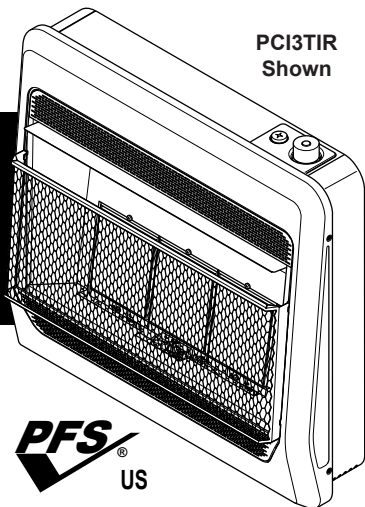


LOST River

**VENT-FREE GAS WALL
HEATER
OWNER'S OPERATION AND
INSTALLATION MANUAL
INFRARED MODELS
PCI1TIR, PCI2TIR, PCI3TIR**

PCI3TIR
Shown



⚠ WARNING: If the information in this manual is not followed exactly, a fire or explosion may result causing property damage, personal injury or loss of life.

- Do not store or use gasoline or other flammable vapors and liquids in the vicinity of this or any other appliance.
- **WHAT TO DO IF YOU SMELL GAS**
 - Do not try to light any appliance.
 - Do not touch any electrical switch; do not use any phone in your building.
 - Immediately call your gas supplier from a neighbor's phone. Follow the gas supplier's instructions.
 - If you cannot reach your gas supplier, call the fire department.
- Installation and service must be performed by a qualified installer, service agency or the gas supplier.

⚠ WARNING: This appliance is equipped for Natural and Propane gas. Field conversion is not permitted other than between natural or propane gases.



Questions, problems, missing parts? Before returning to your retailer, call our customer service department at 1-855-607-6557, 8:00 am - 4:30 pm EST, Monday through Friday or email info@factorybuysdirect.com

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SAVE THIS BOOK

INSTALLER: Leave this manual with the appliance.
CONSUMER: Retain this manual for future reference.

This is an unvented gas-fired heater. It uses air (oxygen) from the room in which it is installed. Provisions for adequate combustion and ventilation air must be provided. Refer to *Air For Combustion and Ventilation* section on page 7 of this manual.

⚠ WARNING: Improper installation, adjustment, alteration, service or maintenance can cause injury or property damage. Refer to this manual for correct installation and operational procedures. For assistance or additional information consult a qualified installer, service agency or the gas supplier.

This appliance may be installed in an aftermarket,* permanently located, manufactured (mobile) home, where not prohibited by local codes.

This appliance is only for use with propane or natural gas. Field conversion by any other means including the use of a kit is not permitted.

* Aftermarket: Completion of sale, not for purpose of resale, from the manufacturer.

PATENT INFORMATION

This product may be covered by one or more of the following United States patents:

8,915,239 8,851,065 8,764,436 8,757,202 8,757,139 8,752,541 8,568,136
8,545,216 8,517,718 8,516,878 8,506,290 8,465,277 8,317,511 8,297,968
8,281,781 8,241,034 8,235,708 8,152,515 8,011,920 7,967,006 7,967,007
7,654,820 7,730,765 7,677,236 7,607,426 7,434,447

SAFETY

IMPORTANT: Read this owner's manual carefully and completely before trying to assemble, operate, or service this heater. Improper use of this heater can cause serious injury or death from burns, fire, explosion, electrical shock and carbon monoxide poisoning.

Only a qualified installer, service agent, or local gas supplier may install and service this product.

⚠ WARNING: Keep the appliance area clear and free from combustible materials, gasoline, and other flammable vapors and liquids.

⚠ WARNING: This appliance can be used with propane or natural gas. It is shipped from the factory adjusted for use with propane.

This appliance is only for use with the type of gas indicated on the rating plate. This appliance is not convertible for use with other gases.

⚠ DANGER: Carbon monoxide poisoning may lead to death!

CARBON MONOXIDE POISONING: Early signs of carbon monoxide poisoning resemble the flu, with headaches, dizziness or nausea. If you have these signs, the heater may not be working properly. Get fresh air at once! Have heater serviced. Some people are more affected by carbon monoxide than others. These include pregnant women, people with heart or lung disease or anemia, those under the influence of alcohol and those at high altitudes.

NATURAL AND PROPANE/LP GAS: Natural and Propane/LP gas are odorless. An odor-making agent is added to the gas. The odor helps you detect a gas leak. However, the odor added to the gas can fade. Gas may be present even though no odor exists.

⚠ WARNING: Any change to this heater or its controls can be dangerous.

⚠ WARNING: Do not use any accessories not approved for use with this heater.

⚠ WARNING: Carefully supervise young children when they are in the room with the heater.

⚠ WARNING: Make sure grill guard is in place before running heater.

⚠ WARNING: Due to high temperatures, the appliance should be located out of traffic and away from furniture and draperies.

⚠ WARNING: Heater becomes very hot when running. Children and adults should be alerted to the hazards of high surface temperatures and should stay away to avoid burns and clothing ignition. Heater will remain hot for a time after shutoff. Allow surfaces to cool before touching.

⚠ WARNING: Do not place clothing or other flammable material on or near the appliance. Never place any objects in the heater.

SAFETY

1. Do not place Propane/LP supply tank(s) inside any structure. Propane/LP supply tank(s) must be placed outdoors.
2. Heaters with a maximum input over 6,000 Btu/Hr shall not be installed in a bathroom. Heaters with a maximum input over 10,000 Btu/Hr shall not be installed in a bedroom.
3. This heater needs fresh air ventilation to run properly. This heater has an Oxygen Depletion Sensing (ODS) safety shutoff system. The ODS shuts down the heater if not enough fresh air is available. See *Air for Combustion and Ventilation*, pages 7 through 9. If heater keeps shutting off, see *Troubleshooting*, page 23.
4. Keep all air openings in front and bottom of heater clear and free of debris. This will ensure enough air for proper combustion.
5. If heater shuts off, do not relight until you have provided fresh, outside air. If heater keeps shutting off, have it serviced.
6. Do not run heater:
 - Where flammable liquids or vapors are used or stored.
 - Under dusty conditions.
7. Before using furniture polish, wax, carpet cleaner, or similar products, turn heater off. If heated, the vapors from these products may create a white powder residue within burner box or on adjacent walls or furniture.
8. Do not use heater if any part has been under water. Immediately call a qualified service technician to inspect the room heater and to replace any part of the control system and any gas control which has been under water.
9. Turn off and unplug heater and let cool before servicing. Only a qualified service person should service and repair heater.
10. Operating heater above elevations of 4,500 feet could cause pilot outage.
11. To prevent performance problems, do not use propane/LP fuel tank of less than 100 lbs. capacity.

QUALIFIED INSTALLING AGENCY

Only a qualified agency should install and replace gas piping, gas utilization equipment or accessories, and repair and equipment servicing. The term "qualified agency" means any individual, firm, corporation, or company that either in person or through a representative is engaged in and is responsible for:

- a) Installing, testing, or replacing gas piping or
- b) Connecting, installing, testing, repairing, or servicing equipment; that is experienced in such work; that is familiar with all precautions required; and that has complied with all the requirement of the authority having jurisdiction.

PRODUCT FEATURES

SAFETY PILOT

This heater has a pilot with an Oxygen Depletion Sensing (ODS) safety shutoff system. The ODS/pilot shuts off the heater if there is not enough fresh air.

2 GAS OPTIONS AVAILABLE

Your heater is equipped to operate on either Propane/LP or Natural gas. The heater is shipped from the factory ready for connecting to Propane/LP. The heater can easily be changed to Natural gas by having your qualified installer follow the instructions on page 13 and the markings on the heater.

PIEZO IGNITION SYSTEM

This heater is equipped with a piezo ignitor. This system requires no matches, batteries, or other sources to light heater.

THERMOSTATIC CONTROL

(Thermostat Models Only)

These heaters have a control valve with a thermostat sensing bulb. This results in the greatest heater comfort and may result in lower gas bills.

SPECIFICATIONS

Model	PCI1TIR		PCI2TIR		PCI3TIR	
Ignition	Piezo Ignitor					
Gas Type	Natural	Propane	Natural	Propane	Natural	Propane
BTU/Hr Input Max. (available)	10,000	10,000	20,000	18,000	30,000	28,000
Pressure Regulator Setting	6" W.C.	10" W.C.	6" W.C.	10" W.C.	6" W.C.	10" W.C.
Inlet Gas Pressure* (inches of water)	Max. 9.5"	Max. 14"	Max. 9.5"	Max. 14"	Max. 9.5"	Max. 14"
	Min. 7"	Min. 11"	Min. 7"	Min. 11"	Min. 7"	Min. 11"
Heater Dimensions (HxWxD)	21.2" x 15.79" x 6.85"		24.1" x 18.46" x 8"		24.1" x 25.5 x 8.46"	
Carton Dimensions (HxWxD)	22.83" x 17.95" x 8.23"		26.18" x 20.7" x 9.84"		26.18" x 28.15" x 9.84"	
Heater Weight	13 lbs		19.4 lbs		26.9 lbs	
Shipping Weight	15.5 lbs		22.6 lbs		31.5 lbs	

Note: Dimensions listed are outer most points on the heater (includes control knobs and grill).

* For purposes of input adjustment.

Electrical Requirement for Blower Kit (optional for models PCI2TIR and PCI3TIR)
(if equipped)

Voltage • 120 VAC, 60 Hz

LOCAL CODES

Install and use heater with care. Follow all local codes. In the absence of local codes, use the latest edition of *The National Fuel Gas Code, ANSI Z223.1/NFPA 54**.

*Available from:

American National Standards Institute, Inc.
25 West 43rd Street
New York, NY 10036

National Fire Protection Association, Inc.
1 Batterymarch Park
Quincy, MA 02269-9101

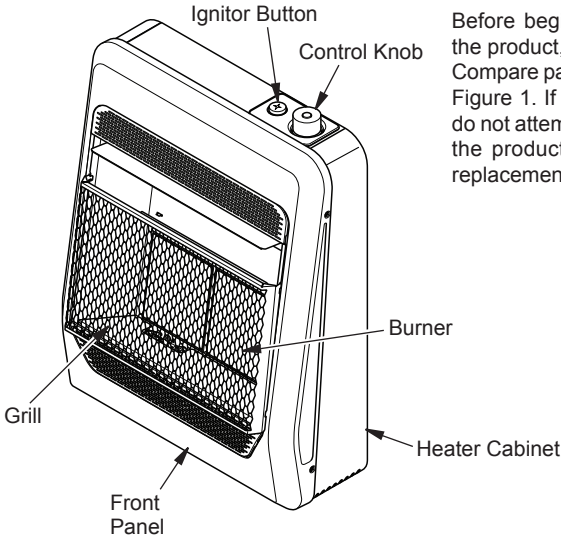
This heater is designed for vent-free operation. State and local codes in some areas prohibit the use of vent-free heaters.

State of Massachusetts: The installation must be made by a licensed plumber or gas fitter in the Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

Sellers of unvented propane or natural gas-fired supplemental room heaters shall provide to each purchaser a copy of 527 CMR 30 upon sale of the unit.

In the State of Massachusetts the gas cock must be a T-handle type. The State of Massachusetts requires that a flexible appliance connector cannot exceed three feet in length.

PREPARING FOR INSTALLATION



Before beginning assembly or operation of the product, make sure all parts are present. Compare parts with package contents list and Figure 1. If any part is missing or damaged, do not attempt to assemble, install or operate the product. Contact customer service for replacement parts.

Figure 1 - Vent-Free Gas Heater

UNPACKING

1. Remove heater from carton.
2. Remove all protective packaging applied to heater for shipping
3. Check heater for any shipping damage. If heater is damaged, promptly inform dealer where you bought heater.

WATER VAPOR: A BY-PRODUCT OF UNVENTED ROOM HEATERS

Water vapor is a by-product of gas combustion. An unvented room heater produces approximately one (1) ounce (30 mL) of water for every 1,000 BTUs (0.3 KWs) of gas input per hour. Unvented room heaters are recommended as supplemental heat (a room) rather than a primary heat source (an entire house). In most supplemental heat applications, the water vapor does not create a problem. In most applications, the water vapor enhances the low humidity atmosphere experienced during cold weather.

The following steps will help ensure that water vapor does not become a problem.

1. Be sure the heater is sized properly for the application, including ample combustion air and circulation air.
2. If high humidity is experienced, a dehumidifier may be used to help lower the water vapor content of the air.
3. Do not use an unvented room heater as the primary heat source.

AIR FOR COMBUSTION AND VENTILATION

⚠ WARNING: This heater shall not be installed in a confined space or unusually tight construction unless provisions are provided for adequate combustion and ventilation air. Read the following instructions to insure proper fresh air for this and other fuel-burning appliances in your home.

Today's homes are built more energy efficient than ever. New materials, increased insulation and new construction methods help reduce heat loss in homes. Home owners weather strip and caulk around windows and doors to keep the cold air out and the warm air in. During heating months, home owners want their homes as airtight as possible.

While it is good to make your home energy efficient, your home needs to breathe. Fresh air must enter your home. All fuel-burning appliances need fresh air for proper combustion and ventilation.

Exhaust fans, fireplaces, clothes dryers and fuel burning appliances draw air from the house to operate. You must provide adequate fresh air for these appliances. This will insure proper venting of vented fuel-burning appliances.

⚠ WARNING: This heater shall not be installed in a room or space unless the required volume of indoor combustion air is provided by the method described in the *National Fuel Gas Code, ANSI Z223.1/NFPA 54*, the *International Fuel Gas Code*, or applicable local codes.

⚠ WARNING: If the area in which the heater may be operated is smaller than that defined as an unconfined space or if the building is of unusually tight construction, provide adequate combustion and ventilation air by one of the methods described in the *National Fuel Gas Code, ANSI Z223.1/NFPA 54*, the *International Fuel Gas Code*, or applicable local codes.

AIR FOR COMBUSTION AND VENTILATION

VENTILATION AIR

Ventilation Air From Inside Building

This fresh air would come from an adjoining unconfined space. When ventilating to an adjoining unconfined space, you must provide two permanent openings: one within 12" of the ceiling and one within 12" of the floor on the wall connecting the two spaces (see options 1 and 2, Figure 2). You can also remove door into adjoining room (see option 3, Figure 2). Follow the *National Fuel Gas Code, ANSI Z223.1/NFPA 54, Air for Combustion and Ventilation* for required size of ventilation grills or ducts.

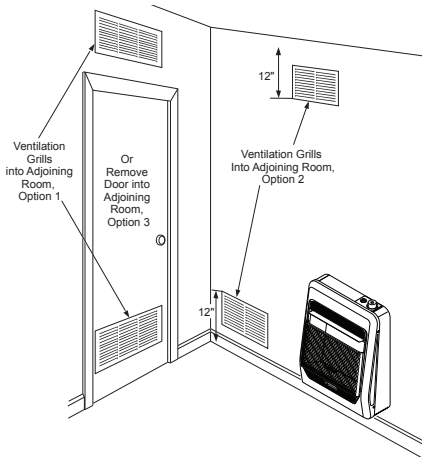


Figure 2 - Ventilation Air from Inside Building

Ventilation Air From Outdoors

Provide extra fresh air by using ventilation grills or ducts. You must provide two permanent openings: one within 12" of the ceiling and one within 12" of the floor. Connect these items directly to the outdoors or spaces open to the outdoors. These spaces include attics and crawl spaces. Follow the *National Fuel Gas Code, ANSI Z223.1/NFPA 54, Air for Combustion and Ventilation* for required size of ventilation grills or ducts.

IMPORTANT: Do not provide openings for inlet or outlet air into attic if attic has a thermostat-controlled power vent. Heated air entering the attic will activate the power vent. Rework worksheet, adding the space of the adjoining unconfined space. The combined spaces must have enough fresh air to supply all appliances in both spaces.

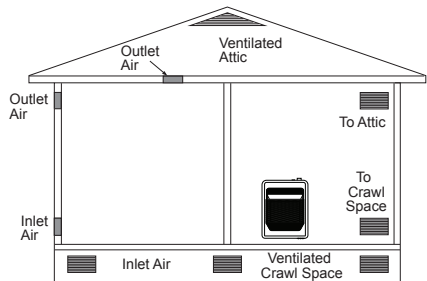


Figure 3 - Ventilation Air from Outdoors

INSTALLATION

NOTICE: This heater is intended for use as supplemental heat. Use this heater along with your primary heating system. Do not install this heater as your primary heat source. If you have a central heating system, you may run system's circulating blower while using heater. This will help circulate the heat throughout the house. In the event of a power outage, you can use this heater as your primary heat source.

WARNING: A qualified service person must install heater. Follow all local codes.

CAUTION: When installing heater in a home garage

- heater pilot and burner must be at least 18" above floor
- locate heater where moving vehicle will not hit it

WARNING: Never install the heater

- over 10,000 Btu/Hr in a bedroom or a bathroom.
- in a recreational vehicle
- where curtains, furniture, clothing, or other flammable objects are less than 36" from the front, top, or sides of the heater
- in high traffic areas
- in windy or drafty areas

CAUTION: This heater creates warm air currents. These currents move heat to wall surfaces next to heater. Installing heater next to vinyl or cloth wall coverings or operating heater where impurities (such as tobacco smoke, aromatic candles, cleaning fluids, oil or kerosene lamps, etc.) in the air exist, may cause walls to discolor.

IMPORTANT: Vent-free heaters add moisture to the air. Although this is beneficial, installing heater in rooms without enough ventilation air may cause mildew to form too much moisture. See *Air for Combustion and Ventilation*, pages 7 and 8.

CHECK GAS TYPE

Be sure your gas supply is right for your heater. Otherwise, call dealer where you bought the heater for proper type heater.

CLEARANCES TO COMBUSTIBLES

Carefully follow the instructions below. This heater is a freestanding unit designed to be mounted on a wall or set on a base.

WARNING: Maintain the minimum clearances shown in Figure 4. If you can, provide greater clearances from floor, ceiling, and joining wall.

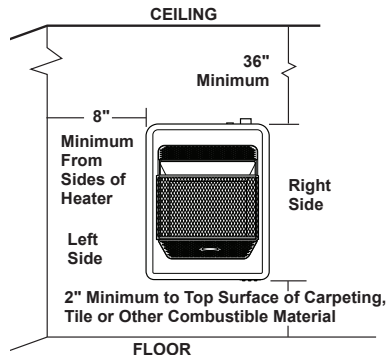


Figure 4 - Mounting Clearances as Viewed From Front of Heater

INSTALLATION

LOCATING HEATER

This heater is designed to be mounted on a wall. For convenience and efficiency, install heater:

1. Where there is easy access for operation, inspection, and service.
2. In the coldest part of room.

When installing the appliance directly on carpeting, tile or other combustible material other than wood flooring, the appliance shall be installed on a metal or wood panel extended the full width and depth of the appliance.

INSTALLING THERMOSTAT SENSING BULB (OPTIONAL)

1. Pull out the sensing bulb from the two clips located in the shipping position. There is no need to take out the two bulb clips.
2. Take out the bulb clip from the hardware package and insert it into the square hole. Then insert the sensing bulb into the bulb clip (see Figure 5).

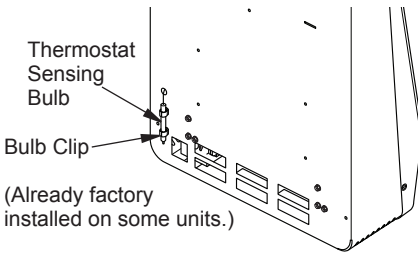


Figure 5 - Moving Thermostat Sensing Bulb

REMOVING FRONT PANEL

1. Remove 4 screws securing front panel.
2. Carefully slide front panel forward.

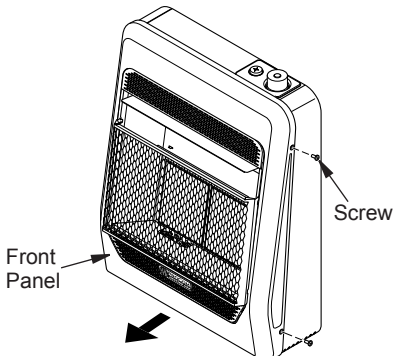


Figure 6 - Removing Front Panel

FASTENING HEATER TO WALL

Mounting Bracket

The mounting bracket is located on back panel of heater. It has been taped there for shipping. Remove mounting bracket from back panel.

Methods For Attaching Mounting Bracket To Wall

Use only the last hole on each end of mounting bracket to attach bracket to wall. Attach mounting bracket to a wall only in one of two ways:

1. **Attaching to wall stud:** This method provides the strongest hold. Insert mounting screws through mounting bracket and into wall studs.
 2. **Attaching to wall anchor:** This method allows you to attach mounting bracket to hollow walls (wall areas between studs) or to solid walls (concrete or masonry).
- Decide which method better suits your needs. Either method will provide a secure hold for the mounting bracket.

Marking Screw Locations

1. Tape mounting bracket to wall where heater will be located. Make sure mounting bracket is level.

WARNING: Maintain minimum clearances shown in Figure 4, page 9. If you can, provide greater clearances from floor and joining wall.

2. Mark screw locations on wall (see Figure 7, page 11). *Note: Mark only last hole on each end of mounting bracket. Insert mounting screws through these holes only.*
3. Remove tape and mounting bracket from wall.

INSTALLATION

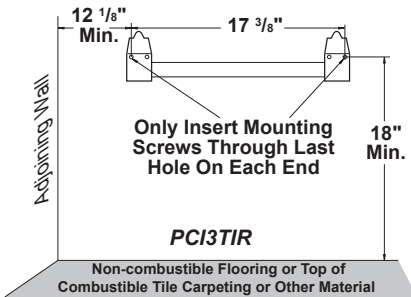
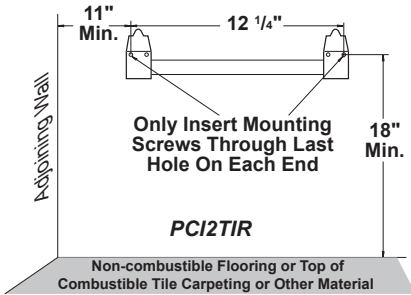
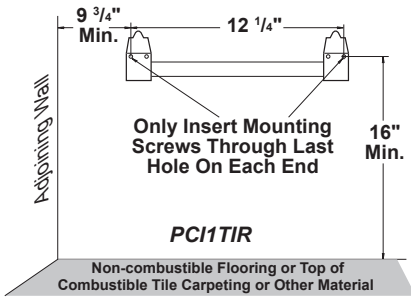


Figure 7 - Mounting Bracket Clearances

Attaching Mounting Bracket To Wall

Note: Wall anchors, mounting screws, and spacers are in hardware package. The hardware package is provided with heater.

Attaching to Wall Stud Method

For attaching mounting bracket to wall studs:

1. Drill holes at marked locations using 9/64" drill bit.
2. Place mounting bracket onto wall. Line up last hole on each end of bracket with holes drilled in wall.
3. Insert mounting screws through bracket and into wall studs.
4. Tighten screws until mounting bracket is firmly fastened to wall studs.

Attaching to Wall Anchor Method

For attaching mounting bracket to hollow walls (wall areas between studs) or solid walls (concrete or masonry):

1. Drill holes at marked locations using 5/16" drill bit. For solid walls (concrete or masonry), drill at least 1" deep.
2. Fold wall anchor as shown in Figure 8.
3. Insert wall anchor (wings first) into hole. Tap anchor flush to wall.
4. For thin walls (1/2" or less), insert red key into wall anchor. Push red key to "pop" open anchor wings (see Figure 9).

IMPORTANT: Do not hammer anchor key! For thick walls (over 1/2" thick) or solid walls, do not pop open wings.

5. Place mounting bracket onto wall. Line up last hole on each end of bracket with wall anchors.
6. Insert mounting screws through bracket and into wall anchors.
7. Tighten screws until mounting bracket is firmly fastened to wall.

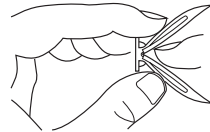


Figure 8 - Folding Anchor

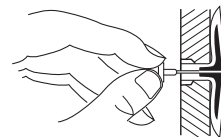


Figure 9 - Popping Open Anchor Wings For Thin Walls

INSTALLATION

Placing Heater On Mounting Bracket

1. Locate two horizontal slots on back panel of heater (see Figure 10).
2. Place heater onto mounting bracket. Slide horizontal slots onto stand-out tabs on mounting bracket.

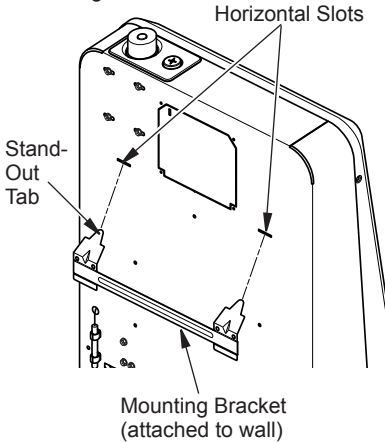


Figure 10 - Mounting Heater Onto Mounting Bracket

Installing Wall Spacers

1. Place heater on wall mounting bracket.
2. Mark screw locations on wall.
3. Remove heater from mounting bracket.
4. If installing bottom mounting screws into hollow or solid wall, install wall anchors. Follow steps 1 through 4 under *Attaching To Wall Anchor Method*, page 11. If installing bottom mounting screw into wall stud, drill holes at marked locations using 9/64" drill bit.
5. Replace heater onto mounting bracket.
6. Place spacers between bottom mounting holes and wall anchor or drilled hole.
7. Hold spacer in place with one hand. With other hand, insert mounting screw through bottom mounting hole and spacer. Place tip of screw in opening of wall anchor or drilled hole.
8. Tighten both screws until heater is firmly secured to wall. Do not over tighten.

Note: Do not replace front panel at this time. Replace front panel after making gas connections and checking for leaks.

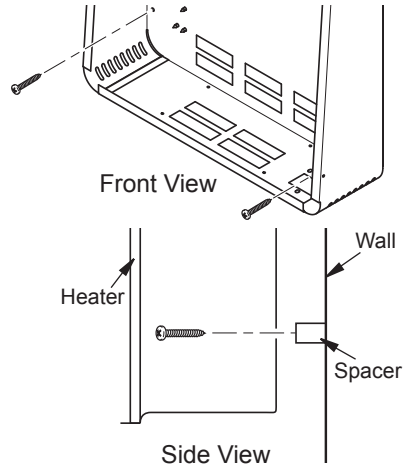


Figure 11 - Installing Bottom Mounting Screws

INSTALLING OPTIONAL BASE FEET

1. Align screw holes in base feet to the bottom of the heater. Attach using Phillips head screws (provided) (see Figure 12).
2. Position the heater to the desired location. Secure the base feet to the floor by using two Phillips head screws (provided) (see Figure 13).

See *Accessories*, page 27 for models PCI2TIR & PCI3TIR

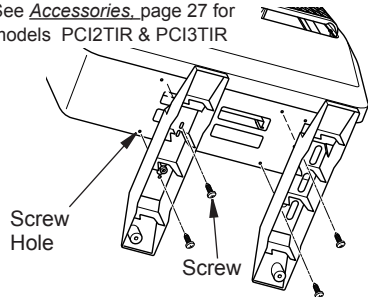


Figure 12 - Attaching Base Feet to Heater

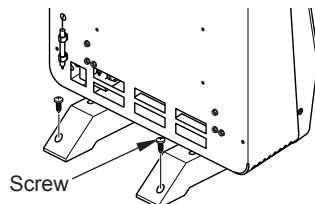


Figure 13 - Securing Heater to Floor

INSTALLATION

GAS SELECTION

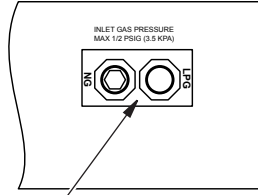
This appliance is factory preset for propane/LP gas. No changes are required for connecting to propane/LP. Only a qualified installer or service technician can perform gas selection and connecting to gas supply.

⚠ CAUTION: Two gas line installations at the same time are prohibited.

⚠ CAUTION: To avoid gas leakage for the gas not being used at the inlet of regulator, a qualified installer or service technician must use supplied cap.

You will notice a color coded plunger on the inside of the regulator. This is normal. When the inlet connection fitting is inserted and tightened, this plunger will be pushed back by the fitting making all of the adjustments for the gas being supplied. **DO NOT REMOVE THE PLUNGER.** The regulator will not work.

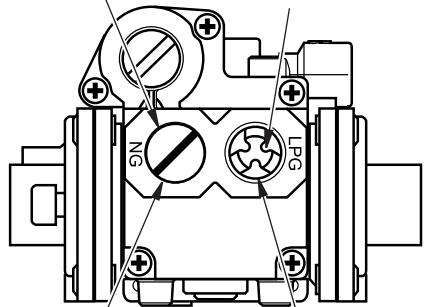
The inlet regulator is color coded for identification of the correct gas type. Blue is for propane (LP gas) and yellow is for natural gas.



Gas Connection

Figure 14 - Bottom of Heater

Yellow Natural Gas Plunger Underneath Metal Cap
Blue Propane/LP Gas Plunger Underneath Dust Cover



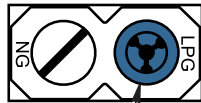
Insert Gas Fitting for Natural Gas

Insert Gas Fitting for Propane/LP Gas

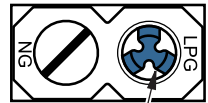
Figure 15 - Gas Regulator

FOR PROPANE/LP GAS INSTALLATION: BLUE

1. Remove blue dust cover.



Blue Dust Cover



DO NOT REMOVE
Blue Propane/LP
Plunger
Install Gas Fitting Here

INSTALLATION

- Apply thread sealant to the threads on a 3/8" NPT brass connection fitting. While pushing in, rotate the fitting clockwise until the threads engage the regulator. After the fitting has been hand tightened into the regulator use a wrench to complete tightening of the fitting. Install additional fitting to connect to the house supply.

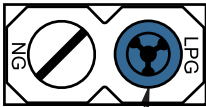


Fitting supplied by installer, may vary.



FOR NATURAL GAS (NG) INSTALLATION: YELLOW

- Remove the blue dust cover from the regulator.



Blue Dust Cover

- Remove the metal cap installed over the NG regulator inlet.



Metal Cap

- Install metal cap over LP/Propane regulator inlet. This will keep debris out of regulator.



DO NOT REMOVE
Yellow Natural Gas Plunger
Install Gas Fitting Here

Metal Cap

Use only the cap supplied on the regulator. Do not use an off the shelf pipe cap. This can damage the plunger. The supplied regulator cap is designed so it will not engage the unused gas type.

- Apply thread sealant to the threads on the connection fitting. While pushing in, rotate the fitting clockwise until the threads engage the regulator. After the fitting has been hand tightened into the regulator use a wrench to complete tightening of the fitting. Install additional fitting to connect to the house supply.



DO NOT use an off the shelf 3/8" NPT pipe cap. This will damage the plungers located inside the regulator.

DO NOT try to remove the plungers from inside the regulator. The plunger will be pushed back as the fitting is installed.

Make sure the type of gas being used is correct. Check to make sure the connection fitting is in the correct inlet on the regulator. Refer to Connecting to Gas Supply, page 15.

If you are using natural gas and the pilot will not light, see Troubleshooting, page 23.

INSTALLATION

CONNECTING TO GAS SUPPLY

⚠ WARNING: A qualified service technician must connect heater to gas supply. Follow all local codes.

⚠ WARNING: This appliance requires a 3/8" NPT (National Pipe Thread) inlet connection to the pressure regulator.

⚠ WARNING: For natural gas, Never connect heater to private (non-utility) gas wells. This gas is commonly known as wellhead gas.

⚠ WARNING: Do not over-tighten gas connections.

⚠ CAUTION: Use only new, black iron or steel pipe. Internally tinned copper tubing may be used in certain areas. Check your local codes. Use pipe of 1/2" diameter or greater to allow proper gas volume to heater. If pipe is too small, undue loss of pressure will occur.

⚠ CAUTION: For natural gas, check your gas line pressure before connecting heater to gas line. Gas line pressure must be no greater than 9.5" of water. If gas line pressure is higher, heater regulator damage could occur.

⚠ CAUTION: For propane/LP gas, Never connect heater directly to the gas supply. This heater requires an external regulator (not supplied). Install the external regulator between the heater and gas supply. Gas supplier provides external regulator for natural gas. The installer provides the external regulator for propane/LP gas.

⚠ CAUTION: Avoid damage to regulator. Hold gas regulator with wrench when connecting into gas piping and/or fittings.

⚠ CAUTION: Use pipe joint sealant that is resistant to gas (Propane/LP or Natural Gas).

Before installing heater, make sure you have the items listed below:

- piping (check local codes)
- sealant (resistant to natural gas and propane/LP gas)
- equipment shutoff valve*
- test gauge connection*
- sediment trap
- tee joint
- pipe wrench
- flexible gas hose (check local codes)
- 3/8" NPT brass fitting

* A CSA design-certified equipment shutoff valve with 1/8" NPT tap is an acceptable alternative to test gauge connection. Purchase the optional CSA design certified equipment shutoff valve from your dealer.

Typical Inlet Pipe Diameters

Use 3/8" black iron pipe or greater. Installation must include an equipment shutoff valve, union, and plugged 1/8" NPT tap. Locate NPT tap within reach for test gauge hook up. NPT tap must be upstream from heater (see Figure 16, page 16).

IMPORTANT: Install an equipment shutoff valve in an accessible location. The equipment shutoff valve is for turning on or shutting off the gas to the appliance.

INSTALLATION

Apply pipe joint sealant lightly to male threads. This will prevent excess sealant from going into pipe. Excess sealant in pipe could result in clogged heater valves.

The installer must supply an external regulator. The external regulator will reduce incoming gas pressure. You must reduce incoming gas pressure to between 11" and 14" of water. If you do not reduce incoming gas pressure, heater regulator damage could occur. Install external regulator with the vent pointing down

as shown in Figure 17. Pointing the vent down protects it from freezing rain or sleet.

Install sediment trap in supply line as shown in Figure 16. Place sediment trap where it is within reach for cleaning. Place sediment trap where trapped matter is not likely to freeze. A sediment trap traps moisture and contaminants. This keeps them from going into heater controls. If sediment trap is not installed or is installed wrong, heater may not run properly.

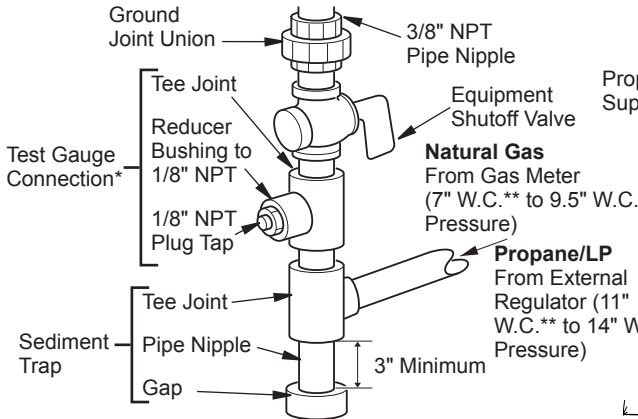


Figure 16 - Gas Connection

* Purchase the optional CSA design-certified equipment shutoff valve from your dealer.

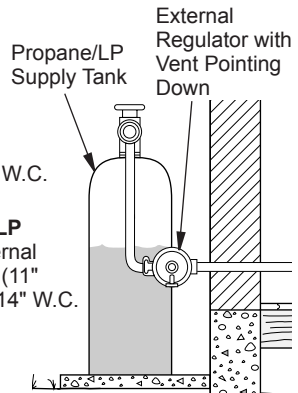


Figure 17 - External Regulator with Vent Pointing Down

CHECKING GAS CONNECTIONS

⚠ WARNING: Test all gas piping and connections for leaks after installing or servicing. Correct all leaks at once.

⚠ WARNING: Never use an open flame to check for a leak. Apply a mixture of liquid soap and water to all joints. If bubbles form, there is a leak. Correct all leaks at once.

PRESSURE TESTING GAS SUPPLY PIPING SYSTEM Test Pressures In Excess Of 1/2 PSIG (3.5 kPa)

1. Disconnect heater with its appliance main gas valve (control valve) and equipment shutoff valve from gas supply piping system. Pressures in excess of 1/2 PSIG will damage heater regulator.
2. Cap off open end of gas pipe where equipment shutoff valve was connected.
3. Pressurize supply piping system by either using compressed air or opening gas supply valve.
4. Check all joints of gas supply piping system. Apply mixture of liquid soap and water to gas joints. If bubbles form, there may be a leak.
5. Correct all leaks at once.
6. Reconnect heater and equipment shutoff valve to gas supply. Check reconnected fittings for leaks.

INSTALLATION

Test Pressures Equal To or Less Than 1/2 PSIG (3.5 kPa)

1. Close equipment shutoff valve (see Figure 18).
2. Pressurize supply piping system by either using compressed air or opening gas supply valve.
3. Check all joints from gas supply (see Figure 19 or 20) to equipment shutoff valve. Apply a noncorrosive leak detection fluid to all joints. Bubbles forming show a leak.
4. Correct all leaks at once.

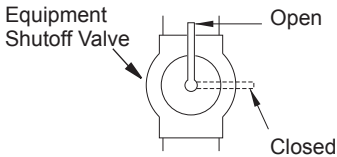


Figure 18 - Equipment Shutoff Valve

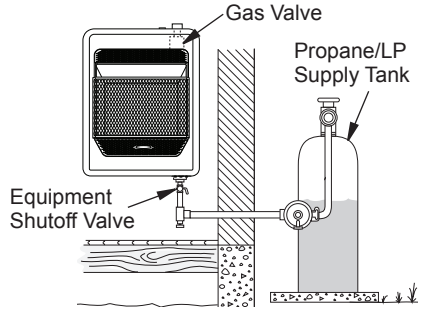


Figure 19 - Checking Gas Joints for Propane/LP Gas

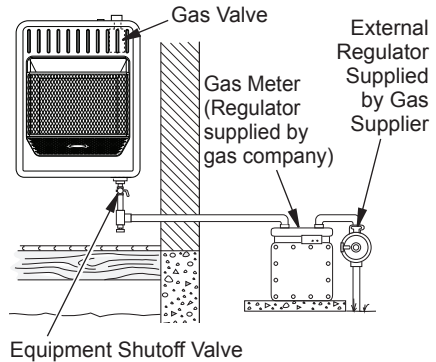


Figure 20 - Checking Gas Joints for Natural Gas

PRESSURE TESTING HEATER GAS CONNECTIONS

1. Open equipment shutoff valve (see Figure 18).
2. Open gas supply tank valve.
3. Make sure control knob of heater is in the OFF position.
4. Check all joints from equipment shutoff valve to control valve (see Figure 19 or 20). Apply a noncorrosive leak detection fluid to all joints. Bubbles forming show a leak.
5. Correct all leaks at once.
6. Light heater (see [Lighting Instructions](#) on page 18). Check all other internal joints for leaks.
7. Turn off heater (see [To Turn Off Gas Appliance](#), page 19).

OPERATION

FOR YOUR SAFETY READ BEFORE LIGHTING

⚠ WARNING: If you do not follow these instructions exactly, a fire or explosion may result causing property damage, personal injury or loss of life.

- A. This appliance has a pilot which must be lighted by hand. When lighting the pilot, follow these instructions exactly.
- B. BEFORE LIGHTING smell all around the appliance area for gas. Be sure to smell next to the floor because some gas is heavier than air and will settle on the floor.

WHAT TO DO IF YOU SMELL GAS

- Do not try to light any appliance.
- Do not touch any electric switch; do not use any phone in your building.

- Immediately call your gas supplier from a neighbor's phone. Follow the gas supplier's instructions.
 - If you cannot reach your gas supplier, call the fire department.
- C. Use only your hand to push in or turn the gas control knob. Never use tools. If the knob will not push in or turn by hand, don't try to repair it, call a qualified service technician. Force or attempted repair may result in a fire or explosion.
- D. Do not use this appliance if any part has been under water. Immediately call a qualified service technician to inspect the appliance and to replace any part of the control system and any gas control which has been under water.

LIGHTING INSTRUCTIONS

1. STOP! Read the safety information above.
2. Make sure equipment shutoff valve is fully open.
3. Turn control knob clockwise ↷ to the OFF position.
4. Wait five (5) minutes to clear out any air. Then smell for gas, including near the floor. If you smell gas, STOP! Follow "B" in the safety information above. If you do not smell gas, go to the next step.
5. Turn control knob counterclockwise ↶ to the PILOT position. Press in control knob for five (5) seconds (see Figure 21).
Note: The first time that the heater is operated after connecting the gas supply, the control knob should be pressed for about thirty (30) seconds. This will allow air to bleed from the gas system. If pilot does not stay lit, refer to [Troubleshooting](#), pages 23 through 26. Also contact a qualified service technician or gas supplier for repairs. Until repairs are made, light pilot with match.
 - If control knob does not pop up when released, contact a qualified service technician or gas supplier for repairs.
6. With control knob pressed in, push down and release ignitor button. This will light pilot. The pilot is attached to the front of burner. The

- pilot can be seen through the grill. If needed, keep pressing ignitor button until pilot lights.
Note: If pilot does not stay lit, refer to [Troubleshooting](#), pages 23 through 26. Also contact a qualified service technician or gas supplier for repairs. Until repairs are made, light pilot with match. To light pilot with match, see [Manual Lighting Procedure](#), page 19.
7. Keep control knob pressed in for 30 seconds after lighting pilot. After 30 seconds, release control knob. If control knob does not pop up when released, contact a qualified service technician or gas supplier for repairs.

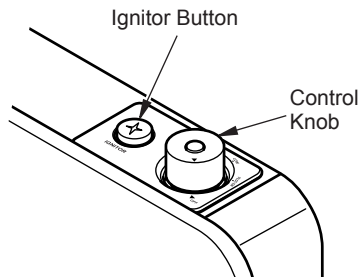



Figure 21 - Control Knob in the OFF Position

OPERATION

Note: If pilot goes out, repeat steps 2 through 6. This heater has a safety interlock system. Wait one (1) minute before lighting pilot again.

8. Turn control knob counterclockwise  to desired heating level. The main burner should light. Set control knob to any heat level between 1 and 5.

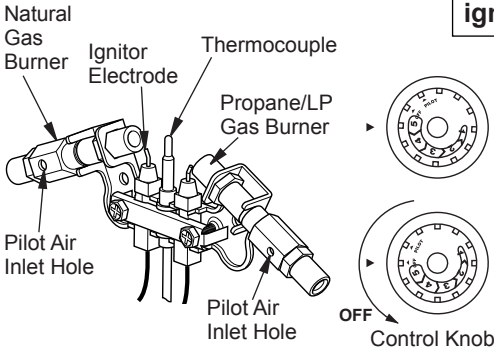


Figure 22 - Pilot

⚠ CAUTION: Do not try to adjust heating levels by using the equipment shutoff valve.

⚠ WARNING: If input gas type is NG, make sure NG pilot burner ignites. If input gas type is LP, make sure LP pilot burner ignites.

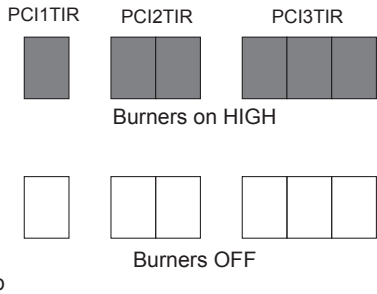


Figure 23 - Burner Patterns

THERMOSTAT CONTROL OPERATION


The thermostatic control used on this model differs from standard thermostats. You set standard thermostats to a specific temperature such as 72°. The thermostat used on this heater senses the room temperature. At times the room may exceed the set temperature. If so, the burner will shut off. The burner will

cycle back on when room temperature drops below the set temperature. The control knob can be set to any comfort level between HIGH (5) and LOW (1).


Note: The thermostat sensing bulb reacts to the temperature depending on housing construction.

TO TURN OFF GAS TO APPLIANCE

Shutting Off Heater

Turn control knob clockwise  to the OFF position.

Shutting Off Burner Only (pilot stays lit)

Turn control knob clockwise  to the PILOT position.

MANUAL LIGHTING PROCEDURE

1. Remove front panel.
2. Follow steps 2 through 5 under Lighting Instructions, page 18.
3. With control knob pressed in, strike match. Hold match to pilot until pilot lights.
4. Keep control knob pressed in for 30 seconds after lighting pilot. After 30 seconds, release control knob. Follow step 8 under Lighting Instructions, page 18.
5. Replace front panel.

ELECTRICAL CONNECTION

FOR OPTIONAL BLOWER KIT

⚠ Do not use this heater if any part of it has been under water. Immediately call a qualified service technician to inspect the heater and replace any part of the electrical system which has been under water.

GROUNDING INSTRUCTIONS

This heater is for use on 120 volts. The cord has a plug as shown at A in Figure 24. An adapter as shown at C is available for connecting three-blade grounding-type plugs to two-slot receptacles. The green grounding lug extending from the adapter must be connected to a permanent ground such as a properly grounded outlet box. The adapter should not be used if a three-slot grounded receptacle is available.

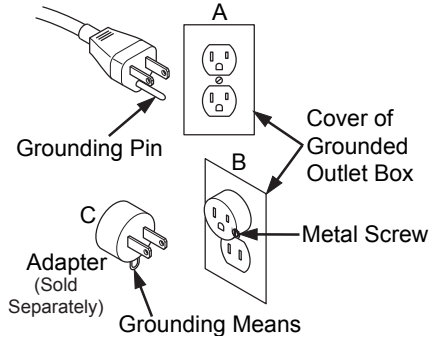


Figure 24 - Grounded Electrical Outlet

FAN OPERATION

To operate the manual unit, turn ON/OFF switch to the ON position. To operate the Automatic unit, turn AUTO/O/MAN switch to the desired position. MAN position will remain constantly on. AUTO position will be controlled by the sensor on the fan blower unit. The sensor will be activated when the temperature of the sensor head reaches the set point of the switch after the heater is started. To stop the operation, turn the switch to the O position.

ELECTRICAL WIRING

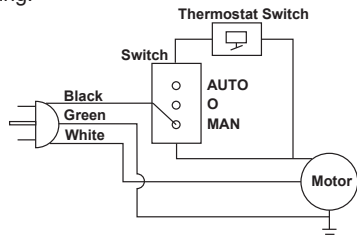
Any electrical re-wiring of this appliance must be done by a qualified electrician. This wiring must be done in accordance with local codes and/or in Canada with the current *CSA C22.1 Canadian Electrical Code*, and for US installations, the *National Electrical Code ANSI/NFPA NO 70*.

⚠ WARNING: If repairing or replacing any electrical component or wiring, the original wire routing, color coding and securing locations must be followed.

⚠ CAUTION: Label all wires prior to disconnection when servicing controls. Wiring errors can cause improper and dangerous operation.

⚠ WARNING: Never attempt to service heater while it is plugged in, operating, or hot. Burns and electrical shock could result. Only a qualified service person should service or repair heater.

Verify proper operation after servicing. If any of the original wire as supplied with the appliance must be replaced, it must be replaced with a wire of at least a 105° C temperature rating.



INSPECTING BURNERS

IMPORTANT: Owner's should check pilot flame pattern and burner flame pattern often. Incorrect flame patterns indicate the need for cleaning (see Care and Maintenance, page 22) or service.

⚠ WARNING: Only a qualified service person should service and repair heater. This includes maintenance requiring replacement or alteration of components.

PILOT FLAME PATTERN

Figure 25 shows a correct pilot flame pattern. Figure 26 shows an incorrect pilot flame pattern. The incorrect pilot flame is not touching the thermocouple. This will cause the thermocouple to cool, which shuts the heater off. If pilot flame pattern is incorrect, as shown in Figure 26

- turn heater off (see To Turn Off Gas to Appliance, page 19)
- see Troubleshooting pages 23 through 26.

⚠ WARNING: If yellow tipping occurs, your heater could produce increased levels of carbon monoxide. If the burner flame pattern shows yellow tipping, follow instructions at bottom of this page.

Notice: Do not mistake orange flames with yellow tipping. Dirt or other fine particles enter the heater and burn causing brief patches of orange flame.

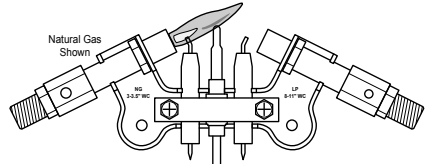


Figure 25 - Correct Pilot Flame Pattern

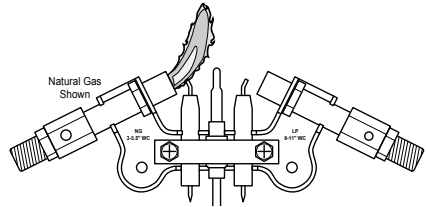


Figure 26 - Incorrect Pilot Flame Pattern

BURNER FLAME PATTERN

Figure 27 shows a correct burner flame pattern. Figure 28 shows an incorrect burner flame pattern. The incorrect burner flame pattern shows yellow tipping of the flame. It also shows the flame higher than 1/2 the heat shield height.

If burner flame pattern is incorrect as shown in Figure 28:

- turn heater off (see To Turn Off Gas to Appliance, page 19)
- see Troubleshooting pages 23 through 26.

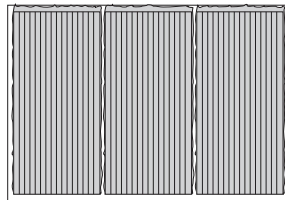


Figure 27 - Correct Burner Flame Pattern

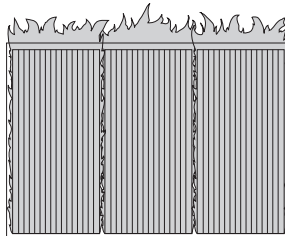


Figure 28 - Incorrect Burner Flame Pattern

CARE AND MAINTENANCE

⚠ WARNING: Turn off heater and let cool before servicing.

⚠ CAUTION: You must keep control areas, burner, and circulating air passageways of heater clean. Inspect these areas of heater before each use. Have heater inspected yearly by a qualified service technician. Heater may need more frequent cleaning due to excessive lint from carpeting, bedding material, pet hair, etc.

⚠ WARNING: Failure to keep the primary air opening(s) of the burner(s) clean may result in sooting and property damage.

MAIN BURNER

Periodically inspect all burner flame holes with the heater running. All slotted burner flame holes should be open with yellow flame present. All round burner flame holes should be open with a small blue flame present. Some

burner flame holes may become blocked by debris or rust, with no flame present. If so, turn off the heater and let it cool, and remove blockage or replace burner. Blocked burner flame holes will create soot.

BURNER INJECTOR HOLDER AND PILOT AIR INLET HOLE

We recommend that you clean the unit every 2,500 hours of operation or every three months. We also recommend that you keep the burner tube and pilot assembly clean and free of dust and dirt. To clean these parts we recommend using compressed air no greater than 30 PSI. Your local computer store, hardware store, or home center may carry compressed air in a can. You can use a vacuum cleaner in the blow position. If using compressed air in a can, please follow the directions on the can. If you don't follow

directions on the can, you could damage the pilot assembly.

1. Shut off the unit, including the pilot. Allow the unit to cool for at least thirty minutes.
2. Remove four screws securing front panel.
3. Pull front panel forward.
4. Inspect burner and pilot for dust and dirt.
5. Blow air through the ports/slots and holes in the burner.
6. Replace front panel using screws removed.

ODS/PILOT

Use a vacuum cleaner, pressurized air, or a small, soft bristled brush to clean.

A yellow tip on the pilot flame indicates dust and dirt in the pilot assembly. There is a small pilot air inlet hole about 2" from where the pilot flame comes out of the pilot assembly (see Figure 29). With the unit off, lightly blow air through the air inlet hole. You may blow through a drinking straw if compressed air is not available.

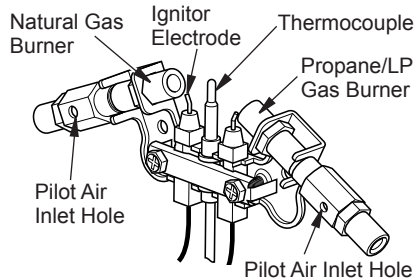


Figure 29 - Pilot Inlet Air Hole

CABINET

Air Passageways

Use a vacuum cleaner or pressurized air to clean.

Exterior

- Use a soft cloth dampened with a mild soap and water mixture.
- Wipe the cabinet to remove dust.

CARE AND MAINTENANCE

MAINTENANCE OF BLOWER MOTOR (IF EQUIPPED)

Always disconnect the appliance from the main power supply and allow it to cool before any servicing operation.

The motors used on the fan heater and flame blower are pre-lubricated for extended bearing life and require no further lubrication. However, periodic cleaning/vacuuming of the appliance around the air intake and exhaust, as well as the fan heater is recommended. For

heavy or continuous use, periodic cleaning must be done more frequently. If the heater blows alternating cold and warm air, check the fan for free movement and for debris restricting air flow. If the fan does not move freely, the unit must be turned off and the fan replaced immediately in order to prevent further damage to the unit.

TROUBLESHOOTING

⚠ WARNING: If you smell gas:

- **Shut off gas supply.**
- **Do not try to light any appliance.**
- **Do not touch any electrical switch; do not use any phone in your building.**
- **Immediately call your gas supplier from a neighbor's phone. Follow the gas supplier's instructions.**
- **If you cannot reach your gas supplier, call the fire department.**

⚠ WARNING: Only a qualified service technician should service and repair heater. Make sure that power is turned off before proceeding. Turn off and let cool before servicing.

⚠ CAUTION: Never use a wire, needle, or similar object to clean ODS/pilot. This can damage ODS/ pilot unit.

IMPORTANT: Operating heater where impurities in air exist may create odors. Cleaning supplies, paint, paint remover, cigarette smoke, cements and glues, new carpet or textiles, etc., create fumes. These fumes may mix with combustion air and create odors.

Note: All troubleshooting items are listed in order of operation.

Problem	Possible Cause	Corrective Action
Using natural gas and pilot will not light.	Inlet pressure exceeds 9.5" WC.	Bypass pressure switch. See instructions below.

Pressure Switch

When using natural gas (NG), there is a pressure switch that acts to turn off the gas flow to the pilot if the inlet pressure exceeds 9.5" WC. This is to prevent the operation of the unit on the wrong gas (propane/LP). If your natural gas supply exceeds 9.5" WC the unit will not operate. Either contact your gas supplier to check and adjust the inlet pressure or a qualified service technician can bypass the pressure switch.

Before attempting to bypass the pressure switch, make sure the type of gas being used is correct. Check to make sure the connection fitting is in the correct inlet on the regulator. Refer to *Connecting to Gas Supply*, page 15. Only a qualified installer should bypass the pressure switch. To bypass the pressure switch locate the set screw on the regulator. Use a small flat bladed screw driver to turn the set screw counterclockwise 2 turns. This will bypass the pressure switch function.

TROUBLESHOOTING

The entire gas delivery piping including connections inside the heater should be leak tested by the qualified installer. After leak testing the qualified installer should light the appliance. Refer to the correct flame pattern as illustrated on page 21. All flame patterns should be safely inside the product. If for any reason they are not, stop use of the appliance and call for repairs.

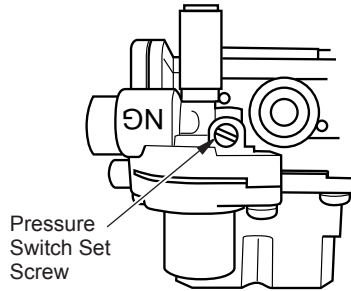


Figure 30 - Gas Regulator Pressure Switch

Problem	Possible Cause	Corrective Action
When ignitor button is pressed in, there is no spark at ODS/pilot.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Ignitor electrode is positioned wrong. Ignitor electrode is broken. 2. Ignitor electrode is not connected to ignitor cable. 3. Ignitor cable is pinched or wet. 4. Broken ignitor cable. 5. Bad piezo ignitor. 6. Low battery. 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Replace electrode. 2. Replace ignitor cable. 3. Free ignitor cable if pinched by any metal or tubing. Keep ignitor cable dry. 4. Replace ignitor cable. 5. Replace piezo ignitor. 6. Replace battery.
When ignitor button is pressed in there is a spark at ODS/pilot but no ignition.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Gas supply is turned off or equipment shutoff valve is closed. 2. Control knob not fully pressed in while pressing ignitor button. 3. Air in gas lines when installed. 4. ODS/pilot is clogged. 5. Incorrect inlet gas pressure or inlet regulator setting is damaged. 6. Control knob not in PILOT position. 7. Depleted gas supply (propane). 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Turn on gas supply or open equipment shutoff valve. 2. Fully press in control knob while pressing ignitor button. 3. Continue holding down control knob. Repeat igniting operation until air is removed. 4. Clean ODS/pilot (see Care and Maintenance, page 22) or replace ODS/pilot assembly. 5. Check inlet gas pressure or replace inlet gas regulator. 6. Turn control knob to PILOT position. 7. Contact local propane/LP gas company.

TROUBLESHOOTING

Problem	Possible Cause	Corrective Action
ODS/pilot lights but flame goes out when control knob is released.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Control knob is not fully pressed in. 2. Control knob is not pressed in long enough. 3. Equipment shutoff valve is not fully open. 4. Thermocouple connection is loose at control valve. 5. Pilot flame not touching thermocouple, which allows thermocouple to cool, causing pilot flame to go out. This problem could be caused by one or both of the following: A) Low gas pressure B) Dirty or partially clogged ODS/pilot 6. Thermocouple damaged. 7. Control valve damaged. 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Press in control knob fully. 2. After ODS/pilot lights, keep control knob pressed in 30 seconds. 3. Fully open equipment shutoff valve. 4. Hand tighten until snug, and then tighten 1/4 turn more. 5. A) Contact local natural or propane/LP gas company B) Clean ODS/pilot (see <u><i>Care and Maintenance</i></u>, page 22) or replace ODS/pilot assembly 6. Replace thermocouple. 7. Replace control valve.
Burner(s) does not light after ODS/pilot is lit.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Burner orifice is clogged. 2. Inlet gas pressure is too low. 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Clean burner orifice (see <u><i>Care and Maintenance</i></u>, page 22) 2. Contact local gas supplier.
Delayed ignition of burner(s).	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Manifold pressure is too low. 2. Burner orifice is clogged. 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Contact local gas supplier. 2. Clean burner (see <u><i>Care and Maintenance</i></u>, page 22).
Burner backfiring during combustion	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Burner orifice is clogged or damaged. 2. Burner is damaged. 3. Gas regulator is damaged. 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Clean burner orifice (see <u><i>Care and Maintenance</i></u>, page 22). 2. Contact customer service. 3. Replace gas regulator.
High yellow flame during burner combustion	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Not enough air. 2. Gas regulator is defective. 3. Inlet gas pressure is too low. 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Check burner for dirt and debris. If found, clean burner (see <u><i>Care and Maintenance</i></u>, page 22). 2. Replace gas regulator. 3. Contact local gas supplier.
Gas odor during combustion.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Foreign matter between control valve and burner. 2. Gas leak. (See Warning Statement at top of page 23). 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Take apart gas tubing and remove foreign matter. 2. Locate and correct all leaks (see <u><i>Checking Gas Connections</i></u>, page 16).
Slight smoke or odor during initial operation.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Residues from manufacturing process. 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Problem will stop after a few hours of operation.

TROUBLESHOOTING

Problem	Possible Cause	Corrective Action
Heater produces a whistling noise when burner is lit.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Turning control knob to high (5) position when burner is cold. 2. Air in gas line. 3. Air passageways on heater are blocked. 4. Dirty or partially clogged burner orifice. 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Turn control knob to low (1) position and let warm up for a minute. 2. Operate burner until air is removed from line. Have gas line checked by local gas supplier. 3. Observe minimum installation clearances (Figure 4, page 9). 4. Clean burner (see <i>Care and Maintenance</i>, page 22).
Heater produces a clicking/ticking noise just after burner is lit or shut off.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Metal is expanding while heating or contracting while cooling. 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. This is common with most heaters. If noise is excessive, contact qualified service technician.
White powder residue forming within burner box or on adjacent walls or furniture.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. When heated, the vapors from furniture polish, wax, carpet cleaners, etc., turn into white powder residue. 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Turn heater off when using furniture polish, wax, carpet cleaner or similar products.
Heater produces unwanted odors.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Heater is burning vapors from paint, hair spray, glues, etc. See IMPORTANT statement, page 23. 2. Gas leak. See Warning Statement at the top of page 23. 3. Low fuel supply (propane/LP gas only). 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Ventilate room. Stop using odor causing products while heater is running. 2. Locate and correct all leaks (see <i>Checking Gas Connections</i>, page 16). 3. Refill supply tank (Propane/LP models).
Heater shuts off in use (ODS operates).	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Not enough fresh air is available. 2. Low line pressure. 3. ODS/pilot is partially clogged. 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Open window and/or door for ventilation. 2. Contact local gas supplier. 3. Clean ODS/pilot (see <i>Care and Maintenance</i>, page 22).
Gas odor exists even when control knob is in OFF position.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Gas leak. See Warning Statement at top of page 23. 2. Control valve is defective. 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Locate and correct all leaks (see <i>Checking Gas Connections</i>, page 16). 2. Replace control valve.
Moisture/condensation noticed on windows.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Not enough combustion/ventilation air. 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Refer to <i>Air for Combustion and Ventilation</i> requirements, page 7.

TECHNICAL SERVICE

You may have further questions about installation, operation, or troubleshooting. If so, contact Factory Buys Direct at 1-855-607-6557.

When calling, please have your model and serial numbers of your heater ready.

REPLACEMENT PARTS

Note: Use only original replacement parts. This will protect your warranty coverage for parts replaced under warranty.

PARTS UNDER WARRANTY

Contact authorized dealers of this product. If they can't supply original replacement parts, call Customer Service toll free at 1-855-607-6557 for referral information.

When calling Customer Service or your dealer, have ready:

- Your name
- Your address

- Model and serial number of your heater
- How heater was malfunctioning
- Type of gas supply and Propane/LP tank size
- Purchase date

Usually, we will ask you to return the defective part to the factory

PARTS NOT UNDER WARRANTY

Contact authorized dealers of this product. If they can't supply original replacement part(s) call Customer Service toll free at 1-855-607-6557 for referral information.

When calling Customer Service have ready:

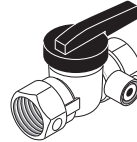
- Model number of your heater
- The replacement part number

ACCESSORIES

To purchase these heating accessories please visit our website www.factorybuysdirect.com or give us a call at 1-855-607-6557.

EQUIPMENT SHUTOFF VALVE

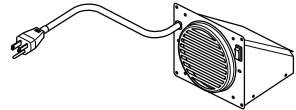
For all models. Equipment shutoff valve with 1/8" NPT tap.



OPTIONAL FAN KIT - MGB100

Fan kit is optional for models PCI2TIR and PCI3TIR. The fan has 3 settings AUTO/OFF/MAN.

Please refer to MGB100 instructions.



FLOOR MOUNTING STAND - PF09B

For locating heater on the floor, away from a wall. Complete installation instructions provided with floor mounting stand.



SERVICE HINTS

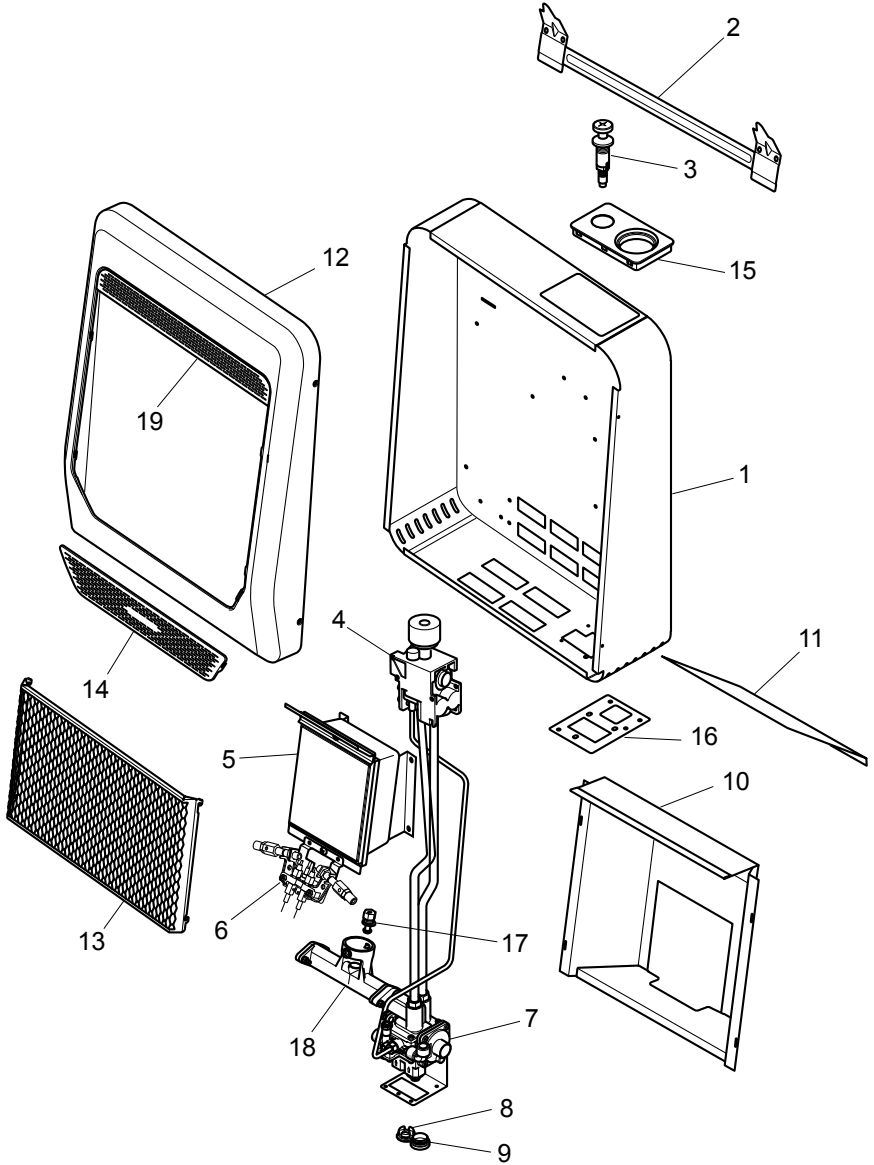
When Gas Pressure Is Too Low

- pilot will not stay lit
- burners will have delayed ignition
- heater will not produce specified heat
- propane/LP gas supply might be low (propane/LP units only)

You may feel your gas pressure is too low. If so, contact your local gas supplier.

PARTS

MODEL PCI1TIR



PARTS

MODEL PCI1TIR

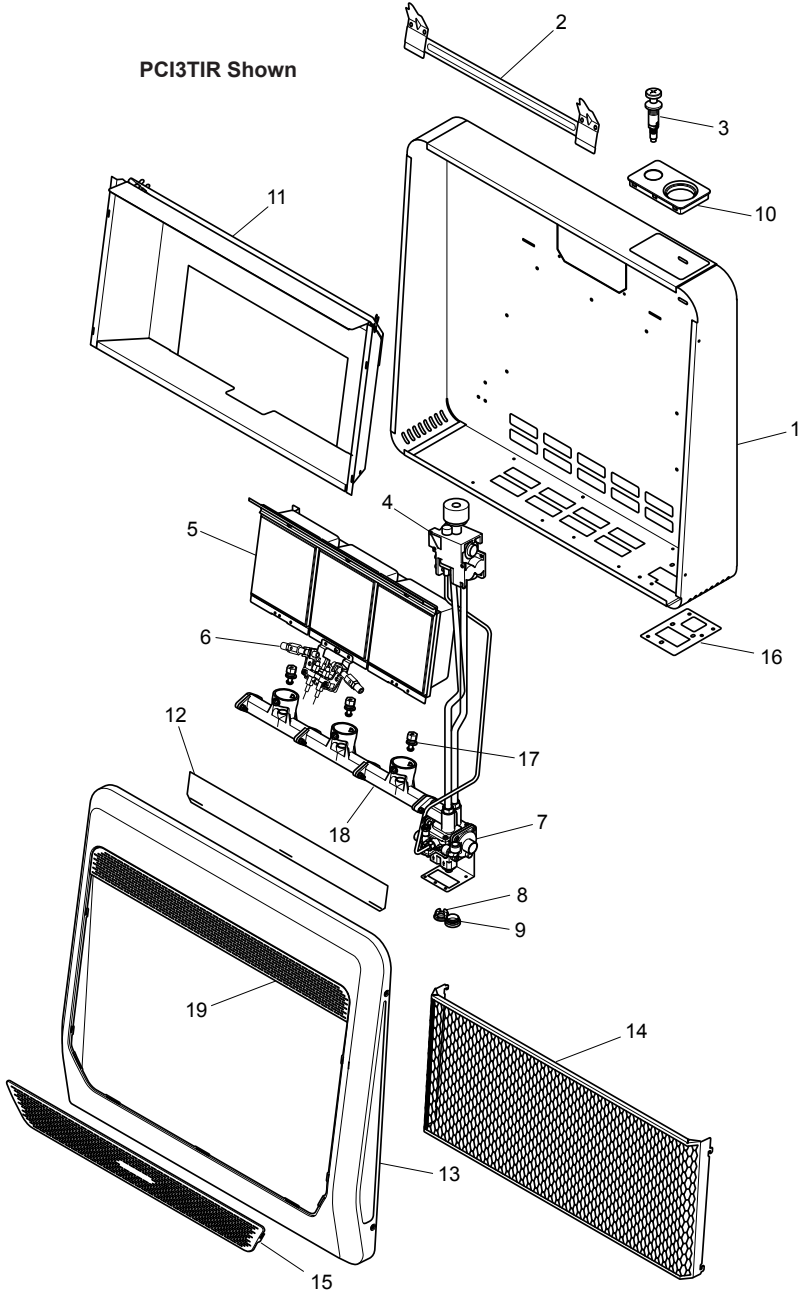
This list contains replaceable parts for your heater. When ordering replacement parts, follow the instructions listed under Replacement Parts on page 27 of this manual.

ITEM	PCI1TIR	DESCRIPTION	QTY
1	**	Back Body Panel	1
2	161132-01	Mounting Bracket	1
3	161133-01	Piezo Ignitor	1
4	161130-01	Thermostat Valve Assembly	1
5	**	Burner Assembly	1
6	161139-04	ODS Pilot	1
7	**	Safety Dual Fuel Regulator	1
8	161200-01	Inlet Cover Plug	1
9	160960-01	Cap with Seal	1
10	**	Reflector Assembly	1
11	161525-01	Top Reflector	1
12	**	Front Panel Assembly	1
13	161528-01HT	Screen	1
14	161598-01HT	Lower Mesh Grill	1
15	**	Bezel, Thermostat Control	1
16	**	Cabinet Bracket	1
17	**	Injector Assembly	1
18	**	Orifice Retainer	1
19	161229-01HT	Upper Mesh Grill	1
PART AVAILABLE - NOT SHOWN			
	161607-01	Hardware Package	1
	161605-01	Thermostat Bulb Clip	2

** Not a field replaceable part.

PARTS

MODELS PCI2TIR AND PCI3TIR



PARTS

MODELS PCI2TIR AND PCI3TIR

This list contains replaceable parts for your heater. When ordering replacement parts, follow the instructions listed under Replacement Parts on page 27 of this manual.

ITEM	PCI2TIR	PCI3TIR	DESCRIPTION	QTY
1	**	**	Back Body Panel	1
2	161132-01	161562-01	Mounting Bracket	1
3	161133-01	161133-01	Piezo Ignitor	1
4	161130-01	161130-01	Thermostat Valve Assy	1
5	**	**	Burner Assembly	1
6	161139-05	161139-05	ODS Pilot	1
7	**	**	Dual Fuel Regulator	1
8	161200-01	161200-01	Inlet Cover Plug	1
9	160960-01	160960-01	Cap with Seal	1
10	**	**	Bezel, T-stat Control	1
11	**	**	Reflector Assembly	1
12	-----	**	Lower Deflector	1
13	**	**	Front Panel Assembly	1
14	161142-01HT	161565-01HT	Screen	1
15	161596-01HT	161222-01HT	Lower Mesh Grill	1
16	**	**	Cabinet Bracket	1
17	**	**	Injector Assembly	2/3
18	**	**	Orifice Retainer	2/3
19	161226-01HT	161228-01HT	Upper Mesh Grill	1
PART AVAILABLE - NOT SHOWN				
	161607-01	161607-01	Hardware Package	1
	161605-01	161605-01	Thermostat Bulb Clip	2

** Not a field replaceable part.

WARRANTY

KEEP THIS WARRANTY

Model _____

Serial No. _____

Date Purchased _____

Keep receipt for warranty verification.

REGISTER YOUR PRODUCT AT WWW.FACTORYBUYSDIRECT.COM FACTORY BUYS DIRECT LIMITED WARRANTIES

New Products

Standard Warranty: Factory Buys Direct warrants this new product and any parts thereof to be free from defects in material and workmanship for a period of one (1) year from the date of first purchase from an authorized dealer provided the product has been installed, maintained and operated in accordance with Factory Buys Direct's warnings and instructions.

For products purchased for commercial, industrial or rental usage, this warranty is limited to 90 days from the date of first purchase.

Factory Reconditioned Products

Limited Warranty: Factory Buys Direct warrants factory reconditioned products and any parts thereof to be free from defects in material and workmanship for a period 30 days from the date of first purchase from an authorized dealer provided the product has been installed, maintained and operated in accordance with Factory Buys Direct's warnings and instructions. No return will be authorized. Parts will be provided to repair the product.

Terms Common to All Warranties

The following terms apply to all of the above warranties:

Always specify model number and serial number when contacting the manufacturer. To make a claim under this warranty, the bill of sale or other proof of purchase must be presented.

This warranty is extended only to the original retail purchaser when purchased from an authorized dealer, and only when installed by a qualified installer in accordance with all local codes and instructions furnished with this product.

This warranty covers the cost of part(s) required to restore this product to proper operating condition and an allowance for labor when provided by a Factory Buys Direct Authorized Service Center or a provider approved by Factory Buys Direct. Warranty parts must be obtained through authorized dealers of this product and/or Factory Buys Direct who will provide original factory replacement parts. Failure to use original factory replacement parts will void this warranty.

Traveling, handling, transportation, diagnostic, material, labor and incidental costs associated with warranty repairs, unless expressly covered by this warranty, are not reimbursable under this warranty and are the responsibility of the owner.

Excluded from this warranty are products or parts that fail or become damaged due to misuse, accidents, improper installation, lack of proper maintenance, tampering or alteration(s).

This is Factory Buys Direct's exclusive warranty, and to the full extent allowed by law; this express warranty excludes any and all other warranties, express or implied, written or verbal and limits the duration of any and all implied warranties, including warranties of merchantability and fitness for a particular purpose to one (1) year on new products and 30 days on factory reconditioned products from the date of first purchase.

Factory Buys Direct makes no other warranties regarding this product.

Factory Buys Direct's liability is limited to the purchase price of the product and Factory Buys Direct shall not be liable for any other damages whatsoever under any circumstances including direct, indirect, incidental, or consequential damages.

Some states do not allow limitations on how long an implied warranty lasts or the exclusion or limitation of incidental or consequential damages, so the above limitation or exclusion may not apply to you.

This warranty gives you specific legal rights, and you may also have other rights which vary from state to state.



**FACTORY
BUYS
DIRECT.COM**

Factory Buys Direct
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Canton, GA 30114
1-855-607-6557

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