# **User Manual**

# **3KVA INVERTER / CHARGER**

Version: 1.0

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# **ABOUT THIS MANUAL**

### Purpose

This manual describes the assembly, installation, operation and troubleshooting of this unit. Please read this manual carefully before installations and operations. Keep this manual for future reference.

### Scope

This manual provides safety and installation guidelines as well as information on tools and wiring.

# SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS



# WARNING: This chapter contains important safety and operating instructions. Read and keep this manual for future reference.

- 1. Before using the unit, read all instructions and cautionary markings on the unit, the batteries and all appropriate sections of this manual.
- 2. **CAUTION** --To reduce risk of injury, charge only deep-cycle lead acid type rechargeable batteries. Other types of batteries may burst, causing personal injury and damage.
- 3. Do not disassemble the unit. Take it to a qualified service center when service or repair is required. Incorrect re-assembly may result in a risk of electric shock or fire.
- 4. To reduce risk of electric shock, disconnect all wirings before attempting any maintenance or cleaning. Turning off the unit will not reduce this risk.
- 5. **CAUTION** Only qualified personnel can install this device with battery.
- 6. **NEVER** charge a frozen battery.
- 7. For optimum operation of this inverter/charger, please follow required spec to select appropriate cable size. It's very important to correctly operate this inverter/charger.
- 8. Be very cautious when working with metal tools on or around batteries. A potential risk exists to drop a tool to spark or short circuit batteries or other electrical parts and could cause an explosion.
- 9. Please strictly follow installation procedure when you want to disconnect AC or DC terminals. Please refer to INSTALLATION section of this manual for the details.
- 10. One piece of 150A fuse is provided as over-current protection for the battery supply.
- 11. GROUNDING INSTRUCTIONS -This inverter/charger should be connected to a permanent grounded wiring system. Be sure to comply with local requirements and regulation to install this inverter.
- 12. NEVER cause AC output and DC input short circuited. Do NOT connect to the mains when DC input short circuits.
- 13. **Warning!!** Only qualified service persons are able to service this device. If errors still persist after following troubleshooting table, please send this inverter/charger back to local dealer or service center for maintenance.

# INTRODUCTION

This is a multi-function inverter/charger, combining functions of inverter, solar charger and battery charger to offer uninterruptible power support with portable size. Its comprehensive LCD display offers user-configurable and easy-accessible button operation such as battery charging current, AC/solar charger priority, and acceptable input voltage based on different applications.

There are two different types of built-in solar chargers: PWM and MPPT solar charger. For the detailed product specification, please consult your local dealers.

### Features

- Pure sine wave inverter
- Configurable input voltage range for home appliances and personal computers via LCD setting
- Configurable battery charging current based on applications via LCD setting
- Configurable AC/Solar Charger priority via LCD setting
- Compatible to mains voltage or generator power
- Auto restart while AC is recovering
- Overload/ Over temperature/ short circuit protection
- Smart battery charger design for optimized battery performance
- Cold start function

### **Basic System Architecture**

The following illustration shows basic application for this inverter/charger. It also includes following devices to have a complete running system:

- Generator or Utility.
- PV modules

Consult with your system integrator for other possible system architectures depending on your requirements.

This inverter can power all kinds of appliances in home or office environment, including motor-type appliances such as tube light, fan, refrigerator and air conditioner.

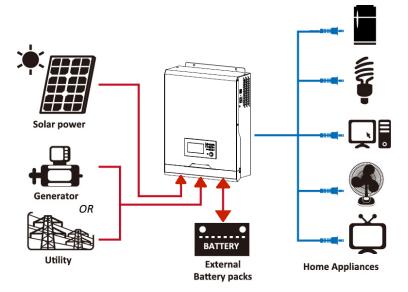
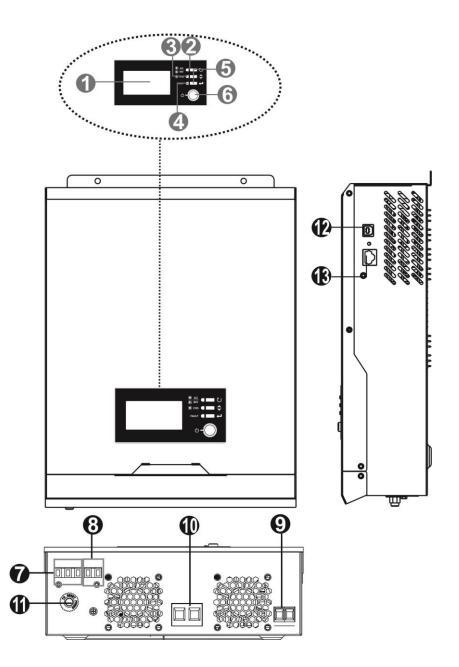


Figure 1 Hybrid Power System

### **Product Overview**



- 1. LCD display
- 2. Status indicator
- 3. Charging indicator
- 4. Fault indicator
- 5. Function buttons
- 6. Power on/off switch
- 7. AC input
- 8. AC output
- 9. PV input
- 10. Battery input
- 11. Circuit breaker
- 12. USB communication port
- 13. RS-232 communication port

# INSTALLATION

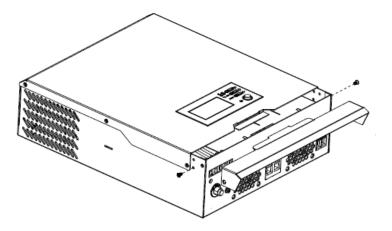
### **Unpacking and Inspection**

Before installation, please inspect the unit. Be sure that nothing inside the package is damaged. You should have received the following items inside of package:

- The unit x 1
- User manual x 1
- Communication cable x 2
- Software CD x 1
- Ring terminal x 1

### Preparation

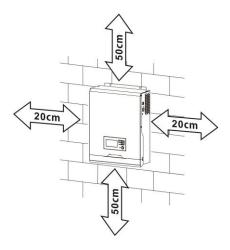
Before connecting all wirings, please take off bottom cover by removing two screws as shown below.



### **Mounting the Unit**

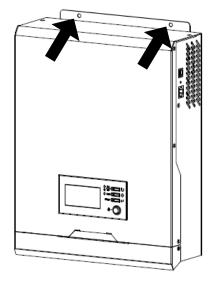
Consider the following points before selecting where to install:

- Do not mount the inverter on flammable construction materials.
- Mount on a solid surface
- Install this inverter at eye level in order to allow the LCD display to be read at all times.
- For proper air circulation to dissipate heat, allow a clearance of approx. 20 cm to the side and approx. 50 cm above and below the unit.
- The ambient temperature should be between 0°C and 55°C to ensure optimal operation.
- The recommended installation position is to be adhered to the wall vertically.
- Be sure to keep other objects and surfaces as shown in the diagram to guarantee sufficient heat dissipation and to have enough space for removing wires.



# SUITABLE FOR MOUNTING ON CONCRETE OR OTHER NON-COMBUSTIBLE SURFACE ONLY.

Install the unit by screwing two screws. It's recommended to use M4 or M5 screws.



## **Battery Connection**

**CAUTION:** For safety operation and regulation compliance, it's requested to install a separate DC over-current protector or disconnect device between battery and inverter. It may not be requested to have a disconnect device in some applications, however, it's still requested to have over-current protection installed. Please refer to typical amperage in below table as required fuse or breaker size.

**WARNING!** All wiring must be performed by a qualified personnel.

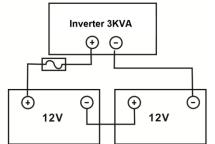
**WARNING!** It's very important for system safety and efficient operation to use appropriate cable for battery connection. To reduce risk of injury, please use the proper recommended cable as below.

#### **Recommended battery cable size:**

Model	Wire Size	Cable (mm <sup>2</sup> )	Torque value ( max )
3KVA	1 x 4AWG	25	2 Nm

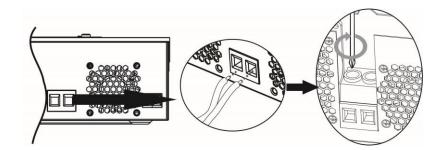
Please follow below steps to implement battery connection:

- 1. Remove insulation sleeve 18 mm for positive and negative conductors.
- 2. Suggest to put bootlace ferrules on the end of positive and negative wires with a proper crimping tool.
- 3. 3KVA model supports 24VDC system. Connect all battery packs as below chart. It's suggested to connect at least 100Ah capacity battery.



4. Insert the battery wires flatly into battery connectors of inverter and make sure the bolts are tightened with torque of 2 Nm in clockwise direction. Make sure polarity at both the battery and the inverter/charge is correctly connected and conductors are tightly screwed into the battery terminals. Recommended tool: #2 Pozi Screwdriver

5





#### WARNING: Shock Hazard

Installation must be performed with care due to high battery voltage in series.

# Ŵ

**CAUTION!!** Before making the final DC connection or closing DC breaker/disconnector, be sure positive (+) must be connected to positive (+) and negative (-) must be connected to negative (-).

## AC Input/Output Connection

**CAUTION!!** Before connecting to AC input power source, please install a **separate** AC breaker between inverter and AC input power source. This will ensure the inverter can be securely disconnected during maintenance and fully protected from over current of AC input. The recommended spec of AC breaker is 32A for 3KVA.

**CAUTION!!** There are two terminal blocks with "IN" and "OUT" markings. Please do NOT mis-connect input and output connectors.

**WARNING!** All wiring must be performed by a qualified personnel.

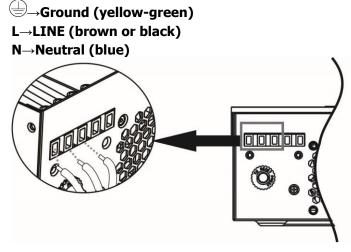
**WARNING!** It's very important for system safety and efficient operation to use appropriate cable for AC input connection. To reduce risk of injury, please use the proper recommended cable size as below.

#### Suggested cable requirement for AC wires

Model	Gauge	Cable (mm <sup>2</sup> )	Torque Value
3KVA	12 AWG	4	0.5 Nm

Please follow below steps to implement AC input/output connection:

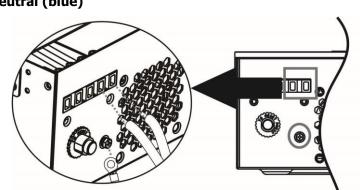
- 1. Before making AC input/output connection, be sure to open DC protector or disconnector first.
- 2. Remove insulation sleeve 7mm for five conductors.
- 3. Insert AC input wires according to polarities indicated on terminal block and tighten the terminal screws. Be sure to connect PE protective conductor ( ) first.



#### WARNING:

Be sure that AC power source is disconnected before attempting to hardwire it to the unit.

- 4. Then, insert AC output wires according to polarities indicated on terminal block and tighten terminal screws. Be sure to connect PE protective conductor ( ) first.
  - Ground (yellow-green) L→LINE (brown or black) N→Neutral (blue)



5. Make sure the wires are securely connected.

**CAUTION:** Appliances such as air conditioner are required at least 2~3 minutes to restart because it's required to have enough time to balance refrigerant gas inside of circuits. If a power shortage occurs and recovers in a short time, it will cause damage to your connected appliances. To prevent this kind of damage, please check manufacturer of air conditioner if it's equipped with time-delay function before installation. Otherwise, this inverter/charger will trig overload fault and cut off output to protect your appliance but sometimes it still causes internal damage to the air conditioner.

### **PV** Connection

**CAUTION:** Before connecting to PV modules, please install **separately** a DC circuit breaker between inverter and PV modules.

**WARNING!** It's very important for system safety and efficient operation to use appropriate cable for PV module connection. To reduce risk of injury, please use the proper recommended cable size as below.

Model	Wire Size	Cable (mm <sup>2</sup> )	Torque value ( max )
3KVA	1 x 8AWG	10	1.2 Nm

#### PV Module Selection: (Only for the model with PWM solar charger)

When selecting proper PV modules, please be sure to consider below requirements first: 1. Open circuit Voltage (Voc) of PV modules not exceeds max. PV array open circuit voltage of inverter.

▫.	(VOC) OF FV HIDDUIES HOL EXCEEDS HIAX. F	v array open circuit v
	Charging Current (PWM)	50Amp
	System DC Voltage	24Vdc
	Operating Voltage Range	30~32Vdc
ĺ	Max. PV Array Open Circuit Voltage	80Vdc

 Max. Power Voltage (Vmpp) of PV modules should be close to best Vmp of inverter or within Vmp range to get best performance. If one PV module cannot meet this requirement, it's necessary to have several PV modules in series connection. **Maximum PV module numbers in Series:** Vmpp of PV module \* X pcs = Best Vmp of Inverter or Vmp range

PV module numbers in Parallel: Max. charging current of inverter / Impp

Total PV module numbers = maximum PV module numbers in series \* PV module numbers in parallel

Take an example to select proper PV module. After considering Voc of PV module not exceed 80Vdc and max. Vmpp of PV module close to 30Vdc or within  $30Vdc \sim 32Vdc$ , we can choose PV module with below specification.

Maximum Power (Pmax)	260W	Max. PV module numbers in series
Max. Power Voltage Vmpp(V)	30.9V	1 <b>→</b> 30.9 x 1 ≒ 30 ~ 32
Max. Power Current Impp(A)	8.42A	PV module numbers in parallel
Open Circuit Voltage Voc(V)	37.7V	6 → 50 A / 8.42
Short Circuit Current Isc(A)	8.89A	Total PV module numbers
		$1 \times 6 = 6$

Maximum PV module numbers in Series: 1 PV module numbers in Parallel: 6 Total PV module numbers: 1 x 6 = 6

#### PV Module Selection: (Only for the model with MPPT solar charger)

When selecting proper PV modules, please be sure to consider below parameters:

- 1. Open circuit Voltage (Voc) of PV modules not exceeds max. PV array open circuit voltage of inverter.
- 2. Open circuit Voltage (Voc) of PV modules should be higher than min. battery voltage.

Max. PV Array Open Circuit Voltage	102Vdc
PV Array MPPT Voltage Range	30~80Vdc

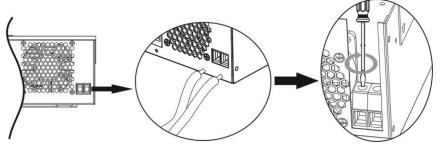
Take 250Wp PV module as an example. After considering above two parameters, the recommended module configurations are listed as below table.

Maximum Power (Pmax)	250W	3KVA:
Max. Power Voltage Vmpp(V)	30.1V	2 pieces in serial and 2 sets in parallel.
Max. Power Current Impp(A)	8.3A	
Open Circuit Voltage Voc(V)	37.7V	
Short Circuit Current Isc(A)	8.4A	

#### **PV Module Wire Connection**

Please follow below steps to implement PV module connection:

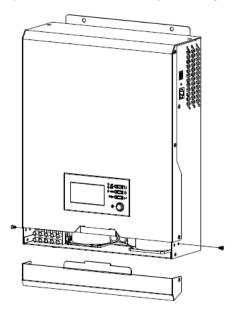
- 1. Remove insulation sleeve 10 mm for positive and negative conductors.
- 2. Suggest to put bootlace ferrules on the end of positive and negative wires with a proper crimping tool.
- Check correct polarity of wire connection from PV modules and PV input connectors. Then, connect positive pole (+) of connection wire to positive pole (+) of PV input connector. Connect negative pole (-) of connection wire to negative pole (-) of PV input connector. Screw two wires tightly in clockwise direction. Recommended tool: 4mm blade screwdriver





## **Final Assembly**

After connecting all wirings, please put bottom cover back by screwing two screws as shown below.

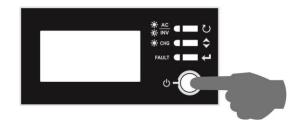


### **Communication Connection**

Please use supplied communication cable to connect to inverter and PC. Insert bundled CD into a computer and follow on-screen instruction to install the monitoring software. For the detailed software operation, please check user manual of software inside of CD.

# **OPERATION**

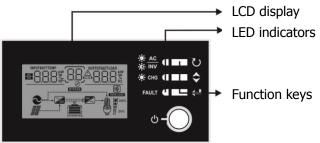
### **Power ON/OFF**



Once the unit has been properly installed and the batteries are connected well, simply press On/Off switch (located on the LCD control panel) to turn on the unit.

### **Operation and Display Panel**

The operation and display panel, shown in below chart, is on the front panel of the inverter. It includes three indicators, four function keys and a LCD display, indicating the operating status and input/output power information.



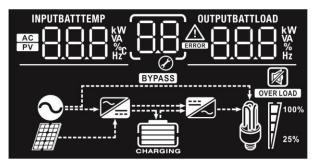
#### **LED Indicator**

LED In	dicator		Messages
₩AC/ XX INV Green		Solid On	Output is powered by utility in Line mode.
		Flashing	Output is powered by battery or PV in battery mode.
		Solid On	Battery is fully charged.
🔆 CHG	Green	Flashing	Battery is charging.
	FAULT Ded		Fault occurs in the inverter.
ZIA FAULI	Red –	Flashing	Warning condition occurs in the inverter.

#### **Function Keys**

Function Key		Description	
Ŭ	ESC	To exit setting mode	
\$	SCROLL	To go to next selection	
←	ENTER	To confirm the selection in setting mode or enter setting mode	

# **LCD Display Icons**



Icon	F	Function description			
Input Source In	formation				
AC	Indicates the AC input.				
PV	Indicates the PV input				
INPUTBATT		frequency, PV voltage, charger current (if PV in rger power (only for MPPT models), battery			
<b>Configuration P</b>	rogram and Fault Information	on and a second s			
88	Indicates the setting progran	Indicates the setting programs.			
	Indicates the warning and fa	ult codes.			
	Warning: flashing with warning code.				
<b>Output Informa</b>	tion				
OUTPUTBATTLOAD	Indicate output voltage, output frequency, load percent, load in VA, load in Watt and discharging current.				
Battery Informa	ation				
CHARGING	Indicates battery level by 0-24%, 25-49%, 50-74% and 75-100% in battery mode and charging status in line mode.				
In AC mode, it wil	I present battery charging statu	S.			
Status	Battery voltage	LCD Display			
		4 bars will flash in turns.			
Constant	2 ~ 2.083V/cell	Bottom bar will be on and the other three bars will flash in turns.			
Current mode / Constant	2.083 ~ 2.167V/cell	Bottom two bars will be on and the other two bars will flash in turns.			
Voltage mode	> 2.167 V/cell	Bottom three bars will be on and the top bar will flash.			
Floating mode. E	Batteries are fully charged.	4 bars will be on.			

In battery mode, it will present battery capacity.						
	Batte	ry Voltage	LCD Display			
	< 1.85V/cell					
1.85V		/cell ~ 1.933V/cell				
1.933		V/cell ~ 2.017V/cell				
	> 2.0	17V/cell				
	< 1.8	92V/cell				
	1.892	V/cell ~ 1.975V/cell				
	1.975	V/cell ~ 2.058V/cell				
	> 2.0	58V/cell				
Load Information						
Indicates overload.						
Indicates the load level by 0-24%, 25-49%, 50-74% and 75-100%.						
0%~24%		25%~49%	50%~74%	75%~100%		
7		7	7	7		
Information						
Indicates unit	t conn	ects to the mains.				
Indicates unit connects to the PV panel.						
Indicates load is supplied by utility power.						
Indicates the utility charger circuit is working.						
Indicates the DC/AC inverter circuit is working.						
Mute Operation						
	Indicates uni Indicates uni Indicates uni Indicates uni Indicates uni Indicates uni Indicates uni	Batter $< 1.8$ $< 1.8$ $1.85V$ $1.933$ $> 2.0$ $< 1.8$ $2.0$ $< 1.892$ $1.892$ $1.975$ $2.0$ $1.975$ $2.0$ $1.975$ $2.0$ $1.975$ $2.0$ $1.975$ <	Battery Voltage $< 1.85V/cell$ $1.85V/cell ~ 1.933V/cell$ $1.85V/cell ~ 2.017V/cell$ $2.017V/cell$ $> 2.017V/cell$ $< 1.892V/cell ~ 1.975V/cell$ $1.975V/cell ~ 2.058V/cell$ $1.975V/cell ~ 2.058V/cell$ $1.975V/cell ~ 2.058V/cell$ Indicates overload.Indicates the load level by 0-24%, 25-4 $0\% ~ 24\%$ $25\% ~ 49\%$ $0\% ~ 24\%$ $25\% ~ 49\%$ Indicates unit converts to the mains.Indicates load is supplied by utility powerIndicates the utility charger circuit is were	Battery Voltage         LCD Display           < 1.85V/cell		

# LCD Setting

After pressing and holding ENTER button for 3 seconds, the unit will enter setting mode. Press "UP" or "DOWN" button to select setting programs. And then, press "ENTER" button to confirm the selection or ESC button to exit.

#### Setting Programs:

Program	Description	Selectable option	
00	Exit setting mode	Escape	
		Solar first	Solar energy provides power to the loads as first priority. If solar energy is not sufficient to power all connected loads, battery energy will supply power the loads at the same time. Utility provides power to the loads only when any one condition happens: - Solar energy is not available - Battery voltage drops to low-level warning voltage or the setting point in program 12.
01	Output source priority: To configure load power source priority	Utility first (default)	Utility will provide power to the loads as first priority. Solar and battery energy will provide power to the loads only when utility power is not available.
		SBU priority	Solar energy provides power to the loads as first priority. If solar energy is not sufficient to power all connected loads, battery energy will supply power to the loads at the same time. Utility provides power to the loads only when battery voltage drops to either low-level warning voltage or the setting point in program 12.
	Maximum charging current: To configure total charging current for solar and utility		20A 02^
02	chargers. (Max. charging current = utility charging current + solar charging current)	30A 02	40A (default for MPPT model)

	Maximum charging current: To configure total charging current for solar and utility	50A (default for PWM model)	60A 02 <u>60 ^</u>
02	chargers. (Max. charging current = utility charging current + solar charging current)	70A (only for PWM model)	
02		Appliances (default)	If selected, acceptable AC input voltage range will be within 90-280VAC.
03	AC input voltage range	UPS 03_UPS_	If selected, acceptable AC input voltage range will be within 170-280VAC.
		AGM (default)	
05	Battery type	User-Defined	If "User-Defined" is selected, battery charge voltage and low DC cut-off voltage can be set up in program 26, 27 and 29.
06	Auto restart when overload occurs	Restart disable	Restart enable
07	Auto restart when over temperature occurs	Restart disable (default)	Restart enable
09	Output frequency	50Hz (default)	60Hz
	Maximum utility charging current		
11	Note: If setting value in program 02 is smaller than that in program in 11, the inverter will apply charging current from program 02 for utility charger.	15A        5 <u>8</u>	25A (default)
	Setting voltage point		
12	back to utility source when selecting "SBU	23.0V (default)	23.5V
	priority" or "Solar first" in program 01.		

		24.0V	24.5V	
		25.0V	25.5V	
		12 <u>250</u> ,		
		Battery fully charged	24V	
		24.5V	25V	
		25.5V	26V	
12	Setting voltage point back to battery mode when selecting "SBU priority" or "Solar first" in program 01.	13 <u>255'</u>		
13		26.5V	27V (default)	
		13 <u>265</u>		
		27.5V	28V	
		28.5V	29V	
		13 <u>285</u>		
		If this inverter/charger is working in Line, Standby or Fault mode,		
	Charger source priority: To configure charger source priority	charger source can be program Solar first	nmed as below: Solar energy will charge battery as first	
		1 <u>6 [50</u>	priority. Utility will charge battery only when solar energy is not available.	
16		Utility first	Utility will charge battery as first	
		1 <u>6 CUF</u>	priority. Solar energy will charge battery only when utility power is not available.	
		Solar and Utility (default)	Solar energy and utility will charge	
		1 <u>6 SNU</u>	battery at the same time.	
		Only Solar	Solar energy will be the only charger	
		'@_ <u>USU</u>	source no matter utility is available or not.	

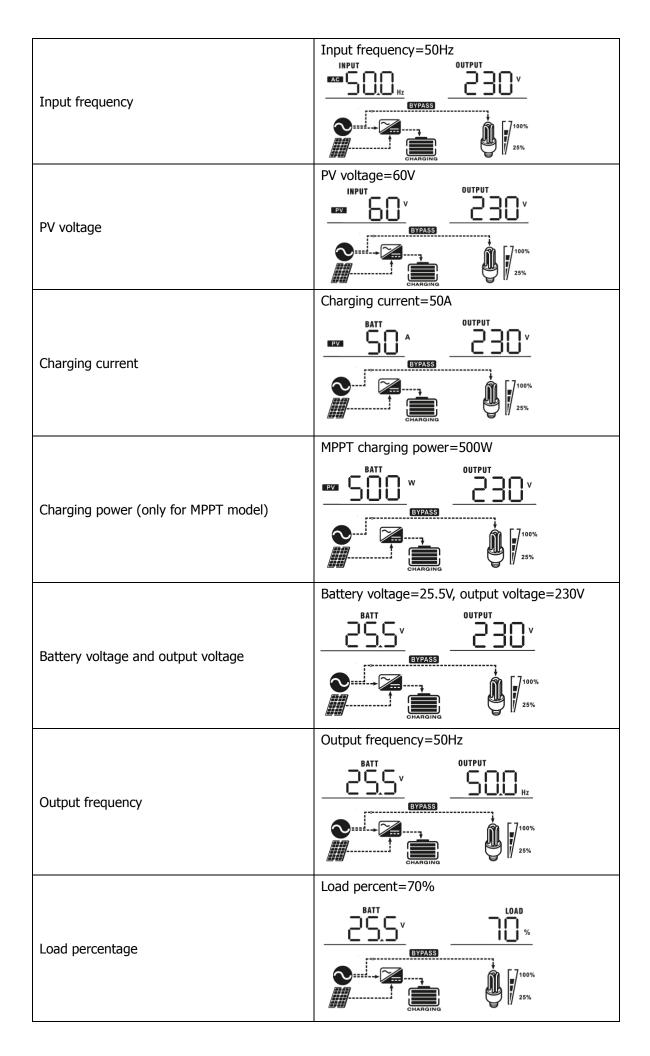
		If this inverter/charger is working in Battery mode, only solar energy can		
		charge battery. Solar energy will charge battery if it's available and		
		sufficient.		
		Alarm on (default)	Alarm off	
18	Alarm control	18 <u>-200</u>	1 <u>8 60F</u>	
		Return to default display	If selected, no matter how users switch	
		screen (default)	display screen, it will automatically	
		μ9 εςρ	return to default display screen (Input	
40	Auto return to default		voltage /output voltage) after no button	
19	display screen		is pressed for 1 minute.	
		Stay at latest screen	If selected, the display screen will stay	
		1 <u>9 - FEP</u>	at latest screen user finally switches.	
		Backlight on (default)	Backlight off	
20	Packlight control			
20	Backlight control			
	Doono while primory	Alarm on (default)	Alarm off	
22	Beeps while primary source is interrupted	22 800	22 g <u>n</u> g	
	Overload bypass:	Bypass disable (default)	Bypass enable	
23	When enabled, the unit will transfer to line			
23	mode if overload occurs	C <u>2</u> 698	CJ 695	
	in battery mode.	0	& <u> </u>	
		Record enable (default)	Record disable	
25	Record Fault code	25 660	८५ १८५	
			Ø <u></u>	
		Default setting: 28.2V		
		L cu 25 d		
26	Bulk charging voltage (C.V voltage)		0.0	
		If self-defined is selected in program 5, this program can be set up.		
			30.0V. Increment of each click is 0.1V.	
		Default setting: 27.0V		
			50	
27	Floating charging		l U <sup>v</sup>	
27	voltage			
			ogram 5, this program can be set up.	
			30.0V. Increment of each click is 0.1V.	
		Default setting: 21.0V		
		<u> </u>		
20				
29	Low DC cut-off voltage	If self-defined is selected in pro	ogram 5, this program can be set up.	
		Setting range is from 21.0V to 24.0V. Increment of each click is 0.1V. Low		
		DC cut-off voltage will be fixed to setting value no matter what		
		percentage of load is connected.		

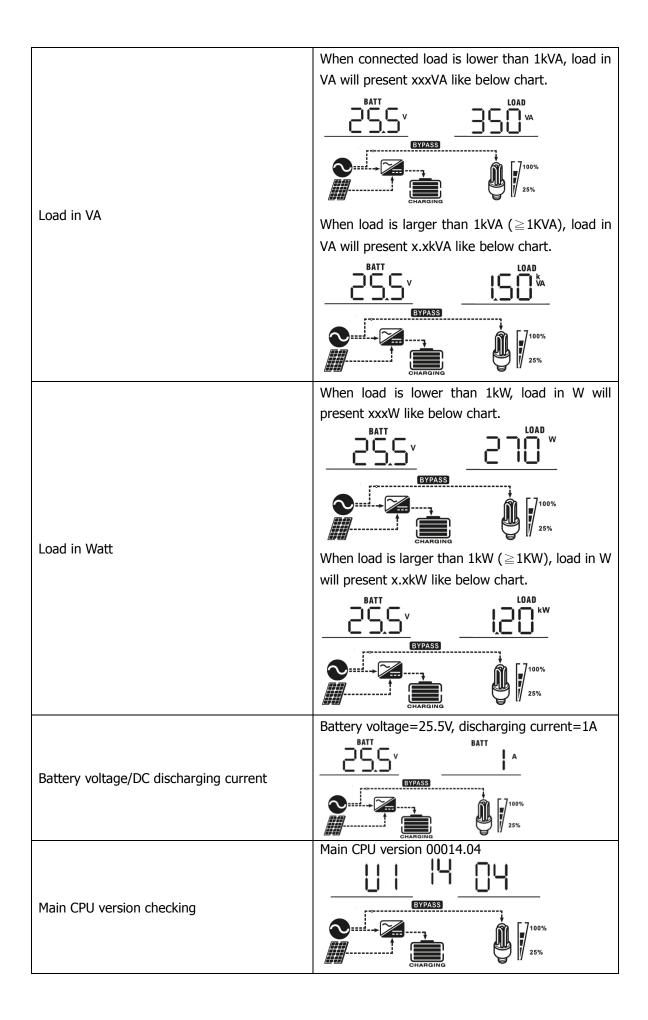
30	Battery equalization	<u>30 EEU</u>	Battery equalization disable (default) <u>Battery equalization disable (default)</u> <u>Battery equalization disable (default)</u>
31	Battery equalization voltage	Default setting: 29.2V	9 30.0V. Increment of each click is 0.1V.
33	Battery equalized time	60min (default)	Setting range is from 5min to 900min. Increment of each click is 5min.
34	Battery equalized timeout	120min (default)	Setting range is from 5min to 900 min. Increment of each click is 5 min.
35	Equalization interval	30days (default)	Setting range is from 0 to 90 days. Increment of each click is 1 day
36	Equalization activated immediately	up. If "Enable" is selected in the equalization immediately and "Disable" is selected, it will car	Disable (default) Disable (defa

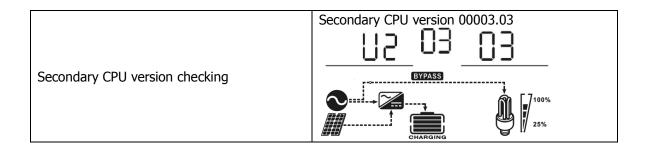
## **Display Setting**

The LCD display information will be switched in turns by pressing "UP" or "DOWN" key. The selectable information is switched as below order: input voltage, input frequency, PV voltage, charging current, charging power (only for MPPT models), battery voltage, output voltage, output frequency, load percentage, load in Watt, load in Watt, DC discharging current, main CPU Version and second CPU Version.

Selectable information	LCD display
Input voltage/Output voltage (Default Display Screen)	Input Voltage=230V, output voltage=230V







# **Operating Mode Description**

Operation mode	Description	LCD display
Standby mode Note: *Standby mode: The inverter is not turned on yet but at this time, the inverter can charge battery without AC output.	No output is supplied by the unit but it still can charge batteries.	Charging by utility and PV energy. Charging by utility. Charging by utility. Charging by PV energy. Charging by PV energy. No charging.
Fault mode Note: *Fault mode: Errors are caused by inside circuit error or external reasons such as over temperature, output short circuited and so on.	PV energy and utility can charge batteries.	Charging by utility and PV energy.

Operation mode	Description	LCD display
Line Mode	The unit will provide output power from the mains. It will also charge the battery at line mode.	Charging by utility and PV energy.
Battery Mode	The unit will provide output power from battery and PV power.	Power from battery and PV energy.

# **Battery Equalization Description**

Equalization function is added into charge controller. It reverses the buildup of negative chemical effects like stratification, a condition where acid concentration is greater at the bottom of the battery than at the top. Equalization also helps to remove sulfate crystals that might have built up on the plates. If left unchecked, this condition, called sulfation, will reduce the overall capacity of the battery. Therefore, it's recommended to equalize battery periodically.

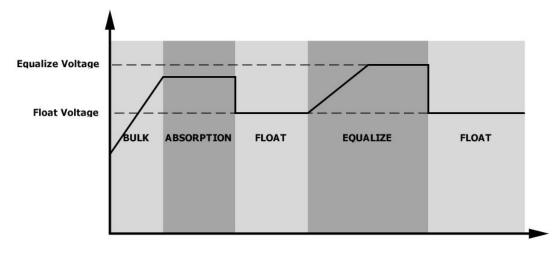
#### • How to Apply Equalization Function

You must enable battery equalization function in monitoring LCD setting program 30 first. Then, you may apply this function in device by either one of following methods:

- 1. Setting equalization interval in program 35.
- 2. Active equalization immediately in program 36.

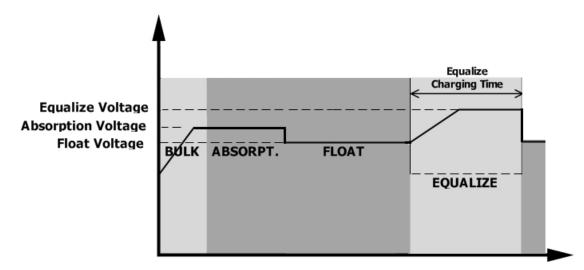
#### • When to Equalize

In float stage, when the setting equalization interval (battery equalization cycle) is arrived, or equalization is active immediately, the controller will start to enter Equalize stage.

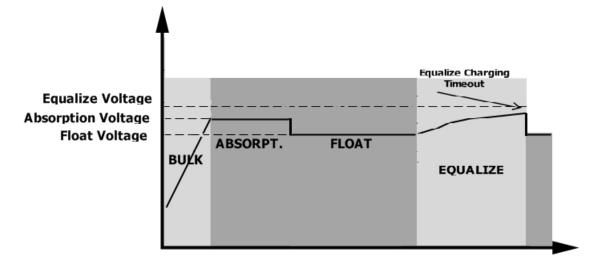


#### • Equalize charging time and timeout

In Equalize stage, the controller will supply power to charge battery as much as possible until battery voltage raises to battery equalization voltage. Then, constant-voltage regulation is applied to maintain battery voltage at the battery equalization voltage. The battery will remain in the Equalize stage until setting battery equalized time is arrived.



However, in Equalize stage, when battery equalized time is expired and battery voltage doesn't rise to battery equalization voltage point, the charge controller will extend the battery equalized time until battery voltage achieves battery equalization voltage. If battery voltage is still lower than battery equalization voltage when battery equalized timeout setting is over, the charge controller will stop equalization and return to float stage.



# Fault Reference Code

Fault Code	Fault Event	Icon on
01	Fan is locked when inverter is off.	
02	Over temperature	<u> </u>
03	Battery voltage is too high	
04	Battery voltage is too low	
05	Output short circuited or over temperature is detected by internal converter components.	
06	Output voltage is abnormal	
07	Overload time out	
08	Bus voltage is too high	
09	Bus soft start failed	
12	Temperature sensor is not connected well or malfunction.	

# Warning Indicator

Warning Code	Warning Event	Audible Alarm	Icon flashing
01	Fan is locked when inverter is on.	Beep three times every second	
03	Battery is over-charged	Beep once every second	<u>[]]</u>
04	Low battery	Beep once every second	<u>[]</u> 4]▲
07	Overload	Beep once every 0.5 second	
10	Output power derating	Beep twice every 3 seconds	
E9	Battery equalization	None	[E9]A

# SPECIFICATIONS

Table 1 Line Mode Specifications

INVERTER MODEL	ЗКVА	
Input Voltage Waveform	Sinusoidal (utility or generator)	
Nominal Input Voltage	230Vac	
Low Loss Voltage	170Vac±7V (UPS);	
	90Vac±7V (Appliances)	
Low Loss Return Voltage	180Vac±7V (UPS); 100Vac±7V (Appliances)	
High Loss Voltage	280Vac±7V	
High Loss Return Voltage	270Vac±7V	
Max AC Input Voltage	300Vac	
Nominal Input Frequency	50Hz / 60Hz (Auto detection)	
Low Loss Frequency	40±1Hz	
Low Loss Return Frequency	42±1Hz	
High Loss Frequency	65±1Hz	
High Loss Return Frequency	63±1Hz	
<b>Output Short Circuit Protection</b>	Circuit Breaker	
Efficiency (Line Mode)	>95% ( Rated R load, battery full charged )	
Transfer Time	10ms typical (UPS); 20ms typical (Appliances)	
<b>Output power derating:</b> When AC input voltage drops to 170V, the output power will be derated.	Output Power Rated Power 50% Power 90V 170V 280V Input Voltage	

Table 2 Inverter Mode Specifications

INVERTER MODEL	ЗКVА
Rated Output Power	3KVA/2.4KW
Output Voltage Waveform	Pure Sine Wave
Output Voltage Regulation	230Vac±5%
Output Frequency	50Hz
Peak Efficiency	93%
Overload Protection	5s@≥150% load; 10s@110%~150% load
Surge Capacity	2* rated power for 5 seconds
Nominal DC Input Voltage	24Vdc
Cold Start Voltage	23.0Vdc
Low DC Warning Voltage	
@ load < 50%	23.0Vdc
@ load ≥ 50%	22.0Vdc
Low DC Warning Return Voltage	
@ load < 50%	23.5Vdc
@ load ≥ 50%	23.0Vdc
Low DC Cut-off Voltage	
@ load < 50%	21.5Vdc
@ load ≥ 50%	21.0Vdc
High DC Recovery Voltage	30Vdc
High DC Cut-off Voltage	31Vdc
No Load Power Consumption	<25W

Table 3 Charge Mode Specifications

Utility Charging Mode				
INVERTER MODEL		ЗКVА		
Charging Algorithm		3-Step		
AC Charging Current (Max)		25Amp(@V <sub>I/P</sub> =230Vac)		
Bulk Charging	Flooded Battery	29.2		
Voltage	AGM / Gel Battery	28.2		
Floating Charging Voltage		27Vdc		
Charging Curve		Battery Voltage, per cell Charging Current, % 2.43Wet (2.33Wet) 2.23Wet Unit age Unit age		
PWM Solar Chai				
Charging Current		50Amp		
System DC Volta	-	24Vdc		
Operating Voltage Range		30~32Vdc		
	pen Circuit Voltage	80Vdc		
DC Voltage Accu	-	+/-0.3%		
Max Charging Cu		70Amp		
(AC charger plus		- ····F		
MPPT Solar Chai				
Charging Current		40Amp		
PV Array MPPT Voltage Range		30~80Vdc		
Max. PV Array Open Circuit Voltage		102Vdc		
Max Charging Current (AC charger plus solar charger)		60Amp		

## Table 4 General Specifications

INVERTER MODEL	ЗКVА	
Operating Temperature Range	-10°C to 50°C	
Storage temperature	-15°C~ 60°C	
Humidity	5% to 95% Relative Humidity (Non-condensing)	
Dimension (D*W*H), mm	88 x 257.6 x 320	
Net Weight, kg (PWM model)	5.4	
Net Weight, kg (MPPT model)	5.7	

# **TROUBLE SHOOTING**

Problem	LCD/LED/Buzzer	Explanation / Possible cause	What to do	
Unit shuts down automatically during startup process.	LCD/LEDs and buzzer will be active for 3 seconds and then complete off.	The battery voltage is too low (<1.91V/Cell)	<ol> <li>Re-charge battery.</li> <li>Replace battery.</li> </ol>	
No response after power on.	No indication.	<ol> <li>The battery voltage is far too low. (&lt;1.4V/Cell)</li> <li>Internal fuse tripped.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Contact repair center for replacing the fuse.</li> <li>Re-charge battery.</li> <li>Replace battery.</li> </ol>	
Mains exist but the unit works in battery mode.	Input voltage is displayed as 0 on the LCD and green LED is flashing.	Input protector is tripped	Check if AC breaker is tripped and AC wiring is connected well.	
	Green LED is flashing.	Insufficient quality of AC power. (Shore or Generator)	<ol> <li>Check if AC wires are too thin and/or too long.</li> <li>Check if generator (if applied) is working well or if input voltage range setting is correct. (UPS→Appliance)</li> </ol>	
	Green LED is flashing.	Set "Solar First" as the priority of output source.	Change output source priority to Utility first.	
When the unit is turned on, internal relay is switched on and off repeatedly.	LCD display and LEDs are flashing	Battery is disconnected.	Check if battery wires are connected well.	
	Fault code 07	Overload error. The inverter is overload 110% and time is up.	Reduce the connected load by switching off some equipment.	
	Fault code 05	Output short circuited.	Check if wiring is connected well and remove abnormal load.	
		Temperature of internal converter component is over 120°C. (Only available for 1-3KVA models) Internal temperature of inverter	Check whether the air flow of the unit is blocked or whether the ambient temperature is	
Buzzer beeps	Fault code 02	component is over 100°C.	too high.	
continuously and	Fault code 03	Battery is over-charged.	Return to repair center.	
red LED is on.		The battery voltage is too high.	Check if spec and quantity of batteries are meet requirements.	
	Fault code 01	Fan fault	Replace the fan.	
	Fault code 06	Output abnormal (Inverter voltage below than 190Vac or is higher than 260Vac)	<ol> <li>Reduce the connected load.</li> <li>Return to repair center</li> </ol>	
	Fault code 08/09	Internal components failed.	Return to repair center.	
	Fault code 12	Temperature sensor is not connected well or malfunction.	Check if the sensor connector is loose or the sensor is malfunction.	

# **Appendix: Approximate Back-up Time Table**

Model	Load (VA)	Load (W)	Backup Time @ 24Vdc 100Ah (min)	Backup Time @ 24Vdc 200Ah (min)
ЗКVА	300	240	449	1100
	600	480	222	525
	900	720	124	303
	1200	960	95	227
	1500	1200	68	164
	1800	1440	56	126
	2100	1680	48	108
	2400	1920	35	94
	2700	2160	31	74
	3000	2400	28	67

**Note:** Backup time depends on the quality of the battery, age of battery and type of battery. Specifications of batteries may vary depending on different manufacturers.