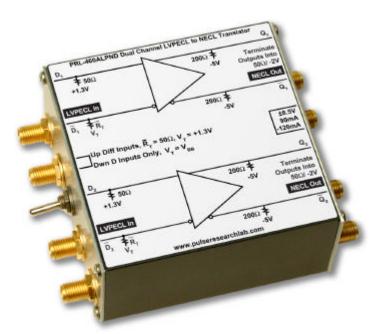
# PRL-460ALPND DUAL CHANNEL LVPECL TO NECL TRANSLATOR

### **APPLICATIONS**

- Converting Single Ended or Differential LVPECL Signals to Differential NECL Signals
- High Speed Digital Communications systems Testing
- High Speed SONET Clock Level Translation

#### **FEATURES**

- $\circ$  f<sub>max</sub> > 1.25 GHz
- $\circ$  750 ps  $t_r$
- o 50 W/V<sub>TT</sub> Input Terminations
- Single Ended or Differential Inputs
- Complementary NECL Outputs drive 50 W /-2V Terminations, AC-coupled or Floating 50 WLoads
- o DC coupled I/O's with SMA Connectors
- Self-contained 1.3 x 2.9 x 2.9-in. unit including an AC/DC Adapter



PRL-460ALPND
Dual Channel LVPECL to NECL Translator

#### DESCRIPTION

The PRL-460ALPND is a dual channel LVPECL to NECL Logic Level Translator module, intended for operation from DC to the GHz range. Maximum clock frequency is typically 1.5GHz. These modules can receive either single-ended or differential input signals, to be selected by a switch.

The complementary outputs of these modules are designed for driving 50  $\Omega$  loads terminated to -2 V, and they can also drive AC coupled or floating 50  $\Omega$  loads. These high speed translator modules facilitate testing and integration of high speed digital communications circuits and systems, where conversion of signals from LVPECL to NECL logic families is often required.

The PRL-460ALPND inputs are designed to interface with LVPECL circuits operating with a +3.3 V supply. In the differential input mode, both inputs D and  $\overline{D}$  are terminated into 50  $\Omega/V_{TT}$ , where  $V_{TT}$  is +1.3 V for LVPECL. In this mode, either one or both inputs can accept AC-coupled signals as well. In the single-input mode, signals should be connected to the D inputs only. Inputs  $\overline{D}$  are switched internally to  $V_{BB}$ , nominally +2 V for LVPECL, and termination resistors  $\overline{R}_{T}$ 's for the  $\overline{D}$  input channels are changed to 62  $\Omega$ . A block diagram of the PRL-460ALPND is shown in Fig. 1.

The PRL-460ALPND is supplied with a  $\pm 8.5$  V AC/DC Adapter and housed in a 1.3 x 2.9 x 2.9-in. extruded aluminum enclosure.



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## \*SPECIFICATIONS (0° C £ T<sub>A</sub> £ 35° C)

Unless otherwise specified, dynamic measurements are made with all outputs terminated into 50  $\Omega$ /-2 V.

| Symbol                         | Parameter                                 | PRL-460ALPND    |      |       | Unit |
|--------------------------------|---|-----------------|------|-------|------|
|                                |   | Min             | Тур  | Max   |      |
| R <sub>in</sub>                | Input Resistance                          | 49.5            | 50   | 50.5  | Ω    |
| R <sub>out</sub>               | Output Resistance                         |                 | NA   |       | Ω    |
|                                | (NPN emitter with $200 \Omega$ pull down) |                 |      |       |      |
| V <sub>TT</sub>                | "D" Input Termination Voltage (fixed)     | 1.18            | 1.30 | 1.43  | V    |
| $V_{\mathrm{T}}$               | "D" Input Termination Voltage (variable)  | 1.18/           | 1.3/ | 1.43/ | V    |
|                                |   | 1.8             | 2.0  | 2.2   |      |
| Vol                            | Output Low Level                          | -1.85           | -1.7 | -1.55 | V    |
| Vон                            | Output High Level                         | -1.0            | -0.8 | -0.7  | V    |
| Vop-p                          | Output voltage swing, f = 700 MHz         |                 | 500  |       | mV   |
|                                | Output voltage swing, f = 400 MHz         |                 | 750  |       |      |
| $I_{DC}$                       | DC Input Current                          |                 | +90  | 100   | mA   |
|                                |   |                 | -120 | -135  |      |
| $V_{DC}$                       | DC Input Voltage                          | ±7.5            | ±8.5 | ±12   | V    |
| V <sub>AC</sub>                | AC/DC Adapter Input Voltage               | 103             | 115  | 127   | V    |
| t <sub>PLH</sub>               | Propagation Delay to output ↑             |                 | 1.25 |       | ns   |
| t <sub>PHL</sub>               | Propagation Delay to output ↓             |                 | 1.25 |       | ns   |
| t <sub>r</sub> /t <sub>f</sub> | Rise/Fall Times (20%-80%)*                |                 | 750  | 950   | ps   |
| t <sub>SKEW</sub>              | Skew between any 2 outputs                |                 | 50   | 120   | ps   |
| f <sub>max</sub>               | Max Clock Frequency                       | 1.25            | 1.5  |       | GHz  |
|                                | Size                                      | 1.3 x 2.9 x 2.9 |      | in.   |      |
|                                | Weight                                    |                 | 7    |       | Oz   |

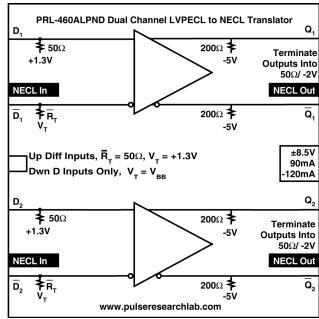


Fig. 1 PRL-460ALPND Block Diagram

<sup>\*</sup>An unused complementary output must be either terminated into  $50~\Omega/V_{TT}$  or AC coupled into a  $50~\Omega$  load; otherwise, output waveform distortion and rise time degradation will occur. Use the PRL-ACT-50 dual channel AC coupled  $50~\Omega$  Termination for terminating unused complementary outputs and the PRL-SC-104 DC Block or PRL-ACX-12dB AC coupled attenuator for connection of NECL signals to  $50~\Omega$  input oscilloscopes, if DC information is not needed. Otherwise, use the PRL-550NQ4X four channel NECL Terminators for the  $50~\Omega/V_{TT}$  termination and for connection of NECL signals to  $50~\Omega$  input oscilloscopes.