

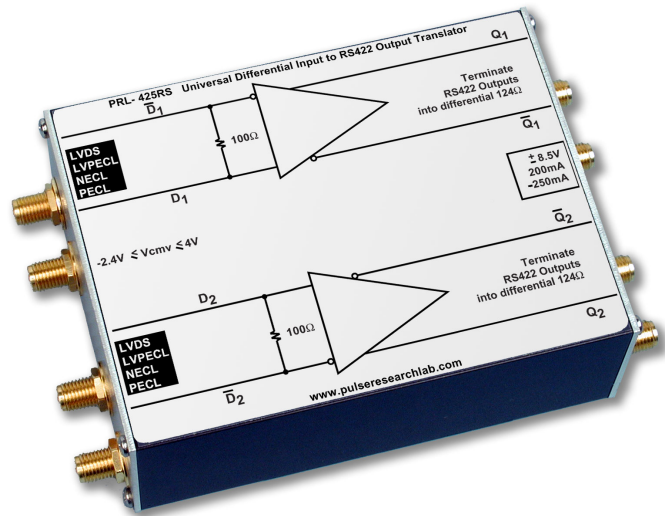
PRL-425RS DUAL CHANNEL UNIVERSAL DIFFERENTIAL RECEIVER, RS422 OUTPUTS

APPLICATIONS

- Differential LVDS, LVPECL, NECL, PECL, RS422 or TTL to RS422 Logic Level Translation
- Conversion of Differential Signals to Single-ended Signals
- Essential Lab Tools for interfacing with High Speed Data Communications Equipment

FEATURES

- 500MHz maximum Clock Rate
- Floating $100\ \Omega$ Universal Differential Inputs Accept LVDS, LVPECL, NECL, PECL or TTL Inputs
- Complementary $124\ \Omega$ Outputs for RS422 Interface
- Ready-to-Use $1.3 \times 2.9 \times 3.9$ -in. Modules include a $\pm 8.5\text{V}/1.4\text{A}$ AC/DC Adapter



PRL-425RS, Universal Differential Receiver, RS422Outputs

DESCRIPTION

The PRL-425RS is a dual channel universal differential input to RS422 output translator. The floating $100\ \Omega$ inputs are designed for interfacing with differential signals within the common mode range of -2.4V to $+4\text{V}$. Therefore, they are compatible with LVDS, LVPECL, LVTTTL/CMOS, NECL, PECL, RS422 or TTL differential input signals. The complementary $124\ \Omega$ outputs of the PRL-425RS are designed for driving RS422 input devices, and they will also drive other PRL-425 series modules. They are also long line drivers, designed specifically for use with high speed data communications applications. A functional block diagram of this device is shown in Fig. 1.

The standard unit is supplied with SMA input and output connectors. Model PRL-425RSTR has Triax input connectors and SMA output connectors. Model number PRL-425RSTR-C002 has SMA input connectors and Triax output connectors.

Each unit is supplied with a $\pm 8.5\text{V}/1.4\text{A}$ AC/DC Adapter and housed in a $1.3 \times 2.9 \times 3.9$ -in. extruded aluminum enclosure. Available accessories include voltage distribution modules and brackets for mounting multiple units.

***SPECIFICATIONS (0° C ≤ T_A ≤ 35°C)**

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	Min	Typ	Max	UNIT
R _{inD}	Differential Input Resistance	95	100	105	Ω
R _{inC}	Common Mode Input Resistance		5K		Ω
I _{DC}	DC Input Current		165/-240	200/-260	mA
V _{DC}	DC Input Voltage	±7.5	±8.5	±12	V
V _{AC}	AC/DC Adapter Input Voltage	103	115	127	V
V _{OHNL}	Output Hi Level, No Load	2.75	3	3.3	V
V _{OHFL}	Output Hi Level, 124Ω load	1.8	2.0	2.2	V
V _{OLNL}	Output Lo Level, No Load	-1.2	-1	-0.8	V
V _{OLFL}	Output Lo Level, 124Ω Load	-0.2	0	0.2	V
t _{PLH}	Propagation Delay to output ↑		2200		ps
t _{PHL}	Propagation Delay to output ↓		2200		ps
t _r /t _f	Rise/Fall Times ¹		1000	1300	ps
f _{max I}	Max Clock Frequency, SMA ²	500	580		MHz
f _{max II}	Max Clock Frequency, Triax ²	350	450		MHz
t _{SKEW1}	Skew between outputs		250	500	ps
t _{SKEW2}	Skew from unit to units		500	1000	ps
V _{CM}	Input Common Mode Voltage	-2.4		+4	V
	Size		1.3x2.9x3.9		in.
	Weight		5		Oz

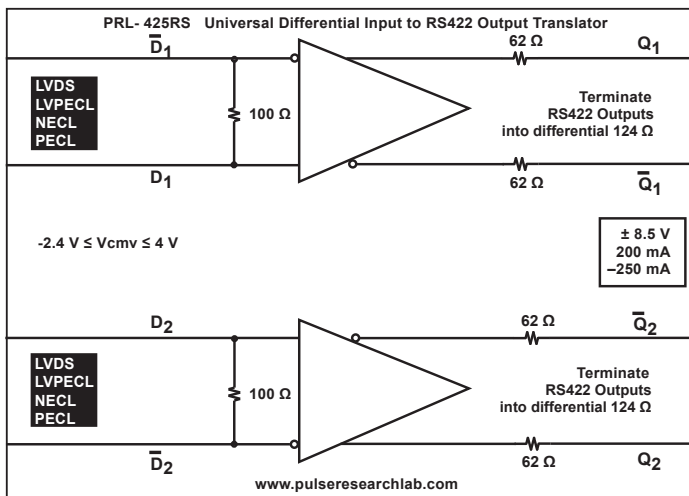


Fig. 1 PRL-425RS Block Diagram

Notes: (1). the output rise and fall times (10%-90%) of models with SMA output connectors are measured with both the Q and \bar{Q} outputs terminated into ground referenced 50 Ω terminations. Rise and fall times for models with Triax output connectors are not measured.
 (2). In f_{max} measurement, the module under test is connected between a driver PRL-425N and a receiver PRL-425N having the same interfacing connectors, SMA to SMA, Triax to Triax, etc. The outputs of the receiving PRL-425N are then connected to a PRL-255N frequency divider, and the outputs of the PRL-255N are measured using the PRL-550N4X NECL terminator connected to a sampling scope. The interconnecting cable for Triax I/O is the Trompeter PCGOW10PCG-36 shielded twisted pair cable.