers 14:21.



Acts 28:21-23 – Paul Preaches While in Prison

185) What did Paul's visitors in prison say about hearing bad things about Paul?

186)  What does sect mean?

The sect that Paul's visitors were talking about was the group of people that preached that Jesus was Christ.


187) When many came to where Paul lived, what did Paul expound and testify unto them?




Acts 28:24-29 – Salvation Comes To Those Who Hear

188) Did all people who listened to Paul believe what he said?


189)  Who is Paul speaking about when he talks about Esaias the prophet?

190)  The quotation in verses 26 & 27 is originally found in Isaiah 6:9-10. The Lord Jesus Christ also quotes this in Matthew 13:14-15. Mark this in your Bible.

Reference:	Verse:	Marginal Note:
Acts 28:26-27	“Saying, Go unto this people...”	vv. 26-27: see Isaiah 6:9-10, Matt. 13:14-15

191)  Why would people make their ears dull of hearing and close their eyes when they listened to the Word of God?

192) Who would the salvation of God be sent to because the Jews failed to listen?

193)  What does it mean when it says that the Jews had great reasoning among themselves?




Acts 28:30-31 – Preaching While In Prison

194) How long did Paul live in his own hired house?

The hired house in verse 30 was the place where Paul suffered to dwell by himself with a soldier that kept him (in verse 16). It was here that Paul was forced to live in imprisonment and was not allowed to go anywhere unless the soldier that watched over him came along. This was a sad time for Paul, but, during these 2 years, he was not only able to preach to all people that visited him, but, he was also able to write many letters. One of these letters, was the letter that we are studying in this workbook, the letter to the Philippians. We see then, that God has a special way in which He watches over His true believers. For this 2 year period provided Paul with the time to also write to the Galatians, the Ephesians, the Colossians, to Philemon and his 2nd letter to Timothy.

195) What did Paul preach to all that came in unto him?

PREACHING THE KINGDOM OF GOD AND THE THINGS WHICH CONCERN THE LORD JESUS CHRIST IS THE GOSPEL MESSAGE. THIS IS ALSO REFERENCED IN ACTS 8:12.

196)  What lesson should we learn from Paul while he was in prison?



"Be it known therefore unto you, that the salvation of God is sent unto the Gentiles, and that they will hear it."
~ Acts 28: 28

FIND THE HIDDEN WORDS!

R S U K A F E Q J A F D H L Q Z I P P H
 N H E E S P Y R Z T Y O Z H C Z M W K M
 L D Q L B Z N Y E K A U Q H T R A E E T
 Y O G E I X A Y V R D A T X Y D L L Y T
 A F U C R T G X O E E E Q D N P A P Z D
 E R S S J S N M Q E K G M E H S L W Y D
 P K B U X D E E S U C Z I D U S O X O L
 A N O E F R D J G E E X H R I C R Z T K
 V Y K H X M D V A B R Y E H Y H D T N T
 O X D T R V L W A S W J I P P I L I H P
 X P K O J P W P X H P D E T S E R R A L
 Y V D M M Y T S N P I K I N G D O M Y P
 J U D I W I Z I K R H X O X X U Y D V G
 Y E K T Z F F L Z E S T B C D C I Q N O
 X I S E R J X A A A J E W S W A L N B G
 M W D U A S K S C C G O S P E L J U O F
 Y O A I S P B P B H K F P W U C J D A R
 H W L B N G Y N K W N V U C W X H K P P
 U E Q Z I O V C H E Q R P D I J P I N M
 R F P N O C Y R V M O B H M Q O R X V X

ARRESTED
 BAPTIZED
 EARTHQUAKE
 GENTILES
 GOD

GOSPEL
 JAILER
 JERUSALEM
 JESUS
 JEWS

KINGDOM
 LORD
 LYDIA
 PAUL
 PHILIPPI

PREACH
 ROME
 SHIPWRECKED
 SILAS
 TIMOTHEUS



Philippians 1



Phil. 1:1-2 – Paul’s Salutation

197) Who wrote the letter to the Philippians with Timothy at his side?

198) What were Paul and Timotheus called?

199) Who was this letter written to?

200) Who would provide grace and peace for those in Philippi?



Phil. 1:3-6 – Paul’s Prayer for Philippi

201) Who did Paul thank upon every remembrance of those in Philippi?

202) What did Paul request with joy in every prayer?



203) In verse 5, the word gospel means glad tidings of the kingdom of God as seen in Luke 8:1. Mark this in your Bible.



Reference:

Verse:

Marginal Note:

Philippians 1: 5

“For your fellowship in the gospel...”

Gospel: glad tidings of the Kingdom of God (Luke 8:1)

204) What was Paul confident of?



Phil. 1:7-11 – The Ecclesia Provides Comfort to Paul While in Prison

205) Where in Paul does he have the Philippian Ecclesia?

206) What does it mean to have someone in your heart?






WHILE PAUL WAS IN BONDS IN ROME, AS SEEN IN ACTS 28:30-31, HE WAS ABLE TO PREACH THE GOSPEL OF TRUTH TO ALL WHO CHOSE TO VISIT HIM. DURING THIS TIME, HE WAS ALSO TO WRITE THIS LETTER TO THE PHILIPPIANS.

207) In what two things were all of the Philippian Ecclesia partakers of Paul's grace?


208) What did Paul do in all the bowels of Jesus Christ?

209)  In verse 8, the bowels of Jesus Christ refers to the love and tender affection of Jesus Christ as seen in John 15:13-14. Mark this in your Bible.


Reference:	Verse:	Marginal Note:
Philippians 1:8	"...in the <u>bowels of Jesus Christ.</u> "	bowels of Jesus Christ: tender affection of Jesus (John 15:13-14)



210) What did Paul pray for about their love?

211)  What does it mean when Paul says "approve things that are excellent"?

212) What two things did Paul want of the Philippians until the day of Christ?

213)  Where else are the fruits of righteousness mentioned?

214) Who receives the glory and praise when we are filled with the fruits of righteousness?



Phil. 1:12-18 – Philippi is Not to Worry About Paul's Imprisonment

215) What was furthered because of Paul's sufferings?

216)Where were Paul's bonds in Christ manifest?

217)What happened to the brethren because they saw how Paul was treated in prison?

Some indeed
preach Christ even
of

and

and some also of

218)Why did some preach Christ of contention?

219)Why did some preach Christ out of love?

220)How did Paul react to the preaching of Christ, whether in pretense or in truth?




Phil. 1:19-26 – All Things Work Well for the Righteous


221)How would the preaching of Christ turn to Paul's salvation?

222)In what would Paul be ashamed?

223)How would Christ be magnified?

224)  In the Revised Version, the word magnified in verse 20 is translated as honored. Mark this in your Bible.

Reference:	Verse:	Marginal Note:
Philippians 1:20	"...Christ shall be <u>magnified</u> ..."	Magnified: honored (R.V.)

225)  Verse 21 states that to live is Christ, and to die is gain. How would it be 'gain' for Paul to die?



TO ABIDE IN THE FLESH MEANS TO LIVE. THE FRUIT OF PAUL'S LABOR WAS THAT CHRIST WOULD BE MAGNIFIED. HE WAS A GREAT MAN WHO CARED ABOUT THE PREACHING OF CHRIST MORE THAN ANY OF HIS OWN SUFFERINGS.

226) Was it more needful for the Ecclesia in Philippi if Paul continued to live or to die?

227) What would be the purpose for Paul to abide and continue with those in Philippi?

228) What would be the result of Paul coming to the Philippians again?




Phil. 1:27-30 – Overcome All Troubles in Unity

229) What was their conversation supposed to be about?

230) What two things was Paul hoping to hear about the affairs of the Philippian Ecclesia?

231) Should the Philippians be terrified by their adversaries?

232)  What does “adversaries” mean?


233)  In verse 28, the word perdition means utter destruction and misery. Mark this in your Bible.

Reference:	Verse:	Marginal Note:
Philippians 1:28	“...an evident token of <u>perdition</u> ...”	Perdition: utter destruction and misery

TO STRIVE TOGETHER FOR THE FAITH OF THE GOSPEL MEANS TO WORK VERY HARD SO THAT THE THINGS CONCERNING THE KINGDOM AND THE LORD JESUS CHRIST ARE PREACHED TO ALL PEOPLE.

234) Who would provide salvation because the Philippians did not fear their enemies?

235) Who were the Philippians supposed to suffer for?

236)  What conflict do you think the Philippians saw and heard of in Paul?



Philippians 2



Phil. 2:1-2 – Be Of One Mind

237)



What does “consolation” mean?

238) What are the 4 reasons (if's) that should cause the ecclesia to fulfill Paul's joy?

239) What are the three items that Paul states are examples of being likeminded?



Phil. 2:3-4 – Remain Humble

240) What should be done through strife or vainglory?

241) In verse 3, strife means contention or arguing and vainglory means pride. Mark this in your Bible.



Reference:

Verse:

Marginal Note:

Philippians 2:3

“...through strife or vainglory...”

Strife: contention or arguing
Vainglory: pride

242) What should be done in lowliness of mind?

243) What does “esteem” mean?




244) What should everyone look on, besides their own things?

Don't be selfish; don't try to impress others.

Be humble, thinking of others as better than yourselves.

Philippians 2:3 NLT


In verse 4, the word 'man' means 'mankind'. This tells us that there is a responsibility for each one of us to make sure that we are caring for each other and putting effort in to help each other on our walk towards the Kingdom.

245)  How can we esteem others better than ourselves?



Phil. 2:5-8 – Think Like Christ

246) Whose mind should we have in us?


247)  In verse 7, the word form means appearance. This should remind us of how man was made in Genesis 1:26. Mark this in your Bible.

Reference:	Verse:	Marginal Note:
Philippians 2:7	"...took upon him the <u>form</u> of a servant..."	Form: appearance (Genesis 1:26)


Being in the form (image) and likeness of God allows us to physically look like the angels and to also think in a way that is similar to the angels.

248)  How was Christ in the form of God?

249) Who thought it not robbery to be equal with God?

250)  What does "made himself of no reputation" mean?

251) What form did Jesus Christ take on because he was in the same likeness of men?

252)  How did Christ humble himself during his life?

Christ was equal with God. He had the same character and the same frame of mind. This was all because he was able to rise above the thinking of the flesh.

253) Jesus Christ was obedient unto what death?

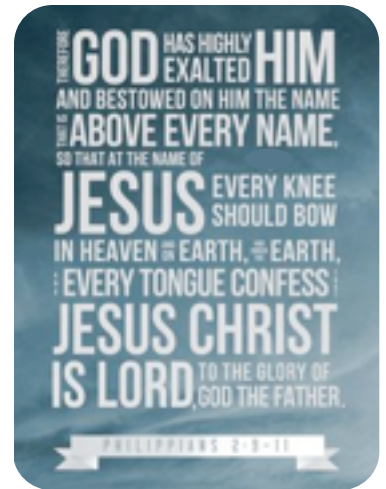


Phil. 2:9-11 – Honor Followed Obedience

254) Who did God highly exalt?

255) What is special about the name of Jesus Christ?

Christ's name was above every name because it is only through him that we are able to approach our Heavenly Father in prayer. Also, it is only by him that we have the opportunity for forgiveness of our sins and the hope of everlasting life.



256) Which 3 groups should bow at the name of Jesus?

257) What should every tongue confess?

258) To whose glory is the Lord Jesus Christ?



Phil. 2:12-13 – Salvation Must Be Worked Out

259) When were the Philippians obedient to the gospel that Paul preached?

260) How are we to work out our salvation?

261) In what 2 ways did God work with the Philippians?

262) How can we make sure that God works with us?

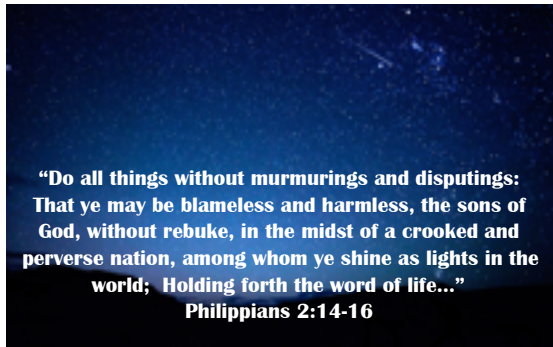


To work out your salvation with fear and trembling means to understand the power and strength of Yahweh and then make sure that we are putting our best effort into serving Him at all times.



Phil. 2:14-18 – Rejoice Without Complaining

263)How should all things be done?



“Do all things without murmurings and disputings: That ye may be blameless and harmless, the sons of God, without rebuke, in the midst of a crooked and perverse nation, among whom ye shine as lights in the world; Holding forth the word of life...”
Philippians 2:14-16

To serve God without murmuring and disputing means that we are to not be annoyed or frustrated with His service. Instead we must be ready to obediently serve Him.

264)How should we be as sons of God?

265)How should we shine in the midst of a crooked and perverse nation?

266)What should we always hold forth (in our hearts)?

267)What 2 things did Paul not want to have done in vain?

268)Why would Paul joy and rejoice with them all?

The Day of Christ is the day when he will return to this Earth to set up the Kingdom upon it.



Phil. 2:19-24 – Paul Hopes to Send Timothy

269)Who was Paul going to send shortly to the Philippian Ecclesia?

270)When would Paul be of good comfort?

271)Who was the one man that was likeminded with Paul?

272)What would Timothy care about?

273)What do most people seek after?

Knowing somebody's state means to know how they are doing.

274) How did Timothy serve with Paul in the gospel?

275) When would Paul send Timothy to them?

276) Who else did Paul say would visit the Philippian Ecclesia shortly?



Phil. 2:25-30 – Paul Commends Epaphroditus

277) How is Epaphroditus described?

278) How did Epaphroditus feel because the Ecclesia had heard he was sick?

279) What does full of heaviness mean?



280) How sick had Epaphroditus gotten?

281) Why was he healed?

282) How did Paul want the Ecclesia to react when they saw Epaphroditus?

283) In verse 29, to hold such in reputation means to honor and respect. Mark this in your Bible.



Reference:	Verse:	Marginal Note:
Philippians 2:29	"...and <u>hold such in reputation</u> :"	hold such in reputation: to honor and respect

284) Why was Epaphroditus nigh unto death?

What phrase from Philipians 2 Fulfills

**“But as truly as I live, all the earth shall be filled with the glory of the Lord.”
(Numbers 14:21)?**

A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T	U	V	W	X	Y	Z
			13	21							11		23				15	4	24						

N D T T E E R T N E S L D
 6 23 13 24 10 6 24 21 19 21 15 5 24 26 23 14 22 21 4 10 26 22 11 13

N E S S T T E S S R S T
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S L R D , T T E L R D
 3 4 11 26 15 13 24 26 24 10 21 14 11 26 15 5 26 9 14 26 13

T E T E R .
 24 10 21 9 6 24 10 21 15



Philippians 3



Phil. 3:1-7 – Beware of False Teachers

285) What 3 things was the Ecclesia supposed to beware of?

286) What do dogs represent in Scripture?



287) According to the Bible Dictionary, the word concision in verse 2 refers to those that were zealous for circumcision. Mark this in your Bible.



Reference:	Verse:	Marginal Note:
Philippians 3:2	"...beware of the <u>concision</u> "	Concision: those that were zealous for circumcision

288) What are the 3 key elements of those who are circumcised?

289) Why could Paul have confidence in the flesh?

290) What did Paul count as loss for Christ?



Phil. 3:8-11 – The Resurrection is Through Christ


291) To whose excellency was the loss and suffering of Paul?

292) What does it mean to be found in Christ?



293) What does the righteousness of God come by?

294) What 3 things did Paul want to know as he hoped to be made conformable unto Christ's death?


295)  In verse 10, conformable means to receive the same form. Mark this in your Bible.

Reference:	Verse:	Marginal Note:
Philippians 3:10	"...made <u>conformable</u> unto his death..."	Conformable: to receive the same form

296) What was Paul desiring to attain?




Phil. 3:12-15 – Continue in Hope


297)  What does apprehend mean?


298) Paul did 2 things as he pressed toward the mark for the prize of the high calling of God. What were those 2 things?



299)  What is the mark? What is the prize?

Paul desired earnestly that he might gain the righteousness of God by faith through his faith of the Lord Jesus Christ. His confidence in the Truth, caused his to be taken into prison. It was his hope that his own imprisonment would result in the resurrection of the dead and the receiving of everlasting life when Christ returns.

300)  What does perfect mean?

301)  Paul mentions that we need to be "thus minded" as he referenced the prize of the high calling of God in Christ Jesus. What other types of things could we think about that would distract us from being of the same mind as Paul?



Phil. 3:16-21 – A Perfect Walk Leads to Immortality

302) Write out verse 16 from either the ASV (American Standard Version) or the RV (Revised Version).



303) What is left out of the RV and ASV that is here in the King James Version?

304) Whose rules should we walk by?

305) Why does Paul ask for the believers to follow him?

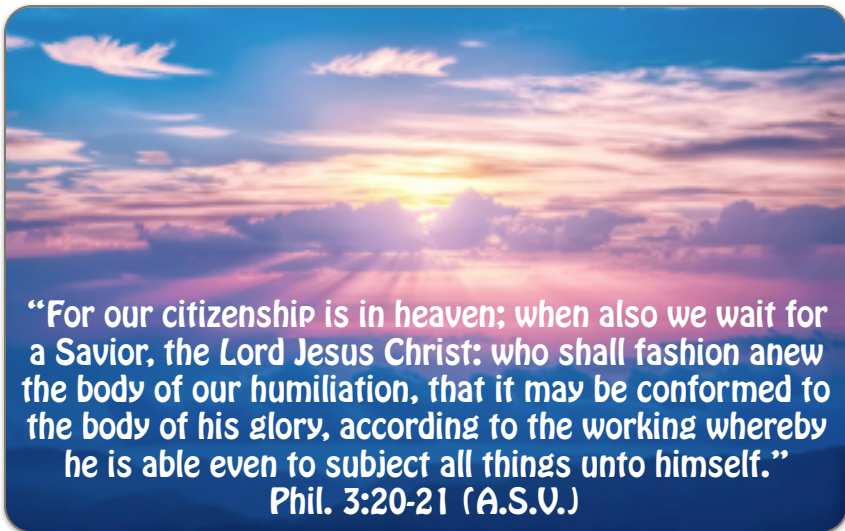


306) To what end did many walk (live their lives)?

307) Why was Paul weeping while speaking to those in Philippi?

308) What four things describe the enemies of the Christ?

To mark how someone walks is to pay attention to it and to remember how they walk, so that their walk can be compared to how other people (like non-believers) also live their lives.



**“For our citizenship is in heaven; when also we wait for a Savior, the Lord Jesus Christ: who shall fashion anew the body of our humiliation, that it may be conformed to the body of his glory, according to the working whereby he is able even to subject all things unto himself.”
Phil. 3:20-21 (A.S.V.)**

Answer the next 4 questions out of the A.S.V.:

309) Where is our citizenship?

310) Who are we waiting for?

311)



What does humiliation mean?

312) What should our humble body be changed (conformed) to?

In a moment, in the twinkling of an _____,

at the last _____:

for the trumpet shall _____,

and the _____ shall be raised incorruptible,

and we shall be _____.

For this _____ must put on incorruption,

and this mortal must put on _____.

1 Cor. 15:52-53




Philippians 4




Phil. 5:1-4 – Rejoicing in the Labor of the Faith


313) How did Paul describe the Philippians?


314) What did Paul ask the Philippians to do?

315)  In verse 1, stand fast means to persevere or to stand firm. Mark this in your Bible

Reference:	Verse:	Marginal Note:
Philippians 4:1	"...so <u>stand fast</u> in the Lord..."	Stand fast: to persevere or stand firm

316)  What does it mean "to be of the same mind in the Lord"?

317)  If the women, Euodias and Syntyche are being exhorted to be of the same mind, what does this tell us about how they were getting along?

318)  What does intreat mean?


319) Where were the names of Paul's fellowlabourers written?

320) How often should we rejoice in the Lord?

The book of life lists the names of the Righteous believers throughout all time. Our hope is that our names are also listed in this book so that we can be a part of the Kingdom which will soon be set up on this earth. A good reference for this is Revelation 3:5.



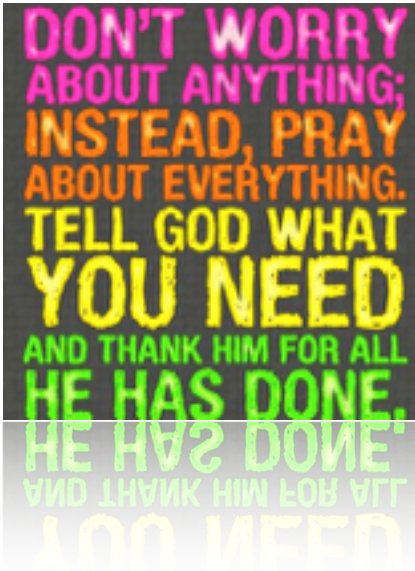
Phil. 4:5-7 – Be of a Good Reputation

321)  In verse 5, moderation means gentle, patient, fair and mild. Mark this in your Bible.


Reference:	Verse:	Marginal Note:
Philippians 4:5	“Let your moderation be known...”	Moderation: gentle, patient, fair, mild

322) Why was it necessary for the brethren to be in moderation unto all men?

323) Should the Philipian’s requests be made known unto God?



324)  What does supplication mean?

325)  Following the example of the Philippians, how should we ask God to help with our requests?

326) What passes all understanding?


327) What will the peace of God do for each of us?



Phil. 4:8-9 – Think On These Things


328) What 6 things should all, who have virtue and praise, think on?

329) What should all of the righteous believers do?

330)  Where else is the “God of peace” mentioned and what does He do? (Hint: Romans 16, Thessalonians & Hebrews)




Phil. 4:10-14 – Doing Well In Christ

331)  What does flourished mean?

332) Why did Paul rejoice in the Lord?

Paul was pleased that the Philippians wanted to care for him, but unfortunately it was too late because Paul was now in bonds in the Roman prison.

333)  In verse 11, content means being happiness with what you have and not wanting more. Mark this in your Bible.



Reference:

Verse:


Marginal Note:

Philippians 4:11


“...therewith to be content...”

Content: being happy with what you have and not wanting more

334) What lesson had Paul learned?

335)  What does abased mean?



336)  Paul is instructed to be content when things are going great for him, and when things are going bad, whether he is doing well or going through suffering. How should we be acting at all times in our own life?



337) Who provided the strength for Paul to be able to continue to work for the Truth?

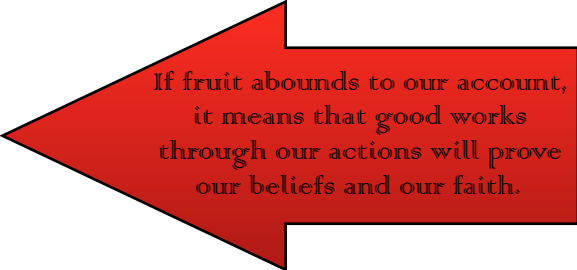
338) How had the Philippians done well?



Phil. 4:15-19 – Supplying for Other’s Needs

339) Who communicated with Paul about giving and receiving?

340) What did Paul desire?



341) How were the gifts from Philippi described?


342) How would God supply all their needs?




Phil. 4:20-23 – Final Salutation

343) Who should all glory be to for ever and ever?

344) Who should be saluted in Christ Jesus?

345)  How did Paul know that they of Ceasar's household were saints? (Hint: Acts 28)

346)  Could there be any greater statement when saying goodbye, besides what is stated in verse 23? Why?

"The grace of the Lord Jesus Christ be with you all" is an excellent way to say goodbye. It reminds us to focus on the hope of the great reward (the Kingdom) that is going to be given when Christ returns.



Unscramble the tiles to find out what God will supply for us.

Y	CH	BUT	ING	MY	G	NEE	JES
ICHE	US.	OD	S	RIST	IS	R	HALL
PLY	ALL	D	AC	CORD	YOUR	RY	B
SUP	S	IN	GLO	TO	H		

CONGRATULATIONS!

You have finished your Kids Camp
Workbook for 2016!

A few final steps:

- ❑ Double Check all your work for accuracy & neatness (remember, there will be a prize for the best workbook).
- ❑ Don't forget to complete your Minute Meditation & one of the projects listed on page VI. These are part of your workbook!
- ❑ Once you are happy with your workbook & project, have your parents sign the cover. Make sure to put them with your stuff for camp so you don't forget them!

Great job on all your hard work.

We look forward to seeing you at camp!