## PRL-304ANI-0dB, 1:2 Differential RF Distribution Amplifier Preliminary

## APPLICATIONS

- 1:2 Differential RF Signal Fanout
- Transmission Line Driver
- Single-Ended to Differential Signal Conversion
- RF Receiver
- Pulse Amplifier
- General Purpose Wideband Amplifier


## FEATURES

- Ready to Use Amplifier with Two Pairs of Differential Outputs
- 0.5 dB Gain Match Typical @ 10 MHz
- Small Signal 3 dB Bandwidth up to 412 MHz (Preliminary)
- Clean Pulse Response
- 0 dB gain, $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{O}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IN}}\left(\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=50 \Omega\right)$, well suited for cascading
- $\pm 1.5 \mathrm{~V}, 3.0 \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{PP}}$, Maximum Outputs, $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=50 \Omega$
- DC Coupled $50 \Omega$ I/Os
- $\pm 110 \mathrm{~mA}$ Supply Current Typical
- $1.3 \mathrm{H} \times 2.9 \mathrm{~W} \times 2.9 \mathrm{~L}-\mathrm{in}$. Module includes $\pm 8.5 \mathrm{~V}$ AC/DC Adapter


PRL-304ANI-0dB, 1:4 RF Distribution
Amplifier

## DESCRIPTION

The PRL-304ANI-0dB is a 0 dB gain, DC-coupled 1:2 differential output RF splitter amplifier. It converts a single-ended input into two pairs of identical differential outputs. The gain match between any pair of differential output is 0.5 dB typical (a) 10 MHz , and the small signal bandwidth is 412 MHz typical. Maximum output is $\pm 1.5 \mathrm{~V}$, or $3.0 \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{PP}}$ into $50 \Omega$. Each output is $50 \Omega$ back-terminated, and the input has a $50 \Omega$-to-ground termination. The 0 dB gain, $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{O}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IN}}\left(\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=50 \Omega\right)$, allows multiple amplifiers to be cascaded for signal distribution applications.

The PRL-304ANI-0dB has been optimized both for pulse response and for CW response, so that output overshoots and ringing for a fast pulse input are much smaller compared to those from amplifiers designed mainly for CW applications. With a $50 \Omega$ back termination at each output, the amplifier can drive long transmission lines with or without load terminations. For optimum output response all outputs should be terminated into $50 \Omega$.

The PRL-304ANI-0dB is housed in a $1.3 \mathrm{H} \times 2.9 \mathrm{~W} \times 2.9 \mathrm{~L}-\mathrm{in}$. aluminum enclosure, and four amplifier modules can share a single PRL-760C, 4-output $\pm 8.5 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{AC} / \mathrm{DC}$ adapter. Besides the I/O and power connections, no other set up or connection is required. The PRL-304ANI-0dB is a part of the PRL family of Mini Modular Instruments (MMIs).

## PRELIMINARY SPECIFICATIONS ( $0^{0} \mathrm{C} \leq \mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}} \leq \mathbf{3 5}^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ )

Unless otherwise specified, dynamic measurements are made with all outputs terminated into $50 \Omega$.

| SYMBOL | PARAMETER | Min | Typ | Max | UNIT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{R}_{\text {IN }}$ | Input Resistance | 49.5 | 50.0 | 50.5 | $\Omega$ |
| $\mathbf{R}_{\text {OUT }}$ | Output Resistance | 49.5 | 50.0 | 50.5 | $\Omega$ |
| $\mathbf{A}_{0}$ | Open Circuit Voltage Gain, $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}>1 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ |  | 2 |  |  |
| $\mathbf{A}_{\mathbf{L}}$ | Loaded Voltage Gain, $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=50 \Omega$ |  | 1 |  |  |
| $\mathbf{A}_{\text {dB }}$ | Voltage Gain in dB |  | 0 |  | dB |
| $\Delta \mathrm{V}$ | Differential Gain Match @ $10 \mathrm{MHz}, 1 \mathrm{~V}_{\text {PP }}$ Sinewave Input |  | 0.5 |  | dB |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\text {DC1 }}$ | Quiescent DC Input Current, $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IN }}=0 \mathrm{~V}$ |  | $\pm 50$ | $\pm 60$ | mA |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\text {DC2 }}$ | DC Input Current @ 100MHz, $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{O}}= \pm 1.5 \mathrm{~V}$ into $50 \Omega$ |  | $\pm 125$ | $\pm 135$ | mA |
| $\mathbf{V}_{\text {DC }}$ | DC Input Voltage | $\pm 7.5$ | $\pm 8.5$ | $\pm 12.0$ | V |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {AC1 }}$ | AC/DC Adapter Input Voltage, switched to "120 V" | 103 | 115 | 127 | V |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {AC2 }}$ | AC/DC Adapter Input Voltage, switched to " 230 V " | 206 | 230 | 254 | V |
| ${ }^{\text {PLLH }}$ | Propagation Delay to output $\uparrow$ |  | 1.8 |  | ns |
| ${ }^{\text {P }}$ PHL | Propagation Delay to output $\downarrow$ |  | 1.8 |  | ns |
| $\mathbf{t r i}^{1} / \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{fl}}$ | Small Signal Rise/Fall Times ( $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{O}}= \pm 200 \mathrm{mV}$ ) |  | 850 | 1000 | ps |
| BW1 | Small Signal 3 dB Bandwidth | 350 | 412 |  | MHz |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{r} 2} / \mathrm{t}_{\text {r }}$ | Large Signal Rise/Fall Times ( $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{O}}= \pm 1.25 \mathrm{~V}$ ) |  | 1.25 | 1.50 | ns |
| BW2 | Large Signal 3 dB Bandwidth | 233 | 280 |  | MHz |
| ${ }^{\text {t SKEW }}$ | Skew between any two outputs @ 25 MHz |  | 100 | 250 | ps |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {In Max dc }}$ | Maximum Input, DC Coupled | -2.0 | $\pm 2.0$ | 2.0 | V |
| $V_{\text {In max ac }}$ | Maximum Input, AC Coupled | 3.8 | 4.0 | 4.0 | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{pp}}$ |
| $V_{\text {OMAX }}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{O}}$ maximum, all outputs terminated into $50 \Omega$ | 3.0 | 4.0 | 4.2 | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{pp}}$ |
|  | Size | $1.3 \times 2.9 \times 2.9$ |  |  | in |
|  | Weight, w/o AC adapter | 5 |  |  | Oz |
|  | Shipping weight, w/AC adapter | 4 |  |  | lb |



Fig. 1, PRL-304ANI-0dB
1:2 Differential RF Distribution Amplifier

